The reward of one who is willing to be chronically misquoted by the newspapers.

To Prevent Blood Poleoning once the wonderful, old reliable DR. R'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL, a dressing that relieves pain and heals ame time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Secured. Patience-How in the world did she ever secure a husband? Patrice-To her apron-string.

FOR SUMMER HEADACHES fleks' CAPUDINE is the best r matter what causes them— m the heat, sitting in draughtu condition, etc. 10c., 25c and tie at medicine stores. Adv.

Lo, the Poor American! Hagop Barasyjian of Fitchburg and Menad Estabobrakamasian of Lowell went fishing yesterday in Lake Chargoggagoggmanchaugagoggchaubunagu n gamaug, near Worcester, with their cousin, Haijjoman Saralaneroparanian, whom they are visiting for the weekend, but you would never have learned it from us if we hadn't been able to paste it .- Boston Globe.

INEXPENSIVE SULPHUR BATHS AT HOME

People travel long distances and spend large sums of money to secure the benefits of sulphur springs and baths because for generations sulphur has been known to be one of nature's most valuable curatives unequalled as a blood purifier. By dissolving 2 to 4 tablespoonfuls of Hancock's Sulphur Compound in a hot bath you get the same effect and your system absorbs the sulphur through the pores of the skin. For prickly heat and summer skin troubles of infants and children use a teaspoonful of the Sulphur Compound in a bowl of warm water. This makes a refreshing bath and quickly alleviates the pain. Sold by all dealers 50c, a bottle. Hancock Liquid Sulphur Co., Baltimore, Md.-Adv.

Plant That Catches Its Food. The common bladderwort. aquatic plant, not only defends itself insects and animals, but catches worms and fish for its food. As it floats underneath the surface of the water its leafy branches spread out in all directions. Its leaves are covered with little oval bladders filled with air, and at one end of each bladder is a cavity which leads into the mouth below. Inside the bladder is a small trap door which opens when pressure is put on it. A small worm or a small fish can enter this door, but they can never come out.

Identified Himself,

The whizzing motor car struck a stump, and one of the occupants of the seat, a lady possessed of considerable embonpoint, executed a neat but not gaudy parabola in the atmosphere and alighted by the roadside like a polypus falling from a shot tower.

"I don't believe I have broken any bones," she stated, in reply to the inquiry of the omnipresent bystander; "but there is a lump on this bank that-

"Lump-nuthin'!" snarled a smoth ered voice. "I'm the constable that's goin' to arrest you gosh-durney joyriders, if I live!"-Judge.

Egged Off.

De Wolf Hopper, at a luncheon New York, said of a bad actor:

'He's had hints enough to quit the stage, dear knows. He's had more hints than Phatt.

'Phatt, after a brief experience on the road as 'Hamlet,' returned to his job in Canal street 'How did you come to leave the

stage?' I asked him one night. "I had hints that I wasn't suited to

it,' he replied "Thinking he meant the critics, I

said:

"'Aha, the litle birds told you, eh?" "'Well,' said he, 'they'd have become birds, I suppose, if they'd been allowed

Like a

Pleasant

Thought

of an old friend-

Post **Toasties**

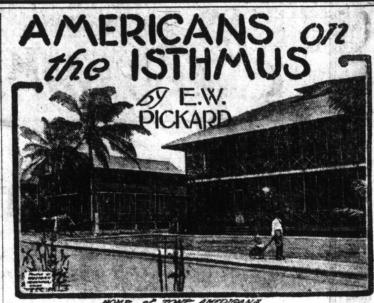
with cream.

Sweet, crisp bits of white Indian corn, toasted to an appetizing, golden brown.

A delightful food for break-fast, lunch or supper — always ready to serve instantly from

"The Memory Lingers"

For a pleasing variation sprinkle some Grape-Nuts over a saucer of Post Toasties, then add cream. The bined flavour is someto remember.



ident of the Canal Zone life is not all beer, but I have not seen a skittle here. Perhaps I would not have recognized one if I had seen it.

The American in a foreign land is not so tenacious of his home customs as is the Englishman, and in Panama he finds himself not only in a tropic clime but in the midst of a civilization much older than his own. Consequently he yields in many particulars to the customs of that clime and that two hours, when he disrobes and dozes in a cool room, the dip in the ocean before dinner and the evening stroll in the plaza all appeal to him as to the native and have become a part of his life there.

At the same time the influx of northerners has had its effect on the Panamanians, especially, perhaps, in the matter of sports. Bullfights no longer are to be seen here and cock fighting has suffered a marked decline. In place of them the native now enjoys frequent wrestling matches and prizefights, indulges in tennis to some extent and has taken kindly to the national American sport of baseball.

