VOL. VI. - NO 18.

WILLIAMSTON, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1905.

WHOLE NO. 278

DIRECTORY

Town Officers

-Joshus L. Ewell. -Dr. J. B. H. S. Peel, Dr. J. D. Bigge, A. H.

casurer—N. S. Peel. torney—Wheeler Martin. tief of Police—J. H. Page

Church of the Advent

tys of the month, morning and event ad on the Saturdays (5 p. m.) before d on Mondays (9 a. m.) aftersaid Sa-ys of the month. All are cordially ed. B. S. Lassirka, Rector.

Methodist Church

day morning at 11 o'clock at he second Sunday. Sunday School very Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Prayer-mesting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, Holly Springs 3rd hunday evening at 3 o'clock; Vernou 1st Sunday evening at 3 o'clock; Hamilton and Sunday evening and night; Hassells nd Sunday, morning and night; Hassells and Sunday at 5 o'clock. A cordial in-station to all to attend these services

Baptist Church

ays at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting every Thursday night at 7:30 unday School every Sunday, morning at 30. J. D. Biggs, Superintendent. The pastor preaches at Hamilton on the

The pastor preaches at Hamilton on the rd Sunday in each month, at II a. m. ad 7:30 p. m., and at Riddick's Grove in Saturday before every 1st Sunday at 11 b. m., and on the 1st Sunday at 3 p. m. Slade School House on the 2nd Sunda; at 3 p. m., and the Bigge' School House on the 4th Sunday at 3 p. m. Everybod;

C

SKEWARKEE LODGE

DIRECTORY FOR 1905

S. S. Brown, W. M.; W.C. Mannin, W.; Mc. G. Taylor, J. W.; T. W. Thas, S. D.; A. F. Taylor, J.D.; S. R. Bij. Secretary; C. D. Carstarphen, Treasu A. E. Whitmore and T.C. Cook, Stewa R. W. Clary, Tiler.

STANDING COMMITTEES: os. D. Biggs, W. H. Har REFERENCS—W. H. Edwards, W. M. reeu, P. K. Hodges. en, F. K. Hodges.
sylum—H. W. Stubbs, W. H. Rob
on, H. D. Cook.
[ARSHALA—], H. Hatton.

Professional Cards

DR JOHN D BIGGS

DENTIST

WM. E. WARRE W. H. HARRELL

DRS. HARRELL & WARREN PHYSICIANS

AND SURGEONS DOMER IN

GIGGS PROG STORE

V1 29

及自然的企业方面

UNITER

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR one for the same of the

Windles Breaker

THE THIRDSYS AT LAW dark on the Williamston, N &

DE STATE SEVEL LAWYER of left hand side, top of s

VILLIAMSTON V.C.

Treasures of **Brookmere**

porch. As her granddaughter rose shediently, but with a little impatient sigh, her companion, Austin Wills, whistied softly, then said:

"Jessamine! What a wax Madam Brookmere must be in! You're slways Sunbeam and Fairy and Bright Eyes when she's in a good humor."

"That is to say when the Beveridge thing is around," Jessamine said, with a shrug. "She is in a wax—she always is when you come—and she feels in her bones when you are coming."

"H-m-m! I ought to be flattered, but I'm not the least bit," Austin answered, also rising and catching Jessamine's hand. She looked aghast, but he kept sturdily at her side until they were facing Jessamine's dragon. Then he said, with his best flourish: "Oh. Madam Brookmere, I, have brought this young person to tell you why she can't poesibly come in. She is to go rowing with me. We will be back by late tea time. The afternoon is too heavenly to be wasted on land."

"Jessamine, go upstairs and fetch my embroidery. Be sure you don't forget my glasses," madam said, as though the young man had not spoken. Jessamine made to ober, but Willsheld her back. He lifted his hat to the elder lady, turned and walked off, saying over his shoulder: "Send the maid up, madam. It's bad luck to turn back. I can't allow Miss Jessamine to risk spoiling our cruise."

