

Open Demand For German Revolt

Conservative German Newspaper Calls Kaiser Germany's Executioner and advises People to save Themselves

Amsterdam, January 28. — The open demand that the German people revolt in order to save themselves and reference to the Kaiser as Germany's hangman is made by the *Deutsches Tages Zeitung* according to copies of that paper received here.

The *Tages Zeitung* is a conservative newspaper, the organ of the landed class in Germany.

It has not heretofore been regarded as in the slightest degree radical.

Annexationists Denounce Czernin

Style Hint at Negotiation With America as Fraternal Kiss for Wilson

Amsterdam, January 28.—German annexationist organizations fairly outdid themselves in the denunciation of Count Czernin, the Austria-Hungarian foreign minister, for his hint at negotiations with President Wilson. "Count Czernin's offer to open negotiations with Wilson endangers Germany's life and interests," said Count Von Reventlow, foremost advocate of Prussianism. "We do not trust Czernin," said the *Tagliche Rundschau*. The newspaper, *Die Post*, heads its violent attack on the Austria-Hungarian minister "Czernin's Fraternal Kiss for Wilson."

SOCIALIST CANDIDATE WINS

Victory of the Socialist candidate, Herr Uhlig, over the Conservative aspirant, Dr. Herrman, in the election to the Reichstag at Bauzon, Saxony, is reported in Berlin dispatches. The Socialist organ, *Vorwaertz*, recalling the opinion expressed by the Conservative, *Kreuz Zeitung*, that the election would be a test of the feeling of the German people, declared that victory must come to the Socialist majority's policies.

UKRANIANS BITTERLY FIGHTING

The Ukrainians are bitterly fighting the Bolsheviki, seeking possession of Luch, and have asked the assistance of the Austro-Hungarian commander, but were refused aid, according to Vienna dispatches.

GERMAN LABOR DEMANDS MUCH

And Would Have Laws Enforced by Inspectors Appointed by Laborers

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 28.—The outline of revolutionary demands to be made on the Kaiser's government by German labor shows that they are asking more of the despot than American labor has asked of its democracy.

The program provides for an eight hour day and a six day week, prohibits all Sunday work except that absolutely necessary, and provides for a day of rest during the week for Sunday workers; prohibits night work except in a few cases where it is absolutely necessary, which can be determined by law.

No child under fifteen can be employed in any kind of work. Those between fifteen and eighteen may not work more than six hours a day. These may not be employed at night, on Sundays, on holidays, in mines or in work dangerous to the health.

The enforcement of the laws protecting labor in this way would be in the hands of inspectors chosen by the laborers themselves.

TICKETS SELLING FOR BRYAN LECTURE

Tickets are selling at Selig's for the lecture by William Jennings Bryan Wednesday night.

It was erroneously reported or rumored on Saturday about town that all tickets had been sold, and some country people who came to town to get tickets, went away without making the effort to secure them.

While tickets are selling well, there are plenty of seats to be had and these should be secured as soon as possible.

Prices downstairs in the Alhambra are \$2.00 and \$1.50 and in the balcony \$1.00.

Mail orders for tickets should be addressed with check enclosed to C. R. Puff, Manager Chamber of Commerce.

Tickets should be bought without further delay, for it is expected that the house will be packed and that it will be impossible to get tickets at the last minute.

BLEACHED COTTONS AND DRESS GINGHAMS ARE BEING SOLD AT BARGAIN PRICES AT MITCHELLS.

MY VELOCIPED IS LOST AND IF YOU WILL RETURN IT TO 102 East Matthews Street I will give you 50 cents. Suzanne Melick. J. 28, 29, 30

WILSON'S PROCLAMATION

Washington, January 26.—The following is the text of President Wilson's proclamation on food conservation:

"Many causes have contributed to create the necessity for a more intensive effort on the part of our people to save food in order that we may supply our associates in the war with the sustenance vitally necessary to them in these days of privation and stress. The reduced productivity of Europe, because of the large diversion of man power to the war, the partial failure of harvests and the elimination of the more distant markets for foodstuffs through the destruction of shipping, places the burden of their subsistence very largely on our shoulders.

"The food administration has formulated suggestions which, if followed, will enable us to meet this great responsibility, without any real inconvenience on our part.

WHEAT IS NECESSARY

"In order that we may reduce our consumption of wheat and wheat products by thirty per cent—a reduction imperatively necessary to provide the supply for overseas—wholesalers, jobbers and retailers should purchase and resell to their customers only seventy per cent of the amounts used in 1917. All manufacturers of alimentary pastes, biscuits, crackers, pastry and breakfast cereals should reduce their purchases and consumption of wheat, and wheat flour, to 70 per cent of their normal requirements, and all all bakers of bread and rolls to 80 per cent of their current requirements. Consumers should reduce their purchases of wheat products for home preparation to at most 70 per cent of those of last year, or when buying bread, should purchase equal breads from the bakers.

To provide sufficient cereal food, homes, public eating places, dealers, and manufacturers should substitute potatoes, vegetables, corn, barley, oats and rice products, and the mixed cereal bread and other products of the kitchen which contain an admixture of other cereals.

TWO WHEATLESS DAYS

"In order that consumption may be restricted to this extent, Mondays and Wednesdays should be observed as wheatless days each week, and one meal each day should be observed as a wheatless meal.

