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THE THIRD TRY FOR PEACE.

(Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.)

For the third time this month the railway executives of the nation will assemble in New York today to consider and vote on proposals for ending the rail strike. The two former gatherings considered plans submitted by President Harding. Today's meeting is to consider a plan advanced by the five railway brotherhoods. Except for the raucous voice of L. F. Loree, chairman of the eastern woodmen's conference, who has issued a statement declaring that talk of any peace in the rail strike is "all bunk," no hint has come of the nature of the brotherhood's proposals. If Mr. Loree, who knows what they are, predicts that peace talk is "bunk," it may be assumed that their treatment of the seniority issue is not to his liking. That is not surprising, for Mr. Loree is a 100 percent cock-sure individual who is certain that everybody is wrong but himself. In the various efforts at accommodation, these invoked by the president as well as those induced spontaneously, Mr. Loree has qualified as the foremost exponent of "no compromise" and "no quarter."

The De Vilers of the railroad controversy notwithstanding, the hope is held out that the series of conferences that will be inaugurated today will end by putting an end to a disastrous industrial conflict. The important developments of the past few days support this outcome as logical. The president's special message has made it clear that the administration contemplates no drastic interference. For the unions the announcement means that instead of paying into their hands by threatening the railroads with government seizure, the administration actually proposes to make the union program progressively difficult of fulfillment. That is the inevitable conclusion from the president's warning that he proposes to employ the government's full powers in protecting men in their right to work and in maintaining transportation.

Upon the rail executives the pressure for peace comes both from the president's message and from operating difficulties like that which the Southern is encountering at Spencer. Bad order equipment, the president has warned, will not be tolerated. But good order equipment cannot be had without good order shop forces. It is here that the shoe pinches grievously. Mr. Loree and the eastern executives are little troubled because their shops are located in populous labor markets. The problem of filling the places of the strikers has prevented them with no insurmountable difficulties. With the west and south roads it is different. Their shops are far removed from the large reservoirs of labor. Strike-breakers must be imported from a distance—always an unpleasant proceeding. The case of the Southern's great shops at Spencer is peculiarly in point. There the shop workers form a militant community—an island of unorganized mechanics in a non-industrial environment. The attempt to introduce outside labor under the protection of state militia has produced a crisis. The strikers are very clearly and criminally in the wrong

in blowing up water mains and employing intimidation towards the new arrivals, but being clearly and criminally in the wrong is no more a complete deterrent to violence between inflamed industrial factions than it is between infuriated individuals.

If the third attempt at peace should go the way of its two predecessors, we may look for more disorder, more violence and more bloodshed. The strike cannot be "fought to a finish" without these accompaniments. That is the prospect that both sides need to hold before them in formulating this week their final judgments. It is serious enough to warrant the hope that the rail and union executives will not make the hastily mistake of inviting it, by insistence on irreconcilable demands.

ONLY SINGLE MEN NEED APPLY

A certain college has adopted regulations and rules that debar from the faculty men who are married, unless these applicants have sufficient funds with which to support a wife.

Surely this is an admission that the college officials do not intend to give a salary that will support two instead of one.

The New York World submits a just criticism of this university:

College instructors applying for positions at Northwestern University must hereafter comply with a new requirement. They must, in effect, pledge themselves to celibacy unless they possess independent means sufficient for the support of a wife. In a statement made by the dean it is explained that the \$35 to \$40 a week average salary of instructors is too little to maintain families in the Evanston environment and the spectacle of their wives clerking in stores to make ends meet does not appeal to the college authorities.

Ambitious young teachers are thus faced with the choice of giving up marriage or foregoing the possibility of a professorship at Northwestern University. It is a hard alternative. The college might, of course, pay them more or furnish living quarters for married instructors. Failing that, some one of the existing general education funds might provide an endowment to meet the need. It is even conceivable that self-sacrificing young women with private fortunes might come to the rescue of these martyrs to celibacy in the pursuit of learning. There are numerous by-ways out of the difficulty.

But as respects the general principle involved, is American feminism likely to countenance this attack on its ideals? Celibacy in college instructors may have suited mediæval conditions of education. At a modern university in a country where the higher education has become pretty well feminized it will be opposed as reactionary and oppressive.

Senatorial sentiment seems to be changing against the bonus bill. Several months ago it was thought there were only about a half-dozen senators who would vote against the bill, but on the last roll call there were 32 votes in the senate against the passage of the bill. Even if the bill gets through the senate and house, it means tough sledding ahead with the president.

