

# Choice Successor Murphy May Cause Tammany Split

## Hylan's Opposition to Selection of Surrogate Foley Believed in Some Quarter to be Dictated by Hearst Who Would be Glad to See Tammany Weakened

By ROBERT T. SMALL  
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New York, May 6.—Mayor Hylan seems to think it will give the people too much of an insight into Tammany affairs for a man to resign a \$15,000 job to take the leadership of Tammany Hall, which carries no salary at all.

In other words the mayor believes that a man should be wealthy in his own right before he can take a political position of this sort—a position which carries with it the right of supreme dictation in New York City affairs.

The late Charles F. Murphy had made a comfortable fortune for himself in the saloon and contracting business before he became the czar of Tammany. His friends avow that his income was increased during his tenure of office only by his investments in outside concerns.

The old guard in Tammany is saying today that Mayor Hylan's statement, hitting at the proposed appointment of Surrogate James A. Foley, as Tammany leader, is merely a gesture dictated by William Randolph Hearst, who would like to see Tammany weakened if not disrupted by an inside fight. A Tammany divided against itself would not stand. The rule of the leader must be absolute. Mutiny in the ranks would spell defeat for this most unique of political institutions.

Tammany has its own methods of taking care of its minor officials. They are all, or nearly all, placed on the city payroll in one capacity or another, at salaries ranging up to \$8,000 or \$9,000 a year. No provision ever has been made for the leader, however. All of them have had visible means of support when they undertook the direction of Tammany affairs.

The late Richard Croker was a very wealthy man. "Boss" Tweed got rich quick and paid for it by spending some of his idle time in jail.

Mayor Hylan's idea is that Tammany cannot stand the "blow" of having a man resign a \$15,000 a year judgeship to take the honorary

position of Tammany Hall leader. Yet that appears to be in the cards today. Judge Foley is an extremely popular man in the Tammany organization and the sentiment in favor of his selection as leader has been growing steadily since Mr. Murphy's unexpected death. He has not been a district leader, but he is the son-in-law of Mr. Murphy and he imbued much of the latter's political wisdom. He also knows the Murphy methods in Tammany.

Surrogate Foley's friends are very resentful of the remarks made by Mayor Hylan. They do not regard the mayor as entirely loyal to Tammany because he has been consorting too much with Mr. Hearst. Mr. Foley eventually will come into a good share of the Murphy fortune, it is believed, and thus will be able to live comfortably without a salary.

Tammany, according to its enemies, always has been able to lay a heavy levy upon would-be officeholders. No man can go to Congress in the Democratic districts of the city without the consent of the Tammany boss. No man can go on the bench, no man can aspire to a big city job unless the Tammany boss says "the word."

There never has been such a concrete political machine anywhere in the world. Tammany Hall is a big political business.

While all the indications today are that Surrogate Foley will be elected leader, thus carrying on the Murphy "dynasty," Democrats recognize quite thoroughly that Governor Al Smith will be the real power behind the throne both in Tammany and in the state.

The governor could not afford to take the leadership at this time when he is aspiring to the Presidency of the United States. It is said he prefers to work with Mr. Foley. The latter is one of the young men of Tammany, being just 42. Like his late father-in-law and like Al Smith, he is a product of the teeming East Side, where political leaders grow like weeds in a garden.

minds eye of possible travellers, through space in newspapers and magazines. The Southern Railway is doing similar work for the South and the Southern Pacific is taking a prominent part in California's publicity appeals.

"We expect newspaper ads to sell the Pacific Northwest to those who are immediately contemplating a vacation, just as the railway newspaper advertisements sell similar business," Herbert Cuthbert, secretary of the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association said. "The railroads do not look for letters asking booklets and information so much as they look for the actual buying of tickets. We believe the best way to accept this result is to use newspaper space at the right time."

## SAM SMALL IS HERE ON SUNDAY

### Noted Prohibitionist, Editor, Statesman and Preacher to be Heard in City Morning and Evening.

Dr. Sam Small will speak at Blackwell Memorial Baptist Church, Sunday, May 11 at 11 a. m. and at the First Methodist Episcopal Church at 8 p. m., under the direction of the Anti-Saloon League of America and Anti-Saloon League of North Carolina. Local arrangements are in the hands of Dr. J. H. Thayer and Dr. N. H. D. Wilson for the respective meetings.

Sam Small is again with the Anti-Saloon League of America, and will spend his remaining years on the platform for that organization. He has been heard in every state in the union many times, and often in the other lands of the earth. Few men in America have had as long a career in the movement for prohibition as he has had. Perhaps no man's name is more permanently identified with this movement than that of Sam Small.

For many years a partner of Sam Jones, under whom he was converted forty years ago while filling the place of a prominent editor and public official, Sam Small soon became known as a great evangelist in the principal cities of the United States him all the way into the fight against evil, and his voice was lifted against the liquor traffic in a day when such a protest was not very popular even in the church.

