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W. C. Manning Editor

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Tuesday, May 3, 1932

labor gets the measly sum of \$25,000,000. The man who grows the tobacco, who furnishes his fields, his teams, every member of his family, uses all the fertilizer he can get, set up half the summer to house, cure, and care for the crop, together with the men who furnish the coal, wood, oil, grease, gas and electricity to run the factories—all these combined get \$177,000,000; while the few lords who think they should run and boss all of the country, including the three departments of state, get the huge sum of \$344,000,000.

The figures used are taken from their own reports, with the fractions omitted.

Returning to the two counties of Guilford and Gaston, we find the net value of all manufactured products to be \$166,000,000; labor got \$29,000,000 of this sum; the producer of raw materials, fuel and power got \$105,000,000; and the factory owners got \$32,000,000.

It will be observed that in Guilford and Gaston, where furniture, cotton, and other useful things are manufactured, labor gets a fair share of the income, as also does the producer of raw materials, while the factory owners get only comparatively a small slice. In the tobacco-manufacturing counties, labor gets little, the fellow who furnishes the raw materials gets little; but the few stockholders get nearly everything.

**Relief On a Group Basis**

*Greensboro Daily News.*

The relationship of the soldier bonus and unemployment relief, as injected by Representative LaGuardia into the house ways and means committee's consideration of the Patman bill for immediate payment of adjusted compensation certificates, was even more clearly and effectively delineated by Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, director of the Veterans' Bureau, in testimony which he presented at Tuesday's committee hearing.

Answering the argument that payment of the bonus would do much to relieve unemployment, General Hines, stated that only about 600,000 veterans are unemployed, although practically the same number are also on part-time employment. When this figure is contrasted with the nation's total unemployment, estimated in excess of 7,000,000, and declared only yesterday by President William Green, of the American Federation of Labor, to be increasing, despite the seasonal activity which should better conditions at this time, the group discrimination, secured by a negligible but highly organized minority, is strikingly obvious.

The distinctive trend to place relief upon a group basis, with the veterans far in the lead, is further revealed by figures given in Walter Lippman's article in Tuesday's *Daily News*. "During the 10 years since 1922 the cost of veterans' relief has increased by \$329,000,000 and of farm relief by \$344,000,000. In Great Britain, for the same period, war pensions have decreased \$150,000,000 and social insurance has called for an increased expenditure of \$300,000,000. The comparative figures speak for themselves. Great Britain has endeavored to better the lot of its entire population, to deal with unemployment as such and upon a nation-wide perspective, in which the veterans are being absorbed as a part of the civilian population. In the United States the farm group and veterans group have almost an exclusive claim to the benefits, while the growing army of unemployed wallows and suffers and begs.

Catering to a favored class, especially during such exigent times, must appear to the unbiased as not only discriminatory but dangerous business.

**Progress Made in Governmental Affairs**

*Smithfield Herald.*

It seems to be the custom to cry down the achievement of our law-making bodies, both state and national. The alleged do-nothingness of Congress and state legislatures often inspires wisecracks.

The last North Carolina legislature came in for its share of criticism. The people did not get all their difficulties straightened out, and they did not hesitate to blame the legislature. After months have elapsed, however, and the work of the legislature is seen in retrospect, in some such manner as Governor Gardner summed up the achievements before the conference of governors assembled at Charlottesville, Va., to honor the author of the Monroe Doctrine, one can not but be impressed that considerable progress has been made in governmental affairs.

It is certainly something to have placed all local financing under state control; to have provided for the consolidation of the state's three major institutions of higher learning; to have accepted the principle of state support of the six months schools from other sources than ad valorem taxes; and last, but not least, to have taken over the complete maintenance of 45,000 miles of county and township roads.

**Liberal Education**

The free mind of a free man which the spirit of education in a democracy nurses to maturity knows no loyalty save loyalty to the truth, which it seeks to see clearly in the dry light of facts.

The free mind of a man resists enslavement to passion and to prejudice, bringing to the bar of disinterested judgment the pleas of all parties and all powers, and tirelessly searches out the motives that coin the catch-words of all classes, all cliques, all clans.

The free mind of a free man turns a deaf ear alike to democracy when it grows sentimental and to plutocracy when it grows selfish.

The free mind of a free man is independent alike of tyrannical majorities and tiring minorities if it happens that the truth abides in neither.

The free mind of a free man inspires its motives with sincerity and informs its methods with science.

