

BARUCH IN FAVOR ACCEPTING FORD'S NITRATE OFFER

RECOMMENDATION OF FORMER
CHAIRMAN OF WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD DRAWS FILE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Recommendation of acceptance of Henry Ford's offer for Muscle Shoals, made today by Senator H. V. Borah, wartime chairman of the War Industries Board, in a letter to Tracy Sawyer, the Washington representative of Farm Bureau cooperation, brought forth a formal statement, late today from Senator Norris, republican, Nebraska, one of the senate group opposing acceptance of the Ford offer.

At the same time there was made public a statement by Mr. Silver that contended that acceptance of the Ford offer would make possible a reduction by three fourths in the price of nitrogen used in fertilizer.

Senator Norris attacked the statement of Mr. Silver, that congress, by approving acceptance of the Ford offer, could reduce the price of nitrogen used in fertilizer by three fourths, saying:

"Mr. Silver is trying to deceive the American farmer by injecting into the Ford offer something that is not there. The Ford offer makes no such guarantee and offers no such promise, and Mr. Silver knows that the implication he is trying to draw from Mr. Ford's offer is absolutely untrue."

The Nebraska senator further declared the American Farm Bureau federation representatives "bolsters up his misrepresentation by quoting from the report of an engineer employed by Mr. Baruch to investigate the Muscle Shoals proposition" and after quoting the portion of the engineer's report dealing with the liability of Mr. Ford, said:

"Those of us who have opposed the acceptance of Mr. Ford's offer in the past have often been severely criticized and denounced because we said Mr. Ford was not personally liable except to the extent that he agreed to form a corporation with ten million dollars capital."

Five possible methods of dealing with the government's vast investment at Muscle Shoals were considered in the engineering analysis which in part is as follows:

"Mr. Ford can make complete fertilizers at Muscle Shoals at a price that will be effective," the engineer's report declared. "But these immediate possibilities lie in the electro metallurgical field for which this plant is so advantageously located. The war preparedness feature of the installation can be best preserved by the disposition of the plant to one who could guarantee the minimum quantity of fixed nitrogen. The Ford offer, ridiculous as it is as to price paid for this valuable asset promises the greatest financial return to the government and the most efficient war measure of any available plan."

"Whoever may be handed Muscle Shoals will receive from the government vast potential possibility, a tool which may effect the economic re-arrangement of the particular industry to which it is applied."

GOODS WORTH \$1.79 TAXED \$21.59 UNDER THE FORDNEY TARIFF LAW.

By a little trick of language in the Fordney-McCumber proofiteers' tariff law part of automatic revolvers imported by a certain Mr. Biffar, of Chicago, have been taxed 628 per cent above the invoice of \$3.79 landed in New York.

The consignment consisted of some 200 screws, pins, and other fittings. When the customs officials at New York investigated the invoice they decided that each separate screw and pin was subject to the duty fixed in paragraph 306 of the Fordney-McCumber act. This paragraph provides that "pistols, automatic and revolving, and parts thereof and fittings,

therefor, valued at not more than \$4 each" shall pay \$1.25 each as a specific duty, and an ad valorem duty of 56 per cent.

Mr. Biffar got a bill for \$241.99, representing the duty on his \$3.76 worth of imports. He didn't like this republican method of creating "prosperity" and has appealed to congress to grant him relief, following the treasury department's refusal to overrule the New York customs officers.

SECRETARY WOULD STEP FROM UNDER TREASURY MUDDLE

REPORTED MELLON THROWS ON-
US SOLUTION DISCHARGE
SCANDAL ON HARDING

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The water is getting too hot for Secretary of the Treasury Mellon and he is stepping from under the scandalous business that threw out of office the 20 civil service employees, who were officials in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving. Not alone does Secretary Mellon step from under, but the information that is current here is that he throws at the onset upon President Harding in the solution of the problems that face the treasury department and the White House as to what to do to get out of the mess in which both are now involved up the very neck.

