

## Liberty Drive Gets Good Start

LARGE CROWDS HERE SATURDAY AND ORATOR DAY SWEEPED BIG CROWD TO PATRIOTIC AND ENTHUSIASTIC APPLAUSE

Speaking under the open sky and in a drizzle rain, heard by a crowd that remained standing throughout his address with no shelter except that of an occasional umbrella, Hon. Frank G. Odell of Nebraska opened the drive here for the Fourth Liberty Loan with the biggest and best war speech heard in Elizabeth City in a long time. Despite untoward circumstances the crowd gave the speaker the closest attention and gave vent to their approbation of his burning words again and again with bursts of hearty applause.

The crowd that came to Elizabeth City on Saturday to celebrate the opening of the Fourth Liberty Loan was typical of the crowds that at various places throughout the city and county assembled on Sunday to receive the appeal of the representatives of their Government for subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan. "We had packed houses everywhere we went," said Chairman Spencer enthusiastically Monday morning. The American soldier, wounded in the fighting at Chateau Thierry that turned the tide of the German invasion and rolled it back toward Germany, added greatly to the interest in the speaking and he was heard at the courthouse Saturday afternoon at the Alkrana Saturday night, at the First Methodist Sunday School and Blackwell Memorial Baptist Church Sunday morning; at Union Church Sunday afternoon and at Newland High School Sunday night, with the greatest interest.

The speaking Saturday afternoon was held on the courthouse green at the close of the Liberty Loan parade. The orator was introduced by Solicitor J. C. B. Ehringhaus. In part Mr. Odell said:

It is no part of my purpose at this time to waver the flag or recite the historic glories of the Republic. Time is too precious for perfunctory oratory or phrase-making. Our sons are fighting to the death in France on the far-flung battle line of democracy and the writing of history's most resplendent page awaits the hour when their sacrifice shall be complete and their valor meet its reward in the liberation of the world.

This is the most momentous time in the history of man. This thing for which we have sent our most precious possession into battle shines with greater spirituality than any event in human progress since Christ died on Calvary. As God reigns and cares for His creatures, there can be but one ending to this conflict: "The World must be safe for democracy." Prussianism is damned of God and all liberty loving men. It is doomed to speedy extinction. Having drawn our sword in this righteous cause, it shall never be sheathed until the foul philosophy and devilish statecraft of the Hun is sent reeling down to the hell from whence it came.

I have no quarrel with any man, of any race, who loves democracy; but I submit that in the light of history there is no more of concord between Germanism of the present day and democracy than there is between Heaven and Hell.

Nor have I any tinge or inclination toward soft-speaking or sweet charity for the lover of German forms of government and apologies for German policies of social development. My son, like yours, sees the Hun "over there." My Government is at war with Germany and the German people. My Government has declared that German ideas of government shall not be chained on the world if

force can prevent that calamity. To the accomplishment of this end the Congress of the United States has solemnly pledged "all the resources of the nation." And, God being my helper, I shall endeavor to help keep that pledge though it cost my last penny and my life if need be.

I could do no less and be worthy of the exalted trust of citizenship. We are at war with Germany, not only in France, but here, in America, and the man who does not his utmost to root Germanism out of this nation and make it one hundred per cent loyal to the flag is a yellow dog, less worthy of respect than the cur that slinks through the alleys feeding on garbage.

"PEACEFUL PENETRATION"  
The Germanization of democratic peoples began with the typical German policy of "peaceful penetration" with the studious and carefully planned colonization of the countries they were determined to dominate, with the establishment of little Germanies in every nook and corner of the world. In the prosecution of this imperial plan our own country was not neglected. As a result, the doctrine of Deutschem has saturated our national life. "The German vote" and the German influence has been one of the dominant factors in our politics, and, over a large part of our territory, still exists as a dangerous political force.

I submit to you that if we are to perform our allotted task in winning this war and make safe the democracy of the constitution for our children, we must fight German and Germanism in America with as much of unselfish devotion and of deadly purpose as we fight that foul blight in Europe.

The whole history of the Germanic empire since the time of Attila, fifteen centuries ago, reeks with barbarism, hatred of individual liberty and free government. In modern days we have swallowed the doctrine of the German "superhuman," book, line and sinker. We have accepted as one of the axioms of our intellectual and scientific progress that the German leads the world in everything. It is a lie, conceived by the father of lies, assiduously spread by German propaganda and aided by liberty loving men who should have known better. But we have believed it. We have bowed down in humble reverence to German "Kultur" and acknowledge ourselves the inferior of the Hun. If the signs of the times can be relied upon we are about through with that suicidal idocy.

We had suggested to us that a wonderful stimulus might be given to our higher education by adopting a system of exchange professorships with German universities. We fell for it like the time honored "Rube" of the paragrapher falls for a gold brick. We sent our brightest professors to the German universities for a term of residence to absorb the economic philosophy of the Hun. They sent to us the cleverest of their professors to teach our coming leaders of thought the same philosophy. Can you guess who got the better of that exchange? We are done with that particular brand of foolishness also, or will be, when we have cleaned out and sterilized our universities.

