

News Without Bias Views Without Prejudice

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Hollweg Resigns Say Dispatches

Situation In Berlin Between Government and Reichstag Majority Rapidly Grows Worse

(By United Press) Washington, July 12.—Hollweg has resigned and Hoffrich and Zimmerman and the five Prussian ministers will resign Monday when the new parliamentary secretaries will be appointed and action will be taken on universal suffrage in Prussia, the State Department reports. Berne, Switzerland, July 12.—Hollweg has resigned, according to reports received here today, but the Kaiser has not yet decided whether he will accept the resignation. Zurich, July 12.—The situation in Berlin between the government and the majority of the Reichstag members, "has become worse in the last 24 hours," according to reports from Berlin. The four parties of the Reichstag are unable to unite upon a peace agreement. It is reported that the Kaiser is about to issue a proclamation to his people covering the Crown Council's decision on the Prussian electoral situation, reform of the ministry and imperial parliamentary machine. Basel, July 12.—The Kaiser has notified Hollweg that a bill will be submitted to the Prussian Diet carrying out the reforms proposed in his eastern announcement, according to word received here today. "This means equal voting rights in Prussia." Amsterdam, July 12.—German radicals will force "parliamentary reconstruction to achieve reform." If they fail in their purpose at this time they will repeat their efforts "in a more unpleasant manner," says the Berlin Vorwaerts.

TO STRAIGHTEN FOOD TANGLE

PRESIDENT IN CONFERENCE THIS AFTERNOON IN REGARD TO QUESTIONS INVOLVED IN FOOD CONTROL MEASURE (By United Press) Washington, July 12.—The President will be asked to straighten out the food control tangle in the Senate it was stated today at a meeting of the Democratic Steering committee. Senators Martin and Simmons went to the White House this afternoon to meet the President in conference on the matter. The President's opposition to the Gore substitute has complicated matters still further.

STEEL MAKERS HEED WARNING

PLEDGE THEMSELVES TO BE GUIDED BY PRESIDENT'S IDEAS OF PATRIOTISM IN OPERATION OF STEEL INDUSTRY (By United Press) Washington, July 12.—The steel makers of the nation today pledged to heed the President's warning against an excessive flood money in the profits of their products. At a meeting with the government officials representatives of all the steel interests offered to place their plants at the government's disposal and accept a price to be fixed later. The price will be in keeping with the President's idea of a patriotic program.

EXEMPTED WILL WEAR BADGE

(By United Press) Washington, July 12.—"Exempted" is a small round metal badge bearing the three words which shield from the public's eyes of "Shackler" those freed from the duty of hearing arms.

IN POLICE COURT

In Police Court, Thursday morning Robert Woodhouse, colored, was given 6 months on the County Roads. Woodhouse was charged with breaking into a store on Park Street, stealing a bracelet watch, and stealing a box of cigars from the Standard Drug Company on Fearing St. The case against James Shannon, colored, who was charged with breaking into a store on Park Street, Wednesday morning, was continued and will be tried in Police Court Friday.

EYE EXAMINATIONS

and fitting glasses is my exclusive work—and only the most modern methods are used—When I have your glasses ready for adjustment, they are Eyeglasses of the finest quality, exactly made to correct the defect of either or both eyes—Let me supply you with correct glasses. No drugs used. DR. J. D. HATHAWAY Over McCabe & Grice