As a very young man he was admitted to the bar. He then became private secretary to ex-President Andrew Johnson. For many years he was an editor of Southern papers, notably the Atlanta Constitution, and is still a staff specialist of that newspaper. Under appointment of President Hayes he served as secretary to the American Commission in Paris in 1898, and as delegate to the International Literary Congress. While with the United States Army in Cuba in 1899 he was military supervisor of public instruction, and helped to reorganize the public schools of the island.

"The word eloquent is the weakest word that might be used in describing his platform ability," it is declared by those who know him. "He seems to grow stronger and more convincing as an orator as the years go on. He has a rare fund of humor, wit and sarcasm, and he is a strong and convincing protagonist of moral and legal reform and civic righteousness."

### EUROPE WILL NOT DISARM WITHOUT SECURITY PLEDGE

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Prime Minister, made a desperate effort to meet the situation, particularly at the Genoa Conference where he sought to establish a sense of security by proposing mutual guarantee treaties; that is, treaties by which each nation recognized as final the frontiers dividing it from

its neighbors. But unfortunately this ingenious proposal found little favor on the Continent because Belgium had been blessed with such a guarantee by her German neighbor before 1914 and recent memories bulked large. Today nearly all the debates between France and Great Britain turn on this single question of security. The British insist that the French should reduce their armies, limit their air craft, abandon submarines, since all these weapons should be used in war and the two latter could be employed against Britain. The French offer with very little hesitation to reduce their army, their aircraft, abandon submarines provided the British will join them in a treaty of alliance, insuring British aid to France in case of German attack.

From the Continental European point of view land forces present something like fire insurance. You can persuade the policy holder to reduce the amount of his insurance, certainly, but only in proportion as you can convince him that the risk of fire is diminished. You cannot persuade him by merely arguing that the possession of fire insurance is really the main cause of fire. You might also persuade him to cancel his policies provided you gave him an undertaking to make good his fire losses. But what you will never succeed in accomplishing is convincing him that on your advice and at his own risk he should cancel the insurance and rely upon your faith that where there is no insurance there will be no fire.

No European can quite understand the American and British point of view in the matter of armament. He simply concludes that because both countries are geographically protected against invasion, they have based their moral estimates upon the fact of immunity. But he becomes fairly indignant when the Anglo-Saxon, operating from assured immunity invites him to assume grave risks and refuses in any measure to share these risks. Quite incorrectly, I believe, but not unnaturally, he sees in the double manoeuvre evidence of appalling hypocrisy and rejects all arguments based upon higher idealism or superior moral standards.

Such, after all, is the present situation with respect to land armaments. At Washington two years ago, we could bring about an adjustment of naval strengths, a limitation of armaments on the seas, because Great Britain and Japan, the only other sea powers, were perfectly willing to deal with us on terms, the Japanese provided we agreed to resign all power to act offensively in Asiatic waters, the

British, provided we abandoned a naval program which would have given us world supremacy on the blue seas, because the British could not in their weakened financial state compete with us.


But today there is no similar trade to be made with the Continental European states. Mr. Wilson found out in Paris what was the price which the Continent demanded for substantial disarmament; that is, for complete and unqualified adherence to such a League of Nations as he dreamed. He thought the price reasonable, he offered to pay it but the United States refused carry out his contract. So in due course did the British.

There the matter has stood ever since. There it stands at this moment. After Mr. Coolidge had made his New York speech, the Continental comment showed quite clearly that the Continental states were still ready to return for an American guarantee of assistance in case of attack, but that they were totally unwilling to reduce their armies on the mere chance that this would insure safety rather than invite attack, they to run all the risks meantime. Any inquiry at the appropriate foreign offices of the Continental countries would, I venture to guess, disclose a survival of this point of view.

That is why Mr. Coolidge's proposal, which was properly guarded and showed no allure to appreciate the obstacles which lay in the pathway, must, for the present at least, be regarded as purely academic so far as the Continent is concerned, while certain to arouse great enthusiasm in Great Britain which shares our immunity from invasion and our dislike of conscript armies.

If, however, Mr. MasDonald, in confidence with M. Poincare, can reach some agreements on the subject of British guarantees to France, then the question will be open again and not impossibly a new Washington Conference might resume where the last left off. And the certainty of such Anglo-French conversations is recognized both in London and Paris. The President's remarks, therefore, serve again to call American attention to what promises to be the most interesting and important summer since the war and also emphasizes American interest and possible participation.

