REPULIC NISM: THE PALLADIUM OF BOAUL RIGHTS.

TARBORODGE, (EDGECOMBE COUNTY, N. C.) FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1837.

FHE TARBORO' SCÆVOLA.

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INAUGURAL ADDRESS, Delivered by MARTIN VAN BURES, Prisident of the United States. on the 4th of March. 1837.

ELLOW CITIZENS: The practice of my vowal of the principles that will guide me elings on assuming a charge so responsi- of the world. le and vast. In imitating their example, al and beneficont Providence. o be found.

of so vast a region, were deeply fixed. | gone. Party exasperation has been often | the vibrations of authority have occasional- that chosen spot where happiness springs Distinct soverignties were in actual exis- carried to its hisghest point; the virtue and ly tended too much towards one or the oth- from a perfect equality of political rights. tence, whose cordial union was essential to the fortitude of the people have sometimes er, it is unquestionably certani that the ulti- For myself, therefore, I desire to dethe welfare and happiness of all. Between been greatly tried; yet our system, purified mate operation of the entire system has clore, that the principles that will govern many of them there was, at least to some and enhanced in value by all it has encoun- been to strengthen all the existing institu- me in the high duty to which my country extent, a real diversity of interests, liable tered, still preserves its spirit of free and tions, and to elevate our whole country in calls me, is, a strict adherence to the let er to be exaggerated through sinister designs; fearless discussion, blended with unimpair- prosperity and renown. they differed in size, in population, in ed fraternal feeling.

wealth, and in actual and prospective re- The espacity of the people for self-gov- prominent sources of discord and disaster back to it as a sacred instrument careful-sources and power; they varied in the char- ernment, and their willingness, from a high supposed to lurk in our political condition, Iy and not easily framed; remembering acter of their industry and staple produc- sense of duty, and without those exhibi- was the institution of domestic slavery. - that it was throughout a work of concession tions; and in some existed domestic insti- tions of coercive power so generally em- Our forefathers were deeply impressed with and compromise; viewing it as limited to tutions, which, unwisely disturbed, might ployed in other countries, to sumbit to all the delieacy of this subject, and they treat- national objects; regarding it as leaving to endanger the harmony of the whole. Most needfull restraints and exactions of the mu- ed it with forbearance so evidently wise, the people and the States all power not excarefully were all the circumstances weigh- nicipal law, have also been favorably ex- that, in spite of every sinister foreboding, plicitly parted with; I shall endeavor to ed, and the foundations of the new Govern- emplified in the history of the American it never, until the present period, disturbed preserve, protect, and defend it, by an sa ment laid upon principles of reciprocal States. Oceasionally, it is true, the ardor the tranquility of our common country. lously referring to its provision for direcconcessions and equitable compromise. of public sentiment, outrunning the regular Such a result is sufficient evidence of the tion in every action. To matters of dos. The jealousies which the smaller States progress of the judicial tribunals, or seeking justice and the patriotism of their course; mestic concerment which it has intrusted might entertain of the power of the rest to reach cases not denounced as criminal by it is evidence not to be mistaken, that an to the Federal Government, and to such as were allayed by a rule of representation, the existing law, has displayed itself in a adherence to it can prevent all embarrass- relate to our intercourse with foreign naconfessedly unequal at the time, and de- manner calculated to give pain to the ment from this, as well as from every other tions, I shall zealously devote myself; besigned forever to remain so. A natural friends of free government, and to encour- anticipated cause of difficulty or danger. vond those limits I shall never pass fear that the broad scope of general legisla- age the hopes of those who wish for its Have not recent events made it obvious to tion might bear upon and unwisely control overthrow. These occurrences, however, the slightest reflection, that the least devisparticular interests, was counteracted by have been far less frequent in our country tion from this spirit of forbearance is injurilimits strictly drawn around the action of than in any other of equal population on ous to every interest, that of humanity inthe federal authority; and to the people and the globe; and with the diffusion of intelli- cluded? Amidst the violence of excitent the States was left unimpaired their sove- gence, it may well be hoped that they will possions, this generous and fraternal feeling

reign power over the innumerable subjects constantly diminish in frequency and vio- has been sometimes disregarded; and, redecessors imposes on me an obligation embraced in the internal government of a lence. The generous patriotism and sound standing as I now do before m country me cheerfully fulfil, to accompany the first just republic, excepting such only as ne- common sense of the great mass of our fel- in this high place of nonor and of trust, nd solemn act of my public trust with an cessarily appertain to the concerns of the low-citizens, will assuredly, in time. pro- cannot refrain from anxiously invoking m whole confederacy, or its intercourse, as a duce this result; for as every assumption of fellow-citizens never to be deaf to its dir performing it, and an expression of my united community, with the other nations illegal power not only wounds the majesty tates. Perceiving, before by my election of the law, but furnishes a pretext for the deep interest this subject was beginnin,

