THE ENTERPRISE, THE COTTON CROP WILLIAMSTON, N. C. The joy ride is generally its own Diamonds are one thing that inrease in value after decreasing

Last winter was a very severe one but we bear no grudge against it

Laughing may make people fat, but that is not what stout people care to know.

In his modest, unobtrusive way the cricket is advising you to lay in your winter coal.

Tobacco crop short and revolutions la Cuba again. There ain't going to be no "butts."

Will Thomas A. Edison please invent something to geep ice from melting in summer?

People who predict that this was to be a hot summer are around mentioning the fact.

When New York gets to selling bread by weight, maybe the young bride will make a fortune.

Having had her eyes insured for \$15,000, a New York chorus girl is prepared to make eyes at all comers.

Were you ever so tired that after lifting one foot up you dreaded to down again to complete the put it step?

Another \$20,000 diamond has been found in South Africa. All they have to do there is to pick up the wealth.

If your socks, your tie and your hatband do not match in color you can still elude the critical by going swimming.

Bread is to be sold in New York by weight. Then the inconsistent cus tomers will complain if it is light and if it isn't.

Now that an aeroplane has been struck by lightning we discover that wing won't the only thing the aviators have to combat.

A homing pigeon has just flown 1,000 miles in about five days. That will keep the flying machine busy for some time to come.

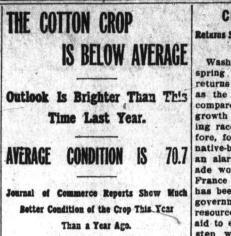
Chicago professor says that skunks are good to eat, but until we see the meat trust try to corner them we'll refuse to believe it.

Those billions of bacteria reported found in frozen eggs are not so impressive since we dallied with the figures about Halley's comet.

London reports the presence of 130,-000 foreign waiters. Class in mental arithmetic, how much does this amount to, at one average tip apiece?

No man can sleep soundly after giving away a million dollars, says a New York preacher. Let's all get together and disprove this statement.

A New York couple got married the other day because, they said, they both loved the same bull pup. - The stilly season is showing results all



New York City .- The Journal of Commerce says:

Replies from 1,800 special corre sponednts of the Journal of Com merce and Commercial Bulletin, of an average date August 24, make the condition of cotton 70.7 per cent., again 74.9 last month, a deteriora tion of 4.2 points. This compares with a condition of 66 per cent. a year ago, 78.1 in 1908, 73.9 in 1907, 77.6 in 1906 and 72.4 in 1905. According to the reports of this paper, the ten-year av erage is 74.7 per cent., with a condition of 4.7 points better than a year ago, and an estimated increase of 2.8 cent. in acreage. The present per outlook is considerably brigater than last year. The situation in Texas is serious, where a decline of 16.9 points occurred, owing almost entirely to severé drouth and high temperatures. Louisiana descended from the al-

ready low condition of 66.3 per cent. last month to 57.6 per cent, a decline of 8.7 points. Alabama lost only 2 per cent. All other important states showed advances from 2 to nearly 5 per cent. The condition by states compared with last month follows:

|   | Sept.                                 | Aug. |
|---|---------------------------------------|------|
|   | North Carolina                        | 74.3 |
|   | South Carolina                        | 71.2 |
|   | Georgia                               | 68.4 |
|   | Florida                               | 66.2 |
|   | Alabama                               | 72.4 |
|   | Mississippi                           | 69.2 |
| 1 | Louisiana                             | 66.3 |
|   | Texas                                 | 80.9 |
|   | Arkansas                              | 74.5 |
|   | Tennessee                             | 73.7 |
|   | Missouri                              | 78.2 |
|   | Oklahoma                              | 87.7 |
|   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | -    |
|   |                                       |      |

.70.7 74.9 Average . Favorable weather was general in practically all states except Texas, where drought and high temperatures have caused heavy deterioration. Pre mature opening will soon be universal unless the much-needed rain ap pears. Growth has progressed satisfactorily in other states, the plan,<sup>4</sup> though small, being fruited. Fields are well cultivated, complaints of scarcity of labor are comparatively

rare and the crop is unusually free from insect, except for the boll wee vil in Louisiana and Texas. In the former state they have swept nearly everything before them in many sections, so that little more than half crop is expected. In Texas the drought and heat have prevented the spread of the weevil and damage is slight; shedding has been general, but not more than usual for this time of year.