"Oh, what will she do to me?" Jessamine rand smilled down at her, saying: "I hope it will be 'Out of my house, lngrate!" Then, you see, you will have to come to my house whether or no."

"Mercy, you do take a lot on your-self!" Jessamine said, nulling away her

"Mercy, you do take a lot on your-ielf!" Jessamine said, pulling away her land, her eyes dancing wickedly. "I legin to fear, Mr. Wills, that you have aken our little affair seriously"— "Isn't it to be taken seriously? Real-ryou lift's weight off my conscious."

rate, Beveridge, shan't have the treasure of Brookmere."

"What is the treasure of Brookmere?"
Jessamine asked demurely. "How much is it worth? And how are you going to save it from clerical clutches?"

"Let me see. I believe the Brookmere rating is about three milliohs," Austin answered reflectively, but with a twinkle of the eye, "handy millions at that," be went on, "all in gilt edged securities. If you were more than a baby, Jess, you would see a little beyond the end of your nose. Blabop-to-be Beveridge did want you—in fact, he still wants you, being a man of taste, for all his sins."

"Thanksi" Jessamine interrupted. Wills shook his beed at ber.

"He wanted you rather badly, but not so badly as he wanted the Brookmere money. And that he means to have—in upite of our teeth. Madam is only sixty and young for her years"—"You can't mean he is trying to marry her?" Jessamine cried, aghast.

Wills nodded. "That's his present laudable aim. Therefore he would like nothing better than to have us openly defy madam. Our elopement would be a trump card for him. Now, although we are not mercenary, neither are we destitute of common prudence. Three millions, or even one or two, might come in handy a heap of times. Moreover, we owe manam a certain duty. We can only discharge it by meeting guile with guile. That means, in plain English, you have got to turn from your evil way of preferring my company and smile instead upon the bishop to be"—

"I don't understand. How will that

he cried, bolding out his hand. "Jump! I promise you shall get nothing worse than a pair of wet feet by it."

"She needn't have even them," Willa said boorishly. "If you'll agree to see her to the house I'll be glad enough to put her ashore. Not in the humor for walking myself and still less for botantine."

Waiting inject and state Mrs. Brookmere was surprised and, if truth must be spoken, not wholly pleased to see Jesamine sauntering home, her hands full of scarlet bloom, with the Rev. Bewly Browslane at her eibow. Now the min samine sauntering home, her hands full of scarlet bloom, with the Rev. Bewiy Beveridge at her elbow. Now the minister had been madam's own companion all through the earlier afternoon, and, though he had not said muchquite too little to make madam aware of her own state of mind—he had look ed unutterably things. She had found the looking pleasant—she was of the women made to be married, childless, although she had buried three husbands, and still possessed of an alert and lively vanity. She liked to see her name at the head of lists of patronesses, especially missionary and rescue name at the head of lists of patroniesses, especially missionary and rescue
bands. Further, flattery was meat her
soul loved to feed on. The Rev. Bewly
had found that out at about the second
minute and acted upon the knowledge.
Indeed, his mind was pretty well made
up to marry her before the interview
ended. But then he had not seen Jeesamine in this mood. Jessamine upset
his calculations; she fairly swept him
off his feet.

Madam was sadly pussled throug out the next week. Wills haunted the house as much as ever, though Jeas nine openly flouted him, at the sam ime smiling shy process. self!" Jessamine said, pulling sway nor hand, her eyes dancing wickedly. "I begin to fear, Mr. Wills, that you have taken our little affair seriously? "I begin to fear, Mr. Wills, that you have taken our little affair seriously? Reality you liff a weight of my conscience." Wills interrupted in her own tone; then, after a chuckle: "Jess, I must lecture you—point out the sinful folly of your course. Here you might be, by taking pains and showing yourself properly devout and submissive, Mrs. Beveridge—possibly Mrs. Behop Beveridge—I really believe the gentleman has it in him to go high ecclesiastically, he's so suave and silken, just the sort to worm himself into the minds of rich churchmen, not to mention their check books. Tet you are passing him up—passing up the chance of a lifetime—for the sake of "—

"A very commonplace sinner," Jessamine broke in.