tread in the footsteps of illustrious men, by time. Half a century, teeming with latter have the most direct and permanent to make known my sentiments in regard of shore superiors, it is our happiness to be- extraordinary events, and elsewhere produ interest in preserving the great land-marks it; and now, when every motive for mis we, are not found on the executive cal- cing astonishing results, has passed along; of social order, and maintaining, on all oc- representation has passed away, I trust the der of any country. Among them, we but on our institutions it has left no injuri- casions, the inviolability of those constitu- they will be candidly weighed and under cognize the earliest and firmest pillars of ous mark. From a small community, we tional and legal provisions which they stood. At least, they will be my standard republic; those by whom our national have risen to a people powerful is numbers themselves have made dependence was first declared; him who, and strength; but with our increase has In a supposed unfitness of our institutions declared that, if the desire of those of my the field of battle; and those whose ex- principles; the privileges, civil and reli- country can always avoid, their friends election was gratified, "I go into the Presiunwavering reliance, on the patriotism, the to the far-distant future, with ardent prayers aggression from abroad. intelligence, and the kindness, of a people and confiding hopes, this retrospect pre- Certain danger was foretold from the ex- hopes of the wicked for the destruction of trust twice confided to my illustrious p ede of human prosperity surely not elsewhere they have completely failed. An imperfect experience, during the

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This provident forecast has been verified abridging the liberties of the people, the to excite, I believed it a solemn duty full of conduct in the path before me. I then

bove all others, contributed to establish it gone, hand in hand, the progress of just for those hostile emergencies, which no countrymen who were favorable to my We desire commercial relations on equal

and spirit of the constitution, as it was deal The last, perhaps the greatest, of the signed by those who framed it. - Looking

To enter, on this occasion, into a further or more minute exposition of my views on he varions questions of domestic policy, would be as obtrusive as it is probably unexpected. Before the suffrages of my ountrymen were conferred upon me. I submitted to them, with great precision, ny opinions on all the most prominent of hese subjects. Those opinions I shall eneavor to carry out with my utmost ability. Our course of foreign policy has been so iform and intelligible, as to constitute a ule of executive conduct which leaves litle to my discretion, unless, indeed, I were ; villing to run counter to the lights of enperience, and the known opinious of my postituents. We sedulously cultivate the riendship of all nations, as the condition nost compatible with our welfare, and principles of our Government. We decline alliances, as adverse to our prace. erms, being ever willing to the apprehensions of the timid and the In receiving from the people the sacred vently pray to look down upon us all.

How imperious, then, is the obligation sruggles of the revolution, was supposed to ed a circle of mutuat benefit, too apparent What can be more gratifying than such a May it be among the dispensations of his mposed upon every citizen, in his own warrant a belief that the people would not ever to be overlooked. retrospect as this! We look back on obsta- providence to bless our beloved country here of action, whether limited or exten- bear the taxation requisite to discharge au lu justly balancing the powers of the cles avoided, and dangers ovencome; on ex- with honors and with length of days; may ded, to exert himself in perpetuating a con- immense public debt alreaby incurred, and Federal and State authorities, difficulties pectations more than realized, and pros- her ways be ways of pleasantness, and all dition of things so singularly happy. All to defray the necessary expenses of the nearly insurmountable arose at the outset, perity perfectly secured. To the hopes of her paths be peace. the lessons of history and experience must Government. The cost of two wars has and subsequent collisions were deemed in- the hostile, the fears of the timed, and the e lost upon us, if we are content to trust been paid, not only without a murmur, but evitable Amid these, it was searcely be- doubts of the anxious, actual experience has alone to the peculiar advantages we happen to possess. Position and climate, and the left to doubt that every burden will be bounteous resources that nature has scat- cheerfully borne that may be necessary to remain uninjured. From time to time em- foreboding, and our constitution surmonnt tered with so liberal a hand-even the sustain our civil institutions, or guard our barrasments have certainly occurred; but every adverse circumstance, dreaded at the in the course of his patrol, some one approached, and the sentinel demandednow just is the confidence of future outset as beyond control. Present excitediffused intelligence and elevated charac- honor or our welfare Indeed, all experi-"Whose there?" ler of our people-will avail us nothing, if ence has shown that the willingness of the satety imparted by the knowledge that ment will, at all times, magnify present "A friend," was the answer," we fail sacredly to uphold those political people to contribute these ends in cases of each in succession has been happily re- dangers; but true philosophy must teach us Well, friend, advance and give me the institutions that were wisely and deliber- emergency, has uniformly out run the conmoved. Overlooking partial and tempora- that none more threatening than the past countersign. ry evils as inseparably from the practical can remain to be overcome; and we ought, stely formed, with reference to every cir- fidence of their representatives. No answer. operation of all human institutions, and for we have just reason, to entertain an cumstance that could preserve or might In the early stages of the new Governthe bleasings we enjoy. The ment, when all felt the imposing influence, looking to the general result, every patriot abiding confidence in the stability of our has reason to be satisfied. - While the Fed- institutions, and an entire conviction that, Blast you,' said the soldier, levelling his musket, 'say Boston, or I'll shoot you." eral Government has successfully perform- if administered in the true form, character. ated for our country as they found it. of the first President, it was a common sen-Looking upon it with the eyes of statesmen timent, that the great weight of his charac- ed its appropriate functions in relation to and spirit in which they were established, (PA hypocrite is in the worst condiand of patriots, they saw all the sources of ter could alone bind the discordant materi- foreign affairs, and concerns evidently na- they are abundantly adequate to preserve tion of any man on earth; he is hatred of Institutions, peculiar to the various portions Since his death, nearly forty years are cal interests and individual welfare; and if beloved land, for a thousand generations, a profession. 122 72571 200 anto Howcus true

