

# SAMPSON'S DEFICIT LARGEST IN STATE

## What Ten Years' Radical Rule Brought to County

### MR. B. R. LACY'S FIGURES

Sampson County Pays Into State Treasury \$10,114.24 and the State Pays Out for Sampson County \$18,486.42—Radical Rule Makes Deficit Greater Than Any County in North Carolina—A Warning to Other Counties.

To The Editor: It is not pleasant to advertise one's own county as a bankrupt, but the financial condition of Sampson county after ten years of Fusion and Republican mismanagement should be made known, in order that the good citizens of other counties may take warning therefrom.

The radical county candidates are stating all over Sampson county, as they did in the campaign immediately preceding the exposure of the "nasty mess" of stealing, forgeries and fake settlements, that Sampson county owes nothing, and has a surplus of eight to ten thousand dollars in her treasury.

I have secured from Hon. B. R. Lacy, (Treasurer of North Carolina), the following facts and figures which speak for themselves, and show the truth which he that runs may read.

Yours truly,  
A. F. JOHNSON,  
Clinton, N. C., Oct. 22, 1910.

State of North Carolina.  
B. R. Lacy, State Treasurer, Treasury Department, Raleigh, Oct. 7, 1910.

Mr. A. F. Johnson,  
Clinton, N. C.

Dear Sir:—Replying to your inquiry as to what Sampson county receives from the State of North Carolina, I will say that my books show as follows:

For the Institution for the Deaf, dumb and blind at Raleigh	\$ 1,703.43
Morganton	800.00
For the Soldiers' Home at Raleigh	112.78
For the State Hospital at Goldsboro	403.08
For the State Hospital at Morganton	1,022.00
For the State Hospital at Raleigh	2,696.20
For the Pensions to Sampson county	7,053.00
For appropriation to public schools	4,894.93

Total cost to the State is \$18,486.42  
Amount received by State from Sampson county is 10,114.24

Deficit \$ 8,372.18

This shows that in the year 1909, Sampson county received from the State of North Carolina for the above purposes \$3,711.18 more than she paid into the Treasury. The cost of Sampson county to the State is determined as follows:

Sampson county has nine inmates in the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution at Raleigh, which costs the State \$1,703.43, or \$187.00 apiece.

In the school for the Deaf and Dumb at Morganton, Sampson county has four inmates which costs the State \$200.00, apiece amounting to \$800.00.

Sampson county is weak on soldiers at the home. There is only one from Sampson county in the Soldiers' Home, and he costs the State \$112.78. The State Hospital at Goldsboro has four negroes from Sampson county which the State pays \$403.08, or about a hundred dollars apiece.

The State Hospital at Morganton has eight inmates from Sampson county, which costs the State \$1,022.00, or about \$127.75 apiece.

In the State Hospital at Raleigh it has seventeen negroes which costs the State \$2,696.20, or about \$158.00 apiece. The appropriation for pensions is \$7,053.00.

The appropriation for public schools is \$4,894.93.

These make a total that the State pays out for Sampson county of \$18,486.42, and as the county only pays in \$10,114.24, I have to go into the pocket of other counties to make up the deficit of \$8,372.18. To make it clearer, if all counties in the State were like Sampson county we should be hopelessly bankrupt, as she does not furnish one cent towards the support of her Legislature, her judges, or her State officers. In fact, Sampson county has a larger deficit than any other county in the State.

Yours truly,  
B. R. LACY,  
State Treasurer.

(The above figures are from the biennial report for 1907 and 1908. Reports for 1909 and 1910 will not be out until December, but there is little probability that the figures will be materially changed.—Editor.)

Governor Aycock Tells Why a Young Man Should Enter Actively Into the Democratic Party.

Young men are always generous. Selfishness has not been developed in them. They realize that life is a struggle, but they also know that the ultimate results are in favor of those who are right. The democratic party stands for right principles. It believes that the power to tax is the power to destroy. Government cannot run without taxation. We concede to government, therefore, the right and power to tax us for its own purposes, but we deny the right of government to tax us for the purpose of enriching any part of our people.