THE INTELLECTUAL INSPIRATION OF LIBERTY  
The thing I wish most to get into your minds is this: Liberty develops intellect. Autocracy enslave and stunts both body and mind. God

## CROWDS GATHERED FOR HOME COMING

There was a splendid program and the house was packed for the Home Coming in the Sunday School of the First Methodist Church Sunday morning. The gallery was filled and there were chairs in the aisle. The collection amounted to \$60 and the amount was sent to the Methodist Orphanage. There was no special appeal for funds, this was merely the ordinary Sunday School collection.

At eleven o'clock the pastor, Rev. J. M. Ormond, spoke from the subject, "Christian Culture." His sermon was in line with the great teacher-training movement launched co-operatively by thirty denominations Sunday, with the central idea of preparing church members and Sunday school members for the task of Christianizing the world. Again the house was packed, and also at the evening service.

## GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE ELECTRIFIES HEARERS

(By A Colored Citizen)

The Negro Citizenship of this County in particular, and the entire citizenship in general were keyed up to an unusual pitch Sunday afternoon at Mt. Lebanon A. M. E. Zion church.

The occasion marked the opening of the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign among the negroes of Pasquotank County. Armond W. Scott, Esq., Grand Exalted Ruler of the I. B. P. O. of Elks of the World, of Washington, D. C. a Member of the Committee of 100 prominent negroes designated by the Government, to disseminate information among the negroes of the United States, regarding the American negro's participation in the World War was the principal speaker, having been secured and introduced by C. W. Brown, our only Negro Attorney, who is also one of the best public speakers in the State.

Lawyer Scott is a candid, impressive, logical and eloquent manner depicted the trying ordeals through which the Negroes have and are passing in an earnest and sincere effort to do their "super-bid" in this hour of National peril as full-fledged American citizens.

He recited instance after instance to substantiate the Government's avowed intention to see to it, that the Negroes of this country are given a square deal and an equal chance in the race of life in consideration of their undying loyalty and their unflinching and patriotic response to the many calls of their country.

The Government has evidently struck the keynote in the dispatching of such intelligent and broad-minded Negroes throughout the country at this time.

The Negroes manifested great interest throughout and it is to be expected as usual, that in proportion to their financial condition they will again do their bit in aiding County Chairman E. F. Spencer in his supreme effort carry the present drive "Over The Top."

A representative number of white citizens were present, prominent among whom were Lawyer C. R. Bush, Republican Candidate for Congress and City Judge Elect, Geo. J. Spence, both of whom in well chosen words put on the "Rousings." Dr. E. L. Hoffer acted as Master of Ceremonies. Dr. G. W. Cardwell and Prof. C. F. Graves, respectively, are Chairman and Secretary of the Color-Committee of the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign.

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## WAGES SUFFRAGE BEFORE CONGRESS

Washington, Sept. 30.—Shortly and sharply President Wilson called upon the United States Senate to pass the constitutional amendment granting women full and equal suffrage with men.

As Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy he declared suffrage to be vitally essential to the successful prosecution of the great war for humanity. The President declared that it is his duty to remove every obstacle that stands in the way of winning the war.

Washington, Sept. 30.—President Wilson will go to Congress at one o'clock today and ask the Senate to pass the Suffrage Amendment. He will urge that it be passed as a war measure. The President prepared his message yesterday.

## KINDERGARTEN OPENED WITH MANY PUPILS

By JOHN PEELE

About 40 little folks had assembled in the Y. M. C. A. Building when the opening exercises of the kindergarten were held Monday morning, with Mrs. J. G. Fearing and Mrs. Robert Fearing in charge.

Seated at their low tables in their little chairs they listened to the very interesting story of "The Candy Boy" told by Rev. J. M. Ormond. The story is to little folks what the story of Midas and the Golden Touch is to greedy grownups, and the little boy who whined because his mother wanted his cheeks to be rosy and therefore said that he must not eat too much candy, found when he took a dream trip to Candy Land, that after a "he preferred the wholesome, honest food and good taste and bread and butter which mother gave him to make his cheeks rosy, to the dissipation of Candy Land. And though it was only a dream the little boy learned not to whine any more.

When Mr. Ormond had finished the story, the little folks clapped their hands, and then stood and sang "America." Then Mr. Ormond and the mothers who had taken the little folks to kindergarten went away, and the real work began. Tomorrow, everybody is asked to take a box of crayolas, a pencil, some paper and some scissors.

## MINNESOTA NOW SAFE IN PORT

Washington, Sept. 30.—The United States ship Minnesota, which struck a mine off the Delaware breakwater late yesterday, is today in dry docks for repairs, the Navy Department announces.

The Red Cross Auxiliary of Blackwell Memorial Baptist Church will meet Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the work rooms at the church. All ladies are requested to attend and to bring scissors.