For months there have been reports on the rounds that the report of the investigating or nosing out committee named by the treasury department had filed with the president a report which shows that there was nothing wrong or illegal in any way done by the men and women who were summarily dismissed from service by a night time order from President Harding an unmerited stigma put upon the names of government employees who had served, some of them thirty years, with fidelity in the positions which they had won on merit, making advancement by reason of the faithfulness and capacity exhibited by them.

By a stroke of his pen President Harding put public disgrace upon the men and women, a disgrace so keen that one of the older men died from the mortification and shock this unmerited treatment brought upon him. And the shame of it grew keener as it was whispered that the report which exonerated these men and women from any wrong doing was being withheld from the public, and was either on the desk of President Harding in the White House, or on the desk of Secretary Mellon in the treasury department. Admissions from the treasury department, the fact that three of the women discharged have been taken back into government service, but at greatly reduced salaries, seeped into the senate and the denunciation of the course pursued, this led by Senator King, democrat, of Utah, and backed up by Senator Caraway, democrat, of Arkansas, and by Senator Norris, republican, of Washington, has been such as to produce activity which may lead to the complete publication of official exoneration of the dismissed employees.

FURNITURE EXPOSITION CLOSES RECORD SESSION

HIGH POINT, Jan. 27.—The mid-winter show of the Southern Furniture exposition closed here today after having had what is said to be a record show in point of attendance and orders placed.

Although official figures are not available, it is stated that sales will approximate \$5,000,000 and orders have been placed during the two weeks session, which will keep furniture plants here and elsewhere in the south busy for at least a year.

According to the 1920 census there were approximately 8,309,538 persons engaged in farming between the ages of 20 and over.

THREW DIAMOND RINGS IN FIRE BY MISTAKE

BURLINGTON, Jan. 27.—Mrs. W. J. Evans of North Main street, this city is reported to have sustained the loss of \$500 in diamond ring when she threw them into the fire at her home

Wednesday. Mrs. Evans gathered up some peanut hulls from the mantel-piece and with the peanut hulls were her diamond rings, valued at \$500. All were thrown into the fire together, she not realizing that she had picked up the rings. Two hours later the young woman discovered her mistake.

and a diligent search was made for the rings among the ashes of the fire. Only particles of gold were revealed in the search, and no trace of the val-

uable stones was found. It is supposed that the diamonds were melted by the fire during the two hours intervening following the accident. The in-

cident is a very peculiar one, and is without parallel in the city.

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In ordering your Merchandise from Norfolk, specify same to be shipped by this line — Norfolk-Roanoke River Line, which will sail from Norfolk Wednesday of each week at 12 o'clock.

Within the next fifteen to twenty days, we will put on a large boat from Baltimore to Norfolk to connect with the Norfolk-Roanoke River Line, as well as other service to Eastern Carolina which we propose to inaugurate during this month.

For rates and information concerning this service kindly communicate with us by phone 21725 or write.

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\$500 In Cash Will Soon Be Given Away

It will surely pay you to take a look at the prices we are now giving in our January Sale, and every dollar you spend with us or pay us on account, we will give you a coupon for it, and you may be one of the lucky ones on FEBRUARY 15.

There will be 63 persons who will get a cash prize on February 15, from \$5 to \$50 each. Come in and take a look at the big bargains that we are giving in our January Sale.

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COME AND SEE IS ALL WE ASK

WILLIAMSTON'S LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORE

NOTICE! To TAXPAYERS

The month of January will be the last month that you can pay your taxes at face value, therefore I urge the good people to come forward and pay their taxes if convenient and not allow the percentage to be added on.

Respectfully yours,

H. T. ROBERSON,
SHERIFF

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35,000 DOLLAR STOCK 35,000

10 DAY CASH SALE

BEGINS FRIDAY, JANUARY 26
9:00 A. M. SHARP

B. Goldstein

WINDSOR, NORTH CAROLINA