

BODY IN TRUNK REVEALED AS A MISSISSIPPI GIRL

**EUGENE LEROY, THE HUSBAND
CANNOT BE LOCATED—AVIATOR
MILLEN NOT IDENTIFIED
AS LEROY. TATUM VISITS
BIRMINGHAM POLICE.**

Detroit, July 26.—The woman, whose mutilated body was shipped from here in a trunk on June 10 and found in the Forty Second street warehouse of the American Express Company as unclaimed baggage last week, has been positively identified by the Detroit police as Mrs. Eugene Leroy, formerly Miss Katherine Jackson, of Startsville, Mississippi, Police Inspector McCarthy asserted today.

Chicago, Ills., July 26.—Efforts to connect Roy Millen, a former army aviator, with the mysterious Detroit trunk murder failed today when Patrolman Trumbull, of the Detroit police, was unable to identify Millen as the missing Eugene Leroy.

Birmingham, July 26.—Allen A. Tatum, distinguishing himself as a linotype operator, and admitting he knew and has visited Mrs. Eugene Leroy, the identified victim of the "trunk mystery," at her invitation, made these and other admissions to the Birmingham police after his name had been discussed by associates being mixed up in the affair.

He admitted visiting the woman in June at which time she stated that she was married and her husband was "extremely jealous." That he heard from her every day or two until June 4 or 5, since which time he had not received any letter and feared something had happened.

Tatum is staying at the Birmingham police headquarters for fear of Leroy, he said, and no charge has been made against him thus far.

RUSH IRELAND BILL SAYS LLOYD GEORGE

London, July 26.—The British government has no intention of withdrawing the "government of Ireland bill," Premier Lloyd George stated in the House of Commons today.

"The government will press the measure forward with all possible speed when the House re-assembles after the Holiday recess," he added.

AMERICAN CREDITS BEEN ABANDONED

Berlin, July 26.—All hopes of American credits must definitely be abandoned as a result of the outcome of the Reichstag elections and the fate of Germany consequently will be completely in the hands of the Entente, according to Baron von Richthofen, defeated democratic candidate, who outlines his views in a long article in the Boersen Zeitung.

Americans are not unfavorably disposed toward Germany's political and economic future, Baron Richthofen continues, but the defeat of the democratic program the elections dissipated many fond hopes based on that fact.

"We must expect Americans will demand priority for any of their credit over the Allies' indemnity claims, which means the final decision will lie with the Entente," he believes.

GERMAN CHANCELLOR DISPLAYS ABILITY

Berlin, July 26.—Constantine Fehrenbach, the new chancellor of the German republic, is a Roman Catholic member of the Centrist party. He is 68 years old. He was intended for the church and studied at Freiburg University, but abandoned theology for the law, and established himself as an attorney at Freiburg where he held several local public offices and, in 1903 was elected to the Reichstag.

As presiding officer of the last Reichstag and of the National Assembly in difficult positions he displayed the ability of an accomplished parliamentarian. His impartiality won the respect of all parties. He is of a portly figure, and is a ready extemporaneous speaker.

DEFRAUD DISABLED AND DEPENDENTS

**Investigation into conspiracy
In the Insurance Bureau
Shows Defraud**

10 ALREADY ARRESTED

Washington, July 26.—A District of Columbia grand jury today began an investigation into an alleged conspiracy of certain employees of the War-Risk Insurance Bureau to defraud disabled service men and dependents of compensation legally due.

Ten persons have already been arrested in connection with the alleged conspiracy.

COX PREPARING ACCEPTANCE NOTE

Dayton, Ohio, July 26.—Governor Cox today began drafting his address accepting the democratic nomination for president.

He expects to finish and send to the printer by next Friday.

DESTROYER HITS MINE—19 KILLED

Constantinople, July 26.—Eighteen seamen and one officer lost their lives in the new Italian destroyer Alberto Carol Racechia when she struck a mine in the Black Sea.