The great danger to the crop lies in an early frost, since the season is fully two to three weeks backward. except in Texas and Oklahoma. On the other hand, a late frost would materially improve prospects and prob ably insure an average crop. Oklahoma promises a better crop than for

# years past. ASHEVILLE FLOODED.

**CENSUS STATISTICS.** Returns Show Race Suicde Prevelent-Birth

Increase Only Sax Per Cent. Washington .- Startling conclusion spring, from an examination of the returns of the census of 1910, as far as the returns have come in, waen compared with statistics of national growth in former decades. The coming race suicide casts its shadow before, for the natural increase of the native-born American is falling off to an alarming extent and another decade would put us in the class with France whose decreasing population has been the burning question of the government. With all our national resources and all state and national aid to encourage an increase keeping step with former years, the signs point to a dropping away of 50 per cent. in internal increase of popula tion from the records of former dec

ades. The increase of our whole population, including immigrants, from 1820 to 1900, was an average of 28 per cent. for each decade, varying from 35 per cent. in 1850-1860 to 23 per cent. in 1890-1900. The average crease, exclusive of immigrants, during that period was about 21 per cent. In the decade of 1890-1900 this in crease was a trifle over 20 per cent., there being about 53,000,000 other than immigrants in the former and about 72,000,000 in the latter census. This was an internal increase of about 14.-000.00 inhabitants.

the best experts, including Now those in the census bureau, place the total as will be shown by the census of 1910, at 90,000,000. But from this must be deducted the extraordinary influx of immigrants in the past ten years which, according to the returns of the bureau of immigration up to last month show that within a few thousand of 9,000,000 have come in since 1900. As the total gross popula tion of 1900 was 76,000,000, this means that the estimate places the total in-Aug crease at 14,000,000. Deducting from 74.3 this the 9,000,000 immigrants, there 71.2 remains only 5,000,000 natural in-crease for 1900-1910 as against 14,-68.4 66.2 000,000 for 1890-1900, which is about 72.4 6 per cent. natural increase as against 69.2 the former decade average of 21 per 66.3 cent.

In addition to this is to be considered the marvelous growth of the cities so far reported. Not to mention the smaller ones, a score of those of more than 50,000 show an increase running well over 50 per cent. Atlanta has 72 per cent., East St. Louis 97 per cent., Akron 62 per cent., while Detroit forges up with 63 per cent. The only conclusions to be reached from these figures are: First, that our home increase in population is rapid ly falling away. Second: That the cities are absorbing not only the immigrant population, but drawing very heavily from the rural districts.

That at the present rapid decline in internal increase, it will be but another decade before, except with the aid of immigration, we will show a positive decrease in population.

## Atlanta's Cotton Receipts.

Atlanfa.-Atlanta's cotton receipts for the season ending August 31, 1910, amounted to 140,666 bales, some 4,000 bales less than the previous season. The decrease is due to last year's short crop.

The price paid, however, made up for the decrease in receipts, the average being about 14 1-4c, bringing the value of the 140,666 bales up to \$9, 500,000.

The season opened with the price quoted at 12c, and ended with a sale of a few bales at 19.80.

Tennessee Central Not Sold. Nashville, Tenn.-Regarding the

Whisky Advances.

Maine to Be Raised.

NEW YORK'S POPULATION IS NOW 4,766,883

Issue \$500,000,000.

sociations. The way now is made clear for the banks of the United

States to put into circulation \$500,000.

sign of a financial stringency.