FINDS EDEN IN CAMDEN COUNTY

SUCCESSFUL CIVIL ENGINEER WITH NATION WIDE EXPERIENCE INVESTS SAVINGS IN RECLAIMED CAMDEN SWAMP (By United Press) The South offers the best opportunity for investment in the United States and the lands of Eastern North Carolina are unsurpassed. This is but one of the most conservative estimates of this section expressed by Mr. M. E. Chapel who comes to Elizabeth City in a few days to make his home. Mr. Chapel's story reads like the Saturday Evening Post or Grimm's Fairy Tales, but it happens to be real life right here in Eastern North Carolina. Six or seven years ago a young civil engineer, a graduate of the State College of Iowa, came here upon invitation of the Camden River Drainage Association to make the survey for the contractors that dug the canals in the drainage district. He surveyed the entire district and it happened that the native folk affected by the drainage tax were anxious to get rid of their land. They offered them for sale at what the young engineer considered marvellously low prices and he invested all of his savings in these lands and he had acquired hundreds of acres. When his work in Camden County had been finished he went to Wilson and Swan Quarters and engaged in mining work. He continued to invest his savings in Camden County land. Recently he resigned his position in Hyde county on the streambank drainage job and will now make his home in Elizabeth City. Educated in the Middle West, and with extensive knowledge of the entire country, Mr. Chapel declares that he is convinced that the South is the land of the United States and that right here in the streambank swamp lands of Eastern North Carolina is to be found farm land that when drained will astonish anyone who has not been to regard this as utterly worthless patch land. In fact, is the sort in which Mr. Chapel has invested liberally and he thoroughly believes that he was not mistaken in his valuation of the investment. He now expects to go about the work of clearing his land and can then proceed to make it complete the drainage, and then, he will show the results of his operation what can be done. "We can grow anything in South," says Mr. Chapel. "There is scarcely any limit to what we can do." "On the South the seasons are so short that you have to nurse your crop as though it were a baby to keep it from, even stock raising is a burden because you have to feed your cattle nine months in the year from corn bought from Iowa. Many farms have been entirely abandoned in the north and many have been turned into unsatisfactory because feed has to be brought in from the middle West for the cattle and chickens. "The Northern farmer works hard for what he gets. The southern farmer couldn't stand such hard work and the negro would die off in short order on the northern farm."

RUMANIANS JOIN RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE

(By United Press) Washington, July 12.—The re-organized Rumanian army has joined the Russian offensive, according to Petrograd cables which also states that the Russian advance continues along a front of 350 miles with general fighting from the Carpathians to Buch.

DECLARES USUAL SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

The insurance firm of Culpepper, Griffin, Old and Grice, at the regular director's meeting Thursday morning declared a semi-annual dividend of eight per cent. An officer of the company told a reporter for this paper following the meeting that the directors were very much pleased with the excellent financial condition and the large amount of new business done by this established firm for the last six months.

MUST ACT BY END OF WEEK

NO APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED AFTER SUNDAY, JULY 15TH, FOR ADMISSION TO THE SECOND OFFICERS TRAINING CAMP AT FORT OGLETHORPE (By United Press) Branch Manager H. T. Greenleaf of the Officers' Training Camp Association is anxious to impress upon those who are thinking of entering the second officers training camp at Fort Oglethorpe the necessity of immediate decision in this matter. "No applications will be received after Sunday, July 15th," says Mr. Greenleaf, "and I wish again to call attention to the fact that this is the last opportunity for the civilian to secure a commission in the National Army except by the slow and uncertain process of promotion from the ranks. "North Carolina is called upon to furnish 379 men for the Officers' Training camp in August. Thus far only 300 men have applied, of these two thirds are about 25 years of age, and only one third above 31 years. "It is especially desired to secure for this camp mature men, men of affairs, men capable of leadership, men of extensive business experience, and men who have been successful in their respective undertakings. Hence emphasis has been laid upon the call for those above 31 years. Those above this age who possess qualities for command are acceptable but the older men will be given preference only when their qualifications are superior. There are even some men below 25 years of age, who have demonstrated their ability as leaders, who will be called of the second camp at Fort Oglethorpe. "The present slow response from the State, with North Carolina's past war record, can only be due to a misconception of the needs or a misunderstanding of the requisite requirements. There has been an unnecessary delay in the desire not to disrupt business by taking into the army men who are important in the affairs of the State. This delay has been a waste of valuable material to get into the ranks as a private or a man with the ordinary technical training of an Engineer or a man with extensive experience in textile manufacturers. This does not apply to the call for Officers. With proper selection, the only men who need competent military instruction are those who are actually or potentially suitable in civil affairs. "The conditions for an officer's commission are not as high as they are generally supposed to be. The training is of a practical nature and is of less than a year in duration. It is not in any sense essential that industry, and leadership combined with sound physique are the requirements. "A good education is necessary but this does not demand graduation or even attendance at a college. The training of an active business life may greatly outweigh an academic degree. "Only a strong and sound body can stand the strain of a military campaign. But previously athletic prowess is not essential. Even the older men, those above 40 years, have stood the test well at the first Camp. Instead of breaking, they have steadily improved in their physical condition. "In organizing the first camp there was only a scanty preliminary 'wooding' conducted by the Examining Officers. No very searching physical examination was made until after the applicants had begun their work at Camp, nor was a very careful investigation made, in many cases, of their mental fitness for the task ahead. It was the expectation to eliminate a large percentage—perhaps 50 per cent, perhaps 75 per cent—during the course of training. This laid a great hardship upon many men. Some having given up their positions in civil life, failed to win their commissions and are thus left without a means of livelihood. The shortness of the time that was made possible for the first organization was responsible for this fault. "It is the intention to avoid these