BEAT ON SIDEWALK TO SCARE EVIL-DOERS

Constantinople, July 26.—Turkish policemen make no attempt to surprise evil doers but give warning of their approach by striking on the pavement at regular intervals with long heavy sticks tipped with steel, to the great disgust of sleepless foreigners. It was formerly the custom of the night watchmen to shout loudly in Turkish that all was well every time they pounded on the pavement.

But the allies forbade the shouting, and since the armistice the night policemen, most of whom are very old men, content themselves with hammering the pavement. The Turkish population objected strongly to having the hammering discontinued, as it is supposed to be the only means of guaranteeing that the policemen will patrol their beats.

RAILWAY MOUNT FOR AR- TILLERY IS NOW IMPOSSIBLE

Washington, July 26.—Popular conception of the railway mount for the heavy caliber artillery—such as the 14 inch naval guns used by the Americans in France—is that these big guns can be fired as they move along the tracks. Major General W. F. Coo, of the Coast Artillery explains that this is erroneous.

"Essentially, a concrete block is necessary," he says. "Over it the gun is run on its trucks and then placed upon the block. We actually take the trucks out from under the gun when it is fired and it stands on a carriage with an arc of fire of 360 degrees. The gun can be taken from one position to a similarly prepared position. The real thing is you can send the guns to strategic points."

BATTLESHIP IOWA A MOVING TARGET

Washington, July 26.—The once famous battleship Iowa, which played no small part in the destruction of Cervera's fleet at Santiago is being prepared at the Philadelphia navy yard for what naval officers say will be one of the most unique target experiments ever attempted.

Proceeding unmanned, but under her own steam and controlled by radio, probably from seaplanes, the old sea-fighter will become the objective of the big guns of the Atlantic fleet superdreadnoughts in Chesapeake Bay late this summer. This will be the first time that American warships have used a moving craft for a target except in actual war.

"OUIJA" TO SOLVE ELWELL MURDER

**Anonymous Missives Reveal
Prelude, plot and the Climax**

NOT QUITE DISCARDED

New York, July 26.—Ouija boards by the score have volunteered to solve the mysterious murder of Joseph Bowen Elwell, turfman, card expert and "Don Juan."

Since the body of the gambler was found in his handsome residence here last month, with a bullet through the forehead, alleged clues, motives and revelations of the murder himself have been gathered from ethereal planes by the thousands and dumped upon an admittedly bewildered staff of the District Attorney's office.

All of these occult communications are not discarded. While disclaiming any faith in Ouija's ability as a crime investigator, the District Attorney nevertheless admits that he has assigned a man to the special duty of reading occult contributions and to submit to him personally any conveying apparently useful information. An anonymous communication purporting to be an occult revelation may contain a valuable clue. Mr. Swann believes, his theory being that the criminal might use this method of informing on a confederate.

Anonymous communicants purport to reveal prelude, plot and climax of the crime.

The missing automatic pistol with which Elwell was shot has been located by Ouija boards or other "supernatural" means in every part of the Elwell home, from the sitting room in which the murder was committed down into the basement and up to the roof.

Until the murdered is apprehended, both the police and District Attorney's staff say they expect no surprise from the persistent profanity of occult assistance now being forced on them.

U. S. INTERVENTION MEXICO, A FALLACY

Mexico City, July 26.—Senator Guillermo Lavagna declares in a recent statement that he has just published that he believes the idea of American intervention in Mexico "very soon will be discredited and that this sole factor in creating hate and distrust between the two peoples will disappear forever."

Senator Lavagna endeavors to interpret to Mexicans the ideals of Americans, as one who formerly lived in the United States. He says in part:

"I do not admit that American interventionists represent the national conscience of the American people. They represent the one class, the usurious capitalists. The honest and conscientious men who form the government never admit them to their deliberations.

"Neither do I admit that the American interventionists can deceive with their columns and false theories the laborious citizens of that republic. The American people is very credulous, but it has been deceived so often, it has suffered so much from the magnates of the dollar that it knows their methods, distrusts them and fears and repudiates them. I have absolute faith in the moral personality of the American people.

