

SAYS PRODUCERS MUST CARRY OUT CONTRACT TERMS

Splendid Cooperation Has Been Reported Through Entire South

Splendid cooperation on the part of the cotton growers of the South and conscientious labor by local committee members, farm agents, and others of the field forces has resulted in the cotton adjustment campaign for 1934 being a success.

The next step which will help to assure the objectives of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration being met in this campaign is for growers and field workers to fulfill all the requirements of the contract in the same spirit that it was signed, says Dean I. O. Schaub, director of the State College Extension Service.

Not only will local committeemen check carefully to see that the proper acreage of cotton is planted in 1934 and that the rented acreage is used as prescribed, but they will require that land of average productivity be taken from the cultivation of cotton.

Mr. Schaub said the fine manner in which the growers had cooperated with the adjustment administration led him to believe that only a very small percentage of the signers would attempt to evade any of the terms of the contract; yet, before the second rental benefit payment is made, full compliance with the contract stipulations must be certified to by local field workers.

COLD FRAME FOR EARLY PLANTS

Vegetables Will Thrive Better When Hardened In This Manner

Vegetable plants will thrive better when hardened in a cold frame after being taken from the window boxes and before being transplanted to the open fields or gardens, says H. R. Niswonger, extension horticulturist at State College.

The partial protection of the frame serves as an intermediary step between the window boxes and the fields. At first the cloth covers can be left almost closed, but left a little more open each day until the plants are well toughened.

Plants should be transferred from the window boxes to the cold frame when the first two leaves have developed. Set them two to four inches apart. After all danger of freezes has passed and the plants begin to crowd one another in the frames, transplant them to the garden.

A cold frame is similar to a tobacco plant bed. The wood frame is 15 to 18 inches high along the back and 8 to 10 inches in front. It should be six feet wide and 24 feet long for the average home garden. Locate the frame in a sunny place facing south.

About six inches of good garden loam mixed with old stable manure should be placed in the frame. Second-hand sash or unbleached muslin makes a good cover to protect plants from the frost. Muslin saturated with hot linseed oil will hold the sun's heat and shed water. Or a colution of one pound of paraffin to a gallon of gasoline may be used instead.

Ventilation is necessary, and as warm weather approaches, the plant bed should be left open a little more each day. Water the plants on sunny mornings when the temperature is rising.

Gets 117 "Loafers" Out Of Flock of 340 Hens

When the farm agent of Pasquotank County culled 340 hens in five flocks last week, he discovered 117 loafers.

Under and by virtue of a judgment of the superior court at the March term, 1934, in an action entitled "R. A. Bailey et al vs. J. T. Barnhill, Surviving Partner of Barnhill Brothers," the undersigned commissioners will, on Monday, May 7, 1934, at 12 o'clock noon, in front of the courthouse door of Martin County, offer for sale to the highest bidder, the following described tract of land:

Located in Cross Roads Township, Martin County, beginning at J. T. Barnhill's corner on Highway No. 90, thence a southern course along a ditch to a branch; thence said branch a westerly course to C. T. Peel and V. G. Taylor corner; thence a northeast course to Highway No. 90; thence a western course with said highway and the old road to Collier Swamp; thence on said swamp a northern course to J. H. Roberson's line in a branch; thence up said branch an eastern course along J. H. Roberson's line to the Britton corner; thence a south-

REFINED WHITE NAPHTHALENE IS EFFECTIVE IN CONTROL OF SMALL WORMS IN TOBACCO PLANT BEDS

Robeson County Agent Discovers New Method for Dealing With Pest

Refined white naphthalene is one of the most effective agents known for the control of small worms in tobacco plant beds, according to tests made by Dr. R. B. Fulton, research entomologist for the North Carolina Experiment station.

He said that thousands of tobacco growers in the eastern part of the state used naphthalene last year with excellent results.

Naphthalene flakes may be used at the rate of 1-2 pounds to 100 square yards of bed, with three applications during a period of 10 days. Heavier applications may be required when strong winds are blowing, since they are apt to blow the fumes away as fast as they form.