A young man should be a democrat because for the present, it requires

of him some sacrifice. The republicans have to run this government as to make sections out of the different parts of the United States. A southerner is denied participation in the national government unless he turns renegade to his section. But our want of participation in the affairs of the nation is a discipline to us. If we remain faithful to principle, as our fathers before us did, our day will come as certainly as the sun rises. The people who sacrificed their lives and gave their blood in behalf of independence, although it seemed that they were losing everything, really established everything, and rendered possible the hope of the present generation. We are faithful, we may not reap the rewards ourselves, but our children shall gather the fruits of our labors. "He also serves who merely stands and waits." We need only to wait. The world is coming to our way of thinking. Let no man forget himself. But let us do the right thing in the hope and confidence of righteousness.  
C. B. AYCOCK.

### GOVERNOR JARVIS' GREAT LETTER ON DEMOCRACY AND YOUTH.

I have associated much with the young people, and to this fact I attribute much of the continued active, hopeful, happy life I lead. Because of these things, I do not feel that I am violating the rules of propriety in these words of advice and encouragement to the young men of my state.

I cannot and do not advise you to become politicians and seekers after office; but I do insist that you owe a duty to your state and to society that you can only discharge by an active participation in public affairs.

But how shall you discharge these public duties? In the first place, you should set a high standard of public morality and public service and insist that those who seek the favors of the public should measure up to them. Set high ideals and strive to live up to them yourselves and teach your fellows by precept and example to do likewise. In public matters seek only the public good and use only methods that are honest and just. Avoid the man who would prostitute the public service to his private gain.

But ours is a government by party. Whether we would have it so or not, the fact is that party policies largely determine the policy and party practice of the government. So, if you purpose to take an active part in public affairs in our state, it is necessary for you to ally yourself with one of the other of the two political parties which seek control of the state government. Which shall it be?

The principles of the republican party as a national party are fundamentally wrong. It teaches that the power to levy taxes and collect revenues for the support of the government carries with it the power to distribute the burdens of supporting the government equally. Under the guise of protecting certain industries the government may make laws to enrich one class of men, at the expense of another class. Democracy says that the burdens and blessings of government should be distributed on all alike. Republicanism says not so, but that these burdens and blessings should be distributed to the sweet will of the few who dictate the making of the laws.

It is the privilege and the duty of the young men to stand with the party which stands for equality of opportunity in the race of life. I warn you against the seductive appeal that is sometimes addressed to you to join this or that party on the plea that it may offer personal advantage. Public service and human welfare are the considerations that ought to weigh with a high-minded manhood.

When the young men come to form their party affiliations in this state, no one should have the slightest difficulty in making his selection between the democratic and republican parties. The democratic party has ever stood for high ideals and has wrought magnificent results. The republican party has stood for low ideals and when it was given power has brought wreck and ruin in its wake and shame and disgrace upon the state.

I became a worker in the democratic party in the days just preceding the war, and I saw its victories and achievements then. I assisted in its reorganization after the war, and I have worked with it and for it ever since. I have seen it go down in defeat twice during these long years from 1869 to 1910, and oh! what dark and damnable pages were written in my state's history during these two republican administrations! There cannot be one among you who would not wipe out these blots upon the fair name of our dear old state if you could. That cannot be done, but I will tell you what you can do. You can unite with the party that has twice redeemed the state from unworthy rule.

I have seen the democratic party take charge of the governments of the state when she lay prostrate under republican oppression, when her people were poor and almost hopeless, when the schoolhouses were closed and the teacher was silent,

MOTLEY'S A DEAD ONE. I THOUGHT HE CUT SOME ICE. HE WAS GOING TO SWING THE COTTON MILL FOLK IN LINE. WITH THE MILLS SHUT DOWN AND OTHERS ON SHORT TIME HIS TALK DON'T FOOL ANY ONE.



THE SIAMSE TWINS.

I'VE GOT A POLITICAL CORSE TIED TO ME. HE SAID HE CARRIED THE FARMERS' VOTE IN HIS POCKET. PSAW! HE HAS NO INFLUENCE WITH ANY CLASS SINCE THE PEOPLE KNOW HOW HE BETRAYED THE STATE IN THE BOND CASE WHILE HE WAS UNITED STATES SENATOR.

### MR. JNO. D. MEARES TALKS

Asks What Part of Their Record the Republicans Promise to Repeat—Would They Again Appoint 300 Negro Magistrates or Elect a Bench-legged Negro Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives?