IN MAYOR'S COURT

Jimmie Jackson, Speeding \$5.
Gas Jones, Speeding \$2.85.
Henry Chery, Disorderly conduct \$12.85.
James Market, Wm. Langley, disorderly conduct \$12.85.
Westina Harmon and Allen Kines, reckless driving \$12.85.
Willie Jones and Charlie Knight, riding bicycle on sidewalks, \$2.00 each.
James Mathewson, speeding \$5.

Mrs. Agnes Gilmore, a Scottish contralto, knitted 200 pairs of socks during the war.

LAWYER APPEALS PRESIDENTS VETO

**Justice McCoy To Pass upon
Declaring Peace With
Germany.**

ASKS MANDAMUS ORDER

Washington, July 26.—Chief Justice McCoy, of the District of Columbia Supreme Court, will be asked today to pass on the request of Harry McCarthy, a Chicago lawyer for a mandamus order compelling Secretary of State Colby to declare officially that a state of peace exists between the United States and Germany.

The petition declared that the President had no authority to veto the joint peace resolution passed at the last session of congress.

Washington, July 26.—The peace resolution hearing has been postponed until Wednesday.

OPPOSE CANING GIRLS IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

London, July 26.—Caning of girl pupils in elementary schools by their male teachers, a practice which has been general in England for many years, recently has become the subject of much criticism and the Daily Mail has started an agitation for its abandonment.

Many letters have been written to the newspapers, the majority of the writers advocating infliction of corporal punishment of girls, when necessary, by women teachers. They protest that a sensitive girl may never fully recover from the "shame of being caned by a man."

The Lord Mayor of Bristol, who had 30 years experience as headmaster of a school, said he knew the practice of men administering corporal punishment to girls was common, but he was opposed to it.

DANISH EXPLORER HOPES TO REACH POLE

Copenhagen, July 26.—An attempt to reach North Point and thus complete the Danish exploration of North Greenland will be made by Lange Koch, the young Danish scientist and Polar explorer, this summer. The aim of his expedition, which is expected to last about two years, aside from scientific purposes, is to secure Danish sovereignty of all Greenland.

Koch, who in the capacity of geologist participated in Knud Rasmussen's last expedition, hopes to reach Ingfield Gulf by motorship and in August or September will endeavor to establish a depot 250 miles north-east of there. "A mechanic will be the only white man to accompany him, the other members of the expedition being Eskimos.

Henry Ford has placed an ice-crawling tractor at Koch's disposal.

MILLER COMPILES AMERICAN CREED

Vicksburg, Miss., July 26.—A newspaper man, Charles W. Miller, city editor of the Herald here, has compiled "An American Creed," consisting of passages from the Old and New Testaments. The selections transposed and arranged in such a manner as to preserve the continuity of the Creed unbroken to the end, are said by Mr. Miller to contain "the wholesome truths handed from one prophet, to the Saviour and the apostles."

GERMAN SCHOOLS HIT BY CURRENCY

Berlin, July 26.—German undervaluation of the mark. "The universities have been hard hit by the ruin of German currency," says Dr. Ernest Troeltsch, professor of philosophy at the University of Berlin, "has enfeebled German science and education in a kind of Chinese wall which is strengthened by other countries' hatred of Germany, especially France's. We are being subjected to a scientific boycott and a moral blockade. The Versailles Treaty has poisoned the air with its dogma of guilt." He contends that science should be international in thought and co-operation.

CENSUS FIGURES CHANGES CONGRESS

**Increased population basis of
the Cut States for Repre-
sentation.**

FAVOR 300 MEMBERS ONLY

Washington, July 26.—Unless the membership of the House is increased from 435 to at least 500 to meet the increased population shown by the 1920 census, 10 states will lose one or more representatives, according to Representative Siegal, of New York, chairman of the Census Committee which will frame the new Apportionment Bill. These states are

Indiana, Iowa and Missouri, which will lose two congressmen each; and Illinois, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Nebraska, Vermont and Virginia, which will lose one congress man each.

