IF YOU WILL PUT a teaspoonful of Mexican Mustang Liniment into a glass half full of water and with this gargle your throat often it will quickly cure a Sore Throat.

Keep this

fact alway fresh in your memory:—

For Cuts, Bruises and all Open Sores, you need only to apply

Mexican Mustang Liniment

a few times and the soreness and inflammation will be conquered and the wounded flesh healed.

To get the best results you should saturate a **piece** of soft cloth with the liniment and bind it **upon the** wound as you would a poultice.

25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

KEEP AN EYE ON your poultry and at the very first sign of Roup, Scaly Legs, Bumblefoot or other diseases among your fowls use **Mexican Mustang Liniment.**

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A Boarding School for Boys and Young Men. Thorough preparation for College. Certificate admitting to many of the leading Colleges. Superb climate. High moral tone. Military training develops promptness, health and manly carriage. Full corps of experienced teachers. Apparatus select and limited. Athletics encouraged. Elegant buildings.

For catalogue and other information address

COL. J. E. DEBNAM, Supt. LA GRANGE, N. C.

STATEMENT OF

BANK OF MARTIN COUNTY,

AT WILLIAMSTON, N. C.,

At the close of business on the 30th day of April, 1902:

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans & Discounts	$ 20,501.85	Capital Stock,	$ 5,000.00
Over Drafts,	603.57	Surplus	1,800.00
U. S. Bonds,	500.00	Undivided Profits	467.57
Bonds and Mortgages	1,000.00	Certificates of Deposit,	4,285.00
Furniture & Fixtures,	604.56	Deposits subject to Check	36,248.73
Due From Banks and Bankers	17,041.11		
National Bank Notes	7,550.21		
TOTAL	$ 47,801.30	TOTAL,	$ 47,801.30

I, J. G. Godard, Cashier of Bank of Martin County do solemnly swear (or affirm) that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. G. GODARD, Cashier.

State of North Carolina—County of Martin

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 12th day of May, A. D. 1902

C. H. COBURN, Notary Public with Seal.

Cures Cholera-Infantum, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age. Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child and Makes TEETHING EASY.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

We have handled [illegible] and trade as a [illegible] now amount to [illegible] giving to the [illegible] hot sun or overcome [illegible] the effects of the summer's [illegible] Wholesale Druggists.

Tobacco Flues!

65,000 lbs.

FLUE - IRON

JUST ARRIVED.

Don't be afraid of getting your Flues this season. **As advertised** I am now prepared to fill all orders on short **notice.**

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Rocky Mount, N. C. **Williamston, N. C.**

Dennis S. Biggs, Pres. T. W. Tilghman Gen. Mgr. Jno. D. Biggs, Sec & Treas

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DENNIS SIMMONS LUMBER CO.,

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Kiln Dried North Carolina Pine Lumber,

DENNIS SIMMON'S BRAND CYPRESSS SHINGLES

WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

Orders and Correspondence Solicited

Another Big Lot of Flue Iron Just Received

AND I AM MAKING AND SHIPPING DAILY

Tobacco Flues

See that your orders are placed in time to get your flues. All orders filled from WILLIAMSTON or from my Country Residence

Wagons and Carts Made to Order.

Season is Now Open For Cultivators.

For testimonials and full information address

J. L. WOOLARD, - Williamston, N. C.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent)

Washington, July 21, 1902.—An inspection of the executive departments in Washington, and particularly of those bureaus devoted to the collaboration and classification of scientific data, occasionally leads the thoughtful observer to remark "curi bono? What is to be gained by it?" No better instance of the value of such work has been afforded than in the case of irrigation law recently exacted which has taxed to its utmost resources the mass of hydrographic information which, for the past fourteen years, the Geological Survey has been industriously collecting. With the passage of the Hansbrough-Newlands Irrigation law, the Secretary of the Interior was confronted with the necessity of disbursing a fund which now aggregates upwards of $6,000,000 acres. Furthermore, the provisions of her law, annual reports must be made to Congress showing the progress made. Referring to the herculean proportions of the task imposed on him, Secretary Hitchcock recently remarked that, were it not for the vast amount of hydrographic data which he knew to be in the possession of the Geological survey, he would resign from the Cabinet rather than undertake to direct a project of such vast extent.