Wilson, Oct. 24.—Through The News and Observer the good "Old North State" has been apprised of the fact that Mr. John D. Meares, "the plow-boy orator" of Wilson county, has cut loose from the republican party and cast his lot with the Democrats—the party which Mr. Meares says is the only one fit for white men to belong to. Undoubtedly Mr. Meares was the brainiest man in the republican ranks in Wilson county, and knowing this it was certain he could throw some hot-shot into the ranks of the enemy and cause others to join the Democratic ranks. So this correspondent interviewed the newly-converted and asked him if he would mind furnishing for publication in The News and Observer.

### CANDIDATE DENOUNCES THE AMENDMENT

The Reidsville Review says that Mr. Dunn, republican candidate for the House, denounced the constitutional amendment in severe language and said that it should be repealed.

Exactly! Every other republican candidate in the State holds the same view to which the Rockingham candidate gives utterance. The difference is that the Rockingham candidate hasn't been intimidated in the policy of pretending to believe what he does not believe. The Butters and Moreheads, the Holtons and the Cowleses, the Grants and the Meekineses go about the State declaring that since the negro has been disfranchised there are now two white parties in North Carolina and the negro has been forever removed in politics. But only one has been found to say he voted for the amendment. All the rest of them voted against it. They are opposed to it now, and if the Republicans should carry the Legislature they would open the ballot box to negroes so as to virtually repeal the suffrage amendment.

The Rockingham man is frank and does not dissemble. The rest of them are trying to fool the people. In no platform have they approved the amendment or even said they acquiesced in it. They dare not do so. The Northern Republicans could not carry Indiana, Ohio, New York, New Jersey, Delaware or Connecticut without the negro vote, and they will not permit Southern Republicans to say they favor the suffrage amendment. As a matter of fact most Southern Republican politicians wish to have the negroes all back as voters. They know that their only hope to get office in Tennessee, Virginia and North Carolina is through a big negro vote, and if they had the power they would restore negro suffrage as it was in 1866 when every negro boy over eighteen years old was allowed to vote and live negroes were allowed to personate dead negroes and vote. Holton and Butler were the chairmen under whose rule we got negro government in 1895-98. They are in control of the republican party now, if they wish what repentance have they made to warrant the belief that they would do better?

Referring to the report that the Rockingham candidate for the Legislature denounced the suffrage amendment in severe terms, Webster's Weekly says: "This is astounding. If Mr. Dunn is guilty of such language, he has not only put his foot ahead of his party, but has forfeited the right to the respect for the white people of Rockingham county and North Carolina." Rockingham voters will repudiate the man who openly declares his position as opposed to the measure passed to secure white supremacy. Other counties will defeat republican candidate who add duplicity to their opposition to white supremacy.

Knows Where to Go. Every man who desires special legislation for his special interest knows that his place is in the republican party. He will join the party that has made a success of robbing all the people for the benefit of the few.—Claude Kitchin.

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### THE NATURAL FIELD OF THE YOUNG MAN

The fathers of this country poured out their blood and treasure to free the new land from the tyranny of monarchy and aristocracy. They succeeded; but today a new and deadlier form of tyranny is fastening its fangs upon our country, and threatens to turn a government dedicated to liberty and human rights into a land of oppression, with all power concentrated into the hands of a few men. Taking their cue from Alexander Hamilton, who believed that the people were not fit to rule themselves, republican leaders are today virtually denying the fundamental truths of equality upon which this government was founded. Under their rule a few men are acquiring all power and the masses are being reduced to a condition that abolishes the equality of opportunity. Unless the present movement is checked, the upward road that has always been open to your young men will be blocked, both in business and politics.

The natural place for young men is in the democratic party, whose purpose is to keep the road to opportunity open. The republican party, standing for trusts, monopolies, and narrowing opportunity, is not the natural home of the vigorous young men who ask only a free hand and a fair chance. Turn the country over to the unchecked wishes of the republican party and the average young man can only hope to be a clerk in the ranks of monopolies, and if he be an exceptionally able man, he may hope to rise to be head clerk. Corporate organization and wealth are clutching into their deadly grip the opportunities of a once free land. If the men of today would bequeath a heritage of freedom and of opportunity to their sons, they must fight NOW. The democratic party stands for the open road. It believes that the people can and should govern themselves. It believes that America needs only a fair field and an even chance, and for that it will die in the last ditch. It is the standard for the young men to enlist under, and it depends upon them to take their places and do their duty.