"In both homes and public eating places, in order to reduce the consumption of beef, pork and sheep products, Tuesday should be observed as meatless day in each week, one meatless meal should be observed in each day; while, in addition, Saturday in each week should further be observed as a day upon which there should be no consumption of pork products.

"A continued economy in the use of sugar will be necessary until later in the year.

"It is imperative that all waste and unnecessary consumption of all sorts of foodstuffs should be rigidly eliminated.

URGES SUBSTITUTION

"The maintenance of the health and strength of our own people is vitally necessary at this time, and there should be no dangerous restriction of the food supply; but the elimination of every sort of waste and the substitution of other commodities of which we have more abundant supplies for those which we need to save, will in no way impair the strength of our people and will enable us to meet one of the most pressing obligations of the war.

"I, therefore, in the national interest, take the liberty of calling upon every loyal American to take fully to heart the suggestions which are being circulated by the food administration and of begging that they be followed. I am confident that the great body of our women who have labored so loyally in co-operation with the food administration for the success of food conservation will strengthen their efforts and will take it as a part of their burden in this period of national service to see that the above suggestions are observed throughout the land.

—WOODROW WILSON.

"The White House, 18th January, 1918."

BIG CROWDS AT BIG SALE

Big crowds attended the big sale around at the Busy Store on Saturday, the opening day, and the only thing that kept them away on Monday was the order of the Fuel Administrator which closed the store.

"Both doors will be open bright and early Tuesday morning, however," says Mr. E. F. Spencer, "and those who have not yet seen the bargains at McCabe and Grice ought not to wait another day."

"I never saw so much silk bought in one day" said one of the attractive young lady clerks in the store Saturday evening. "If wearing silk is patriotic, our customers are staunch patriots. But you couldn't wonder that they buy it, when we are selling such lovely silks at such low prices,

and some of them are actually the new spring silks, just come in."

"Nothing appealed to me like the percales and wash goods," said one customer, "I simply stocked up for my spring sewing and I saved enough to buy me a new dress, which I had not expected to be able to afford."

The sale only lasts a few days, and customers are hastening to take advantage of the bargains now.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES

Special Opportunity

Family or six children all young. Father sixty years old, an invalid. Family desires to return to Rockingham, N. C. Funds are needed at once to pay car fare and incidental expenses.

See D. B. Marks, Secretary Associated Charities Committee.

Baker Replies To His Critics

Declares Every Man in Training Camps Ready to go to the Fighting Line When Needed and that Big Guns will Be Supplied

Washington, January 28.—Declaring that every man in the thirty two National Guard and National Army camps is now ready to be sent to France whenever needed, Secretary of War Baker today struck back at the critics of the War Department.

In this sweeping statement delivered before the Senate Military Committee he showed the great steps that this government has taken. Some of them have been necessarily sudden, and hence without sufficient preparation, in order to win the war.

In reply to those who have criticized the war government he shot back the following:

"Laxity in medical service at camps will not be tolerated:

"The officers have been courtmartialled and dismissed from the army who were negligent in attending the sick;

"General Pershing himself O. K.'s the adoption of the modified Enfield rifle;

"Many times as many men are now in France as had been originally planned for this date;

"On November 1st, 140 machine guns were sent to each training camp;

"Our army in France is now large and will be much larger. It will have the type of artillery that it wants and needs. Three hundred three inch aircraft guns will be turned out monthly in this country before another year."

General Wood suggested calling out a large army before rifles and other supplies were ready, Baker said.

Baker told Wood that it would be foolish in view of the dearth of arms and equipment.

Baker said "General Wood told me that men called out would need many things before they needed rifles. He said they would need to learn how to live together, how to keep step, and how to learn to observe the rules of camp sanitation."

Cunarder Sunk By Submarine

Passengers and Crew for Most Part Rescued But Some in Pitiable condition

A Coast Town, County of Antrim, Ireland, January 28.—More than two hundred passengers and the crew of the Cunard Liner *Andania* were landed here Sunday morning, many of the crew in pitiable condition from exposure and cold.

Some of the crew, clad but lightly, suffered most severely, but most of the passengers were warmly clad or wrapped in blankets.

Among those carried ashore in safety by the sailors were two babies.

It is reported here that the explosion of the second torpedo had killed five stokers.

The rescue of so large a number is explained from the fact that the moment the attack was made the crew was preparing for drill with the lifeboats.

The submarine which hit the *Andania* was twice seen, once when but twenty yards distant, and again at a distance of fifty yards.

VOTE CONFIDENCE IN COUNT CZERNIN

Amsterdam, Jan. 28.—The Foreign Committee of the Austro-Hungarian Reichstag passed a vote of confidence in the Foreign Minister Count Czernin, according to Vienna dispatches received here today.

The vote was not unanimous, but carried by fourteen to seven.

WEATHER

Snow or rain tonight. Tuesday fair and colder. Cold wave on way with fresh south to southwest winds.

BUYING SPRING-MILLINERY

Miss Sallie Perry left Sunday for New York and other northern markets to buy spring millinery. Upon her return, her popular millinery shop in the Y. M. C. A. building will become a busy centre of industry in preparation for the showing of advance spring styles in beautiful millinery and for the annual spring millinery opening which weather and fashion prophets predict will be featured quite early this year.