

ARMY REVOLTS, SEIZES MEXICO CITY; HUNDREDS SLAIN IN THE FIRST CLASH

Generals Reyes and Diaz, Released from Prison by Mutineers—The Arsenal and Powder Works Captured by Rebels, and Madero Government Faces Desperate Struggle

FELIX DIAZ, NEPHEW OF FORMER PRESIDENT, LED UPRISING

Two Hundred and Fifty Slain, Including Women and Children. Following Uprising of Nearly All the Federal Soldiers in Capital—Outbreak so Sudden as to Stun the Populace—Famous Gen. Reyes, the Brains of the Revolution, Falls in the First Encounter.

Mexico City.—The army rose in revolt in Mexico City, took possession of the public buildings, shot down federal adherents, released General Felix Diaz, the leader of the Vera Cruz revolt, from prison, and, falling into line under his banner, practically captured the Mexican capital.



GENERAL FELIX DIAZ.

their back, succeeded for the time being in defending the palace from the assaults of the revolutionists.

General Felix Diaz, with a large majority of the regulars behind him, obtained practical control in the capital.

President Madero was asked by the Diplomatic Corps to say yes or no as to whether he could give protection to foreign residents. The President did not answer. The diplomats then sent a message to General Diaz, informing him that they would look to him to give such protection.

President Madero and his Ministers left the palace about 10 o'clock p. m. It is believed they have gone to Chalteppec. General Huerta was left in charge of the loyal force in the palace.

It was reported that President Madero and his family had fled from the capital and toward the eastern coast. It was also rumored that all members of the Cabinet had resigned.

The uprising came with a suddenness that stunned the city. Led by students of the military school, supposedly loyal troops first freed the imprisoned Generals, Felix Diaz, nephew of the deposed President, and Bernardo Reyes, considered the "brains" of the revolutionary movement, and, with those intrepid leaders at their head, attacked the National Palace.

Reyes was shot in the first encounter. In four clashes throughout the day 250, half of them non-combatants were slain. Many women and children were among the dead, which strewed the city's principal plaza.

Madero, who at the outset led on horseback a band of still loyal followers but was persuaded to seek shelter, plus his faith of holding out on only 1,000 troops, still outside the city.

It is understood the various revolutionary leaders have agreed to unite on General Trevine as Provisional President as soon as Madero can be dislodged.

"From Now On the Iron Hand," Says Madero.

President Madero said that the facility with which the new revolt "had been suppressed" was only another indication of the strength of the Government and the loyalty of the army.

dangered should the Government lose control.

In an attempt to drive Diaz from his hold on the citadel, 300 rurales made an attack. Diaz turned the machine guns on the approaching force, killing thirty of them. They then retreated.

Diaz's inactivity has been criticized, but it is believed that he refrained from a further attack on the palace, fearing that much innocent blood would be shed.

Several committees carrying white flags visited Diaz. It is supposed that they represented several different bodies and had gone to him to offer allegiance.

While the battle around the arsenal raged for about an hour, no use was made of the big guns inside the arsenal.



PRESIDENT MADERO.

al, and it soon became evident that the reinforcements which the Government had sent to attack the rebels were not inclined to fight.

One after another these supposedly loyal forces signified their intention to surrender, their chief riding to Diaz under flags of truce and extending their hands in congratulation.

Before long almost all the mounted police whom the President had led against the rebels a few hours previously were now in the rebel ranks.

The artillery from Tacubaya clattered into the city, but not to oppose the mutinous troops. Instead they joined the movement and lined up with the rebels about the arsenal.

A truce was called, and papers of surrender were formally signed. This victory gave to the rebels a majority of all the cannon in the city and left to President Madero probably not more than 25 per cent. of the capital's fighting force.

The heaviest fighting took place in the neighborhood of the Federal prison, after the revolting troops had succeeded in affecting the release of Generals Diaz and Reyes.