### The Unheeded Call Came From the People.

(Senator F. M. Simmons.) Mr. President, the bill which we are about to pass is not a bill in the interest of those in response to whose demand revision was promised by both political parties. At whose demand, I ask, was this promise made? At the demand of the protected man, the farmer? No. At the demand of the trusts? No. They were both satisfied with the Dingley rates. Under those rates they had made great fortunes and established monopolies which enabled them to fix prices. They wanted no change. These opponents of revision constituted the backbone of that "stand-pat" element of the republican party which fought the demand for revision to the last ditch. The promise of revision was put in both platforms over their protest. From whom, then, did the demand proceed? I answer, from the great consuming masses of the country—from the laborer and the farmer, the doctor, the lawyer, the

professional man, and the clerk behind the desk and the counter, and his employer. It did not come from the thrifless. It came from the well-to-do, who, though they were making good money, wages, and salaries, found themselves, on account of the high cost of living, barely able, while seemingly prosperous, to make both ends meet. What was the nature of their complaint and against whom and what was it leveled? Again I answer, it was against the high prices of protection and protection-bred and fostered monopoly; against extortion due to overprotection and against monopoly.

They Can't Do It! Ex-Governor Glenn was asked, "How can our young men join the republican party of North Carolina?" Answer: They cannot; and what is more, they will not!

### Young Democrats Who Have Been Promoted.

William J. Bryan was the youngest man ever nominated for president of the United States. Aycock, Glenn, and Kitchin were elected to their important posts in their early forties. Kitchin, Webb and Simmons were elected to congress at 30. Ben Lacy was taken from his locomotive, without solicitation, and made Commissioner of Labor in his thirties. Joyner began his tremendous work as Superintendent of Education at 40; the same age found Bickett Attorney General of North Carolina. All of our delegation in congress were elected as young men.—R. A. Doughton was speaker of the house at 34; Locke Craig was presidential elector at 32. H. G. Connor was superior court judge at 33; R. W. Winston at 29. Twenty-seven members of the last legislature were under 35 years of age. Tom Dixon made his great speech in the house advocating pensions for Confederate soldiers in his 21st year.

Verily, it is the day of young men. The democratic party calls them to its work and its honors. The "Boy Scouts of America," popularized all over the country and having more than 100,000 members, seeks to begin the training of boys at an early age to make good citizens. The boys are joining in the buoyant movement, and the young men are carrying the banners of democracy to victory everywhere.

### Broad Vision in Legislation.

In the matter of legislation which affects a whole people, I want to look beyond my district, beyond my state. I want to look at 90,000,000 American people; and, sir, if the people of my district wish their representative to vote for a measure which will take, not by labor, not for value received, but by the dry, naked law millions of dollars from all the people and put it into the pockets of a very few of my people "down south", I would say to them that they ought to send here, not me, not a democrat, but a republican from my district.—Claude Kitchin.

### Since our investigations began—and they have been pursued without aid from the pension office and in the face of the commissioner's refusal to open the list to inspection—we have come across:

- Cases where two and even three persons have drawn pensions for one man's service;
- Cases where pensions have been continued long after the proper beneficiaries were dead;
- Cases where one man has drawn several pensions;
- Many cases where deserters are receiving pay equal to that of men who served to the end;
- Cases where "houny-jumpers" have been given double pensions;
- Cases where men absolutely without military records have been given an enlistment and honorable discharge;
- Innumerable cases where soldiers are being given compensation for ill utterly unconnected with army service;
- Cases where women never married to soldiers are pensioned as legal widows.
- Cases where girls born long after the war, who had married veterans for the sake of their pension are being paid by the nation.
- World's Work.

where men prefer light to darkness, where every man, woman and child has the opportunity to make the best of himself.

This work the party calls on the young men to carry on. It is a CALL TO HIGH DUTY, and it is a call to honor, fame, and usefulness. The great men of the world have been those who bestowed something on mankind. In this great, new, formative period the young men must take their places and control the forces that are shaping the future. Will they control or be controlled? Will they keep the reigns of power in their own hands or turn them over to centralization, under the plausible sophistry of a "New Nationalism," to men who believe that power and wealth and opportunity should be limited to the few?