Immediately the law was signed by the President, who takes the liveliest interest in the execution of its provisions, Mr. Hitchcock sent for Mr. Frederick N. Newell, chief of the Hydrographic Division, and, for acting on his advice, issued an order withdrawing from settlement nine tracts of land which, for convenience, are known as "projects." These projects are located in the vicinity of the St. Mary's river, in Montana, of the Gunnison in Colorado, the Salt and San Carlos rivers in Arizona, the Truckee and Carson rivers in Nevada, the Colorado river in California, the South Platt in Colorado, the Grand in Utah, and the Big Horn in Wyoming. Referring to the extent of the land withdrawn from settlement, Secretary Hitchcock says: "Selections have been made in advance in a somewhat liberal manner in order to allow the consideration of alternative projects or provide for unforeseen contingencies. It is the expectation to put surveying parties immediately in the field and as soon as possible to restore to entry the lands not needed. Surveying parties are now working on the St. Mary's and Gunnison projects, and it is hoped to examine the others before fall. Mr. Newell has gone West to confer with his engineers in the field and with those private and State engineers in connection with whom he has heretofore worked. On his return, it is anticipated that the Secretary will be able to make a definite selection of the projects which which will be first developed and announce the approximate location of the reservoirs to be constructed.

Neither the Secretary nor Mr. Newell believes that it will be possible to complete the irrigation of any tract in less than three years, but after that time results will be attained rapidly and it is estimated that during the next half century, what is now arid land will be reclaimed at an average rate of 1,000,000 acres per year, which rate, however, will not keep pace with the estimated increase in the population of the country.

With the deliverance of the last letter of Secretary Root to the Vatican and the receipt of its acknowledgement, the negociations which Governor Taft has been conducting at Rome have practically suspended. In accordance with the wish of the Secretary of War, they will be resumed at some future date in Manila, where Governor Taft can devote a portion of his time to them without interference with his other duties. So far as the facts have been revealed to the press, they do not seem to substantiate any claim of decisive victory on either side. These points, however, which have been determined, have been decided in accordance with the views of the administration and there is reason to hope that when the negotiations are finally concluded they may be regarded as a victory for American diplomacy.

With a meeting between Secretary Hay and Senor Concha, the Colombian Minister, held on Thursday, the consideration of the treaty with that country has been discontinued, pending the receipt by Mr. Concha of the approval by his government of the steps already taken. Secretary Hay has gone to his summer home in Newhampshire, and has, with considerable "Diplomacy," made public the statement that any office-seeker who follow him there will be courteously received, but will forfeit all chance of appointment. Mr. Hay also informed the newspaper men that there was no hotel nor other accommodation for strangers in the vicinity of his home. Secretary Cortelyou, acting for the President, has accepted an invitation for the latter to pay a brief visit to Mr. Hay while on his new England trip.

Secretary Cortelyou, who is now in Washington, has completed the itineary for the President's New England and Northwestern trips. Mr. Roosevelt will leave Oyster Bay August 22nd for New England and will return on September 1st. On September 15th, he will leave for the Northwest, from which he will return to Washington on October 8th. It is not certain that he will be able to arrange for a trip to the Southwest as was anticipated.

It is significant of the quality of the alleged "news" sent out from Oyster Bay that the President has obliged to deny a rumor to the effect that his daughter was engaged to Lieu. Robert Sterling Clark, of New York. In so doing, Mr. Roosevelt states that Miss Roosevelt has not even a speaking acquaintance with the gentleman whose name has been so foolishly coupled with hers.

Superintendent of the Capitol, Woods, is pushing with all possible haste the work of redecorating Statuary Hall, and hopes to have the work completed when the G. A. R. meets in Washington in October. Work on the House document room is progressing rapidly, and it is hoped that every evidence of repairs and improvements will be out of the way by the time mentioned.

SAVES A WOMAN'S LIFE.

To have given up would have meant death for Mrs. Lois Cragg, of Dorchester, Mass. For years she had endured untold misery from a severe lung trouble and obstinate cough. "Often," she writes, "I could scarcely breathe and sometimes could not speak. All doctors and remedies failed till I used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was completely cured." Sufferers from Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung Trouble need this great remedy for it never disappoints. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Jefferson as an Inventor.

Thomas Jefferson was himself an inventor, but, consistent in his belief in the natural right of all mankind to share useful improvements without restraint, he never applied for a patent.

