

## ROWAN COUNTY BOY LEADS STATE

### Ledford Hall Name of Youth Who Won State Corn Growing Champ- ionship Last Year

As a result of the work of the Boys' Corn Clubs during the year 1915, reports sent in by the boys show that 70,040.4 bushels of corn have been produced by the 1,308 boys reporting. Fifty boys made 100 bushels and above. The average yield if these fifty boys was 111.7 bushels per acre.

As an indication of the interest of the boys this past year, 37.3-10 per cent of the boys enrolled reported, against 21.3-10 per cent for the year 1914, an increase of 16 per cent for the year.

Ninety five out of the 100 counties in the state had boys enrolled in the work and 88 counties out of the 95 sent in reports. The 12 remaining counties of the state from which no reports were received had only a combined total membership of 17.

The following facts show some results of the work:

Total number of boys enrolled in the Corn Clubs	3,505
Total number of boys reporting	1,308
Total number of bushels reported in the State	70,040.4
Total cost of production	\$36,458.74
Average cost per bushel	43.4 cents
Average number of bushels per acre	53.5

#### Wins Scholarship in Ninth District

Garland Hoover, of Caldwell County, won the scholarship in the Ninth District offered by Congressman Dougherty. Garland made a yield of 125.8 bushels on his acre at a cost per bushel of 22.6 cents. The acre yielded him a net profit of \$97.37.

The scholarship which was offered to the boy making the best record is worth fifty dollars and is given on condition that the boy is ready to enter the Agricultural and Mechanical College the following fall.

#### Chapion Corn Grower

Ledford Hall, age thirteen, and a native of Rowan county, is North Carolina's champion corn grower.

Young Hall, who is a brother of Dudley Hall, last year's champion, is a flaxen haired, sunny faced boy, and takes the year's honors with a production of a hundred and forty two bushels of corn which was grown on an acre of his father's farm five miles from Salisbury. To produce the acre cost \$15.93, of which \$2.41 was spent for fertilizers. The net profit of the acre was \$125.46. This is the best record ever established by a North Carolina Corn Club boy.

Hall did all of the work on the acre except some of the deep plowing which was done before the seed was put in.

#### General Club Work

Under the general title of "Boys Agricultural Clubs" there are in operation in the State to-day the Boys' Corn Clubs, the Pig Clubs, the Poultry Clubs, the Crop Rotation Clubs, the Negro Boys' Farm Clubs, and a few members each in the Peanut Club, Potato Club, and Cotton Club. In the Corn Club work the increased interest of the members is shown by the decided increase in the number of boys who have completed the year's work and sent in reports. Improvement is also shown in the matter of keeping a report and writing a history of the work. Another encouraging fact is that of the boys

#### ELIZABETH CITY COUPLE WED IN RALEIGH

Raleigh, N. C. Jan. 20—A beautiful wedding was celebrated Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Carl Marshburn, No. 8 Glenwood avenue, when Miss Vertie Frances Brothers and Maurice E. Pappendick, both of Elizabeth City, were united in marriage, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. W. Potter, pastor of Jenkins Memorial Methodist church. Miss Brothers was on a visit to Mrs. Marshburn and it was decided to have the wedding while here in the city. The residence was beautifully decorated in a mass of green stuff, ferns, evergreen, holly and spruce pine. A wedding bell hung over the artfully arranged altar, where the wedding vows were exchanged, and the ring was given and received.

Mrs. Marshburn rendered the wedding music. Lohengrin's wedding march being used as the processional. Schubert's Serenade was softly played during the ceremony. Little Miss Julia Pennal, ring bearer, was the only attendant. The ring was hidden in the heart of a white carnation surrounded by a fringe of lilies of the valley. The bride wore a traveling suit and hat of navy blue. Her bouquet was of bride's roses and lilies of the valley.

Following the wedding an informal reception was held, the bride and groom receiving the best wishes and hearty congratulations of many friends. They afterwards left for a wedding trip to Florida. On their return they will be at home in Elizabeth City, where the groom is a prominent and popular business man. The bride is a charming and attractive girl. She has made many friends in this city during her visits here.