000 in emergency money at the first

The law provides that commercial

notes representing actual commercial

transactions, which shall bear the

names of at least two responsible per-

A large proportion of the banks hold

tary MacVeagh has decided that the

Mr. MacVeagh also holds that notes

BABIES DRUGGED.

nature, the sale of these drugs for

the relief of minor troubels is enor-

mous. Mothers keeps the paregoric on

tap, and are more careful to have it in

their homes than they are to see that

Vannutelli.

Vannutelli, papal legate to the Eucha-

In his drive from the dock to the

city hall he rode between solid walls

of cheering French and Irish Cana-

dians, standing in his carriage for

most of the way, scattering blessings

The cardinal's reply to the mayor

ristic congress, which met here

right and left.

e represented.

Quebec .-- Business was

Census Bureau Makes Report on American Metropolis.

SECOND LARGEST CITY IN WORLD

ondon"Alone Outranks Great American City in Number of Inhabitants .-- Increase

# 38.7 Per Cent Shown.

Washington.-Greater New York paper upon which emergency currenhas a population of 4,766,883 under cy may be issued shall include only the thirteenth decennial census, according to figures issued by Director of the Centsus Durand. This makes sons and have not more than four New York the second largest city in months to run. the world, and as large as any two the notes of reputable individuals and foreign cities, excepting London.

Since 1900 the population of the me corporations which they have bought from note-brokers. These notes bear ropolis has increased by 1,329,681, or only the name of the maker. Secre-38.7 per cent., as compared with 3,437,-202 under the last census.

endorsement of the holding bank upon The borough of Bronx showed the such notes will constitute the second greatest increase in the greater city, endorsement which the law calls for. Queens, Brooklyn, Richmond and Manhattan following next in order. The issued by reputable persons for the figures for these borough, together carrying on of bona fide business and with the increases, are as follows : which they discounted at banks rep-Bronx, 430,980, an increase of 230,473, resent actual commercial transactions or 114.9 per cent.; Queens, 284,041, an and are distinct from what is known increase of 130,042, or 85.6 per cent. as accommodation paper. The latter Brooklyn, 1.634,351, an increase of is strictly barred from being used as 467,769, or 41 per cent.; Richmond the basis of an issue of emergency borough, \$5,969, an increase of 18,-948, or 28.3 per cent.; 'Manhattan bop-ough, 2,331,442, an increase of 481,449, currency

or 26 per cent.

The census of 1909 showed Greater Authority Says Babies Are Doped

With Paregoric. London's population to be 7,429,740, again 6,581,372 in 1901. That New New York City .-- That bables in York is slowly catching London is their cradles contract drug habits shown by the fact that in eight years through being doped promiscuously London's increase was 848.368, while with paregoric, laundanum and other that of New York for ten years was household remedies, is the assertion 1,329,681. of President Lederle of the New York Paris, according to the census of board of health. An effort will be

1906, was the third largest city in made by the board to procure local the world, with a population of 2,763,legislation. prohibiting the sale of the 393, while Tokio, under the census' of objectionable drugs except upon pre-1908. was fourth, with 2.186.079. Berscription. in 1905 had a population of 2,040, A statement by President Lederle

says: "Notwithstanding their dangerous New York City contains only 164,

648 fewer people than the combined fourteen cities of more than 200,000, the population of which already has been announced, namely: Pittsburg, St. Louis, Detroit, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Newark, Milwaukee, Washington, Intheir sugar bowls are filled. At the dianapolis, Jersey City, Kansas City, first sign of an ache or pain, often Providence, St. Paul and Denver. The the moment the baby cries, the mothaggregate population of the cities er dashes for the paregoric bottle. named is given as 4,731,532.