It is the American woman on whom the changed conditions of life bear hardest, for housekeeping on the isthmus is attended by many annoyances. A good many people have the idea that a woman in the tropics lies in a hammock all day and at meal time picks her food from the branches of trees that shade her resting place. As a matter of fact she must do her household shopping as at home, and the domestic problem is with her here as there, only more so if possible. For clothing and standard groceries she usually goes to the store of the commissary department, where she buy well and cheaply. But for fruit and many of the vegetables there is the daily trip to the market. In that spacious building—I am speaking now of Colon and Panama-are scores of booths and tables, attended by Jamaicans, Chinese and native Panamanians and piled high with taro, breadfruit, soursaps, guavas, papayas, bananas, plantains, alligator pears, mangoes, oranges, cocoanuts and a dozen other tropical products. The layout is tempt ing, but the purchasing is a task. Such a thing as a fixed price is unknown and one must bargain diligently or get the worst of it. And the insolence of the negro women is often commensurate with their ignorance. The native meat market is quite "impossible" for white people from the United States, for the meat, roughly hacked, is sold immediately after slaughtering, and the screening enforced by the American sanitary department is rendered inef- | vantages of the latter. Gossip and so fective by open doors.

Americans in the zone are almost all Jamaican negresses. They are neat Disputes over promotions and the as and clean, but their stupidity usually signments of living quarters cause bit is monumental. Every detail of the household operations must be driven into their heads, and their minds seemingly are on the island home they have left, for their memory is almost nil and their eyes see little close at hand. Then, too, after a year or so of service and saving they begin to think of returning to Jamaica and grow "weary."

Why, Blanche," said one shocked housewife, "here it is eleven o'clock and the breakfast dishes and kitchen things not washed, and the ants all

over them!" "Oh, marm, I couldn't do them, I'm so exharsted this morning," Blanche's reply.

That's a mild sample of what must be contended with.

Speaking of ants, there is another of the annoyances of housekeeping in the tropics. The ants are everywhere, in unbelievable numbers and most extra-

ordinary activity. Screens do not keep them out nor insect exterminators dis courage them. They must simply be endured. If they take a fancy to a nicely growing garden of young vegetables, they cut and carry off all the leaves in a night. It is the so-called leaf ant that does that. All over the isthmus he is to be seen, moving in processions along well beaten paths, each individual carrying a leaf or other bit of foliage. One day I saw a long line of them moving through the sparse turf, all carrying tiny red blossoms cut from a small weed. It was a very picturesque miniature parade. e and no age has been free from the cockroach, and in Panama he grows to an enormous size and spends me of his time and energy eating the covers of bound books.

Rust and mould add to the woes of the American housekeeper, and many articles she must keep in "dry closets" in which electric lamps are kept burn-

There are not in Panama a great many of the old pure-blooded Spanish | years.

Colon, C. Z.-For the American res- | families, whose members possess education and refinement, and those that beer and skittles. There is plenty of are there are not especially fond of Americans. Consequently there is not much social intercourse between the two races. The social activities of the Americans have three general centers -the Tivoli club, the Washington Co tillon club and the Young Men's Chris. tian association. The first two are dance organizations and give balls alternate fortnights at the Tivoli hotel in Ancon and the Washington hotel in Colon. These affairs are quite formal civilization. The mid-day siesta of and attract the best of the Americans from all parts of the zone.

As for the Y. M. C. A., its work on

the isthmus really deserves a chapter to itself, for it has been one of the big factors in the successful building of the canal. At first it was found impossible to persuade men from the United States to remain long on the isth-The pay was good, the work interesting, but homesickness found easy victims and they resigned and went back to the States in discouraging numbers. Several remedies were tried, and finally the commission established a club house in every zone town of any size and wisely put them in charge of the Y. M. C.A. In these houses are billiard rooms, bowling alleys, gymnasiums, soda fountains, 11 braries, lounging rooms and a dozen other conveniences, and each house has a hall large enough for dances and amateur dramatics and musical entertainments. The secretaries in charge have been exceedingly active in the organization of bowling, baseball, bil liard and other leagues, and the tour neys are continuous and of great interest. Of course no intoxicating drinks are to be found in these clubs but in other respects they are conducted on lines so liberal as to be some times surprising. In one of them, for instance, I saw a number of young men and women dancing in the hall, to the music of a phonograph, immediate ly after the close of the Sunday eve ning religious service. This may have been an exceptional case, as it was in

one of the more isolated towns. In Ancon, Cristobal and some oth ers of the larger American towns flour ishing women's clubs have been main tained, and these were united in a zone federation which dissolved only this year, feeling that its work was with the virtual completion of the canal. The clubs have done a great deal in the way of philanthropy and study, and many social functions are given under their auspices.

As may readily be comprehended life for Americans in the zone is much like life in an American suburb an town, and it has some of the disadcial jealousies are prevalent here, as The domestic servants employed by there, and not a few women have been driven back to the States by them terness and estrangements and of course there are innumerable com plaints of undue influence-"pull"-in these matters. In some cases it must be admitted there has been cause for these complaints, and, sad to say, often woman has been the cause. Her influence with certain of the high of ficials cannot be doubted, and some times it has results that are to be de plored.