## FIRST DRAFT NO. PRESIDENT DRAWS

Washington, Sept. 30.—Standing blindfolded in the presence of the great crowd that thronged the Marble Cactus room of the Senate Office Building President Wilson drew the first capsule—number 222 for the first number liable to call into military service under the new draft.

Vice President Marshall drew the second number, 7,377.

Senator Haulsbury of Delaware, President Pro tem of the Senate, drew the third number, 6,768.

Speaker Clarke drew the fourth number, 1,927.

Secretary Daniels drew the fifth number, 16,169. Other prominent officials participated in the drawing.

## Bulgaria Accepts All Allied Terms

AND ARMISTICE HAS BEEN SIGNED ACCORDING TO NEWS FROM PARIS REACHING WASHINGTON TODAY

Paris, September 30.—Bulgaria is out of the war. Having accepted all the military terms imposed by the allies, she has ceased to be active participant.

CEASED HOSTILITIES AT NOON  
London, September 30.—The Allies and Bulgarians ceased hostilities at noon. The Serbian legation confirms Bulgaria's surrender.

ARMISTICE IS SIGNED  
Paris, September 30, 12:30 p. m.—The Bulgarian armistice has been signed, according to advices received here.

These reports said that all military conditions imposed by the Allies have been accepted.

Unofficially the peace terms are reported as follows: The surrender of all Bulgarian forces outside of Bulgarian territory and the demobilization of the army within.

The complete breaking of relations with Germany, Austria and Turkey.

Free access of the Allied forces to Bulgarian territory.

APPEALS TO UNITED STATES  
Washington, September 30.—The Bulgarian minister, Pazartoff, has committed to Secretary Lansing a communication from Bulgaria asking the United States to use its good offices in helping to conclude the Allied-Bulgarian armistice.

Inasmuch as the armistice has been signed, it is held by the Department that no further assistance by the American government is necessary.

SERBS CUT OFF BULGARIAN RETREAT  
London, September 30.—Serbian troops have captured Carevofolo, cutting off Bulgarian retreat, the Serbian war office announces.

Serbian and French troops are now twelve miles from Uskub on the eastward. Seven hundred prisoners and twenty guns have been captured.

## GERMANS STRUGGLE TO HOLD YANKS

By FRANK TAYLOR  
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

With American Armies in Argonne, September 30.—The Germans are constantly throwing in fresh divisions in their effort to hold back the Americans between the Argonne Forest and the Meuse, resulting in increasingly violent fighting.

Missouri, Kansas and Ohio troops, after four days continuous fighting, withstood counter attacks by fresh boche masses without budging, and then resumed their offensive, gaining more ground.

German artillery is becoming more active while our seventy-fives are firing point blank from front line positions, sweeping the muddy Argonne hills and pioneering for infantry.

AMERICANS SMASHING BUGABOO FRONT  
With the American Armies in Picardy, September 30.—The Americans have contributed their share to smashing the bugaboo western front, "The Hindenburg line," on a front of six thousand yards for about four miles. They saved in the German defenses yesterday, making an irreparable breach and penetrating a distance equal to the front of their attack. They opened the way for the Australians to shove on still further early today. The Yanks had reorganized their units and swung sharply to the left, threatening greatly to increase the break in the line through an enveloping movement.

PERSHING'S REPORT  
Washington, Sept. 30. Determined resistance by the enemy and the repulse by the Americans of a German counter attack are reported by General Pershing in his Sunday communique.

BRITISH ENTER CAMBRAI  
London, Sept. 30.—British troops have entered the northern suburbs of Cambrai, reports Marshal Haig. They have also reached the junction of the Arras-Cambrai and Bapaume-Cambrai roads on the western edge of the city.

In heavy fighting yesterday on the left battle front our advanced troops who had taken Aubencheulbauc and had entered Arleux were compelled to withdraw from these villages west and northwest of Cambrai. The enemy were unable to prevent our progress. The Americans, Australian and English, despite heavy resistance, all day yesterday gained ground between Cambrai and St. Quentin.

CHAMPAGNE OFFENSIVE RESUMED  
Paris, Sept. 30.—The Champagne

## SAYS DR. WILLIAMS AVOID CROWDING

Dr. C. B. Williams, City Health Officer, warns the people to look out for their general health and habits and not to become unduly alarmed over the fact that there are now several cases of Spanish influenza in the city.

"There is no cause for alarm yet," says Dr. Williams, "but I advise everybody to ventilate their homes and places of business as thoroughly as possible, to avoid contact with those who have coughs and colds as far as practicable, to wash out nose and gargle throat with weak warm salt water solution two or three times daily, to stay in the open air as much as possible, to sneeze and cough in handkerchiefs."

offensive after a night without infantry action was resumed at daybreak, the French War Office announces. Violent German counter attacks south of St. Quentin were repulsed during the night. There was an artillery fighting between the Aisne and the Aisne.