Von Hindenburg Plays to the Gallery

Trying to Stem Tide of Dissatisfaction at Home By Activity Along Western Front

GERMANS DEVELOP A NEW ATTACK

(By HENRY WOOD) (United Press Staff Correspondent) With The French Armies In The Field, July 12.—Germany has organized a new branch of fighting forces—"Stosstruppe," literally "storm troops." The enemy tried out their new war idea first along the Chemin des Dames. It gained them ground, temporarily. The Germans used ten or twelve fresh battalions (from 10,000 to 12,000 men) in the new tactics. These "Stosstruppen" are especially picked troops. They often attack in their shirt-sleeves and are armed principally with grenades. The moment they capture a position the "Stosstruppen" are relieved by regular, but less combative, troops who bring with them trench mortars, machine guns, machine-guns, barbed-wire and everything necessary to hold and organize the captured positions. Just as soon as these troops arrive, the "Stosstruppen" return to the rear. There they are rewarded by long vacations and other special considerations.

HAS RESIGNED FROM EXEMPTION BOARD

Mr. C. H. Robinson, chairman of the Board of Exemptions of Pasquotank County, has resigned and Dr. John B. Geiges has been appointed in his place.

REPUBLICANS SURROUND PEKING

Ten Team, July 12.—Sixty thousand republican troops now surround Peking. The imperialistic forces under command of General Hsuan are crowded inside the capital. The British forces are armed with 76 guns.

OCCUPY AUSTRIAN HEADQUARTERS

Petrograd, July 12.—The Russians have occupied Kalusch, the former headquarters of the Austrian army. Many prisoners were taken. London, July 12.—On a front of more than 120 miles from Tarnopol to the Carpathians the Russians have revived the fight and the armies are battling their way forward today. In a ten days offensive they have penetrated the Austrian lines in two places and captured a score of cities and towns and villages, crossed two great rivers and taken 43,000 prisoners.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES EFFECT ORGANIZATION

The new board of graded school trustees held their first meeting on Wednesday night and effected organization. E. F. Aydlett was elected chairman, P. H. Williams, vice-chairman, and W. H. Jennings, Secretary-Treasurer.

GERMAN ATTACKS ARE REPULSED

(By United Press) London, July 12.—The Germans attempted a general raid last night south of Lombardtyde. Field Marshal Haig reports today, but were successfully driven off. Paris, July 12.—German attacks in the region of Juvincourt and on both banks of the Meuse were repulsed today. In the Champagne region and on the Alsace front in the south sector there is active artillery fighting.

LOSSES PROBABLY TWENTY THOUSAND

London, July 12.—British losses around Nisapur are probably 20,000.

WEATHER West portion probably thundershowers tonight and Friday. West portion thundershowers this afternoon or tonight. Friday fair, gentle southwest to northwest winds.