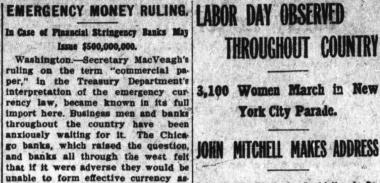
PAPAL LEGATE WELCOMED. The city of New York, as consti tuted prior to the act of consolidation City of Montreal Welcomes Cardinal effective January 1, 1898, had a population in 1890 of 1,515,301, as com Montreal. pared with 3.437.202 in 1900, showing suspended here and all the city turnan apparent increase of 1,921,901, or ed cut into the streets, undeterred by 126.8 per cent for the greater city. a pouring rain, to welcome Cardinal

The population of Brooklyn, N. Y. is 1,634,351, an increase of 467,769, or 40.1 per cent., as compared with 1,166, 582 in 1900.

# SOCIALISTS CONVENTION.

Bocialists Want Compulsory Law Against Unemployment.

Copenhagen, Denmark .- The interwas a warm tribute to Canada and to national social congress adopted a the Catholic immigrants who had resolution demanding the establishbrought with them the faith of their ment of a system of universal and fathers and had clung to it as their compulsory laws against unemployrich heirloom. He realized that the ment, ile cost of which is to be borne legal reception accorded him was not by the owners of the means co profor himself, but the holy father, whom uction



Labor Leader Pleads for Legislation to Decrease Inductrial Borrors---Roosevelt Called a Liar.

-

New York City.-The labor day pa rade here brought out more union marchers this year than have ever before been seen on Fifth avenue. Conspicuous among them were 3,100 women, most of them garment workers, wearing dark blue and yellow liberty caps and sashes. The leaders estimated that there were 71,000 in line For the first time in fifteen years the parade bore no appeal for aid in any pending strike. The cloakmak strike, one of the largest the ers' country has ever known, has just been concluded, and cloak and garment workers turned out in force to prove their joy and to demonstrate their hate of Justice Goff of the state supreme court, who granted an in junction against the strike, and ruled that any strike called to demand the closed shop is a conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Terre Haute, Ind .- John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers, in a labor day address here, spoke in favor of better laws for the protection of workingmen.

"A well known writer," said Mr. Mitchell, "asserts that 500,000 good workingmen are killed or maimed an nually in the United States.

"That means that more lives are sacrificed and more workmen are injured each year in the peaceful con duct of our industries than were sac rificed in any one year during the period of the Civil war. It means that more men have been killed and maimed in the coal mines of the United States alone during the last seven years than were killed or died as a result of wounds in the Continental army during the seven years of the American revolution."

Referring to measures for the pro tection of workingmen in this con nection, Mr. Mitchell said:

"Our unions have done much in this direction. They have rendered youman service in protecting the wage earners, but, without the aid of the state, they cannot carry on to full fruition their objects and ideals in this respect."

Fargo, N. D.-A man who fought his way to ex-President Roosevelt and called him a liar gave a bad scare labor day to the crowd at Island Park in this city. Colonel Roosevelt seized the man and helped to eject him from the platform.

The colonel had just finished his labor day address before one of the largest crowds of his western trip. Atlanta.-Atlanta had a labor day parade over three miles long. State, county and city officials marched in line with the labor organizations.

# **46 COTTON MILLS CLOSED.**

25,000 Operatives Idle in New Eng land States.

Fall River, Mass .-- Forty-six cotton mills, owned by 18 corporations, shut down until September 12, throwing out eratives.

right

New York druggist thinks rattle snake poison is a cure for consumption. Consumption is also a cure for rattlesnake poison. But who gets the first bite?

American tourists are reported to be the most eager patrons of dirigible balloons in Europe. Their experiences with the tip-custom in their travels seems to make them careless of life.

The only doubt to be thrown on the story of those quadrillious of microbes in frozen eggs is that it is almost beyond belief that any self-respecting microbe would relish that sort of food.

The man for whom the law should provide :. particularly severe penalty when caught is the chauffeur who strikes a person down and then runs away from his victim.

We have got to have a copy of that new department of agriculture bulletin on "The Life History and Control of the Hop Flea-Beetle," even if the government does charge 10 cents for it.

