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VOL. III.

WILLIAMSTON, N. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1902.

NO. 25.

BOERS BEAT BRITISH

South African Dutchmen Gain a Great Victory.

ENGLISH PEOPLE ARE AWAKENED

To the Fact That the Boers Are Not So Nearly Subdued as Had Been Reported.

London, By Cable.—It was announced Monday that General Lord Methuen and four guns had been captured by the Boers commanded by General De la Rey. The news came like a thunderbolt to London. The extra editions of the evening papers, giving an account of the disaster, were eagerly bought up and their readers hurried through the streets with anxious faces, and bitter remarks were passed on the subject of the government's declaration that the war in South Africa was over. The news came too late to affect business on the stock exchange, but excited turbid feelings quickly followed the closing, in which South Africans slumped heavily. The news caused excitement in the mine market. Throckmorton street was thronged with South African operators anxiously looking for details and watching the effect of the announcement. Shares were offered freely at first; by 6 o'clock the excitement had abated and the curb tone hardened. The news was received in the House of Commons amid great excitement. The reading of Lord Kitchener's telegram by the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, was listened to in deep silence, which was broken by loud Irish cheers. Instantly there were cries of "Shame!" "Shame!" from the government benches. Then the Irish members seemed to think better of their outbreak and suddenly subsided. The subsequent eulogistic references to General Methuen were received with cheers. In brief, Lord Kitchener was captured, three British officers and 38 men were killed, and five officers and 72 men wounded. In addition one officer and 290 men were reported missing.

Secretary Long Resigns.

Washington, Special.—The third change in the cabinet of President Roosevelt occurred Monday, when Secretary Long submitted his resignation in a graceful letter. It being accepted in one equally felicitous by the President. The change was made complete by the selection of Representative Wm. Henry Moody, of the sixth congressional district of Massachusetts as Mr. Long's successor in the Navy Department. Mr. Moody will assume charge of the Navy Department on May 1. This change has been expected for a long time. Mr. Long had intended to retire at the beginning of the late President McKinley's second term, but he consented to remain until certain lines of policy in which he was involved were more satisfactorily arranged. Then, when President Roosevelt succeeded to the presidency, though anxious to return to private life—for Secretary Long will never again enter public life—a strong feeling of loyalty towards Mr. Roosevelt induced the Secretary to defer his retirement until it was convenient for the President to make a change. Mr. Long will re-enter the practice of law.

Big Strike in Boston.

Boston, Special.—After nearly six months of skirmishing the dread labor war between the organized teamsters and express handlers of Boston, and the two railroad corporations, the New York, New Haven & Hartford, and the New York Central & Hudson river, the latter locally known as the Boston and Albany, broke out Monday. At night the outlook is that unless powerful agencies are speedily invoked to compel peace, the struggle will have a far-reaching effect. The strike, which is a sympathetic one, already involves 8,000 men in and about Boston.

Charges Against Minister Wu.

Pekin, By Cable.—A prominent Manchurian censor has memorialized the throne for the removal of Wu Ting-fang, the Chinese minister to the United States. The censor asserts that Wu Ting-fang corruptly retained, ostensibly for repairs to the Chinese legation in Washington \$50,000 of the Tien-Tsin silver refunded by the government.

A Protest Against Free Sugar.

New Orleans, Special.—Believing that great injury to Louisiana as well as to the country at large would result from any reduction in the tariff on Cuban sugars, the New Orleans cotton exchange has addressed to each of the sister exchanges throughout the United States a letter requesting their official co-operation towards defeating the proposed measure now being agitated in Congress. The exchange argues that the sole effect would be to cripple or destroy the cane interest in Louisiana, while no benefit can accrue to the American consumer or laborer, but solely to the sugar trust.

Telegraphic Briefs.

Burglars killed Michael Shrentz and his clerk, Jacob Carter, near Savannah, Ga., on Saturday.

The installation of a new fare register on the trolley lines at Norfolk, Va., has caused a strike.

The Ohio Legislature has passed a bill enabling the will of W. C. Andrews to be executed by a trust.

Government receipts for February—\$41,155,123; expenditures, \$35,629,247, a decrease and increase, respectively.

NEW FINANCIAL MEASURE.

Provisions of Financial Plan Introduced Monday.