Mr. Siegal explains that if the House membership is retained at its present figure, it will be necessary to increase the population basis in each congressional district beyond the 211,000 or major portion thereof now fixed. If this is done, he says, the 10 named states will lose one or more of the present districts because their populations have not increased in proportion to those of other states.

On the basis of the estimated population of 106,000,000 for the whole country in 1920, an increase of approximately 14,000,000 in 10 years, Mr. Siegal says 65 or 66 new seats in the House must be created if the 10 states are to retain their present numerical representation. While precedent warrants the increase, Mr. Siegal declares there is strong opposition to it on the part of some of the present representatives, while others favor reduction to as few as 300 members.

MEXICO'S CENSORS HAVE DISAPPEARED

Mexico City, July 26.—Senator here of an official bureau of information for the foreign press was followed, within a fortnight, by the disappearance from the cable office in Mexico City of the censors who, the constitution of 1917 to the contrary had revised all messages, press messages in particular, for the last 10 years.

Bringing of the censorship to the attention of President de la Huerta has been the most notable feat thus far performed by the information bureau. All foreign correspondents have been listed and identification cards (photographs attached) issued to them.

Operated through the Department of the Interior, over which Manuel Aguirre Berlanga presides, and with Mario Mendez, general manager of the national telegraph lines, as the chief censor, the censors were a fact for not to be disregarded up to May 7, when the Carranza government evacuated the capital. During the past year, charges of pro-Germanism against the Berlanga and Mendez of ten were linked with intimations of the value of the censorship to the Germans in Mexico.

Not only were allied business interests resentful and powerless, but foreign correspondents faced a great inconvenience, even danger. Even though the censor halted transmission of news stories judged "inconvenient" for the Carranza government, the mere filing of such a story was sufficient ground for declaring the correspondent a "pernicious foreigner."

When President de la Huerta met all the little ones, as Mexican officialdom terms journalists, of the foreign press at a luncheon on June 12 he was asked about the censorship and declared he did not know it existed. Immediately he directed Colonel Benito Ramirez, his chief of staff, to order its discontinuance.

PRISON RELIEF SOCIETY "NOT WANTED" IN NORTH CAROLINA

RUSSIA TO MEET ALLIES IN LONDON

**Conference between Soviets
And all of the Hostile
Powers**

TWO PREMIERS MEET

London, July 26.—Premier Lloyd George will meet Premier Millerand, of France, at Boulogne, on Tuesday to discuss the Russian proposal that the allies hold a conference with the Russian Soviet Government.

London, July 26.—Premier Lloyd George, in the House of Commons today, confirmed the reports that the Russian Soviet government has sent to the British government a note accepting Great Britain's proposals for a peace conference in London between the Soviet and powers engaged in hostile action against the Soviets, or supporting such action.

FINAL RACE SHOWS RESOLUTE LEADING

Sandy Hook, July 26.—The Shamrock crossed the starting line almost a minute ahead of the Resolute in the fifth race which will decide the series for the American Cup.

The course is a fifteen mile run from Ambrose Channel Lightship southwest, with a fifteen mile beat back to the Lightship.

At 12:45 the yachts were moving slowly with the Shamrock still ahead.

In the luffing match, which carried the yachts far off the course, the Shamrock kept in too far toward the beach and when the yachts finally rounded and started toward the outer mark the Resolute slipped in the lead at 1:50 and three minutes later was ten seconds ahead of the Shamrock.

Sandy Hook, July 26.—A brisk breeze, something about a twelve knot blow, came out of the northwest this morning, providing a fine wind for the final contest for the American Cup.

With the wind holding northwest the run of fifteen miles seaward and a dash to windward home is indicated.