anded intellect and patriotism constructed gious, of the humblest individual are still found a fruitful source of apprehension, dential Chair the inflexible and uncompro- equivalent for advantages received. We mproved, and perfected the inestimable sacredly protected at home; and, while the their enemies of hope: While they fore- mising opponent of every attempt, on the endeavor to conduct our intercourse with stitutions under which we live. If such valor and fortitude of our people have re- saw less promptness of action than in Gov- part of Congress, to abolish slavery in the openness and sincerity; promptly avowing nen in the position I now occupy, felt moved far from us the slightest apprehen- eroments differently, formed, they over- District of Columbia, against the wishes of our objects, and seeking to establish that hemselves overwhelmed by a sense of sion of foreign power, they have not yet looked the far more important considera- the slaveholding States; and also with a de- mutual frankness which is as beneficial in ratitude for this, the highest of all marks induced us, in a single instance, to forget tion, that with us war could never be the termination equally decided to resist the the dealings of nations as of men. We have I their country's confidence, and by a what is right. Our commerce has been ex- result of individual or irresponsible will, slightest interference with it in the States no disposition, and we disclaim all right, onsciousness of their inability adequately tended to the remotest nations; the value, but must be a measure of redress for inju- where it exists." I submitted also to my to medule in disputes, whether internal or p discharge the duties of an office so diffi- and even nature, of our productions has ries sustained, voluntarily resorted to by fellow-citizens, with fullness, and frank- foreign, that may molest other countries; It and exalted, how much more must been greatly changed; a wide difference has those who were to bear the necessary sac- ness, the reasons which led me to this deter- regarding them, in their actual state, as soese considerations affect one, who can arisen in the relative wealth and resources rifice, who would consequently feel an in- mination. The result authorizes me to be- cial communities, and preserving a strict rely on no such claims for favor of forbear- of every portion of our country; yet the dividual interest in the contest, and whose lieve that they have been approved, and neutrality in all their controversies. Well mce. Unlike all who have preceded me, spirit of mutual regard and of faithful au- energy would be commensurate with the are confirmed in, by a majority of the peo- knowing the tried valor of our people, and he revolution, that gave us existence as one herenee to existing compacts, has continu- difficulties to be encountered. Actual ple of the United States, including those our exhaustless resources, we neither auticople, was achieved at the period of my ed to prevail in our councils, and never events have proved their errors; the last whom they most immediately affect. It cipate nor fear any designed aggression; and, birth: and, whilst I contemplate with long been absent from our conduct. We war, far from impairing, gave new confi- now only remains to add, that no bill con- in the consciousness of our own just congrateful reverence that memorable event, I have learned by experience a fruitful lesson: dence to our Government; and amid recent flicting with these views can ever receive duct, we feel a security that we shall never el that I belong to a later age, and that I that an implicit and undeviating adherence apprehensions of a similar conflict, we saw my constitutional sanction. These opin- be called upon to exert our determination. may not expect my countrymen to weigh to the principles on which we set out can that the energies of our country would not ions have been adopted in the firm belief never to permit an invasion of our rights, ny actions with the same kind and partial carry us prosperously onward through all be wanting in ample season to vindicate its that they are in accordance with the spirit without punishment or redress. the conflicts of circumstances, and the vicis- rights. We may not possess, as we should that actuated the venerated fathers of the In approaching, then, in the presence of