Thomas L. Green left to-day for Edenton where he will make an address to-night.

reporting. Emphasis has been placed upon the raising of pure bred breeding stock for the State rather than upon the growing of meat hogs as the producing end of the swine industry has been sadly neglected. Economy of production through the use of grazing crops and farm wastes has been stressed. Corn as the sole ration for hogs has been discouraged as being too expensive and poorly balanced. The value of good breeding and good individuals has been emphasized and the proper care, feeding and management has been stressed on all occasions. The results obtained in this work indicate that the instruction given is bearing fruit.

Telling results have been secured in the work of the poultry clubs. This work was begun at the first of the past year and has been pushed along such lines as the best time for hatching the young chicks, care and feeding of the young chicks, proper feeding of the farm flock, and proper housing of the farm poultry. More than one thousand members have been enrolled during the year. Fifty per cent state that they have cover crops of clover rye or oats on their acres for 1916.

Work in the Pig Clubs has been equally as successful. Hundreds of modern poultry houses have been constructed over the State as a result of the work done at the district and county during the fall. The showing of the boys and girls at the fairs was also encouraging, as these young farmers took off some of the best prizes offered.

The Crop Rotation Clubs and the Negro Boys Farm Clubs will begin active work during the coming season. Work with these clubs has already been outlined and begun. These club members will receive the monthly letter that is mailed out to all club members once and sometimes twice a month. These letters have come to have an important effect in the club work and help to teach in the simplest terms the fundamental principles of plant and animal growing.

#### HONOR ROLL FOR FOURTH MONTH

The honor roll for the fourth month, ending January 14 of Elizabeth City's schools is as follows:

**HIGH SCHOOL**  
Mildred Commander, Bessie Richardson, Eleanor Hall, Thelma Sykes, Winnie Wood, Della Williams, Helena Wood, Mildred Pool, Clarence Ashby, Graham Evans, Marvin Mercer, Lloyd Sawyer.

**Fourth Grades**  
Miss Ward, Teacher: Janie Hales, Icoline Owens, Cora Sanderlin, Elizabeth Mann, Louise Grant, Mary Trueblood, Nellie Jordan, Leora Griffin, Grace Jenkins, Evelyn Hooper, Christine Taylor, James Steger, Elliott Ward, Randall Holloman, Erwin Midgett, Bradford Sanders, Marion Harris, Carlton Woodley, William Dalley, Lemuel Blades.

Miss Cobb, Teacher: Mary Cooper, Rosa Lee Ward, Margaret Bondurant, Maxine Fearing, Helen Little, Beulah Winslow, Lillian Harris, Mary Hooper, Mary Owens, Marvin Williams Constant Fearing.

Miss Weatherly, Teacher: Ida Jones, Mary Saleely, Emily Mann, Margaret Commander, Stuart Wood, John Crank.

**Fifth Grades**  
Miss Webb, Teacher: Elizabeth Saunders, Estelle Leonard, Fannie L. West, Haywood Duke, Charles Ashby, Luther Davis.

Mrs. Pearson, Teacher: Annabelle Abbott, Evelyn Bright, Maud Jackson, Maggie Murden, Mae Price, Susie Rhodes, Gussie Sample, Mary Chadwick, Curtis Berry, Erskine Duff, William Garrett, Harry Henderson, William Pritchard, Larry Skinner, Clyde Gregson, Alonzo Rollinson.

Mrs. Atwater, Teacher: Leona Lewis, Sarah Hill, Eunice Sylvester, Lillie M. Smith, William Ballard, Cecil Carter, Claud Ferrell, Weymouth Davis.

**Sixth Grades**  
Miss Jones, Teacher: Lottie Drinkwater, Laura Pritchard, Annie White, Arkie Jones, Goldie Stokes, Eva McMullan, Clara Bateman, Lucille Benton, Elizabeth Wood, Thelma Grey, Courtney Seymore, Wilbur Gregory, Claud Ward, Roscoe Smith, Claud Carter, Grafton Love, Wesley Martin, Sheldon Hales, Wergman Munden.