A New York man shook pepper into his soup and then was seized with a fit of sneezing that killed him. Now the question is, did the restaurantkeeper make his heirs pay for the soup?

The alfalfa cure for snake bite is viewed with infidelity, but the snake bite cure for tuberculosis is vouched for in a recent case. Cautious people will prefer to have neither ailment and use neither remedy.

Lady Dockrell has been instructing the young women of England that hus bands must be healthy. Undoubtedly It is annoying to have a modern hom cluttered up with an invalid husband. iusbands should agree to the reform with a corresponding stipulation on the part of the wives.

North Carolina City Visited by a Destrictive Flood. Asheville, N. C .- Asheville was vis- be taken over by the Illipois Central, ited by a destructive flood. The on September 15. President A. B. New-French Broad was higer than during ell of the former road said: the flood of 1901.

Asheville-Spartanburg lines of the ing excellently as an independent line. Southern railway are out of commis- Our relations with the Illinois Central sion. The Southern worked to keep are entirely friendly and on a basis the line from Knoxville to Salisbury that is mutually satisfactory." open, but trains on this line were

operated under difficulties.

The flood backed water into the auxiliary plant of the Asheville Elec- made at the chamber of commerce tric company, cutting off all power. that the price of spirits has been ad-There were no lights and no street vanced 3 cents on the gallon, making car service.

the basis price for the future \$1.33. The newspaper plants were with- The new price will affect other whisout power and they issued handbills key markets, where distillers' finished by the old method. goods are handled.

## Cloakmakers Strike Settled.

New York City .- The cloakmakers' Beverly, Mass .- If plans which Presstrike, one of the most stupendous in- ident Taft regards favorably are adoptdustrial disturbances in the history of ed the battleship Maine, sunk in Ha-American labor, has just been settled. vana harbor, twelve years ago, which The industrial loss to employers and since then has concealed the secret of employees has run high into the mil- the disaster which overwhelmed her, lions. In loss of wages alone the to- may be sailing homeward on or betal has been estimated at more than fore Christmas, bearing a long-delayed \$10,000, while the loss to manufac verdict to the nation. John F. turers, jobbers and retailers the coun- O'Rourke of New York submitted the try over has been computed at ten plans to President Taft. The plan times that amount. Seventy thousand provides for raising the Maine by the employees returned to work when the means of pneumatic caissons and steel cables new agreement was signed.

#### 20-Cent Cotton Pieased Savannah.

Illicit Distilleries Increase. Atlanta.-The government began Savannah, Ga .- When cotton went to 20 cents a pound there were scenes the trial during the fiscal year that of wild hilarity on the floor of the ended June 30 of almost twice as Savannah Cotton exchange. This was many cases in which the internal revthe highest price most, of the mem- enue laws had been violated as it did bers of the exchange had ever seen in the fiscal year of 1907. The prothe staple reach, and they proceeded hibition law was enacted in 1907 and to celebrate the event by throwing became effective in 1908. Figures up their hats and cheering to their show that there has been a hearts' content. It was the highest steady and pronounced increase in price reached in Savannah since 1868. violations of the internal The only trouble with the 20-cent cot- laws, which prohibit the illicit distilton is that there is so little of the lery of liquor, since the Georgia prohibition law became effective. staple here to be delivered?

persistent rumors that have been in Among other thing the resolution circulation here for some time that

148.

sets forth that the condition of un the Tennessee Central railroad would employment is inseparable from the present capitalistic mode of produc-"I have heard the report, but there

The Transylvania Murphy and is absolutely nothing in it. We are do-American, French and British dele-

tion, and that as long as capitalism holds sway, only palitative measures are possible of success. The resolution on unemployment was carried despite the refusal of the

gates to vote.

Cotton Crop Damaged.

Shreveport, La.-Local experts an-nounced that the cotton crop in this section had been at least 25 per cent. damaged during the last three weeks. due to the boll weevil and shedding as the result of the heavy rains. The production will be no greater than last season.

