

and malice have denounced upon us. We must go through it all. I trust in God we shall rise in triumph over all; but the first shock is the most terrible part of the process, and it is that which we are now enduring."

**Mr. Clay.**—A dinner was given to Mr. Clay by his friends at Lexington, Ky. on the 12th ult. The number present is variously stated...from 1000 to 1500. He delivered a long speech; in which, under the pretext of defending himself from the charge of corruption in the last Presidential election, he assailed the conduct of Gen. Jackson and his friends in a most violent and indelicate manner.—*Ral. Star.*

**Signs of the Times.**—In recently noticing the preference of the Editors in this State, with regard to the Presidential Candidates, we stated that one or two assumed the garb of neutrality, but we did not conceive it difficult to distinguish their bias. The Wilmington Herald was among those which we considered favorably inclined to Mr. Adams—but the Editor of that paper now declares his decided preference for Gen. Andrew Jackson." accompanied with the following remarks:

"This open declaration on our part may be somewhat unexpected to many of our friends, after the reluctance hitherto manifested by us to enter into the contest, and the impartiality with which our course has been marked; but we can assure them we have not precipitately taken this step; that our predilections have, until recently, been favorably inclined to Mr. Adams, and that we have endeavored to strengthen those predilections, by construing every thing connected with his public character in the most favorable light; that we have been deaf to the petty insinuations that have been spread to his disparagement, and slow in giving credit to the more serious charges that have been circulated to his prejudice, and ever ready and willing to overlook his errors of omission and commission, whenever we could discover for either the least shadow of a reasonable excuse. We are now, however, much to our sorrow, convinced, and that almost to a demonstration, that Mr. Adams procured his elevation by means the most improper, and highly reprehensible; and so dangerous to the liberties and privileges of freemen, as to call loudly on them to wrest from him that ill-gotten power which he has in a measure usurped, and which only should be the free gift of an independent people, whose liberties have been dearly bought, even by the precious blood of their fathers—liberties that no one should dare infringe with impunity. And whenever their rights are wantonly trampled under foot, it becomes them as citizens of a mighty Republic, as men, to frown indignantly on the wretch who should so basely betray the trust reposed in him, and hazard his country's welfare and safety, for the purpose of his own aggrandizement."

**Panama—Tacubaya.**—The Hon. John Sergeant, American Minister to the Congress of Tacubaya, has arrived at Philadel-

phia in the brig Eliza, from Vera Cruz. The Congress did not assemble, as was expected.

**Harrisburg Convention.**—A letter published in the Baltimore Patriot, dated Harrisburg, Pa. July 30—states that the Convention was organized on that day. Mr. Ritner, Speaker of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, was elected President; Jesse Buel of New-York; and Frisby Tilghman of Maryland, Vice-Presidents; and Mr. Holstead of New-Jersey, and Redwood Fisher of Pennsylvania, Secretaries. A Committee was appointed, to whom the Resolution of the Pennsylvania Society was referred. The Committee will probably not get through in less than a week; and it is stated, that nothing like politics will be suffered to interfere with its proceedings.

**Suicide.**—A man, advanced in years, by the name of John Eller, who resided in this county, about 11 miles south-east of town, (says the Salisbury Carolinian,) hung himself in his own barn, on Sunday the 22d ult. He was first discovered by his wife, suspended by a halter fastened to a beam, with his knees nearly touching the ground. It is not known that he was laboring under any alienation of mind; but it is thought that

"Jealousy, that green-eyed monster  
That doth make the neat it feeds on."

was the mischievous cause of the commission of this unnatural act! This is a striking illustration of the frailty of poor human nature. It is, to us, unaccountable, how this old man should suffer himself to be worked into a belief of his wife's incontinency, when, from the waning season of their lives, it was naturally to be expected that all the sources of gallantry were long since dried up in both of them. Poor man! even if his suspicions had been well grounded, he had better have taken Shakspeare's advice—to

"Forget, forgive—conclude, and be agreed;  
"Our doctors say this is no time to bleed."

**Desha.**—In the pardon of Isaac B. Desha, the Governor of Kentucky uses the following expression: "And whereas the whole of the evidence against the said I. B. Desha, being circumstantial, and from much of it being irreconcilable, I have no doubt of his being innocent of the charge, therefore, is an object worthy of executive clemency"—& therefore he grants the "full and free pardon of the supposed offence." On this the Frankfort Commentator remarks: "two different juries had found the young man guilty, upon testimony as conclusive, as perhaps ever was adduced against a criminal, and considering the great mass of testimony, it was clear of discrepancies. His Father heard both these trials, and yet, if we may believe his professions, thinks Isaac was innocent." [The brother of the murdered Baker publicly declared, two years since, that justice was not to be obtained at the legal tribunals in Kentucky.]

**Foreign.**—By arrivals at New-York, we have Liverpool and Ha-

vre dates to the 16th June. The news, as respects the Greeks, is important, and most lamentable, if true. It would appear that the grand expedition for the relief of Athens, planned by Lord Cochrane and Generals Church and Karaiskaki, uniting the main strength of the army and navy, and upon which rested the hopes of nation, has entirely failed; and not only so, but this combined effort, attended as it was by the prayers of nearly all Christendom for its success, has been signally defeated, with the slaughter of nearly one third of those engaged.

It was stated, and apparently on good authority, that the Peninsula would in a little time be evacuated by the French as well as British armies, and the Spaniards and Portuguese left to take care of themselves—if so, we shall soon hear of bloody work among them.