Sandy Hook, July 26.—The race was again postponed at eleven thirty for fifteen minute intervals, wind conditions being responsible.

Shortly before the start the winds were so light as not being enough to drive the yachts over the thirty mile course within the six hour time limit.

In trying out her sails the Shamrock fell into a main spot and signaled for a tow.

Signals were later set for a start at 12:30.

BRITISH PREMIER ORDERED TO REST

Paris, July 26.—Premier Lloyd George's health is causing serious uneasiness, according to a London dispatch.

The British premier, the minister's physicians said, has been ordered immediate rest.

DENIES WIRELESS USED FOR GERMANY

Mexico City, July 26.—Denial of published charges that the national wireless station at Chapultepec was used to communicate with Germany during the world war and that its personnel is German in its most important components is made in a statement printed by El Heraldo de Mexico, the new director-general of the national telegraph lines.

According to Senor Frias, the Chapultepec plant was in process of construction from the middle of 1917 to the middle of 1919 and, because it could not function at full efficiency during that time, communication with Nauen was an impossibility.

**BICKETT SAYS ITS A "SELF-
ESTABLISHED ORGANIZATION
OF SELF-ADVERTISERS"—LAW
TO STOP LABOR AGENTS OP-
ERATING IN STATE.**

(By Llewam)

Raleigh, July 26.—Prison conditions in North Carolina evidently will not be "inspected" or otherwise investigated by non-resident societies at Washington, or other "Outlanders," according to Governor Bickett's edict, just pronounced in response to a report coming from Washington that the "Prison Relief Society" there was on the eve of sending Mrs. Duckett to this state to investigate and report "numerous" alleged communications and other sources of complaint made, charging ill-treatment of prisoners in North Carolina.

Since the prison reform law, enacted in 1917, through the aggressive efforts of State Senator Wilfred D. Urner, of Iredell, supported in the house by R. F. Beasley, of Union, (now State Commissioner of Public Welfare) went into effect the condition of convicts on the state farm and state prison have been materially improved. That the reforms compelled by this law have of late not been properly complied with, is new to the governor, if true, and the assertion is not believed to be true. The charge comes from the "National Association" at Washington, which Governor Bickett says is a "self-established organization of self advertisers."

As the governor is something of a self-advertiser himself, he probably knows the kind and possibly is correct in his estimate of the Washington society.

So Mrs. Duckett will receive scant official courtesy if she comes, for the governor says that Rankin and Beasley are the official investigators—if any investigating is to be done. Those who know Supt. Collier, of the state prison, do not place any credit in the charges.

It is indicated that the complaints, said to have reached the Prison Relief Society, probably have to do chiefly with the "county chain-gangs" which Commissioner Beasley admits are not in a satisfactory condition in some counties, but these are already receiving attention for the proper source and do not need outside help.

A similar effort was made by Duding and his society to investigate North Carolina several years ago, but he made no headway here, the governor and officials refusing to "co-operate with or recognize him in any investigation."

As to Labor Agents

With the special session of the Legislature only two weeks of several proposed additional pieces of legislation are being proposed. One of these is the enactment of a law that will repeal the present act providing for the licensing of "labor agents"—men who come into the state at start of periods and by offering "big wages" (often never complied with) decoy thousands of workers in industries and on farms away from this state to northern cities and the like.

The argument (and it is a good one if feasible) is to bar all such labor agents, and securing the co-operation in enforcing the new law of those cities and counties that now license them on payment of large fees. North Carolina needs more workers today than we have in all lines of human endeavor, and certainly can not afford to have any of them coaxed away under false or exaggerated promises.

FIRE DEPARTMENT GETS UNDERWRITERS O. K.

Chief McCave, of the local fire department, has received from the South-Eastern Underwriters Association a certificate of the satisfactory test made by the new fire engine recently and giving data of such test showing its capacity to fulfill the work under which it was contracted for.

For three hours the engine pumped water at an average of 1,652 gallons per minute as against the contact of 1,000 gallons per minute.