Cotton Reaching Macon.

Macon, Ga.-September is bringing Atlanta.-Secretary Hester of the New Orleans cotton exchange the opening of cotton business in Ma con in such manner as to please the cotton merchants. Most of them be lieve that the season means a great deal to the cotton merchants here The summer has been devoted to a thorough and systematic arrange ment for handling a great portion of the cotton of central Georgia. The new staple is now coming in and last year. Last year the consumption will rapidly increase, although the season is already two or three weeks behind.

#### Crusade Against Hobble Skirts.

Naval Stores Trade Prosperous. Savannah, Ga .- The year just end-Newark, N. J .-- A crusade against the hoble skirt has been started by ed has been the most prosperous in the Rev. Peter Henry, pastor of the the recent history of the naval stores First' Reformed church of Greenville. trade. This prosperity is in the face of a steady decrease in supply, not only in the year just ended, but in the Among other things he has issued an edict that no woman wearing such a dress shall be admitted to his church. preceding year, and is due to the high price of turpentine and rosin. He declares that "any woman" would so debase herself and sex as to For these higher prices there are wo causes-the small production and wear such a sartorial travesty should be spanked." Mr. Henry character-izes the women wearing hobble skirts the general apprehension that the tendency of naval stores production henceforth will be to decrease. Suras "walking balloons," "lunatics," and "godless ones." plus stocks have been much depleted.

# POSTAL CLERKS PRAISED.

DeGraw Says Millions Have Been Saved by Clerk's Co-Operation.

Saratoga, N. Y .- Through the energy and co-operation of the postoffice employees throughout the country, a saving of \$11,000,000 became possible in the postoffice department this year,

according to a statement made by P. V. DeGraw, fourth assistant Postmaster General, in an address before the United National Association of Post-

office Clerks, which held its eleventh annual convention here. Mr. DeGraw assured the clerks that the depart ment favored organization among its different classes of employees, as long as the objects were confined to the uplifting of the postal service

## 10,609.668 Bales of Cotton Sold.

an nounced that the commercial crop for the year ending August 31, 1910. amounted to 10,609,668 bales, a decrease under last year of 3,215,789, a decrease under year before last of 986,298 and a decrease under 1907-08 of 2,901,324. The consumption of the Southern mills is 218,570 bales behind of cotton was the largest ever recorded, while in 1907-08 the business of the mills was restricted by the panic.

The renewed curtailment here will keep 2,500,000 spindles idle and shut off 175,000 pieces of print cloth.

Biddeford, Maine .- Seven thousand operatives began an enforced vacation the closing of the Pepperell and Latonia cotton mills of Biddeford, the York mills of Saco and the Saco and Pattee machine shops.

## Gaynor Walks Six Miles.

St. James, L. I.-Mayor Gaynor walked six miles in a broiling sun with the thermometer at 79 and the humidity at the same mark. He returned home dusty and heated, but seemingly fresh. Neighbors with whom he talked thing it will be only a few weeks before he is fully recovered from the bullet wound inflicted by James J. Gallagher.

Lieut. James Barrett Dead.

Augusta, Ga .--- Lieut. James Barrett. an officer under Major Wirz, in com. mand of Andersonville prison, and later commandant of a Confederate. prison at Florence, S. C., died here, aged 75 years. Lieutenant Barrett fied to Germany to escape arrest after the war.

He married abroad and returned to Augusta in 1870 and has been here since then. He has been a stock. raiser and was an authority on agricultural matters, being regarded as ar expert on farm topics.

## Confederate Flag at Wedding.

Calcago.-The star and bars were draped above the wedding cake at the reception following a wedding at a. downtown hotel. Beneath its folds the bride and groom received the congrat ulations of their friends. Mrs. Violet P. Huntington, now of New York but a daughter of the South, was the bride, and Prof. Frank Smith Blair, who holds the chair of mathematics at Guilford college, North Carolina was the bridegroom. She is sixty years old and the broom is near.