In Great Britain, judging from the proceedings of Parliament, it would seem that the complaints of the manufacturing and laboring classes had not entirely ceased; notwithstanding the prospect of an abundant harvest throughout the kingdom was very flattering. It appears that the British Ministry, having been twice defeated in the House of Lords, in their attempts to modify the Corn Laws, Lord Goderich at length withdrew the bill which he had introduced for that purpose.

**Constantinople, May 25.**—[By express.] The Acropolis is about to fall. Intelligence has been received here of the total failure of the attempt of Lord Cochrane and Generals Church and Karaiskaki, to relieve this bulwark of Greece. After several days of combat, the Greeks were entirely beaten on the 6th May—lost the flower of their troops, including near 3000 killed and wounded. Among the dead are eight chiefs, and the brave Karaiskaki himself. The combat was desperate, and the Ipsariots and Missolonghians particularly distinguished themselves. All hope of saving the Acropolis being at an end, Lord Cochrane requested the French Admiral de Rigny, to propose a capitulation for the garrison to the Seraskier. Redschid Pacha was at first unwilling, but finally consented, if the garrison would march out without arms. A flag was accordingly sent in to submit to these terms; but the heroic garrison, certain too of the fate that awaited them, refused to lay down their arms, resolving rather to perish in the ruins of these last monuments of the glories of ancient Greece. The standard of the Cross was, however, still flying on the 16th, on the walls of the Acropolis.

**Preaching.**—The Rev. JOHN ARMSTRONG will preach at Battle's Meeting-house, in this county, on the first Sunday in September next.—*Com.*

**MARRIED,**

In this county, on Thursday evening, 2d inst. Mr. Littleberry Thigpen to Miss Ann Little, daughter of Mr. Jesse Little, dec'd.

On Tuesday evening, 24th ult. by the Rev. Wm. Hyman, Mr. Levi Howell of Martin county, to Miss Dolly B. Watson, daughter of Thomas Watson, Sen. of Halifax county.

**DIED,**

At his residence, in Northampton county, N. C. on Friday the 27th ult. Capt. James Exum. In the death of this truly good man society has lost a most valuable member—He had reached nearly 60 years, and his whole life was one continued scene of active industry, charity and benevolence. He seemed to live not for himself alone—the whole community felt the influence of that warm feeling to which his heart beat in unison—Let the circumstance of his living thus long without a personal enemy, speak the worth of his character. The goodness of his disposition led him to mourn with those that mourned and rejoice with those that rejoiced—to dry the widow's eyes and still the complaints of the orphan—to pour the oil of gladness into the wounded spirit and balm of consolation into the heart bowed with grief, seemed to be his greatest pleasure. If society feels the loss of such a man, what must it be to his wife and children—well may it be said to be irreparable. His disease was long—his sufferings were great—but he was enabled to bear it all with that patience and meekness which religion so strongly inculcates. In mercy a close was fixed to his agonies, and he left this for a better world, rejoicing in the glorious hope of a happy immortality.

*Com. for Pet. Int.*

**Price Current**

AUG. 3.	per	Peters'g.	N. York.
Bacon, - - -	lb	8 8½	9 11
Brandy, - - -	gal.	75 100	
Corn, - - -	bu'h	50 55	60
Cotton, - - -	lb	8 10	9½ 10½
Coffee, - - -	-	16 17½	13 17
Flour, family, -	bbf	600 750	475 550
Iron, - - -	ton	\$105 112	\$90 100
Molasses, - - -	gal	35 40	32 35
Rum, New-Eng.	-	42 45	38 39
Sugar, brown, -	lb	8½ 12½	7 10
leaf, - - -	-	18 25	17
Tea, Young Hyson,	-	100 125	75
Imperial, - - -	-	140 150	115
Wheat, - - -	bu'l	90 100	90 96
Whiskey, - - -	gal.	36 38	27 31

*North-Carolina Bank Notes.*

At Petersburg, 4 to 4½ discount.  
At New-York, 5 discount.

**Notice.**

AS the Subscriber is anxious to remove to the West, he offers his

**LAND,**

*Exceedingly low for Cash,*  
**OR GOOD BONDS,**

Situate within one mile and a half of the Shoeco Springs, Warren County, N. C. containing eight hundred acres. The purchaser may suit himself as to the quantity. I will sell all on the north side of the road leading to Wilkins's Ferry, on which my improvements principally lie, containing about one half of the whole, convenient buildings, good apple and peach orchards, excellent water, a fine high healthy situation, and fifty acres of flat land, most of which is in a high state of cultivation.

**HILL JONES.**

July 25th, 1827.

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**Notice.**

ON Thursday, the 17th inst. an affray took place in Iredell county, between Thomas Harvey and Isaac W. Lawrence, during which Harvey inflicted a wound on Lawrence which soon caused his death. Several persons were present, but Harvey was suffered to escape. He is upwards of 40 years of age, 6 feet high, slender made, black hair, dark eyes, is given to intoxication, when drinking is talkative and quarrelsome; but when sober, his appearance is decent and gentlemanly: can neither read nor write; had on a blue cloth coat, much worn and patched; white vest, pantaloons and hat; has a scar, made by a knife, leading back from one eye towards his ear. The good people of this, and any of the adjoining States, would do well to apprehend the said Thomas Harvey, that he may be bro't to justice.

**P. CALDWELL, Sheriff of Iredell.**

July 23, 1827.