Wills gave her a look of pained surprise. "I was going to say 'for the sake of having your own willful way," he protested.

It was early afternoon, and the long, smooth river reach, feecked with sum and shade, mirrored perfectly the sum mer world either side. Jessamine hung over the boat side, staring at her own image. Austin watched her with happy eyes, but after a little he drew her upright, saying softly: "Vanity, thy name is Jessamine. I can't have another case of Narcissus and his image upon my conscience."

"Really! Haye you a conscience?" Jessamine retorted.

"Pirates even have consceinces—about some things," Austin answered, shipping his oars and lefting the boat drift toward the other bank. "For example, it goes against their consciences to left treasure manifestly within reach go to the fower garden under a white moon was at the very end of the house, thus well apart. There was small chance of interruption. All the rest were busy with games or firting or walking in the flower garden under a white moon. Jessamine went with him, walking him her dead and joyous. At the door of the pariors she waved him forward to fire priors she waved him forward to fire p time smiling shy propitiation at the same shop to be. He also was in a maze

the flower garden under a white moon. Jessamine went with him, walking high headed and joyous. At the door of the parlors she waved him forward. The parlors she waved him forward running back herself upon some errand he did not understand. Whatever it was, she did it very quickly He had hardly found the songs he wanted when she was beside him, smiling at him in the most bewildering fashlom. As the reached for the music her hand, a parently by chance, fellightly upon his. He tried to hold it but she snatched it away, turned from him and began to sing very softly. He watched her with burning eyes, his breath coming hard and fast. As she made to rise he put his arms about her and gathered her to his breast, saying hoarsely: "Jessamine, darling, won't you make music for me always? Unless you do my life will be wasted."

"Yon—you are not in earnest!" Jessamine said, slipping from his arms and averting her face. "You, who are so great, so wise, so good, need another sort of wife—somebody who can hely you. I—I should be only a burdem."

"A blessed burden, one I shall rejoke to carry," Beveridge said, trying to take her hand. She drew away from him, saying as though in despair: "You—you are playing with me. You really want grandmother".

"Grandmother! Oh, you jesiou-darling! How dare you name anything so preposterous?" Beveridge said, catching both her hands. "Grandmother is the most estimable of old ladies, but even if I knew she would take me I could not think of marrying her—not for all the money in the world."

"H-m-m! You've been trying to do

DESIGNING A HEAD.

whistier, is the to fit the cu character of his appearance of his appearance

the composition of a picture, and indeed the result was unmistakenly picturesque.

"Customers ceased to be interested
in their own hair," says Mr. Menpes of
Whistler's entrance into a barber's
shop. "Operators stopped their manipulations; every one turned to watch
Whistler, who himself was supremely
unconscious. His bair was first trimmed, but left rather long, Whistler
meanwhile directing the cutting of
avery lock as he watched the barber in
the glass. He poor fellow, only toe
conscious of the delicacy of his task,
shook and trembled as he manipulated
the scissors. The clipping completed,
Whistler waved the operators imperiously on one side, and we observed for
some time the rear view of his dapper
tittle figure, stepping backward and
forward, surveying himself in the
glass. Suddenly he put his head into a
basin of water, and then, half drying
his hair, shook it into matted wet curls.
With a comb he carefully picked out
the white lock, wrapped it in a towel
and walked about for five minutes,
pinching it dry, with the rest of his
hair hanging ever his face—a stage
which much amused the onlockers.