His first original device was a folding chair, which he used to carry to church in early days, when services were held in the court house at Charlottesville and the seating conveniences were inefficient. His grandson tells us how he would "mount his horse early in the morning during the latter years of his life, canter down the mountain and across the country to the site of the university and spend a long day there, directing the work, carrying with him a walking stick of his own invention, now familiar to all, composed of three sticks, which, being spread out and covered with a piece of cloth made a tolerable good seat." Mr. Bacon, his overseer, in his reminiscences says: "His servants came with him and brought a seat, a kind of camp stool of his own invention. After Mr. Jefferson got old and feeble a servant used to go with him and carry that stool so that he could sit down while he was waiting for anybody or attending to any work that was going on."

He invented the revolving chair, now a familiar and necessary article of furniture in all offices and counting rooms. The Federalist newspapers used to call it "Mr. Jefferson's whirl-i-gig," and declared that he had devised it "so as to look all ways at once.

He also designed a light wagon, or sulky, with a comfortable seat and two wheels, with which he drove around the country when he was too feeble to ride horseback.

Mr. Jefferson invented the copying press. He writes to Mr. Madison in 1786: "Having a great desire to have a portable copying machine, and having studied over some experiments with the principle of large machines made to apply in the smaller one, I planned one in England and had it made. It aswers perfectly. I have set a workman to making them, and they are of such demand that he has his hands full. I send you one. You must expect to make many essays before you succeed perfectly. A soft brush, like a shaving brush, is more successful than a sponge." He also sent a copying press to the Marquis de Lafayette as a present.

Another of his inventions was a hemp break, which he says "has long been wanted by the cultivators of hemp, and as soon as I can speak of its effect with certainty I shall describe it anonymously in the public papers, in order to forestall the prevention of its use by some interloping patentee."

He inventes a pedometer to measure the distance he walked. He sent one to James Madison, with the following explanatory letter. "To the loop at the bottom of it you must sew a tape, and at the other end of the tape a small hook. Cut a little hole in the bottom of your left watch pocket, pass the hook and tape through it, and down between the breeches and drawers, and fix the hook on the edge of your knee band, an inch from the knee buckle; then hook the instrument itself by its swivel hook, on the upper edge of your watch pocket. Your tape being adjusted in length, your steps will be exactly measured by the instrument."

His most important invention was a plough. Mr. Bacon, his overseer, says: "He was very ingenious. He invented a plow that was considered a great improvement on any that had ever been used. He got a great many premiums and medals for it. He planned his own carriage, buildings; garden and fences, and many other things. He was nearly always busy upon some plan or model."

Jefferson's plough received a gold medal in France in 1790. During his European tours he had been struck with the waste of power caused by the bad construction of the ploughs in common use. The part of the plough called the "mouldboard," which is above the share and turns over the earth, seemed to him the chief seat of error, and he spent many of the leisure hours of his last two years in France in envolving a mouldboard which should offer the minimum of resistance. He sent the original design to the Royal Agricultural Society of the Seine. The medal which they awarded for it followed the inventor to New York, and eighteen years afterwards the society sent him a superb plough embodying his improvement.—Chicago Record-Herald.

VACATION DAYS.

Vacation time is here and the children are fairly living out of doors. There could be no healthier place for them. You need only to guard against the accidents incidental to most open air sports. No remedy equals DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for quickly stopping pain or removing danger of serious consequences. For cuts, scalds and wounds. "I used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for sores, cuts and bruises," says L. B. Johnson, of Swift, Tex. "It is the best remedy on the market." Sure cure for piles and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. S. R. Biggs.

Maltby House,

O. A. FOWLER, Manager.

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One hundred and eight scholarships Free tuition to teachers and to ministers' sons. Loans for the needy.

563 Students. 54 Instructors

New Dormitories, Water Works, Central Heating System.

Fall term begins September 8, 1902. Address,

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A Miraculous Feat.

"It seemed that nothing short of a miracle could save my little daughter from an untimely death," says City Marshall A. H. Malcolm, of Cherokee, Kan. "When two years old she was taken with stomach and bowel trouble and despite the efforts of the best physicians we could procure, she grew gradually worse and was pronounced incurable. A friend advised

Dr. Miles' Nervine

and after giving it a few days she began to improve and finally fully recovered. She is now past five years of age and the very picture of health."