Both were then taken to the palace by the troops, followed by huge crowds shouting for Diaz and Reyes, and "death to Madero." Their arrival was marked by shouts of the enthusiastic thousands of common people thronging the Zocalo plaza. The cavalry, about 500 strong, and the infantrymen lined up the full strength of the palace almost 700 feet. Other troops were lying on the pavement in skirmish order.

Suddenly the south door of the palace, known as the President's door, flashed open and from within came the report of a rifle. At the same moment General Reyes, standing near Diaz, crumpled into a heap. He had been shot through the head, and died instantly. His death was the signal for general fight.

In an instant the machine guns on the roof of the cathedral began spitting their hail of lead and steel, and simultaneously the artillery, which



GEN. BERNARDO REYES.

had approached from the south, began an attack on the cavalry.

The mob in the streets beat a hasty retreat for any available shelter. In a minute or two the zocalo was filled with the dead and dying. Scores of men, women and children scurrying to cover, fell in their flight to cover.

The Senate Committee on Education will report favorably the bill providing for uniformity of examination, certification of graduation of teachers. This is the bill as recommended by the Teachers' Assembly and the County Superintendents' Association.

Bills passed final reading as follows:

Senate bill to build bridge over Yadkin between counties of Davie and Forsyth, one mile from Hawes Ferry.

Senate bill making larceny in amount not exceeding \$20 a misdemeanor instead of a felony throughout the state.

House bill to permit Liberty school district, Randolph county, to vote bonds.

Senate bill authorizing townships of Duplin county to issue bonds in aid of railroad in the county.

Senate bill ratifying road bond issue of \$250,000 in Orange county.

House—Friday.

Mr. Justice offered a petition signed by 563 citizens of Ashe county asking that the State-wide primary bill be passed and Mr. Bowie of Ashe, a

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

LAWMAKERS OF STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA ARE HARD AT WORK.

KILLED THE CIGARETTE BILL

The Protests of Tobacco Interests Had Effect on House Committee on Public Health.—Other Legislative Work That is Being Done.

Senate—Wednesday.

A number of new bills were introduced in the senate.

The following bills passed final reading:

To extend for two years the time for the construction of the North State Central Railway.

To validate the probate of certain wills prior to 1860.

To validate the probate of the will of Maria Nixon.

To amend the law relative to drawing juries in the recorder's court of Nash County and provide compensation.

To cure certain probates made by Ambassadors and Consuls outside of the United States.

House—Wednesday.

The House passed the joint resolution from the Senate for the constitutional amendment commission of five from the Senate, eight from the House and five appointed by the governor to formulate amendments to the Constitution and report to an adjourned or special session next fall or winter.

Enrolled bills reported for ratification were as follows:

To amend and revise the charter of the town of Elkin.

To authorize the town of Franklin to issue street bonds.

To incorporate the town of Drexel, Burke county.

Bill relative to a road bond election in Union county.

To allow Franklin township to vote on road bonds.

To authorize sewerage bonds by the town of Dunn.

To increase the number of Superior Court judges and judicial districts from 16 to 20.

Senate—Thursday.

The Stewart anti-tipping bill that passed the House, making it a misdemeanor and \$100 fine or 30-days imprisonment to give or receive a tip in hotels, cafes and other places, or for employers of waiters to employ them with agreement as to tipping, was voted down in the Senate 21 to 19. Senator Barnes made the lone speech in its support.

The following bills passed final reading:

Senate bill to submit to the voters of Davidson county the question of road bond issue.

Senate bill to repeal the charter of Hickory and incorporate the town.

House bill authorizing additional road bonds by Youngsville township, Franklin county.

House bill amending the road law of Lenoir county.

Senate bill to authorize New Hanover county to issue \$200,000 road bonds.

House—Thursday.

The House voted down by a vote of 44 to 34 the Kellum bill to advance the age of consent from 14 to 16 years. This was after an amendment had been adopted to the effect that men under 21 years old should not be affected by the provisions of the bill. Criticism of the amendment by Representative Miller of Cleveland brought about the defeat.

