

## Complete Work On Second Levy

### Of Two Hundred Called For Examination Thirteen Slackers Failed To Appear

The Pasquotank county exemption board completed Wednesday evening the examination of the second levy of two hundred men registered for military service under the selective draft law Saturday.

- Of the two hundred called for examination, thirteen registrants failed to appear. These "slackers" are the following:
- 1839 Matthew Cartwright.
  - 585 Fred Sawyer, R F D 3.
  - 781 Jas Ballamy, City.
  - 180 Joshua A. White, City.
  - 1395 Cleveland R. Cherry.
  - 1350 Wm. Henry White, City.
  - 1183 J. A. Jackson, City.
  - 1109 Oscar Johnson, City.
  - 284 Tom Louder, City.
  - 1898 A. S. C. Perkins, City.
  - 4 Geo. H. Wood, Chapanoke.
  - 1021 Gordon Jeffries, City.
  - 929 Edward Johnson.

Those examined on Wednesday and passing the physical examination were:

- 1857 Jas. E. Jenkins, City.
- 285 Richard Thompson, City.
- 1813 Hezekiah Pool, City.
- 1051 J. P. Carter, City.
- 303 M. F. Sanders, Weeksville.
- 563 W. E. Aydtlett, R F D 4.
- 146 Harry Sedgewick, City.
- 843 Jas. E. Lumsden, R F D 1.
- 1050 Chas. P. White, City.
- 1876 E. M. Moore, City.
- 1879 Dodson White, City.
- 1008 Willie Burden, City.
- 299 Celon Martin, City.
- 1075 Eugene Pallin, City.
- 750 Irving Falls, City.
- 58 Wallace Russell, R F D 5.
- 19 Isaac Butte, Okisko.
- 400 Alfonso Kinsey, R 1 Wksville.
- 1320 Arthur Watson, City.
- 832 R. D. Raper, R F D 1.
- 206 William Garfield, City.
- 228 John T. Leigh, City.
- 872 Everett Phitcheard, R F D 2.
- 430 Thos. E. Hollowell, Wksville.
- 965 Miles Russell, Jr., R F D 5.
- 328 Mordecai Keaton, Wksville.
- Edwin F. Aydtlett, Jr., City.
- W. T. Willoughby, City.
- Walter Carver, R F D 4.
- 125 Joe Hughes.

Those failing to pass the examination Wednesday are:

- 1035 Frank Kramer, City.
- 715 John V. Barellitt, City.
- 845 Henry Spelman, R F D 5.
- 1218 E. C. Western, City.
- 1119 Frank Jones, City.
- 560 Mullins Stallings, R F D 6.
- 1163 Raleigh Morrisette, City.
- 229 Alex R. Wilson, City.
- 410 Abram Shannon, Weeksville.
- 1189 Patrick Ives, City.
- 115 Wm. Reginald Lambert, City.
- 1180 M. F. Gregory, City.
- 136 Thos. S. Owens, City.
- 544 Wm. C. Etheridge, R F D 4.
- 1269 Thomas Perry, City.

## HOLLAND UNDER GERMAN THREAT

(By United Press)  
Washington, Aug. 23.—Germany will bring pressure to bear on the Netherlands with the threat to give her no more steel for shipbuilding unless these ships be used for German interests during the war and five years after.

## BIG INCREASE IN FOOD PRODUCTS

### VALUE OF INCREASE IN THE OLD NORTH STATE AGGREGATES OVER \$15,000,000 FOR INCREASED ACREAGE OF 20 PER CENT

(By United Press)  
Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 23.—During the recent war months, North Carolina has increased its food output to the extent of approximately \$15,000,000. It has added about 20 percent to its sown acreage in corn, beans, potatoes, sweet potatoes, cowpeas and minor crops.

The State Food Conservation Commission, backed by North Carolina patriotism, has done it. Now, this small group of North Carolinians is launching a big Fall drive with two principal objectives. One is in accordance with the appeal of Herbert C. Hoover's nation's food administrator, for increased live-stock production. The other—admittedly one of the foremost questions for the state to solve—is extension and reforming of the state marketing system.

The Commission wants better markets for its corn crop, for its wheat, its oats, and for meats. Recent establishment at Raleigh, New Bern, Charlotte and elsewhere, of meat packing houses, the commission believes, is going to go a long way toward stimulating cattle breeding. A liberal policy of guaranteeing as far as practicable, adequate profit to the farmers of the state is one of the first plans of the commission. President Wilson has pointed the way in this direction. "Profiteering" also—in line with the president's edicts—must cease in North Carolina, says the commission.

Besides production, the commission cooperating with the Home Demonstration Service of the Department of Agriculture, has conducted a state-wide campaign for drying and canning of surplus fruits and vegetables. As a result, 3,000,000 cans, it is estimated, repose in North Carolina's warehouses.