Fulton said that if no results are seen during several days of strong winds, growers should not be discouraged, for the naphthalene will take effect as soon as the winds subside.

The small worms, midge larvae, apparently do not feed directly on the plants, but badly damage young plants by uprooting them in their bed. Although they have not made their appearance in large numbers yet this season, Fulton said, a close check should be kept on the beds so that naphthalene can be applied as soon as worms are found.

Only refined white naphthalene should be used, as it is inexpensive and the crude brown naphthalene has not yet been tested to determine whether it injures plants.

This method of treatment was first brought to public attention by O. O. Dukes, Robeson County Agent, who reported the good results obtained by Ira Kinlaw on his plant beds last season.

ern course along the Britton line to highway; thence with the highway an eastern course to the beginning. Containing 292 acres, more or less, and known as the White farm; that said deed is of record in the register of deeds' office of Martin County, to which reference may be had for a full and detailed description.

The terms of sale, 25 per cent cash of the purchase price and the remainder of the purchase price the purchaser is to execute note secured by deed of trust on the above property, due and payable on November 1, 1934.

This 27th day of March, 1934. B. A. CRITCHER, J. C. SMITH, Commissioners.

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale and authority contained in that certain deed of trust executed on the 31st day of October, 1928, by D. D. Stalls and wife, Sudie Stalls, to the undersigned trustee, and which is of record in the public registry of Martin County, in book P-2, page 368, default having been made in the payment of the note and indebtedness for which the same was given as security, and the stipulations therein contained not having been complied with, and at the request of the holder of said note and indebtedness, the undersigned trustee will, on Saturday, May 5th, 1934, at twelve (12) o'clock m., in front of the courthouse door of Martin County, at Williamston, N. C., offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real property, to wit:

1st Tract: Lots number 1 and 2 of the property formerly owned by J. S. Peel and known as the Rose Lawn property in the town of Williamston, N. C., as surveyed and plotted by J. R. Mobley, surveyor, said plat or map being of record in the public registry of Martin County in land division book No. 3, at page 59.

2nd tract: Beginning at the southeast corner of the Miley Taylor land, running southwest to an oak on the Hamilton road; thence running north-east to another oak; thence along a line of oak trees in a northward direction to the Rhodes property; thence northward to W. R. Cherry and Sarah O. Cherry land, containing one acre, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to W. R. Cherry and wife by deed from the town of Williamston, dated September 13th, 1919, and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book B-2, at page 283.

3rd Tract: Beginning at a poplar tree on the Williamston and Hamilton road, Harry Coburn's western corner; thence along Harry Coburn's line to J. S. Rhodes' line; the run of Miley branch; thence a southern course along the various courses of the run of Miley Branch to the Williamston and Hamilton road; thence up the Williamston and Hamilton road to the beginning, containing 3 acres, more or less, and being the same land deeded to W. R. Cherry and Sarah O. Cherry by deed from B. B. Glisson, dated April 21st, 1919, recorded in the public registry of Martin County in book N-1, at page 236, saying and excepting from the operation of this deed the part of the above land heretofore deeded to Julius S. Peel, described as follows: Beginning at a poplar on the William-

ston and Hamilton road, Coburn's western corner; thence along said Coburn's line to the run of Miley Branch; thence along the various courses of Miley Branch in a southern direction to a stake in the branch 100 feet from the front line back; thence a line with the line of said poplar tree to the beginning, containing 3 acres, more or less.

4th Tract: A tract of land in the town of Williamston, Martin County, and being on the northeast side

of the old Williamston and Hamilton road, adjoining the old Williamston and Hamilton road on the southwest, D. D. Stalls, Public Cemetery, and J. S. Rhodes on the northeast and Dick Wynne on the northwest; beginning at a stob on the old Williamston and Hamilton road, D. D. Stalls corner; thence along D. D. Stalls' line in a northeastern direction 112 feet to a stob, D. D. Stalls corner; thence along D. D. Stalls' line at right angles with the last mentioned line 79 9-10 to a stob in a branch; thence along the various courses of said branch in a northeasterly direction to J. S. Rhodes line, in the Williamston and Hamilton road; thence along the old Williamston and Hamilton road to a stob; thence to the beginning, except that part conveyed to Dick Wynn, E. S.