The House voted to refer the Justice state-wide primary bill, the Doughton substitute and all amendments, including the 40 amendments for the exemption of counties, to a select committee of five for revision, and the drafting of a measure that will not be so drastic as the Justice bill, and have this committee report back within seven days.

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petition by a number of those signing the Justice petition asking that their names be erased from the Justice petition.

On motion of Mr. Doughton an order was made for 500 copies of the Anti-Saloon League search and seizure bill, as reported from the Committee on Liquor Traffic favorably, to be printed for the scrutiny of the legislators.

The bill to require county officers now on fees to make reports showing their revenue passed.

Senate—Saturday.

The Senate passed the House resolution appointing a commission to look into the allotment of quarters to State Department in the new state building.

The bill requiring bonding companies withdrawing as surety to give reasons for cancelling the bond passed the Senate. The original bill included requiring railroads to accept any good bond, but this was stricken out.

The Senate bill to allow Charlotte Park and Tree Commission to sell part of its real estate passed final reading, as did the following:

House bill to prevent use of firearms by children; makes it unlawful for parent or guardian to permit child under 12 to have any firearms.

House bill to amend road law of Clayton township, Johnston county.

House resolution for commission to investigate South Atlantic and Western Railroad Company (Transcontinental Railway), and report to Legislature by February 25.

House bill adding Cherokee county to barbed-wire fence law.

House—Saturday.

There was unsuccessful effort in the House to get a vote on the bill to change the county seat of Jackson from Webster to Sylva, it being insisted successfully that too many members were absent.

There was a lengthy discussion of the Connor bill to provide for the payment into the hands of the clerk of the court of certain trust funds by trustees and mortgagees. Mr. Stephenson advocated the bill. Mr. Grier opposed it. Mr. Connor insisted that the bill would afford trustees and mortgagees much needed relief.

The bill passed final reading and was sent to the Senate.

Senate—Monday.

Petitions were offered for six-months school from Farmers' Unions of Iredell, Davidson, Watauga, Rockingham, and Wake counties; for compulsory school attendance law and child labor legislation from Junior Order Councils of Statesville and Burlington and Haywood and Stokes counties; against the House bill restricting sale and manufacture of cigarettes from tobacco interest of Greensboro and Guilford counties; for increased appropriation to the Institute for the Feeble-Minded at Kinston from Wayne and Wake; for eligibility of women to serve on school boards from citizens of Woodsdale, Pearson county, Research Club of Roxboro, Twentieth Century Club of Raleigh; for search and seizure.

A number of new bills were introduced in the Senate.

House—Monday.

The House adopted a joint resolution by Representative Young of Harnett for the appointment of a commission consisting of one Senator and two Representatives to investigate the books of officers charged with reporting and collection of inheritance and schedule B and C taxes of any counties they may see fit and report their findings to the General Assembly. The people are looking to this General Assembly, the resolution declares, to find a way for six-months schools without crippling our state institutions. It also states that for 1911 \$9,000 was collected in inheritance taxes the state over and for 1912 only \$6,000; that certain counties have not returned any schedule B and C taxes, and others grossly inadequate amounts.

Senate—Tuesday.

The senate passed the joint resolution from the House for a commission of one Senator and two Representatives to investigate county officers as to failure to return inheritance and schedule B and C taxes during the past two years.

The Weaver bill, for the protection of municipality-owned watersheds from fire by requiring property owners who cut timber within 400 yards of such watersheds to remove or destroy all residue from cuttings, passed the Senate.

Senator Bryant introduced a bill for a reformatory for women.

Senator McLean's bill giving the Corporation Commission power to regulate the crossings of transmission wires was considered favorably by the Senate Committee on Corporations.

House—Tuesday.

Representative Clark's bill to prevent the manufacture and sale of cigarettes in North Carolina received its death blow at the hands of the House Committee on Public Health after that committee had been stormed with protests from the tobacco interests of the state.

The House discussed for quite a while the bill to allow the citizens of Jackson county to vote next May on the question of moving the county seat from Webster to Sylva, with the result that it passed second reading by a vote of 75 to 36. Being a roll-call measure it had to go over for the final reading.