Washington, Special.—Chairman Fowler, of the House committee on banking and currency Monday introduced an important financial measure framed by the Republican members of the committee after conferences extending through the last two months. It brings together into one financial measure a number of propositions which have been urged separately heretofore. Mr. Fowler explains the purposes of the bill as follows:

"To transfer from the government to the banks the responsibility of protecting the necessary gold reserve and the burden of furnishing gold for export, thereby saving our commerce from the destructive apprehensions growing out of raids upon the gold in the Treasury, which can now only be replenished by a tax imposed upon the people through the sale of bonds; to provide currency always responsive and adequate to the demands of trade everywhere, and to equalize and lower the average rate of interest in all parts of the United States; to secure for American enterprise and American capital the privileges and opportunities of engaging in international banking under the national law and so lay a foundation upon which to build an American merchant marine; to remove the last vestige of doubt with regard to the standard of value.

"The measure provides for international banking, and a division of banking and currency is established under a board of control, instead of a single individual in the person of the Comptroller of the Currency, as heretofore. The board will consist of three members, whose terms of office are for 12 years, so arranged that only one member will retire every four years.

"If the measure now introduced should become a law, it is confidently believed that the national banks will assume the current redemption in gold coin of \$100,000,000 of United States notes. In consideration of the obligation assumed by the national banks, they will have the right during the succeeding five years, to issue gradually, as business may require, an amount of bank notes equal to 60 per centum of their paid-up and unimpaired capital; provision being made also for an emergency circulation. As the notes are taken out for circulation the banks will deposit with the government a guarantee fund of 5 per centum of the amount of the notes so issued. The national banks hereafter will be required to pay interest upon their notes at the rate of 1 per centum per annum.

"This 5 per centum guarantee fund, and the tax upon the bank notes will be issued to protect the bank notes. All the excess of such taxes and the interest on the government deposits, so rent redemption of notes outstanding at any time always will be coordinated to the amount of trading, and precisely as checks or drafts reflect the amount of commercial work being carried on.

"By and with the consent of the board of control, the banks may have more than one place for doing business, being authorized to establish themselves in the various cities of the country.

"No bank note of a denomination less than \$10 will be issued, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall not issue a silver certificate of a denomination greater than \$5, and, thereafter, upon the presentation to him of 100 silver dollars, or any multiple thereof, at a demand for their redemption, shall exchange gold coin for the same."

Fitzhugh Lee in Boston.

Boston, Special.—Mayor Collins entertained General Fitzhugh Lee at an informal luncheon Friday. Among those present were Rear Admiral Johnson, commander of the Charleston navy yard; Lieutenant Governor John Bates; General Thomas R. Matthews, and General Josephus H. Whitney. Governor Crane was unable to attend. During the afternoon General Lee was received by the Legislature at the State House.

Richmond Murder Mystery.

Richmond, Special.—Wm. Clayton, a well-known contracting painter, was murdered here Sunday in a manner that thus far baffles the police. He was found on the street in a residential section of the city early in the morning, frightfully beaten, and died at night without having regained consciousness. His head was crushed and he was beaten in such a manner that he died soon afterwards. That mystery is still unsolved.

Wilson Will Not Resign.

Washington, Special.—The attention of Secretary Wilson, of the Agricultural Department, was called Sunday by reports that he contemplated soon resigning from President Roosevelt's cabinet. The Secretary treated the subject very lightly, declaring that the report was news to him, and adding in reply to a specific inquiry that he had no intention of making the step suggested.

War With Japan.

London, By Cable.—In a dispatch dated Shanghai, the correspondent of the Standard says that Chinese merchants coming from Port Arthur declare they have been ordered to remove their families from Port Arthur because preparations were being made there for a war with Japan.

Telegraphic Briefs.

An ice combine has been formed in New Orleans.

KILLED IN A WRECK.

Fatal Accident on Southern Pacific Railway.

FIFTEEN KILLED AND MANY HURT

Many People Slaughtered Outright—Train Was Running at a High Rate of Speed.

San Antonio, Tex., Special.—A broken rail caused a frightful wreck on the Southern Pacific Railroad, near Maxton station, 25 miles west of San Antonio on 3 o'clock Friday morning. From the latest accounts received here 15 people were killed outright and 23 more or less injured. The dead are: Three children, of Hart Riddle, of Chetopa, Kan.; Estavon Contreras, Del Rio, Tex.; Andrew C. Shelby, wife and child, Lorier, Tex.; child of D. E. Houston, Racine, Wis.; Al Most, engineer, El Paso, Tex.; W. W. Prince, engineer, San Antonio; H. Bertscholtz, fireman, El Paso, Tex.; Chris Keel, contractor, San Antonio; L. A. Boone, Doyle, La.