"Still pinching the towal, he would
then beet the rest of his hair into ringlets (combing would not have given
them the right quality) until they full
into decorative waves all over his head.
A loud scream would then rend the
air, Whistler wanted a comb. This
procured, he would comb the white lock
into a feathery plume and with a few
broad movements of his hand form the
whole into a picture. Then he would
look beamingly at himself in the glass
and say but two words, "Menpes,
amasing" and sail triumphantly out of
the shop."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

An awkward man in society is usually a thoroughbred in business. The only case of overwork we know of, though many claim it, is that of the

To win in this world you must have Here is the mark of one who be Search him, and you will find thing to eat in his pockets.

Give father credit for one thing least—at his place at the table the are no wads of chewing gum on

somersault looks easy, and when you attend a lacture talking in public looks easy.—Atchisen Globe.

Lawyer (to witness)—Never mind what you think. We want facts here. Tell us where yeu first met this man. Woman Witness—Can't answer it. If the court doesn't care to hear what I think there's no use questioning me, for I am not a lawyer and can't talk without thinking.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

Practice Verses Preaching.
"You kin help de cause of honesty seep," said Uncle Riben, "by preachin bout it, but you kin help it a beel no' by not danglis' roas chicken unde hungry man's nose."—Washington

A man is not going to get a crewn of righteousness just because he gives some poor fellew his old straw hat along about Newsmber—Chicago Trib-une.

THE CURVED BALL.

Most any ten-year-old youngster careve a ball, even though he does no know why he can do so except that the leather must be held in a certain way. Possibly a half dosen of the major league twirlers know something about the science of the current way. about the science of the curve, but comparatively few understand why they can produce their "benders." The Scientific American gives the follow-ing as the scientific explanation of the matter.

ing as the scientific explanation of the matter:

"The pitcher in the field tells us that the ball curves because he gives it a twist, but scientifically this will not do. Why will the twist make the curve? If a ball were thrown in a certain dissection and if the force of gravitation were not at work the ball would continue on in a straight line forever. Some force of resistance is then at work when a ball is made to devlate in a curve from its straight course. If a feather is dropped in a vacuum in an exhausted receiver of an air pump if will drop like a shot, but if it is dropped out in the air it will go down irregularly and alowly, shifting from adde to side.

"It is the atmosphere which causes the ball to curve. Bearing in mind that the atmosphere is a compressible, elastic gas, we find that when the ball

the ball to curve. Bearing in mind that the atmosphere is a compressible, elastic gas, we find that when the ball leaves the hand of the pitcher with a rapid rotary motion it impinges upon a continuous elastic cushion, and this moderate resistance, or friction, changes its course in the direction which is given to the rotary motion. Take an outshoot of a right handed pitcher, for instance. He impresses upon the ball a rapid centrifugal rotary motion to the left, and the ball goes to the left because the atmosphere, compressible and elastic, is packed into an elastic cushion just ahead of the ball by the swift forward and rotary motion, and the friction, which is very great in front of the ball, steers it in the direction which it sturning."

A NOTABLE MEETING.

Rold in the Interest of "Won Rights" in 1701.

The first recorded public meeting in the interest of "woman's rights" was held in the town of Medford, Mass., in 1701. The gallery of the church was secupled by the young unmarried peo occupied by the young unmarried peo-pie of the congregation, one side and one haif the front gallery being given to the young men, the other side and the other haif being given to the young women. But in the seating in this eventful year the young men were giv-on the entire front of the gallery as well, and the young women were only allowed one side of the gallery. Then it was that things began to happen. Treatment like this wasn't to

happen. Treatment like this wasn't to be tolerated even for a moment. The blood of the future mothers of the Revolution was fully aroused, and the young women made such an uproar and commotion that it speedily became

and commotion that it speedily became a town matter, and a town meeting was called to restore to them their rights in half of the front gailery.

