

**THE ENTERPRISE**  
Published Every Tuesday and Friday by The ENTERPRISE PUBLISHING CO. WILLIAMSTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

W. C. Manning Editor

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES**  
(Strictly Cash in Advance)  
IN MARTIN COUNTY  
One year \$1.50  
Six months .75  
OUTSIDE MARTIN COUNTY  
One year \$2.00  
Six months 1.00  
No Subscription Received for Less Than 6 Months

Advertising Rate Card Furnished Upon Request

Entered at the post office in Williamston, N. C., as second-class matter under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Address all communications to The Enterprise and not to the individual members of the firm.

Friday, October 13, 1933

Use Care With Fire

We are putting up heaters and building fires now, and soon the smoke will begin to roll and the fire sirens scream.

Waste paper, fallen soot, old rags, trash, and rubbish have accumulated in many nooks and corner about some homes, which will start a blaze the moment a spark touches them.

Before putting fire in open fireplaces or heaters, it is well to see if bricks have fallen in the flues or whether they have been cracked by storms or settling, as many fires come from cracks in flues and chimneys.

We should remember that fire consumes and destroys if not properly handled and we should also remember that more than half the fires comes from careless ness. Look around and find the places of danger.

Deaths Lead Injuries

Only eight people were seriously injured in a half dozen auto wrecks last Sunday, while nine were killed good and dead—such is the record found on one page of a state paper Monday morning.

Several of these wrecks were caused by head-on collisions. Why don't folks stay on their own side of the road?

Nothing was said about whether there was any liquor in any of the cases or not. Those who have closely observed say a sober man can see straighter than a drunken man, and when men run cars head-on in one another, something must be wrong, or else somebody is guilty of criminal carelessness.

More Important Matters

There seems to be considerable rumbling among lots of the politicians because the President doesn't give them all offices.

Well, Mr. President, that is fine; and certainly a matter of far less concern than the other matters that are before you daily. The rank and file of the people are commending you for your efforts in trying to help bring prosperity and provide the idle millions with jobs.

Only a few hungry politicians are concerned over offices.

Forgotten Promises

One of the most detrimental things that happens to good government is lawmakers changing their minds after their election and just before they vote. Surely, somebody knows how to fix them.

It is said that there are several methods of approach to many lawmakers. His vanity, his ignorance, and his love for money are all mighty strong in their appeal to men. We are glad to say a few people escape them all.

For some cause, "office" is so appealing to most legislators that when once in they give most of their time and thought trying to keep in. They buy up influence by their power to give official favors, and many of them almost forget the interests of the people and their promises to them.

Write Your Congressmen

It is rumored that the government does not expect to make seed loans to farmers in 1934, which, in our opinion, would work a great hardship to the farmers of the country.

About 775 loans of this type were made to Martin County farmers last spring, which enabled farmers of every type to produce a crop. No security or endorsement was demanded of any one. The only thing was a claim on the prospective crops, even from the poorer type of farmers.

Every indication now points to almost a 100 per cent collection of these loans. Every borrower should write to his Congressman and Senator, urging them to get a law through the next Congress to continue this class of service by the government, which, in our opinion, is by far the most valuable type of service the government has rendered for years, and a service the farmer is going to need again. It helps hundreds to make a good living for themselves and families who otherwise would have been forced to go to charity for food and clothing.

Farmers, demand of your lawmakers loans again next year.

Hard To Build Up—Easy To Tear Down

R. R. Clark, in his column of comment in the Greensboro Daily News, says that practically all the slang words and expressions have come from the slums and underworld, which, no doubt, is true. The strange thing is why will intelligent and refined people fall for that kind of stuff? It seems so much easier to lower the standards of society than it does to raise them.

People will accept questionable things just like ducks will take to water; but when you attempt to raise them to the level that all thoughtful parents and friends would have them attain, it just takes hard work, requiring all the forces of home teaching, the public school, the church, and all civic contacts with which they may be surrounded.

It will take a long time to produce a perfect race.

Returning Big Dividends

If you don't like to pay taxes, please change your mind and loosen up just a bit on the little pittance that goes to public health, which has helped to save thousands in our state every year from untimely deaths.

Only four people are now dying from tuberculosis, where 10 died 20 years ago—all because of the few pennies of tax paid to that department of our state government.

Doesn't Know His Snakes

Young Rockefeller evidently doesn't know much about snakes.

In outlining his theory for liquor control, he says the thing to do is to focus all of the forces of society on the development of self-control and temperance in the use of alcoholic beverages.

Well, that would be fine if it could be done. But he evidently doesn't know his alcohol, for it is a habit-forming drug, and the manufacturers of it have no notion of surrendering their rights to manufacture it. Mr. Rockefeller will be fighting a losing game when he tries to teach temperance in the face of and against the influence of alcohol manufacturers. Where there is liquor, there will be drunkenness, and the more liquor the more drunkenness.