The injured are: Mrs. Mary Koshler, San Francisco, internal injury; A. S. Turner, Blackhawk, Miss., hand crushed; Mrs. E. M. Sheppard, Glenn Mills, Pa., head hurt; J. Fuller, Washington, D. C., leg and foot crushed; Antonio Elrio, Del Rio, Tex., internal; George Ollenburg, Lexington, Ky., hand crushed; E. C. Baker, Angleton, Tex., bruised; Charles H. Hoy, San Antonio, Tex., both feet scalded; A. E. Massey, Wilby, Tex., scalp wound; J. I. Taylor, Mulberry, Kan., head injured; Mrs. Mitchell, Philadelphia, internal hurt; W. P. Adams, express messenger, internal injuries and badly scalded; Craig Bateman, North Dakota, head and back hurt; Biscoe Rodriguez, Del Rio, Tex., bruised; Lalons Morales, Del Rio, Tex., slightly bruised; Antonio Dalton, Del Rio, bruised; M. L. Robert, residence unknown, head hurt; D. P. Havens, El Paso, bruised; A. E. McKenzie, Frankfort, Ariz., slightly injured; R. J. Todd, Frankfort, Ky., bruised; Thos. O. Crowder, Houston, bruised; Wm. Joseph, San Jose, Cal., back injured; J. H. Taylor, Birmingham, Ala., slightly injured; Dr. G. C. Martin, Pecos City, slightly injured; C. W. B. Bennett, St. Paul, Kan., bruised; W. S. Glenn, Blackhawk, Miss., leg broken; Mrs. Annie Wortherst, San Francisco, leg and hand crushed.

The ill-fated train left San Antonio at noon Thursday, 2 1/2 hours late, and at the time of the accident was running at a high rate of speed in order to make up time. The road at the point where the wreck occurred is in a rough country, the curves being sharp and the grades heavy. It was when rounding a curve that the train left the track, it is said, on account of a broken rail. The hour was 3 a. m. fifteen hours after the train had left Antonio, showing that it was still behind time. All the passengers were asleep and the shock that followed was the first intimation they had of the danger. The train was going at such a rate of speed that the tender and engine landed 75 feet from where they left the rails. The cars behind piled up against the engine causing a fire and all were consumed except the sleepers.

Signs Bill.

Washington, Special.—The President has signed the bill creating a permanent Census Bureau, and the President, in a letter to the Secretary of the Interior, says: "You will please inform the Director of the Census that his office will continue as heretofore, to be administered as it has been administered, until the 1st of July. On that day he will, with your permission, appoint such members of the present force under him as will constitute the permanent Census Bureau force, appointing only so many as are to be permanently employed. After that date all appointments will be made under the regulations of the civil service.

Aid for Southern Education.

New York, Special.—Announcement was made that there had been organized in this city an association to promote Southern education, to be known as the General Education Board, and that more than \$1,000,000 had been placed at the disposal of the board of trustees. The underlying principle of the association is to be the recognition of the fact that the people of the Southern States are earnestly engaged in the promotion of public education and that in this effort they should receive generous aid; and to this end, and in pursuance of this and kindred objects, the association will seek gifts, large and small, from those in sympathy with its plans.

Consuls Flag Fight.

London, By Cable.—Cabling from Tien-Trin, the correspondent of the Standard reports a dispute between the French and American consuls there, arising from the attempts of the French consul to include certain mission properties in the French settlement the American consul, says the correspondent, hoisted the American flag on the disputed buildings. The French consul now threatens to hoist the French flag above the American.

News to Be Given Out by President.

Washington, Special.—At the cabinet meeting, President Roosevelt requested the members not to talk to newspaper correspondents about matters under discussion at the semi-weekly meetings. It was thought best for the President himself to make public such matters as he deemed proper to be given out. Hereafter the President will do this.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL

New Enterprises That Are Enriching Our Favored Section.

An Immense Water Power.