Miss Lassiter, Teacher: Sophia Davis, Elizabeth Etheridge, Margaret Hancock, Pearl Hones, Nellie Meada, Esther Miller, Stella Thompson, Sidney Evans, Claud Jones.

Mrs. Pool, Teacher: Margaret Foreman, Eunice Adams, Lucille Armstrong, James Brite, Frank Dawson, Robert Kramer, Elizabeth Hathaway, Margaret Raper, Katherine Steger, Evelyn Tolson, Vivian Belango, Margaret Chesson, Mary Gaskins, Ruth Johnson, Seldom Lamb, Robert Lowry, Charles Seyfert, Shirley Williams.

**Seventh Grades**  
Miss Elliott, Teacher: Margie Bell Carr, Adelaide Dunstan, Clyde Harrell, Margaret McCabe, Loola Mann, Fannie Madrin, Millicent Pool, Eva Sawyer, Pearl Ballance, Gladys Spence, Mary Wright, Mae Hall White, Willie Lee Turner, William Jennings, Harry Forjes, Ray Quinn, Norman Trueblood.

Miss Harney, Teacher: Margaret Hill, Ellen Bell, Lillian Hooper, Elizabeth Kramer, Maude Leigh, Ina Mae LeRoy, Elizabeth Nash, Helen Williams, Clarissa Winslow, Mary Wisong, Oscar Gregory, George Modlin, Walter Price, Francis Seyfert, Roosevelt Stowe.

#### PRIMARY SCHOOL

**First Grades**  
Miss Griffin, Teacher: Glennie Cartwright, Monterey Cartwright, Mary Owens, Evelyn Shores, Lillian Twiford, Blacknall Cooke, Lloyd Richards, Wilson Sanders.

Miss Stevens, Teacher: Martha Archbell, Nina Adkins, Helen Bright, Clara Lee Carter, Mary Gladden Gregory, Beasie Horner, Helen Kramer, Helen Leigh, Edna Morrisette, Virginia Owens, Julia Tuttle, Emma Owens, Annie Sue Williams, Marvin Cartwright, John Chadwick, Edward

#### FARMERS INSTITUTES IN PROGRESS THIS WEEK

Tomorrow a Farmers' Institute will be held at Newbern's Landing, with Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Hutt in charge, and a number of other speakers on the program.

Thursday at Camden courthouse, the Farmers and farmers' wives are urged to gather and hear those in charge of the institutes. There will be opportunity for questions and discussions, and much helpful information will be given in regard to this year's problems on the farm. Institutes were held at Moyock on Monday and at Coinjock to-day.

On Friday of this week at Forks Schoolhouse the Pasquotank people will gather, and on Saturday at Salem.

#### FIRE AT HERTFORD

Hertford, January 20—At five o'clock this morning a fire was discovered in the roof of the residence of Mr. Newby on Church street. Aid was given by the local fire department, who succeeded in saving the kitchen and the greater part of the furniture, although the main building was lost. The property was owned by Miss Pattie Whedbee of this city and the loss was covered by insurance.

#### GREGORY—HUNTER

Hertford, January 19—Mr. Mack Gregory and Miss Pencie Hunter, both of this city, were quietly married Sunday evening at the home of the bride by Rev. W. H. Carter. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hunter of this city and the groom is Manager of the local five and ten cent store.

Gaskins, George Gaskins, Willard Jackson, Joseph Kramer, Ralph Parker, Clarence Pritchard, Ralph Wilcox.

Mrs. Fearing, Teacher: Katherine Duff, Ida Perry, Hazel Perry, Grace Sylvester, Annie White, Roscoe Foreman, Blackwell Barkley, Allen Bell, Russell Tasker, Linwood Basnight.