The free mind of a free man, when called to positions of power, is never guilty of slaying the things that will please rather than the things that are true.

This education sets up new goals for itself in a democracy.—*Robert Douglas Bowden.*

**A Duty of the Congress**

Secretary of the Treasury Mills warns Congress not to tamper with the currency. Certainly, he does not want the country to handle the money of the country. The rich bankers now dominate our entire monetary system, which is one of the principal troubles with business today.

Congress ought to take hold of the entire circulating system of all kinds of currency. Then Mr. Mills, Mr. Morgan, and Mr. Mellon will not make quite so much money, and the common run of folks who do the work and the producing will get more.

**Knowledge Our Greatest Asset**

Don't let anything destroy the schools. It is true they may not have been just what we would have had them be during the past 15 years, yet the best money we have spent has been for schools, and the best money we will spend during the coming ten years will be for education.

Knowledge is our greatest asset. A properly educated man dressed in rags is worth a lot more to himself and his community than a "dressed-up fool."

**Mr. Ford Is Wrong**

Mr. Ford made a big mistake in his figures when he said a working man can make \$500 a year additional by having a little garden patch on the side. The fact is a man can not make \$500 a year by working all day and using both sides.

Mr. Ford has made a lot of money, but he has no idea how little money the average fellow is squeezing through on. Labor throughout North Carolina today is averaging much less than \$300 per year.

There are just too many guesses these days to depend on all we see and all we hear.

**The Tobacco Industry Indicts Itself**

Forsyth County manufacturers paid in salaries and wages to operators and laborers in the last year of available statistics a total of \$14,222,588. The cost of raw materials, fuel, and current, was \$101,542,081, making a total manufacturing cost of \$115,764,669. The total value of the manufactured products was \$295,498,391, showing a gross profit of \$179,733,722, or 155 per cent.

When we take into consideration that more of this huge profit should have gone to the men who produced it rather than to the men, who, by a system of market manipulation, crushed the producer, we see the need of a complete change in our methods of handling things. It required 16,946 laborers to operate the factories, 250,000 people produced all the raw material, while probably less than 100 got most of the money. Out of each dollar's worth of manufactured goods, labor gets 4 2-3 cents, the man who furnishes the raw material gets 34 1-3 cents, while the factory owner gets 61 cents.

If anybody should ask why the tobacco farmer is being sold out for taxes, just tell them they have been eaten up by the tobacco companies.

In Gaston, the big cotton-factory county, the value of manufactured goods was \$69,000,000, of which labor got \$13,000,000, and all the raw materials cost \$40,500,000. In this case, each dollar produced by manufactured products was divided about as follows: To the producer of raw material, 57 cent; to the laborer, 20 cents; and to the factory owner, 23 cents.

In Guilford County, the value of manufactured products was \$97,000,000. Labor got \$16,000,000; the producer of raw materials, fuel, and power got \$5,500,000; the factory owner got \$26,000,000. Each dollar was divided as follows: About 17 cents went to labor, 60 cents to those who furnished all the materials, and 23 cents to the factory owner.

In Durham County the goods manufactured were worth \$138,000,000. Of this, labor got \$6,000,000; the producer of raw materials got \$41,000,000; and the factory owners got \$91,000,000. That is, out of each dollar, the man who furnishes the labor got 4 1-2 cents, the man who furnished the coal for fuel, electricity, for power, and all other things necessary, got 29 1-2 cents, and the factory owner got 66 cents.

In Rockingham, the other of the big three tobacco-manufacturing counties, the ratio is practically the same as in Forsyth and Durham Counties. In these three counties the value of manufactured products amounts to the huge sum of \$546,000,000, of which

**ODD -- BUT TRUE**

THE FAMOUS MOSPICE OF ST BERNHARD IS BEING MOVED TO THE HIGHLANDS OF TIBET - THERE IS NOT ENOUGH TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PASS TO WARRANT KEEPING THE MEN AND DOGS THERE

THE RIVER OF INK

A RIVER OF GENUINE INK, IN ALGERIA, IS FORMED BY THE UNION OF TWO STREAMS - ONE WITH A HIGH CONTENT OF GALLIC ACID THE OTHER CONTAINING IRON.