The Salisbury (N. C.) Sun publishes an interview with Mr. E. B. C. Hambley of Gold Hill, N. C., president of the Whitney Reduction Co., particulars of which have previously been given in the Manufacturers' Record, in which Mr. Hambley gives some details regarding the great work proposed by his company. This includes the building of 63-4 mile railroad, now under construction; the development of a water-power planned to give at first 20,000 horse-power, and eventually to be increased to 45,000 horse power. The plans include the building of a dam across the river, which Mr. Hambley states will be of granite secured from the company's quarries. It will be 1500 feet long, 49 feet high and 89 feet through the base. It is proposed that the power-house shall be 300 feet long and 100 feet wide, and estimated to cost \$200,000, with machinery figured at \$500,000. The company has purchased about 20,500 acres of land in order to avoid any trouble with adjacent property-owners in carrying out its comprehensive undertaking. Included in this is a gold and copper mine, on which it is understood about \$250,000 have been expended in opening up the property preparatory to its larger development when the water-power has been completed. It is intended to utilize this water-power for electric transmission to Salisbury and a number of other towns in its vicinity. The capital for this undertaking has been largely secured in Pittsburgh. Mr. George I. Whitney of Pittsburgh being vice president; F. L. Stephenson of Pittsburgh, treasurer, and H. L. W. Hyde of Pittsburgh, secretary.

\$15,000 Knitting Mill.

R. J. Fisher of Athens, Tenn., writes the Manufacturers' Record giving details of his knitting mill reported last week as to be established. Mr. Fisher has erected a brick building 50x90 feet in size, and has ordered for installation therein thirty knitting machines, three ribbers, twelve looms and auxiliary machines, besides dyeing plant. The product will be about 275 dozen pairs of misses' and children's ribbed hose daily. The cost of the complete plant will from \$12,000 to \$15,000.

Textile Notes.

(From the Manufacturers' Record.) It is stated that a company has been organized to build a 5000-spindle cotton mill at Dunn, N. C.

M. E. Whitehurst, New Bern, N. C., wants addresses of manufacturers of cotton and manila rope.

N. B. Mills of Statesville, N. C., contemplates the erection of a mill to knit fleeced-lined underwear.

The report of last week as to the Gaffney (S. C.) Carpet Manufacturing Co., adding 100 looms was an error.

Releigh (N. C.) Hosiery Co. has obtained a license to issue \$15,000 worth of 7 per cent cumulative first preferred stock.

Monarch Cotton Mills of Union, S. C., will build thirty operatives' cottages and a warehouse. This company has a 10,000-spindle and 300-loom mill.

J. Lewis Sale, 156 Main street, Dallas, Texas, is asking for information and prices on equipment for hosiery to be used in connection with sheeting mill.

Mrs. L. G. Miller of Shelby, N. C., has purchased the Laura Glenn Mills at Shelby, which was sold recently at court sale to John E. Hart of Baltimore, president of the former company.

An order has been passed by court action for the sale of a Fayetteville (N. C.) Cotton Mills, H. W. Lilly being temporary receiver, with Messrs. C. W. Broadway and H. L. Cook as commissioners. The plant has 3129 spindles.

Charter of the Radford (Va.) Woolen Manufacturing Co. has been recorded, naming Geo. W. Mills, president; L. L. Faulstich, vice-president-general manager, and Fred Painter, secretary-treasurer.

John Calhoun of Dunbar, S. C., contemplates establishing plant for the manufacture of bobbins and shuttles for textile mills and asks makers of the required machinery to send prices and information.

Opelika (Ala.) Cotton Mills writes that it does contemplate installing additional spindles, as reported last week, but has not made a definite decision as yet. There are now 5500 spindles in position, and 1248 more are proposed.

J. Haughton Thrill, Pittsboro, N. C., contemplates establishing plant for the manufacture of bobbins for textile mills, and is asking makers of the required machinery to send information and prices on the equipment needed.

At the public sale of the Wayman Cotton Mills of Waymanville, Ga., last week the property was bid in by the Maddox-Rucker Banking Co. of Atlanta. The purchase price was \$13,500, and it is said the company intends operating the plant if the courts confirm the sale. This plant has 2408 spindles and seventy-six looms.

Shamrock Mills of Winston, N. C., states that it is adding new machinery, as was reported last week. The company has 160 knitting machines, and is adding enough knitters to increase to 250 dozen pairs of hosiery every month, and this capacity is to be increased as fast as the demand requires and operatives can be trained for the mill.