Mr. Williams of Hertford introduced and procured immediate passage of a bill for the relief of the Commissioners of Hertford county.

BEFORE AND AFTER MARRIAGE

Advice Given Mother in Regard to Young Daughter Proves Valuable to Daughter Even After Marriage.

Pollock, Tex.—"When I was a girl, about 14 years of age," writes Mrs. Winnie Delaney, of this town, "I was in awfully bad health. I tried different treatments, but they did me no good.

A friend advised my mother to give me Cardui, the woman's tonic. She gave me one bottle, and it straightened me out all right.

I did not have any more trouble until after I was married. I had several bad spells then, but I began taking Cardui again, and my health started to improving right away.

I can safely recommend Cardui to all women sufferers, as I think it is the greatest woman's medicine on earth.

You may publish this letter if you wish."

Cardui is good for young girls, as well as older women, because it contains pure, harmless, vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the delicate womanly organs. It is a tonic prepared exclusively for women.

For more than 50 years, Cardui has been in widely extended use, by women of all ages, and has given entire satisfaction, as a remedy for rebuilding womanly health and strength.

You can rely on Cardui. It will do for you, what it has done for thousands of others. It will help you. Begin to take Cardui, today.

N. B.—Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. Adv.

Determined to Be Observed.

"You may announce that I intend to retire to private life," said the industrious statesman.

"What for?"

"It seems to be the only method just now by which I can attract public attention."

A Confession.

Startled by convincing evidence that they were the victims of serious kidney and bladder trouble, numbers of prominent people confess they have found relief by using KURIN Kidney and Bladder Pills. For sale by all medical dealers at 25c. Burwell & Dunn Co., Mfrs., Charlotte, N. C. Adv.

Limitations.

"Is your wife a sufferer?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Meekton. "To a certain extent. She thinks she ought to have the ballot, but she knows a lot of women who she is sure do not deserve it."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Wm. C. Little* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Result.

"I'll hurl the insult back in that fellow's teeth."

"Then he'll have to eat his words."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM.

Take the Old Standard, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a palatable form, and the most efficient form for grown people and children. 50 cents.

It is far better to make your mark in the world than it is to be an easy one.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules. Adv.

Art may be long, but it's different with most artists.

ITCH Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Woolford's Sanitary Lotion for all kinds of contagious itch. At Druggists. Adv.

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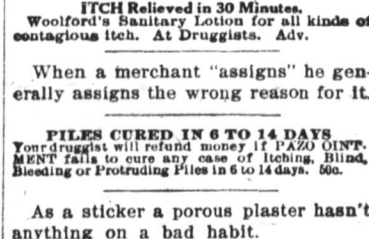
FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

Your druggist will refund money if PAIN EXPELLER fails to cure any case of Itching, Biting, Swelling or Protruding Files in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

As a sticker a porous plaster hasn't anything on a bad habit.

CONSTIPATION

Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods, they do not scour; they do not grip; they do not weaken; but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverishing it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.



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WASHINGTON AWAITS MORE DEVELOPMENTS.

Navy Ready at Guantanamo and Army Lines Rio Grande.

Washington.—The explosion in Mexico city will not result in intervention in Mexico during the three weeks remaining of the Taft Administration.

It was authoritatively stated that President Taft's policy of non-intervention would be maintained to the

last hour of his occupancy in the White House.

He is determined to make no move which would in any way prevent his successor from deciding upon a policy with regard to Mexico unembarrassed by any action of the present Administration.

There is now only one American warship in Mexican waters, the Denver, which is at Acapulco. The entire Atlantic fleet, however, is at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, within easy striking distance of the coast of Mexico, while Admiral Southerland

has two cruisers, the Colorado and the South Dakota, ready to sail at short notice from San Diego.

The gunboat Annapolis, ordered to Central American waters, may be intercepted by wireless and directed to proceed from Salina Cruz or some other port on the west coast of Mexico.

There is already a sufficient force of United States troops along the Mexican border to handle any situation which may arise there short of an actual invasion of Mexican territory.