Here is one instance of the power exerted by "pull." A man for some years has held a responsible position with the Panama Railroad company, and who has a wife, two daughters and a young son, has been waiting long for housekeeping quarters, which are at a premium. Two minor clerks of the railway had been attentive to the daughters, but, being objectionable to the father, were discouraged. But the clerks had some influential connections, and in revenge have so contrived things that the family in ques tion has been passed by repeatedly in the assignment of housekeeping quar ters. The father and son live in one building, the mother and daughters in another, and all must take their meals at the hotel.

Naturally, not many of the Americans on the isthmus will remain after the completion of the there canal. A few of the doctors may engage in general practice there—some already have done so—and some of the workmen may find the tropic climate so to their liking that they will stay. But nearly all are looking rather eagerly to the time when they can return to the states. The engineers and physicians no doubt will find that the experience they have had will be invaluable to them in the getting of positions and practice when they come home. But to readjust themselves to the old conditions of living may not be easy for the men and women who have been in the zone for

UNCLE SAM AND THE RAILWAY

Railways Claim the Government Forces Them to Carry the Mails at Enormous Loss.

Athens, Ga., August 22.-Under the heading, "Be Honest Even With the Railroad," The Banner of this city makes the following editorial comment regarding the contention of the railroads that the postoffice department is underpaying them for handling the mails:

"To carry the people's mail quickly, safely and frequently is a social obligation which the railroads freely concede. It is a service voluntarily performed for no law compels a railroad company to carry mails unless it contracts to do so. The courts hold, however, that if the railroads so contract, they must do so on terms named by the government.

"Though surrounded by these and malous conditions, the railroads have without stint placed their resources at the disposal of the Nation to develop the transportation of mails to the highest possible state of efficiency. This service has been paid for at a price fixed by the government, a price from which the carriers have had no appeal. Railroad officers have felt, ever since the present method of railway mail payment was established in 1873, that this compensation was unjustly low.

"This opinion is still held by experienced railroad officers throughout the country, but with even greater firmness and earnestness, on account of the increasing costs of railroad operation combined with frequent heavy reductions in railway mail pay made by the government.

"The railroads maintain that at present they are underpaid by at least \$15,000,000 per year. It is their belief that a fair adjustment would require that the government should pay the railroads for all services they render."

Announce Seven Grades of Corn. Washington.-Seven grades of commercial corn tentatively formulated by the Department of Agriculture's office of grain standardization were announced. The descriptions were given out by Acting Secretary Galloway so the public may be fully informed regarding them before they finally are adopted as the official American standard grades for commercial corn. A formal hearing will be held here the latter part of Septemor some time during October, when Government officials will listen to-any objections or suggestions from the corn trade or others interested before the grades finally are adopted.

Rumors of 20 Million Dollar Loan. Paris .- No confirmation can be ob tained here of the report from Mexico City that bankers of Paris and other European capitals have made an offer to President Huerta to float a new loan of \$20,000,000. On the contrary the report is not believed by the Banque de Paris Et Pays Bas, which took a leading part in the previous loan to the Mexican govern-The story is also discredited ment. by the banking house of Lazard Freres. The French foreign office, it. appears, continues to take the attitude that it would be unwise for French bankers to lend money to the Mexican government until the United States government has recognized the Huerta administration.

Loggerhead Sponges as Fertilizer. Washington, D. C .- The department of agriculture, through its bureau of soils, has recently completed analysis of the Loggerhead sponger which grows abundantly in the waters of southern Florida to determine its value as a fertilizer. This sponge. according to Mr. Thomas E. Reedy, of Key West, grows in countless thousands and to an enormous size in shallow water where it is easy to procure. Mr. Reedy also states that the farmers of the Florida Keys use the Loggerhead sponge with wonderful results and hardly ever use chemical fertilizers. Dr. H. F. Moore of the U. S. bureau of fisheries, cites the use of this sponge by citrus fruit growers on the Florida mainland and states that he has seen this sponge growing in such quantities that he has long thought it should be exploited.

Aid in the Crop Movement. Washington. — The Treasury Department began making deposits of the additional \$50,000,000 government funds that are to be placed with banks in the agricultural states to aid in the movement. The first deposits were made in the reserve cities in the Southern states among whch it is officially stated were Baltimore, Richmond, Atlanta and Memphis, the three latter each receiving \$750,000. The apportionment of the funds has been completed according to information at the department.

Demands That Protection be Offered. Washington.-Senator Penrose addressed a letter to Secretary Bryan demanding that he telegraph Provisional President Huerta and General Carranza warning them that the American Government will hold them personally responsible for any harm inflicted upon Americans at Chihuahua who have been threatened by revolutionists. Shirley C. Hulse, sonin-law of Lieutnant Governor Revnolds of Pennsylvania, and his family, are among the 46 Americans in the threatened group.

Lamp and Sheep.

"Oh, dear! Something else to re mind me that my boy is growing up." "What now?"

"The sheepish way he looks when I call him my little lamb!"-Lippincott's.

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This is a prescription prepared especially for Malaria or Chills and Fever. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the fever will not return. 25c .- Adv.

Weird Work.

"What's this; volcano in action?" 'No.' "Town on fire?"

"No, no; still life. Piece of huckleberry pie, painted by a cubist.

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