Panic in Tobacco Factory.

New Orleans, Special.—A panic occurred among the 500 girls in the Hordshelmer Tobacco Factory, resulting from an alarm of fire several squares away. A strike occurred some time ago in the factory and there had been a rumor for some weeks that an attempt might be made to blow up the building. When the cry of fire sounded the girls frantically rushed to leave the building and many were trampled and bruised. Bertha Cantres, 17 years old, is thought to be fatally hurt.

Consumption in Australia.

According to Dr. Sidney Jones, 16,000 consumptives are moving about Australia annually.

IN CONGRESS.

Detailed Doings of Our National Legislature.

RAM'S HORN BLASTS

THE child can be long to God as soon as he can to the devil.

He who drinks much thinks little, and he who thinks much drinks little. The saved soul will be found steering for heaven no matter which way the winds are blowing. To refuse a right responsibility may be to reject a great reward.

When you have made a child glad you may have made a man good. He who can be trusted to do his own work will trust God to do His. The name of Jesus opens the door to the church and the gate to heaven. When you have the devil under your heel don't be scared by his bellowing. It is better to be a good man in a bad place than a bad man in a good one. It's a poor plan to promise to pray for your pastor and then to pinch on his pay. It is better to grow into a place of power than to be blown into one of feebleness. It was the brotherhood of man rather than the sisterhood of the saints that Christ revealed. The power of perfecting the present is worth more than the power of prophesying the future. The light that blinds the wise man burns the foolish man. True riches must be measured by what is given to others instead of by what is gained from them. The great man is he who realizes the limits of his abilities and the possibilities of his capacities.

Lynching in Arkansas.

Little Rock, Ark. A special from Forman, Little River county, says that early Sunday afternoon a negro named Horid McCoy assaulted a negro. She was badly cut about the head and shoulders in the struggle, but succeeded in getting away. The negro sometime after met Mrs. John T. Lemons, whom he also assaulted. A desperate fight followed, the negro cutting Mrs. Lemons dangerously about the head, neck and shoulders. The negro was captured about dark and at 11 o'clock Monday night was taken out by a mob and lynched.

Fastidious Dog.

"Yes," said the manager of the defunct Uncle Tom's Cabin company, "it was our dog that broke up the show." "The dog, eh? What was the matter with him?" "Too fastidious. You never saw such a hound in your life. You know the play, of course. We tie a piece of meat in the folds of Eliza's frock, and that's what draws the dogs after her when she runs across the blocks of leg. Well, what do you think this dog demanded?" "Can't imagine." "Porterhouse beef, steak, sir, and with the tenderloin left in! Yes, sir. How's that? And you couldn't fool him. He wouldn't chase Eliza a foot unless the meat was a choice cut. No, sir. And, by gum, sir, our company had to live on liver and bacon, so that blamed dog could have his steak. Yes, sir." The demand was too much for you, was it?" "No, it wasn't. That is, it wasn't until he began to insist upon mushrooms with his steak. Then we just threw up our hands and quit."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The nations paying these subsidies, he declared, did so for the purpose of extending their trade and for nothing else. "Trade cannot precede the mail," said he. "The mail must precede the trade."

Sixty-Sixth Day—Senator Lodge introduced into the Senate an amendment to the Philippine bill which is now pending before the committee on the Philippines. It provides that whenever it is certified to the President that the insurrection in the Philippines shall have ceased and peace established, a general election shall be called for. The choice of delegates to a popular assembly shall be known as the Philippine Assembly. The legislative power conferred in the Philippine commission in all that part of the archipelago not inhabited by the Moros, or other non-Christian tribes, shall then cease and be vested in a legislature consisting of two houses—the Philippine Commission and the Philippine Assembly.

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Credits and Trades.

Certain credits seem to monopolize certain industries. Practically all British manufacturers of cocoa, for example, are Quakers. These, in London at any rate, a very large percentage of cigar merchants and all the best-known manufacturers of Christmas cards are Jews. Whenever a Welshman comes to London to seek his fortune it is long odds on his making a pile either in the draper's or drug store business. Irishmen, lack the money-making instinct, flock probably owing to the fact that they to journalism.—London Tatler.

GEO. W. NEWELL,

Attorney-at-Law.

WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

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Main Street

WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

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