Sold by all Druggists.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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A NEW FAST TRAIN

Between St. Louis and Kansas City and

OKLAHOMA CITY, WICHITA, DENISON, SHERMAN, DALLAS, FORT WORTH

And principal points in Texas and the Southwest. This train is new throughout and is made up of the finest equipment, provided with [illegible] and all other modern travelers conveniences. It runs via our new compound.

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Every appliance known to modern car building and ventilation has been employed in the make-up of this service, including

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under the management of Fred. Harvey. Full information as to rates and all details of a trip via this new route will be cheerfully furnished, upon application, by any representative of the

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THE REMARKABLE OFFER.

THE WEEKLY AMERICAN, NASHVILLE, TENN. (800 A YEAR)

and our paper jointly make the following offer to subscribers: To the subscriber to both papers from whom we receive the correct or nearest correct guess on the number of hogsheads of tobacco to be received in Clarksville, Tenn., from Nov. 1, 1901, to Nov. 1, 1902, inclusive. Cash prizes will be given, divided as follows:

If Received In December, January, February or March $2,000.00
If Received In April, May or June 1,500.00
If Received In July, August or September 500.00

THEN AN EXTRA $500.00 IS SET ASIDE

(making $2,500.00) in all which will be divided equally among all who guess even within one hundred of the correct number, provided they do not get any other cash prize. One hundred chances may allow you 201 chances.

IN THIS CONTEST THERE ARE NO BLANKS, AS YOU CAN CERTAINLY GET WITHIN 100 OF IT.

IMPORTANT—It is distinctly understood and agreed that the Weekly American is solely liable for the payment of all the money herein offered in prizes, and that our paper shall not be in any way responsible for such or any part of the same. In addition to the cash prizes, each subscriber to the two papers who will add one 2c stamp to pay postage will receive one (their choice) of the following beautiful pictures:

ORDER PICTURE BY NUMBER ONLY.

NO.	TITLE	NO.	TITLE	NO.	TITLE	NO.	TITLE
201—Grandma's Too		204—Making Hay		207—[illegible] Reach		210—Old Burgher	
202—A Waif		205—Reflection		208—Our New Baby		211—Serenade	
203—Rose Girl		206—Babies		209—Our Pet		212—Dolores	

Contest closes on October 1, 1902, at midnight.

The official statement of the Clarksville Tobacco Board of Trade is to be the figure upon which the contest is to be decided. Clarksville is second in size dark tobacco market in the United States. To help you make a close guess we give receipts in Clarksville for past 10 years:

Nov. 1, '91, to Nov. 1, '92, 25,940 | Nov. 1, '95, to Nov. 1, '96, 33,028 | Nov. 1, '99, to Nov. 1, '00, 20,242
Nov. 1, '92, to Nov. 1, '93, 27,187 | Nov. 1, '96, to Nov. 1, '97, 21,622 | Nov. 1, '99, to Nov. 1, '01, 23,048
Nov. 1, '93, to Nov. 1, '94, 25,211 | Nov. 1, '97, to Nov. 1, '98, 18,192 | Nov. 1, '01, to Nov. 1, '02, ?
Nov. 1, '94, to Nov. 1, '95, 29,423 | Nov. 1, '98, to Nov. 1, '99, 30,063

From indications, about the average crop will be marketed this year.

RULES AND REGULATIONS. A year's subscription—paid in advance at price named below—to both papers must accompany your guess. Under no circumstance and for no reason will a guess be changed after it reaches us. One 2c stamp must be sent to pay the postage on picture.

IMPORTANT—YOUR ORDER MUST BE SENT TO THE PAPER IN WHICH YOU SEE THIS ADVERTISEMENT

Cut this blank out and use it and you need not write a letter

PUBLISHERS: I send subscription to both papers, and enclose price named below. I guess the number of hogsheads of tobacco to be received in Clarksville, Tennessee, from Nov. 1, 1901, to Nov. 1, 1902, to be: [| | |] HOGSHEADS

NOTE.—The papers may be ordered sent to separate addresses, the picture to a different one and the guess credited to you.

Send THE WEEKLY AMERICAN to Mr. .....
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Send Your Paper to Mr. .....
P.O. ..... County ..... State .....
Send Picture No. ..... to Mr. .....
P.O. ..... County ..... State .....
Enter Guess to Mr. .....
P.O. ..... County .....

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