Miss Zoeller, Teacher: Margaret Conper, Maxine Sheppard, Margaret Wells, Martha White, Ruth Williams, William Britton, Bobbie Fearing, Isadore Siegel, Herbert Siegel, Archie Turner.

Mrs. Brooks, Teacher: Evelyn Baker, Maude Evans, Ruth Gaskins, Ruth Jordan, Marion Jenkins, Effie Madrin, Mary Owsay, Alethia Parker, Elizabeth Carter, Margaret Toxey, Reuban Berry, Howard Johnson, Oscar Mezgs, Charles Jenkins, Clarence Sanders, Irving Swain, Carl Walston.

**Second Grades**  
Miss Willis, Teacher: Minnie Lee Brockett, Bonnie Parks, Rena Crank, Sarah Helen Lewis, Lillian Hunter, Wilkins, Camilla Hopkins, Carmen Saleoby, Eunice Richardson, Margaret Williams Sawyer, Joe Pool, William Perry, Vernon Chappell, Ernest Williams.

Miss Bell, Teacher: Olivia Benton, Katherine Davis, Lucille Jennette, Viola Russell, Annie Saleeb, Marjorie Skinner, Elizabeth Williams, Mary Winslow, Annie Overman, Carroll Abbott, Wallace Bagley, Frank Horner, Frank Hollowell, Nathan Mann, Roscoe Turner.

Mrs. Etheridge, Teacher: Louise White, Ada Palmer, Vera Self, Ethel Mae Pugh, Josephine Lambert, Loretta Lowry, Viola Walter Betts, Walter Cohoon, Lawrence Aydlett.

**Third Grades**  
Miss Ferebee, Teacher: Dorothy Baum, Pattie Capeheart, Hattie Gregory, Mary Horner, Mary Harner Pritchard, Mary Dozier, Leona Munden, Nannie Mae Stokes, Gertrude Smith, Grace Flood, Earl Baker, Maynard Burton, Oliver Evans, James Gregory, James Hill, Lorimer Reed, Marion Seyfert, Herbert Winslow.

Miss Strahl, Teacher: Ada Belanga, Margaret Hollowell, Rachel Williams, Willis Kramer, Oscar Williams.

Mrs. Skinner, Teacher: Ellen Melick, Sarah Carter, Elsie Pugh, Ruth Bright, Nennie Jones, Margaret Nash, Ruth Scott, Elizabeth LeRoy, Wilmer Ballard, Merrill Briggs, Burgess Perry, Joseph Ferebee, Edgar Stevens.

#### CHIEF WILLIAMS TELLS WHEN TO USE LIME.

Raleigh, N. C. Jan. 24th.—Mr. C. B. Williams, Chief of the Division of Agronomy of the Department of Agriculture and North Carolina Experiment Station, says there is some danger that in our enthusiasm with reference to the use of lime we may fall into the error of recommending the use of this material in such a way as not to obtain the greatest good. Again, some of us are apt to draw false conclusions from results obtained under certain conditions where this material has been used on a very sour or acid soil. It has been frequently observed that farmers have used lime under such conditions and had the productivity of the soil greatly increased. In fact it has changed the production from not paying the expense of cultivation into a good money making proposition. The danger from these results has been that the conclusion may be drawn that lime is the only thing lacking in the soil and is all that should be applied from that time on. Such a conclusion will generally lead to a system of agriculture based upon false principals that cannot survive for a great length of time.

[There is no question but what with some of our soils (but relatively a small number in all probability) lime needs to be added to the soil as a plant food. It is believed from a study made of the soil in the State for a number of years that the chief benefit derived generally from the use of this material is indirect rather than directly as a plant food. Its greatest usefulness is therefore as a corrector of soil acidity and the making of the soil suitable for the growth of bacteria, which bring about decomposition of organic matter and favor the growth of bacteria that form nodules on the roots of leguminous crops. It is not believed that ordinarily the use of very small amounts of lime added frequently will be the most economical way to use this material. If the soil is in need of lime, a few hundred pounds will not meet the requirements. We would say in a general way that at least from 1,000 to 2,000 pounds per acre should be added where lime is required.