The young men of the day were bit terly opposed to extending any new privileges to women, and the fight extended beyond Medford. Shortly after the introduction of "pues" into the churches, by which families were separated from the remainder of the congregation, the selectmen of the town gregation, the selectmen of the tow of Newbury gave permission to a grou on to a group of young women to build a "pue" in the gallery of the church upon their ewn side of the house. This extension of privilege was resented by the young bachelors to such a degree that they broke a window of the church, forced an entrance and backed the pew in pleces. For this act of sacrilege the young men of Newbury were fined \$10 each and sentenced to be whipped or pilloried. But they were manly enough to confees their folly and ask pard so this part of their punishment was emitted. So you see the "woman's rights" movemen Boston Herald.

Cotting His Punishment,

Barnes-One has to suffer in this life for his sins even though he forsake

Howes-Yes, Bingle's wife marries him to reform him, they say.—Boston

Subscribe for THE ENTERPRISE One Dollar a real.

Caused by Constipation 80

DR. THAOHER'S Liver and Blood =Syrup===

CURES BY REMOVING THE CAUSE A THREE-POLD REMEDY for all life due to func-Purifies the Blood.

Thousands have used this reliable remedy with perfect confidence and uccess for 52 years, because they know just what it contains.

The formula consists of Buchu, Hydranges, Mandrake. Yellow Dock, andelion, Sarasparlils, Gentian, Senna and Iodide of Potassium,
Any doctor or druggist will tell you that this is a scientific and reliable ombination of great ment for all diseases having their origin in the Liver, ideasys or Blood. After years of experience aftl patient experience, three the process of manufacture, that it never fails to bring as expected relief when taken according to directions.

Thousands of sick ones to whom life has been a burden have written grated letters of thanks.

Sprap, Mississippi, Oct. 17, 1902.

It have as fixers greatly with indigestion, constipation, also a accurative trouble, it lossed appetits. Could not rear well at night; in fact, had no energy to work or ore.

I had taken out in day entirely to your dly cured. At this tis dly cured, at this tis at on origing in the ti Chattanooga, Tenn

THE POOR OF BERLIN

HOW THEY ARE SUPERVISED BY THE CITY AUTHORITIES.

to of the City, and Rags and y Dare Not Lie About In the and Public Places.

"What." I exclaimed in Rerlin. "ar there no poor in this city? Are you al together without rags and wretched

"My dear friend," said the German, winking a heavy eyelid, "we are a very We do not show our

Berlin is ruled by mun It has its wretchedness and its de out these things are not permitted to increase. To be out of work in Berlin is a crime, even as it is in London, bu with this difference—in Berlin the mu-nicipality legislates for labor in a fash-ion which makes idleness all but inde-fensible.

fensible.

The laws to this end may not commend themselves to English minds, for the Germans are not soft hearted in such matters, but they have this engaging recommendation, they succeed Let a ragged man make his appearance in Friedrichstrasse or the Linden or in any of the numerous open spaces and a policeman is at him in a min ute. "Your papers!" demands the mar of law. The beggar produces his documents. If it is proved that he has slept in the asylum for the homeless more than a certain number of nights he is forthwith conducted, willynilly, to

Now, the workhouse in Germany is not a prison, but the vagrant would as leave go to the one as to the other. The administration of the workhouse The administration of the workhouse is conducted with iron severity. Every ounce of bread and every drop of thin soup consumed by the workhouse man is paid for a thousandfold by the swent of his brow. So it comes about that the man least disposed to work, the born vagabond, finds it more Berlin takes advantage of the sys-em in Germany which numbers and ickets every child born in the father-

and. No man can roam from distric land. No man can roam from district to district, changing his name and his life's story with every flitting. He is known to the police from the hour of his birth to the hour of his death. For a few prennigs I can read the history of every person in Berlin. Therefore the municipality has an easy task. Every citizen's life story is known to them, and every vagrant is punishe for his crime against the community.