Somebody has told Mr. Rockefeller if the country goes wet and liquor is legalized, it will save the Standard Oil Company some tax. Unfortunately, however, they forgot to tell him that if he is saved some tax somebody else will have to pay the tax plus the cost of the liquor, and that it will not strengthen their power of self-control nor increase their desire for temperance.

Tomorrow and Tomorrow

News and Observer.

The flue-cured tobacco agreement by which growers were to be guaranteed a parity price of 17 cents a pound is not yet signed. So far as any definite news from Washington goes, it is still in the same status that it was weeks and weeks ago, when tobacco growers were falling over each other to sign a contract to reduce their acreage next year.

As parties of the second part, the tobacco growers signed. They were under the impression that the parties of the first part, the manufacturers, would pay the government parity price of 17 cents a pound this year. They thought that the only thing in the way was the possibility of a bigger crop next year. Prompt signing of thousands of contracts removed that possibility.

Then came the great conference in Washington. Day after day, week after week, the same news has come out of Washington. One day it has been that tobacco manufacturers would not consent to the provision by which the government retained the right to license manufacturers. Another day it was that the manufacturers demanded the right to raise the price of cigarettes. And so on and so on.

Now has come the period in which the agreement is passing from official to official. From Washington comes news that it is in the hands of the President. That is supposed to mean action. But nobody can be certain about anything. The only thing that is actually certain is that

"Tomorrow and tomorrow and tomorrow. Creeps in this petty pace from day to day To the last syllable of recorded time."

NOTE.—Since the above was written the leaves have worked and 17 cents has been agreed on, thanks to the Government.

A Sad Commentary

Sampson Independent

It is indeed a sad commentary on the educational conditions in this state, when men educated and well equipped for the teaching profession are forced to give up their chosen work because they feel that work along other lines affords "more stability and security for their families" and yet such is the case with numbers of men in the teaching profession this year.

Mr. Charles Phillips, of Greensboro, followed the lead of several school principals in Durham, High Point, Concord, and Winston-Salem, and gave up the principalship of the senior high school in Greensboro this week to become an employee in the Blue Bell Overall Company, not because he was a failure as a teacher, for he was rated one of the state's best, nor because he did not like his work, for it was his chosen and beloved profession. The only reason why Mr. Phillips gave up his beloved work was because he found greater "safety and security for his family." A man has to consider a means of livelihood for his family, as also the "security" of knowing that he will not be "kicked out" of a job when he grows older.

If such conditions remain in the state, numbers of others will be forced to take the same action as Mr. Phillips. Conditions that force such action are indeed a sad commentary on the educational conditions here.

THE LETTER-BOX

To the editor: To my mind, the funniest people in this country today are not the comedians who charge us exorbitant prices to see their acts, but the free performers—those "personally dry" men and women who are so ardently struggling to move heaven and earth in an effort to repeal the eighteenth amendment. I think I see signs that our good old American institution, the horse laugh, is now about to be turned on these "free-for-all" actors. If they like their "toddy," so well they just can't get along without it, why don't they frankly say so, and stop this pretending that they are philanthropists, working for the eternal good of mankind?

Mrs. VERNON A. WARD, Robersonville, N. C.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE**  
Having qualified as administrator of the estate of C. C. Williams, deceased, late of Martin County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at his home at R. F. D. No. 1, Box 49, Oak City, N. C., on or before the 4th day of October, 1934, or this notice will be placed in the public registry of Martin County for sale at public auction, for cash, the property described in said deed of trust, as follows, to wit:

First Tract: Beginning at a stake in the Cherry and Slade line, running 54 1-2 east 30 poles 9 links to Hodges and Cherry line, a corner, thence S. 37 W. along the Hodges line 77 poles to the poorhouse line, a corner, thence 89 1-2 W. 52 poles to Slade and Cherry corner, thence along Slade and Cherry line N. 45 1-2 E. 107 poles to the beginning, containing 26 acres, more or less.

Second tract: The same as described in a deed from Marshall Cherry and wife to B. F. Godwin, known as part of the Burroughs land, and recorded on the 17th day of January, 1919, in book T-1, at page 601, in the public registry of Martin County, containing eight acres, more or less.

This the 2nd day of October, 1933. G. C. GODWIN, Trustee.

**NOTICE OF SALE**  
Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain deed of trust executed by Wheeler Martin and wife, L. P. Martin, O. S. Anderson and wife, Fannie B. Anderson, to B. A. Critcher, trustee, and dated the 4th day of June, 1931, and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book C-3, at page 526, and at the request of the holder of the notes of indebtedness thereby secured, default having been made in the payment thereof, I will, on the 4th day of November, 1933, at 12 o'clock noon, at the courthouse door in Martin County offer for sale at public auction for cash the property described in said deed of trust as follows, to wit:

First Tract: A tract of land and improvements thereon in Williamston Township, Martin County, adjoining lands of E. P. Cunningham, J. G. Station (fair ground), Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, and Williamston and Everetts road, containing twenty-five (25) acres, more or less.