Peel, D. D. Stalls, Sandy Roberson and Lot No. 5 of Rose Lawn Subdivision which was heretofore sold. This the 26th day of March, 1934. HUGH G. HORTON, Trustee.

NOTICE OF SALE

Under and by virtue of a judgment of the superior court of Martin County, 1934, at the March term, in an action entitled "R. A. Bailey et al vs. J. T. Barnhill, Surviving Partner of Barnhill Brothers," the undersigned commissioners will, on Monday, May 7, 1934, at 12 o'clock noon, in front of the courthouse door of Martin County offer for sale to the highest bidder, the following described personal property and real estate: Being the lot and buildings upon

which the saw mill, cotton gin, grist mill, and planing mill are located, and being in the town of Ezzelita, N. C. and being known as the Barnhill Mill property. Bounded on the east by S. S. Bailey and J. S. Peel, on the north by J. S. Peel and J. T. Barnhill, on the west by J. T. Barnhill, and on the south by A. C. L. Railroad. Containing 3 acres, more or less.

Also all the following machinery: One 4-70 R. H. Two Story angle drive gin system 12" saw gins with roll carriers; Ball-Bearing Brushes and saw shafts; Master Cleaning Feeder; No. 4 Battery Condenser; Metal Lint and Dust Flues; Metal Elevator with B. B. Fan; Double Box Hyd. Press with Steel Sills and Trussed Battens; Hydraulic Automatic Trumper; Regular mr30 4tw

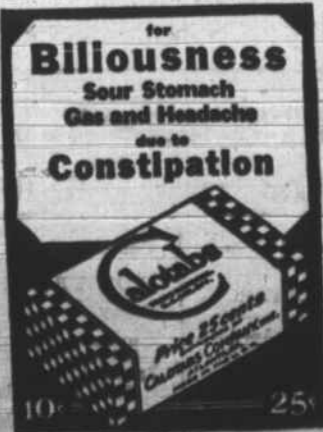


THERE'S NO RIDDLE TO FERTILIZER BUYING AFTER YOU STUDY THIS CHART

Table with 4 rows and 3 columns. Row 1: AVERAGE YIELD PER ACRE LBS. vs 24 COMPETITORS ORANGE. Values: 842 lbs. vs 992 lbs. Row 2: AVERAGE PRICE PER 100 LBS. DOLLARS vs 24 COMPETITORS ORANGE. Values: \$18.03 vs \$20.30. Row 3: NET RETURN PER ACRE DOLLARS vs 24 COMPETITORS ORANGE. Values: \$151.97 vs \$200.46. Row 4: NET RETURN PER TON (1000 LBS. PER ACRE) DOLLARS vs 24 COMPETITORS ORANGE. Values: \$303.94 vs \$400.92.

DO the claims of various fertilizer manufacturers confuse you in buying your tobacco fertilizer? If they do, take a look at this chart which shows the proof of the claims we make for Orange Tobacco Fertilizer. Remember that it is the only scientific proof that has ever been published by a manufacturer. And what does it prove? Simply what we have always said - that Orange will outgrow, outproduce, outqualify and

outdo any other fertilizer known. Buy by known facts—buy Orange! It is worth the few dollars per ton extra it costs. Jamaca is our standard goods. Next to Orange, it is the best tobacco fertilizer we know, and we firmly believe it to be "better than anybody else's best!" S-D also makes fertilizer for cotton, peanuts, truck and grain—every one the finest of its type.



SMITH-DOUGLASS CO. Inc. NORFOLK, VA.

Plants at DANVILLE, VA. • NORFOLK, VA. • MURFREESBORO, N. C. • KINSTON, N. C. Fertilizers for TOBACCO • COTTON • TRUCK • PEANUTS • GRAIN