Where corn and cotton and other no-leguminous crops are being grown continuously on average soil, containing but little or no acidity, it is not believed that the use of a small or even a large amount as a ton per acre is going to give very marked results. But if our farmers are to build up their soils by a rational system of rotation of crops, in which leguminous crops are brought in at frequent intervals, it is believed that the liberal use of lime will pay. In fact, in order to get the best returns lime must be used liberally under such conditions.

The form of lime that should be used will depend largely upon the cost of actual amount of lime per pound delivered at the farm. It is absolutely impossible for any one in buying this material to do it intelligently and wisely unless he requires the seller to give him the guaranteed composition of his product and the price at which it can be delivered to the buyer's nearest railroad station. When this information is supplied, it will be easy for the buyer to calculate which will be the cheaper source for his lime. It should be remembered, however, that there are three forms of lime and that 56 pounds of pure burnt lime has the same amount of lime that is contained in 74 pounds of pure hydrated lime and 100 pounds of pure carbonate of lime ground lime stone.

#### IN POLICE COURT FRIDAY

Ellis Hassel, colored, was given four months on the roads in police court Friday for beating his wife. This is Hassel's second offense, and the complaint against him was filed by his wife.

Henry McCleese was fined ten dollars and costs for drunkenness and disorderly conduct on the streets Thursday night.

## JEW'S ARE IN DIREST NEED

### Nation Called on to Ex- press Sympathy for Suf- fering Race in Desolated Europe

On January 11th President Wilson issued a proclamation calling on the people of the country to contribute to the relief of the suffering Jews in the war region of Europe and this proclamation fixed January 27th as the day for making contributions to that object.

The President's proclamation was issued in response to resolutions sent the President by the United States Senate, asking him to name a day on which the people of the United States might show their sympathy to a stricken nation by contributions to a fund for their relief.

The proclamation has won response from almost every corner of this great nation, and on last Sunday the Christian churches of the land contributed thousands of dollars to this cause.

Up to this time the churches of Elizabeth City have contributed nothing.

In Greensboro Caesar Cone purchased space in the daily newspapers and inserted advertisements of the relief fund movement. First a full page advertisement appeared in the Greensboro Daily News embodying the President's proclamation and setting forth the conditions which the fund was designed to meet. This was followed by other advertisements giving a list of places where contributions would be received.

There does not seem to be a Caesar Cone in Elizabeth City. Indeed, up to this time, nothing has been done here toward giving the people of Elizabeth City opportunity to cooperate with good men and women all over the country who are working to relieve misery and suffering and want among the Jews.

The following facts as to conditions among the Jews in the various warring nations of Europe are authoritative and unexaggerated:

1. Nearly three-quarters of a million men, women and children of this faith are homeless.
2. The expulsions started last May were systematically followed up with decrees covering a very much wider territory.
3. The notices to the Jewish residents to leave their homes varies from three to twenty-four hours.
4. In addition to the physical and mental agony caused by these expulsions, a far more serious result was the breaking up of thousands of families, members of which were lost on their way.
5. Old men dropped on the road from exhaustion. Women in travel died. Children took ill.
6. The congestion of the refugees in unsanitary quarters in the Jewish cities resulted in the outbreak of infectious and contagious diseases, so that the infant mortality in cities like Lodz and Warsaw mounted alarmingly.
7. In May of last year and after the first expulsions had been put into effect, the following number of refugees were reported by the Jewish Colonization Association: Warsaw, 75,000 people; Vilna 12,000; Kletce, 3,000; Konak, 4,000; Minsk, 2,000; Prassnysh, 1,500; Random, 2,000; Gussiatin, 1,200; Shaki (Suvaki), 1,500; Lomsha, 5,000; Khmelnik, Prov, Killec, 1,500. Since that time, these numbers have increased almost tenfold. No accurate figures can be given of the number of refugees because hundreds of thousands are eating up their little savings, and have not registered at any relief agency. These are