Moreover, every person of humble Moreover, every person of humble means is insured by the state. Even clerks, shop assistants and servants are compelled to insure against sickand against old age. This insure is effected by the pasting into nice is effected by the pasting into book of certain stamps every week and it is the duty of each employer to see that this contract is faithfully obeyed. And the state has at Beelita an enormous sanitarium costing 10, 000,000 marks (£500,000), where the invalided citizen is sent with his pen ion in order to expedite his valuable

return to the ranks of the wage earn-ers. It pays the city of Berlin to nurse its sick and cherish its invalids. The whole object of the municipality is to secure the physical and intellectual well being of its citizens, and on this task it concentrates its labors with amazing energy.

Berlin has a huge building resem bling a factory where the unemployed, whole families, are received and pro-vided for, but no one must take advan-

tage of this hospitality more than five months Consider this times in three point of view. If you are homeless five a reckless creature and packed off to "woman's provided another asylum where the ss may come five times in one month and where the police are not allowed to enter at night. I have visited lowed to enter at night. I have visited this place and seen the people who attend it, some decent enough, others criminal in every line of their faces. There are many of these desperate men in Berlin, many of these difty, ragged and unhappy wretches, doomed from the day of their birth, but they dare not show themselves in the decent world as they do in London. They slink into these asylums at 5 o'clock; they have their clothes disinfected; they cleanse themselves under shower baths; they eat bread and drink soup, and then they go to bed at 8 o'clock like prisoners to their cells.

Now, this system is a hard one, for when once a man gets down in Berlin it is almost impossible for him to rise. But it has this clear advant.ge—everybody feels that it is better to work

body feels that it is better to work Rags and misery dare not lie about in the parks or scatter disease through the crowded streets. If there is any virtue in the unemployed the state will rtainty develop it as well as it is p sible to do so. There is a central bu reau for providing men with work, and when a man knows that not to work means the workhouse he solicits em loyment here and elsewhere with such a will as almost compels wages. In one year the state has secured employ

ment for 50,000 men.

The citizen is provided with sanitary dwellings, with unadulterated food with schools and technical colleges and with insurance for sickness and old age. For a penny he can travel almost from one end of Berlin to the other by electric trainway or electric railway. His streets are clean, brilliantly lighted and noiseless; his cafes and music halls are innumerable. He lives in a palace. And all this is the result of

A MATTER OF HEALTH

Williamston Telephone Co.

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

Office over Bank of Martin County WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

Phone Charges

Washington Greenville

Plymouth Rocky Moun Scotland Neck Kader Lilley's J. G. Staton

I. L. Woolard O. K. Cowing & Co. Parmele Robersonville Everetts Gold Point Geo. P. McNaughton

"Central" where a 'phone will be ound for use of non-subscribers

In Gase of Fire

you want to be protected In case of death you want to leave your family something to live on. In case of accident you want some thing to live on besides borrowing.

Let Us Come to Your Rescue

We can insure you against Fire, Death and Accident.

We can insure your Boiler. Plate Glass Burg-lary. We also can bond you for any office requiring bond

None, But Best Companies Represented

K. B. GRAWFORD

INSURANCE AGENT.



MUNN & Co.

Scientil

A sandsomely ill

AGENTS EXCLUSIVE CHRIST IN THE G

BY Dr. J. WILLIAM JON AGENTS REPORTS N. C.—"Worked one day, received 1'C Ala.—"Received Pros. I o'clock, sold Va.—"Sold 14 in 12 hours." L. P. & Cenza—"Worked one day, got 12 ord THE MARTIN 2 HOYT CO., Atlanta

WANTED NVENT

PATEN

PATEN

TRADE MARKS of TIRE sktorney's fee. Send or photo and we send on life if kEE report on patentable the best legal service and a shares are moderate. Try services are moderate. SWIFT & C Patent Lawyer Opp. U.S. Patent Office, Washi

UBSCRIBE TO THE ENTERPRIS \$1.00 a year.