With the use of the x-ray machine, revenue men have no trouble in locating smuggled goods, whether secreted on the outside or the inside of a man. The man who swallowed an expensive ring to escape detection was caught with it in his stomach.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Default having been made in payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain deed of trust to me as Trustee for Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Company by Mrs. Martha Louisa Lancaster on the 19th day of September, 1913, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Edgecombe County in Book 213 of Deeds, on page 319, etc., I will, under and by virtue of the power of sale vested in me by said deed of trust, and at the request of the cestui que trust, and for the purpose of discharging the debt secured by said deed of trust, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court house door in Tarboro, North Carolina, AT 12 O'CLOCK M., ON SAT-

URDAY, THE 30RD DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1922, the following described lands, to-wit:

In Edgecombe County, situate in No. 13 Township, adjoining the lands of George Howard on the north, G. Z. Lancaster on the south, W. E. Moore on the west, and the Jenkins or Baker land on the east, containing 187 1-2 acres, more or less, and being the identical land conveyed in the following deeds: Guilford Moore to the said Martha Louisa Lancaster, Book 82, page 118, Elijah Moore to Guilford Moore, book 28, page 625, both of which deeds are recorded in the Edgecombe Public Registry, also being the identical land devised to Elijah Moore, Jr., by Elijah M. Moore, Sr., by will recorded in Will Book F, page 140, of the Edgecombe Will Records; to which deeds and will reference is hereby made; and being the identical land whereon the party of the first part now resides, and known as the Elijah Moore land. This 19th day of August, 1922.

JULIAN PRICE, Trustee.
Brooks, Hines & Smith, Attorneys.
Greensboro, N. C. a24-11w15w

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION IN THE CRISP CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE PURPOSE OF REDUCING THE AMOUNT OF SPECIAL TAX WITHIN SAID DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in the Crisp Consolidated School District of Edgecombe County, North Carolina, on the 15th day of September, 1922, at Eagles Store, in the village of Crisp, the regular polling place in said District, under the authority contained in the Consolidated Statutes of North Carolina, and acts of the General Assembly of North Carolina, amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, to ascertain whether the voters of said School District are in favor of reducing the special tax in said District shall not exceed the sum of twenty cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation of all taxable property in said District, and sixty cents on each taxable poll in said District.

At said election those favoring the reduction of said Special School Tax, shall vote a ballot on which shall be printed the words "FOR REDUCTION OF SPECIAL SCHOOL TAX", and those who are opposed to the reduction of said Special School Tax shall vote a ballot on which shall be printed the words "AGAINST REDUCTION OF SPECIAL SCHOOL TAX". And if a majority of qualified voters shall vote for "REDUCTION OF SPECIAL SCHOOL TAX", then it shall hereafter be the duty of the County Commissioners each year thereafter at the same time all other school taxes are levied to levy such Special School Tax within said District in accordance with Law, and not to exceed the amount above specified.

And it is further ordered that said election be held and conducted in the same manner and at Eagles Store in the Village of Crisp, as now prescribed for holding general elections, and there shall be a new registration of electors in said District for said election; provided however that every elector who is registered and qualified to vote in said Special Election to be held at the same time and place shall be entitled to vote and participate in this election.

The Registrar, between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and sunset, on each day (Sunday Excepted) for twenty days preceding the day for closing the registration books shall keep open said books for the registration of any electors residing within said School District and entitled to registration. The said books shall be closed for registration at sunset on the 2nd Saturday before said election. On each Saturday during the period of registration the registrar shall attend with his registration book at the polling place in said District for the registration of voters.

The following Registrar and Judges of Election are hereby appointed for said election.

Registrar, J. H. Noville
Judges of Election,
W. B. Edwards
C. K. Edwards
8 15d. 11 wk -4 wk

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION IN THE CRISP CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT, TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS OF SAID DISTRICT FOR SCHOOL HOUSES; AND ORDER OF NEW REGISTRATION OF THE VOTERS OF SAID DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in the Crisp Consolidated School District of Edgecombe County, North Carolina, on the 15th day of September, 1922, at Eagles Store in the Village of Crisp, the regular polling place in said District, under the authority contained in Article 39, Chapter 36 of the Consolidated Statutes of North Carolina, and acts of the General Assembly of North Carolina amendatory thereof, and supplementary thereto, to ascertain whether the voters of said School District are in favor of issuing bonds for the purpose of building, rebuilding and repairing a schoolhouse of schoolhouses in said District and furnishing same with suitable equipment.