Second Tract: A house and lot in town of Williamston, N. C., bounded on the north side of Main Street, adjoining property of C. A. Martin, Hugh G. Horton, and being same premises occupied by Wheeler Martin.

This the 2nd day of October, 1933. B. A. CRITCHER, Trustee.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain deed of trust executed by King David Smithwick and wife, Gracie Smithwick, to the undersigned trustee, dated 31st day of March, 1931, recorded in book C-3, page 490, to secure certain notes of even date therewith, and the stipulations not having been complied with, and at the request of the holder of said bonds, the undersigned trustee will, on the 10th day of November, 1933, at 12 o'clock noon, in front of the courthouse door of Martin County, offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described lands:

**FIRST TRACT:** A tract of land in Williams Township, Martin County, North Carolina, and bounded on the north by Maggie Clark, on the east by Romulus Lee, on the west by Lizzie Perry, on the south by Mary Terry, and known as the share of land given to Ethelina Carson by her father, containing ten acres, more or less.

**SECOND TRACT:** A tract of land in Williams Township, Martin County, North Carolina, and bounded on the north by Elizabeth Woolard, on the east by L. B. Harrison, on the west by Mr. P. Godard, and on the south by Levin C. Hardison. Containing 65 acres, more or less.

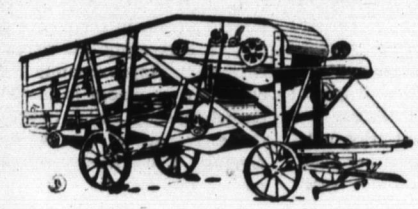
This 10th day of October, 1933. J. G. GODARD, Jr., Trustee.

**NOTICE OF SALE**  
Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain deed of trust executed by Mrs. Donie Stallings to J. G. Godard, jr., trustee, and dated the 23rd day of March, 1923, and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book H-2, at page 259, and at the request of the holder of the notes of indebtedness thereby secured, default having been made in the payment thereof, I will, on the 4th day of November, 1933, at 12 o'clock noon, at the courthouse door in Martin County offer for sale at public

This the 2nd day of October, 1933. B. A. CRITCHER, Trustee.

Sensationally Better!

THE NEWLY IMPROVED Livemmon Peanut Machine



Do not fail to see the 1933 Livemmon with its feed table, an improved stemmer and many other time and doll-saving features.

For Sale By Lindsley Ice Co. WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

**WATTS --- WILLIAMSTON**

Mon.-Tues., Oct. 16-17	Madge EVANS and	<b>BEAUTY FOR SALE</b>	Mat. & Night 10-25c
Matinee Mon. at 3:30	Alie BRADY in		
Wed., Oct. 18.	Mat. 3:30	Thurs.-Fri., Oct. 19-20 No Mat.	Sat., Oct. 21 1 to 11 P. M.
Return Engagement		Jas. Dunn, Sally Eilers	KEN MAYNARD in
Wheeler and Woolsey		in	'Phantom Thunderbolt'
'SO THIS IS AFRICA'		"HOLD ME TIGHT"	Comedy and Serial
Mat. 10c to All—Night 10-15c		Adults 25c Children 10c	Before 6 10c to all—10-15 After 6

**"The Time to test Fertilizers is NOW—not in the Spring"**

*W. S. Royster*  
PRESIDENT, F. S. ROYSTER GUANO COMPANY

**IF YOU** want to make a real test of tobacco fertilizers, make it after the tobacco is on the warehouse floor. Look at the quality of tobacco raised with Royster Fertilizer. Compare the price it brings with the price paid for tobacco made with any other fertilizer. Then decide which fertilizer gives the best results.

I am confident you'll choose Royster—and there are plenty of reasons why. Royster experts are constantly studying the fertilizer needs of tobacco, from the time the plant beds are sown until the tobacco is put in the barn. These men spend their entire time locating, testing and refining materials, to make sure that Royster Fertilizers contain only the best that can be obtained. And their continuous field tests make sure that our fertilizers give the finest practical results.

Because Royster makes only one quality of tobacco fertilizer—the best it is possible to make—you buy it with the assurance that it is the best fertilizer you can get, regardless of the price you pay.

But don't take our word for all this. Make your own test. Compare the quality of the tobacco on the warehouse floor. It speaks for itself.

**F. S. ROYSTER GUANO COMPANY · NORFOLK, VIRGINIA**

**Royster**  
FIELD TESTED FERTILIZERS