So, sensibly, fellow citizens, do these situdes inseparable from the lapse of years. not desire to possess, the extended and ever republic, and that succeeding experience has my assembled countrymen, to make the ircumstances press themselvis upon me. The success that has thus attended our ready military organization of other na- proved them to be humane, patriotic. expe- solemn promise that yet remains, and to hat I should not dare to enter upon my great experiment, is in itself, a sufficient tions; we may occasionally suffer in the dient, honorable, and just. If the agitation pledge my self that I will faithfully execute ath of duty, did I not look for the gener- cause for gratitude, on account of the hap- outset for the want of it; but, among our- of this subject was intended to reach the the office I am about to fill, I bring with us aid of those who will be associated with piness it has actually conferred, and the selves, all doubt upon this great point has stability of our institutions, enough has oc me a settled purpose to maintain the instine in the various and co-ordinate branches example it has unanswerably given .-- But ceased, while a salutary experience will curred to show that it has signally failed; tutions of my country, which, I trust, will of the Government; did I not repose, with to me, my fellow-citizens, looking forward prevent a contrary opinion from inviting and that in this, as in every other instance, atone for the errors I commit.

who never yat deserted a public servant sents a ground for still deeper delight. It tension of our territory, the multiplication our Government, are again destined to be cessor, and which he has discharged an nonestly laboring in their cause; and, above impresses on my mind a firm belief that the of States, and the increase of population. disappointed. Here and there, indeed, faithfully and so well, I know that I cane all, did I not permit myself humbly to hope perpetuity of our institutions depends upon Our system was supposed to be adapted on- scenes of dangerous excitement have occur- not expect to perform the arduous task with or the sustaining support of an ever-watch- ourselves; that, if we maintain the princi- ly to boundaries comparatively narrow. red; terrifying instances of local violence equal ability and success. But, united as ples on which they were established, they These have been widened beyond conjec- have been witnessed; and a reckless disre- I have been in his counsels, a daily witness To the confidence and consolation deriv- are destined to confer their benefits on ture; the members of our confederacy are gard of the consequences of their conduct of his exclusive and unsurpassed devotion from these sources, it would be ungrate- countless generations yet to come; and that already doubled; and the numbers of our has exposed individuals to popular indigna- to his country's welfare, agreeing with him al not to add those which spring from our America will present to every friend of p ople are in redibly augmented. The al- tion; but neither masses of the people, nor in sentiments which his countrymen have resent fortunate condition .- Though not mankind the cheering proof, that a popular leged causes of danger have long surpassed sections of the country, have been swerved warmly supported, and permitted to par-Itogether exempt from embarrassments Government, wisely formed, is wanting in anticipation, out none of the consequences from their devotion to the bond of union, take largely of his confidence, I may hope hat disturb our tranquility at home and no element of endurance or strength. Fifty have foilowed. The power and influence and the principles it has made sacred. It that somwhat of the same cheering approbreaten it abroad, yet, in all the attributes years ago, its rapid failure was boldly pre- of the republic have risen to a hight ob- will be ever thus. Such attempts at dan- bation will be found to attend upon my I a great, happy and flourishing people, dicted. Latent and uncontrollable causes vious to all maukind; respect for its author- gerous agitation may periodically return, path. For him; I but express, with my stand without a parallel in the world. of dissolution were supposed to exist, even ity was not more apparent at its ancient, but with each the object will be better un- own, the wishes of all-that he may vet Abroad, we enjoy the respect, and, with by the wise and good; and not only did than it is at its present limits; new and in- derstood That predominating affection long live to enjoy the brilliant evening of carcely an exception, the friendship of unfriendly or speculative theorists antici- exhaustible sources of g neral prosperity for our political system which prevails his well-spent life; and, for my self, convery nation; at home, while our Govern- pate for us the fate of past republics, but the have been opened; the effects of distance throughout our territorial limits; that calm scious of but one desire, faithfully to serve quietly, but efficiently, performs fears of many an honest patriot overbalan- have been averted by the inventive genius and enlightened judgment which ultimate- my country, I throw myself, without fear, ole legitimate end of political institu- ced his sanguine hopes. Look back on of our people as one vast body; on its justice and its kindness. Beyond tions, in doing the greatest good to the these forebodings, not hastily, but reluctant- the spirit of our ins itu ions; and the en- will always be at hand to resist and control that, I only flook to the gracious protection greatest number, we present an aggregate ly made, and see how, in every instance, larged variety and amount of interests, pro- every effort, foreign or domestic, which of the Divine Being, whose strengthening ductio s, and pursuits, have strengthened aims, or would lead, to overthrow our support I humbly solicit, and whom I ferthe chain of mutual dependence, and form institutions.

rapid and wonderful prosperity; but they als of mr Goverment together, and save us tional, that of every State has remarkably to us and our children the rich blessings the world because of his profession, and has nw also that various habits, opining, and from the violence of contending factions, improved in protecting and developing lo- already derived from them; to make our ted of Gop because he has no mere than