MYNHEER VAN KLAES, A DUTCHMAN, DIED AT THE AGE OF 98 AFTER SMOKING FOUR TONS OF TOBACCO - HE REQUESTED THAT ALL SMOKERS COME TO HIS FUNERAL AND THAT THEY SMOKE CONTINUOUSLY - EACH WAS GIVEN TWO PIPES AND TEN POUNDS OF TOBACCO - THE SMOKE WAS SO THICK THE MOURNERS COULD NOT SEE EACH OTHER.

**RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT**

Since God, in His infinite wisdom, removed from our midst on the 22nd day of March, 1932, our friend and co-worker, John A. Getsinger, a member of the Martin County Board of Education: Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we are grateful to the Master for his life of useful service to his family and friends. Though only a little past the meridian of life, he was called to the world beyond. We miss his presence and his counsel, which was always pointing toward a better and more perfect service. The memories of our association with him will abide.

That we extend to his family our sympathy and commend them to the keeping of Him who doeth all things well.

That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this board; a copy sent to his family and a copy furnished the Enterprise for publication.

The Board of Education of Martin County.  
W. O. GRIFFIN, Chairman.  
J. C. MANNING, Secretary.

**Probably Worth 30**

The Hoopston (Ill.) mayor receives an annual salary of 50 cents.

**NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL PROPERTY**

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of trust executed on the 3rd day of June, 1929, by N. F. Brown to the undersigned trustee and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book P-2, at page 509, said deed of trust having been given for the purpose of securing a note of even date and tenor therewith, default having been made in the payment of same and at the request of the holder of same, the undersigned trustee will, on Monday, the 16th day of May, 1932, at 12 o'clock m., in front of the courthouse door in Williamston, North Carolina,

offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate to wit:

Beginning at a stake on Commerce Street, T. W. Davenport's corner, thence with Commerce Street 209 feet to an iron stake, thence with Casper brothers' line in a westerly course 202 1-2 feet to an iron stake, thence with Casper brothers' and Casandra Hyman's line in an easterly course 237 1-2 feet, thence a southeastern course 162 feet with T. W. Davenport's line to the stake in Commerce Street, the beginning, and containing one acre, be the same more or less. For further description see deed to Mrs. Lou Brown, of record in book G-1, at page 274 of Martin County records.

This the 15th day of April, 1932.  
A. R. DUNNING, Trustee.  
a19 4tw  
Ebert S. Peel, attorney.

**NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL PROPERTY**

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of trust executed on the 29th day of September 1925, by Freddie Harrell and Alice Harrell to the undersigned trustee and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book Q-2, at page 433, said deed having been given for the purpose of securing a note of even date and tenor therewith, default having been made in the payment of same, and at the request of the holder of same, the undersigned trustee will, on Monday, the 16th day of May, 1932, at 12 o'clock m., in front of the courthouse door in Williamston, North Carolina,

DR. V. H. MEWBORN  
OPTOMETRIST  
Eyes Examined - Glasses Fitted  
Robersonville at Palmer's Drug Store,  
Tuesday After Third Sunday Each Month.

Williamston, at Davis Pharmacy, on Wednesday After Third Sunday of Each Month.  
Plymouth at O'Henry Drug Store, Thursday After Third Sunday Each Month.  
At Tarboro, N. C., Every Friday and Saturday

Daniel's line, thence with J. T. Daniel's line 160 feet parallel with Cherry Street to a stake in Commerce Street, thence with Commerce Street 60 feet to a stake, the beginning, containing by estimation one-half acre, be the same more or less, and being the same house and lot we now live on.

This the 15th day of April, 1932.  
P. H. COUNCIL, Trustee.  
a19 4tw  
Eibert S. Peel, Attorney.

**Screen Time IS HERE**

What do your screen and screen doors say about you? Do they say, "My owner can't afford even to keep his screens in repair?"

Telephone us today. We'll send out a man to estimate the cost of any screen work you want, large or small, and with out any obligation to you. We'll show you samples of shining new wire, samples of beautiful Logan grilles.

**Williamston Supply Co.**

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Next Door to Post Office Williamston, N. C.

sluggish feeling

NEXT time you are out of fix as the result of irregular or faulty bowel movement, try Thedford's Black-Draught for the refreshing relief it gives thousands of people who take it. Mr. E. W. Cecil, a construction superintendent in Pulaaki, Va., says:

"When I get constipated, my head aches, and I have that dull, tired feeling—just not equal to my work. I don't feel hungry and I know that I need something to cleanse my system, so I take Black-Draught. We have found it a great help."

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