## TEACHERS ENJOY DELIGHTFUL EVENING

The teacher-students who are attending the Teachers Institute here enjoyed a delightful evening at Bartlett's Beach Wednesday.

## SPECIAL MEETING FOR SOLDIER BOYS

The B. Y. P. U. of Blackwell Memorial church will give a special patriotic program at Sunday evening's meeting, in honor of the boys who have gone and those who will go out from its membership as soldiers. Among these are Earl Chesson, Henry Newbold and Joseph Peele, all very active in B. Y. P. U. work since its organization here. The meeting will be held at seven o'clock.

## FIX PRICES OF ANTHRACITE COAL

### COPPER DICTATOR WILL NEXT BE APPOINTED AND STEEL CONTROL MAY POSSIBLY FOLLOW

(By United Press)  
Washington, Aug. 23.—The prices of anthracite coal will be fixed by President Wilson probably within 24 hours, it is officially stated.

It was simultaneously announced that the President will appoint a copper dictator for the direct purchasing and distribution of copper products.

It has not been decided whether a steel dictator will be added to the list or not, but it does not now appear likely.

The President is eliminating all engagements possible to clean up the price-fixing work.

Effective immediately prices fixed on bituminous coal are now in effect.

Secretary Tumulty wrote an enquirer about the new schedule, "Effectively immediately."

## WHEAT FOR EASTERN N. C.

### STATE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION URGES FARMERS TO FULFILL OBLIGATIONS TO FAMILY BY SOWING WHEAT

West Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 23.—While the growing of wheat on a large scale is not advised for the farm in Eastern North Carolina, still there is considerable of this grain produced in this section, and there are some farms where the production compared favorably with that in the Piedmont and Mountain sections of the State. In the opinion of members of the staff of the Agricultural Experiment Station, the crop may be grown profitably, at present prices, in certain sections of the Coastal Plain, if several precautions are observed:

First, the soil used for planting must be fine-grained and fairly compact in nature, and well drained; the land must be properly broken, allowed to settle well, and the surface for 3 inches put in fine condition just before seeding by means of disk and smoothing harrows; seedings should be made at the rate of 4 to 6 pecks per acre of good seed of standard varieties, such as the smooth-headed Leap's Prolific, Purple Straw, and Fultz, or the bearded Fulcaster and Dietz-Mediterranean; an excess of organic matter, like grass, weeds and leguminous cover crops, should not be turned into the soil at such a time and in such a way as to leave the soil too open in its nature; the wheat should be seeded after the first killing frost; good applications of farm manures, supplemented by the right kinds of commercial fertilizers, or of the latter alone, if manures are not available, should be used in the right way; and, finally, good seed free from disease spores should be used. The observance of these few simple rules will add insurance to the growing of a full crop.

Wheat and flour both are likely to be high in price during the coming year, and individual farmers would be fulfilling an obligation to their families by putting in a small acreage of wheat, and thus insuring the home bread supply for the season.

Captain and Mrs. W. B. Alexander and children and Mrs. Margaret Cartwright motored to the city from Norfolk Wednesday to spend some time with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Jackson on Pennsylvania Avenue.

## GROW WHEAT ON SHARES

### CO-OPERATION BETWEEN TOWN AND COUNTRY CITIZENS MEANS OF INCREASING NATION'S FOOD CROP

(By W. J. PEELE)

As a suggestion to promote intensive farming which everybody knows is good farming, and tends to plenty, dwellers in cities, towns and villages may each have cultivated on shares one or more acres of land in wheat this winter—they furnish the seed wheat and fertilizer—a plenty or fertilizer—and the farmers do the rest. It would pay both sides; for the ten bushels per acre, which contents the average farmer in North Carolina can be raised to thirty or forty by a plenty of fertilizer; and both parties to the contract will profit—the farmer especially.

I mentioned the idea and offer to a farmer today and he closed the trade at once, and all he wanted to know was would I furnish enough fertilizer to make, on good natural wheat land, in ordinary seasons, good crops. We meant for making good crops to put in enough fertilizer to reasonably double and perhaps much more than double what he had been making. This contract pays both sides. He gets his seed free and more wheat than he usually makes and all straw, and the effect of the fertilizer on his land for future crops.

The science of farming is the science of fertilizing. There are doubtless many thousand acres of land in North Carolina that by this method, can be sowed in wheat this winter and splendidly fertilized, which would otherwise lie idle, or what is nearly as bad, be sowed in inferior grain with poor preparation and meager or no fertilization.

There are many thousand dwellers in the towns and villages of North Carolina alone who would do well to settle their bread question for the next year by having sowed down for them this fall at least one good acre of wheat well prepared and well fertilized. I do not mean by a good acre, rich land, though that is better to start with, but I mean land adapted to wheat—natural wheat land. There is plenty of it.