### The Country Coming to Democratic Principles.

The country is embracing the principles of democracy. Its fires have been kept burning in the south with purity and vigor, and behold a conflagration is enveloping the country. The vestal flame has been kindled anew in the land. The farmers of the great west are adding fuel to it, and even the east and New England are not lagging behind. The south is coming into its own because it has been true to principle and itself. Protection has been found to mean privilege, and privilege has no place in America. This great truth has been held sacred by the democracy, and the people are looking to our party to lighten the load that republicanism has placed upon them. The republican party can be no longer held together by the "cohesive power of public plunder," and it is disintegrating from within. It cries in vain to the young men of the south, for it has nothing to offer them. It brings to North Carolina as leaders and apostles men discredited and defeated at their homes. It belongs to reaction and Cannibalism. It is in North Carolina a party of negation and subterfuge. Where democracy is giving bread, it tries to entice the people with stones; where the brain and brawn and business of the state are found in the democratic party, the republican party is a pie brigade and stamp leeker. Where democracy is a crystal stream, republicanism is a stagnant pool.

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- World's Work.

# MILL OPERATIVES QUIT REPUBLICAN

North Carolina Mill Operatives and Employees of the Erwin Cotton Mill at Cooleemee in Davie County Who Have Been Republicans in a Card to Other Operatives Announce They Have Left Republican Party as it is False to Working Men and That They Have Joined the Democratic as the Only Means of Securing Fairness and Justice.

A signed card has been issued by cotton mill employees of North Carolina who give the reasons why they leave the Republican and unite with Democratic party. The card is to other mill operatives and reads as follows: "We, the undersigned citizens of Cooleemee, Davie County, N. C., and employees of the Erwin Manufacturing Company (cotton mill) at this place, desire to say to the cotton mill operatives and the public in general that we have been voting the Republican ticket, both State and National. We have done this, believing that we were doing the proper thing for both ourselves and the country's welfare. We have been repeatedly told in the Republican platforms and by the representatives and speakers of our erstwhile party that Republicanism meant prosperity, high wages, plenty of work, and to vote that ticket meant good times in general. We find, from costly and bitter experience, since 1907, however, that such is not true; that we, like thousands of others of our own and similar professions, have been deceived, and we hereby declare our affiliation with that party at an end, and will henceforth vote the Democratic ticket, believing that in so doing, we are, under existing conditions in our State and nation, taking the right, proper and only reasonable course. Three and four days work a week, with the cost of living continually rising, is not the kind of "prosperity" the working people need, and we, as a result of this, and kindred reasons do hereby bid the Republican party a cheerful goodbye, since by its base acts and general insincerity it has driven us from its midst.

Respectfully,  
J. C. LENTZ,  
Night Watchman.  
T. A. CLAMPT,  
Cloth Room.  
J. C. MITCHELL,  
Card Room.

Oct. 21, 1910.

### GOV. VANCE'S POEM REVISED

Downward, Like the Tariff, Must Now Road 91 Per Cent Instead of 56 Per Cent.

"Our Mary had a little lamb; Her heart was most intent To make its wool, beyond its worth, Bring 56 per cent.

"A pauper girl across the sea Had one small lamb, also, Whose wool for less than half that sum She'd willingly let her go.

"Another girl who had no sheep, No stockings, wool nor flax, But money enough just for to buy A pair without the tax.

"Went to the pauper girl to get Some wool to shield her feet, And make her stockings, not of flax, But out of wool complete.

"When Mary saw the girl's design She straight began to swear She'd make her buy both wool and tax Or let one leg go bare.

"And so she cried, 'Protect! Reform! Let pauper wool be free! If it will keep her legs both warm, What will encourage me?'"

"So it was done, and people said Where'er that poor girl went, One leg was warm with wool, and one With 56 per cent.

"Now, praise to Mary and her lamb, Who did the seeme invent, To clothe one-half a girl in wool, And one-half in per cent.

"All honor, too, to Mary's friend, And all protective acts, That clothe the rich in real wool And wrap the poor in tax."