1. That the amount of bond to be issued thereunder are not to exceed the amount of Twenty five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00).

2. That said bonds shall bear a rate of interest not to exceed six percent annum, payable semi-annually.

3. That said bonds shall be denominated serially as follows: One each year from the 5th to 9th years, inclusive, from the date of issue; and 2 each year from the 10th to 19th years, inclusive, from date of issue of said bonds.

4. That the maximum tax which may be levied and collected each year to pay the interest and principal of said bonds shall not exceed twenty cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation of all taxable property in said District, and sixty cents on each poll in said District.

At said election those favoring the issuance of said bonds and the levying of said tax shall vote a ballot on which will be printed the words "FOR SCHOOLHOUSE BONDS", and those opposed to the issuance of said bonds and the levying of said tax shall vote a ballot on which shall be printed the words "AGAINST SCHOOLHOUSE BONDS". And if the majority of the qualified voters shall vote "FOR SCHOOLHOUSE BONDS", then it shall be the duty of County Commissioners of Edgecombe County to issue said bonds, not exceeding the amount specified, and shall thereupon levy a sufficient tax, not exceeding the amount specified, to pay the interest and principal of said bonds so issued, as said interest and principal may become due and payable.

And it is further ordered that said election be held and conducted in the same manner, and at Eagles Store in the village of Crisp, in said District, as now prescribed for holding general elections, and there shall be a new registration of electors in said District for said election.

The Registrar, between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and sunset, on each day (Sunday excepted) for twenty days preceding the day, for closing the registration books will keep open said books for the registration of any electors residing within said School District and entitled to registration. The said books will be closed for registration at sunset on the 2nd Saturday before said election. On each Saturday during the period of registration the registrar shall attend with his registration book at the polling place in said District for the registration of voters.

The following Registrar and Judges of Election are hereby appointed for said election:

Registrar,
J. H. Noville
Judges of Election,
W. B. Edwards
C. K. Edwards
This the 9th day of August, 1922.
By order of the Board of County Commissioners.
H. S. Bunn,
Clerk.



FLAMING FAT CAUSES FIRES

Frying fats frequently ignite and start disastrous fires. This is just another of the little things that must be watched, for the sake of safety. How about your fire insurance on buildings and household goods? Have you arranged for complete protection? This agency of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company is now equipped to write good insurance and give sound advice.

Jacocks & Royster
Company
TARBORO, N. C.

PLANTING TIME

WINTER SEED RYE
RED RUST PROOF SEED
OATS
VIRGINIA TURF OATS
TURNIP SEED
RUTABAGA SEED
OCRACOCKE HEADLESS
MULLETS.
If interested, Call and See Me.

R. B. PETERS
GROCER
Phone 35 211 Main St.
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Ha's Catarrh Medicine
These who are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that while Catarrh is a local disease, it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HA'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the body, thus reducing the inflammation, and restoring normal conditions. All druggists, or write for free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

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These Second Sheets are the best railroad manila paper on the market.

ALL FRESH STOCK

Only 50,000 of these sheets will be sold at this price.

THE SOUTHERNER JOB PRINT

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PRICES on Tarboro's Market the opening day were as high as any Eastern Carolina market.

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First National Bank
TARBORO NORTH CAROLINA

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On our opening day we made good our claim, that every pile of tobacco sold on our floor must bring the top of the market.

WE GIVE BELOW SALE OF FINE BARN OF SAND LUGS SOLD ON OUR FLOOR AUGUST 16 BY H. T. TOLSTON:

84 POUNDS AT 28 CENTS	\$23.52
46 POUNDS AT 60 CENTS	\$27.60
52 POUNDS AT 80 CENTS	\$41.60
156 POUNDS AT 60 CENTS	\$93.60
72 POUNDS AT 55 CENTS	\$39.60
98 POUNDS AT 45 CENTS	\$44.10
182 POUNDS AT 20 CENTS	\$36.40

TOTAL: 690 POUNDS AT \$306.42

AVERAGE 45 CENTS

THE Farmers Warehouse

H. P. Foxhall & Dan Taylor

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