## WILL BURN LESS MONEY IN DIXIE

### "MOUTH OF THE PIT" PRICES PROMISE TO BE LOWER IN THE SOUTH THAN IN OTHER SECTIONS AND TRANSPORTATION DISTANCES ARE LESS

(By United Press)  
Richmond, Aug. 23.—Dixie will burn up less money—in kitchen stoves—this winter than in many old winters past.

The coal men here have agreed that consumers in the South may profit even more by President Wilson's "mouth of the pit" price fixing than in other sections.

The prices named at Southern mines, it is pointed out, is in most instances lower than in other sections and transportation distances are less.

## COTTON REPORT

(By United Press)  
Washington, Aug. 23.—Exports of cotton seed products August 1st, 1916 to July 31st, 1917, amounted to 152,950,259 pounds of oil; 514,094 tons of cake and meal; 414,907 running bales and linters. Imports were 11,982,441.

## WILL MOVE NEXT TO FOWLER AND CO.

The E. M. Stevens Co., now occupying the building on the corner of Matthews and Water streets next to the J. H. Aydtlett Hardware Company, will move to the building between Selig's Jewelry Store and Fowler and Company.

## No Let Up In Deluge Of War

### Lens Still The Hottest Point Of The Fighting On The British Front. French And Italians Fighting With Incessant Fury.

(By United Press)

London, August 23.—The Allies great offensive, unceasingly boring ahead, has already cost the Germans and Austrians close to 100,000 dead and wounded and at least 25,000 prisoners on the British, French and Italian fronts.

But despite these staggering losses there is no let up in the deluge of shells and of men.

West of the Italian front the Germans are starting a defensive of their own against the Russians and in their drive have already gained ground on the Riga front.

Lens is still the hottest point in the fighting on the British front. Despite all resistance, the Canadians advanced their encircling lines slightly last night, reports Haig.

## NEW ZENITH DESTRUCTIVENESS

With the French Armies Afield, August 23.—A new zenith of destructiveness is being set by French artillery fire out of Verdun.

The hail of fire from the French gunners poured and still continued to pour against the Germans and as far exceeded in its pulverizing damage to the enemy the unprecedented horror of the great German guns at Liege and Brussels as those "busy Berthas" of the early days of the war surpassed any previous artillery.

## ITALIANS UNCEASINGLY ACTIVE

With the Italian Armies Afield, August 23.—A gun every thirty yards on a front of 37 miles was the concentration of artillery achieved in one place in the great line where General Cadorna's men pressed onward.

Approximately 2,000 artillery pieces of every conceivable calibre are unceasingly active in this sector. The enemy is resisting desperately but headquarters detected signs of wavering in the morale of the enemy's forces in the face of this incessant Italian fire.

## SAMMIES GET THEIR FIRST GAS

### GIVEN OPPORTUNITY TO ACCUSTOM THEMSELVES TO DOSE OF WHAT THE BOCHES USED WITH DEADLY EFFECT AT FIRST

(By J. W. PEGLER)  
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)  
With the American Expeditionary Army in France, Aug. 23.—American troops have been "gassed."

It was a purely voluntary gassing, however, part of the battle hardening process. The soldiers donned their gas masks for the first time and were sent through regularly built "gas chambers" to meet various kinds of attacks by the enemy in his attacks.

Then there were drills in the donning of the masks and their proper adjustment. The soldiers quickly caught the idea and before long were putting on the air filters in four or five seconds.

Over the whole American camp today there was another kind of vapor—a nice, soothing, pleasant-smelling one. It was the smoke from thousands of cigarettes and pipes in which burned good American tobacco nice again. The quartermaster's department announced the arrival of a big shipment of American "makin'" and big run on his store followed.

## MEN SHIFTED TO CAROLINA

(By United Press)  
Washington, Aug. 23.—The National Guardsmen who were entrained for Palo Alto, California, will be shifted to North Carolina, according to present War Department plans.

## FRUITS OF VICTORY

Paris, Aug. 23.—Prisoners in France's great drive taken since Monday have increased to a total of 8,426, according to announcements from the war office.

Of these, 7,640 are wounded, 600 hospital cases, 186 officers. Other fruits of victory are 24 cannon and more than 200 machine guns.

Rome, Aug. 23.—The Italians have captured 16,350 Austrians in their sweeping advance, of which 350 are officers. New successes on the south wing and strong positions captured—this is the official report today.

## WILSON NAME SOUTHERN MEN

(By United Press)  
Washington, Aug. 23.—President Wilson today nominated James T. Newton of Georgia to be Commissioner of Patents, and William L. Frierson of Chattanooga, Tenn., to be assistant attorney general.

## REPAIRING BUILDING J. B. FLORA COMPANY

The large building at the foot of Main street, occupied by the J. B. Flora Company is being repaired and repaired and begins to take on the appearance of a new building, greatly adding to the appearance of the business section of the city.

## WEATHER

Generally fair tonight and Friday; light southwest to west winds.