*"If she's worth while, she's worth WHITMAN'S"*  
**The Good Candy.**  
**THE APOTHECARY SHOP**

**OPTICAL SERVICE**  
  
**DR. J. W. SELIG**  
OPTOMETRIST  
521 Main St. — Elizabeth City

**J. W. Shannonhouse & Son**  
PHONE 187

## Better Delivery Service

We have put on an automobile delivery truck and can assure you that in the future your garments will be delivered to you in the best possible condition in all kinds of weather; they will be protected from the rain as well as the dust and dirt. Give us a trial and be convinced. Our slogan will be: "Rain or Shine We Deliver on Time." **PHONE 280.**

## Cooper Cleaning Works

# Community Advertising Is Breaking All Records Now

## States, Districts and Cities are Spending Vast Sums "Telling the World" of Advantages and Resources That Make Them Attractive to Home or Fortune Seeker

By J. C. ROYLE  
(Copyright, 1924, By The Advance)

New York, May 6.—"I'll tell the world" may have gone the way of other worn out slang phrases but it is still being followed as a policy by many of the states and communities of the country more faithfully than ever before. Community advertising is heavier at present than it ever has been before and is more widely distributed.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars will be expended in the next few months in outlining the advantages of states, districts and cities to the remainder of the country. Of these sums, it is probable that daily newspapers will secure between 60 and 70 per cent, the remainder being split between magazines, pamphlets and mail matter.

This tendency to advertise community advertising is not confined to any section of the country. Organized business effort devoted to advertising by railroads, hotels and communities has done wonders in popularizing New England as both a summer and a winter playground and this effort is being continuously exerted. The state of Maine is spending \$30,000 this year for newspaper advertising. At the other corner of the country, the all year club of Southern California is following up its successful campaign of 1923, when \$200,000 was spent, by an advertising effort which will cost \$350,000.

The Atlantic City Hotel Men's Association now is sponsoring a proposal to raise a fund to advertise New Jersey, its homes and resorts. The Oregon Hotel Men's Association is playing up the slogan "the Pacific Northwest—the summer playground of America" and in addition to the newspaper advertising, Oregon business men and merchants are using that phrase on their business stationery and advertising material.

The Portland, Oregon, chamber of commerce has inaugurated a two-year campaign for which \$300,000 has been raised.

During the next five years, the state of Florida will spend at least \$200,000 a year in outlining its attractions to the remainder of the nation. Across the country, Californians, Inc., report that their advertising appropriation for 1923 was \$400,000 and that last November a special additional campaign was started which will cost approximately \$250,000. National magazines, newspapers and other vehicles are being used.

The Salt Lake City chamber of

commerce was so successful in obtaining results from the \$50,000 worth of advertising placed in 1923 that the quota for this year has been raised to \$70,000. The tentative advertising budget of the Denver tourist and publicity bureau is \$150,000, or double what was spent in 1923. The Sunshine Climate Club of Tucson, Arizona, has raised \$50,000 to spend for advertisements in Eastern magazines and newspapers. El Paso, Texas, started a campaign October 27 last which will cost \$150,000. In the Southeast the state of Georgia has \$50,000 to spend in outlining the industrial possibilities of that region.

Hotels and railroads are playing a big part in the advertising of communities. The Northwest is receiving invaluable aid from the campaigns being run by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern roads. The newspapers and magazines are to be used by carriers to tell about the development and history of the Northwest states. This campaign will continue for three years.

The Baltimore & Ohio is making strong efforts to place the wonders of the nation's capital before the

## SMOTHERING SPELLS

### Lady Says She Suffered from a Burning Sensation, Headache, Dizziness, Until She Took Black-Draught.

Signal, Miss.—"For a year or longer I had indigestion, and had it bad," says Mrs. E. S. Holman, of this place. "Everything I ate hurt me. I would have burning in my stomach and smothering spells, and after meals feel right dizzy. My head would begin to ache, and I would want to lie down, but felt I couldn't for I would smother. Unless one has had such trouble, they don't know what it is. I was talking to a neighbor one day and told her how I had been affected. She told me it was indigestion and to try Black-Draught, which I did. I took a few large doses and then a pinch after meals, and for fully four months now I haven't had indigestion. I eat whatever I please and when I please, but keep up the Black-Draught—just an occasional dose."

When you have a feeling of discomfort after meals, try the suggestion above. Thousands of people have found that Black-Draught promotes relief in indigestion by stimulating the liver and stomach to perform their normal functions. Insist on Theodor's, the only genuine. Sold everywhere. NO-152.

## MOM'N POP A Familiar Pose BY TAYLOR



"Dike" the Boys out! There is nothing like starting 'em right. Good Clothes prompts self respect and confidence which is essential to the making of a Man.

**C. A. COOKE**  
Head-to-Foot Outfitters.

**EAT**  
**Weatherly's**  
PURE LOLLYPOPS

**MELICK**  
**Mothers Day**  
MAY 11  
**Next Sunday**

Send her a Mother's Day Card assuring her of your love. She will appreciate it and you may have cause to regret if you neglect it.

**MELICK**

**Spencer - Walker Co.**  
Where Every Man Finds What He Likes To Wear

**New Millinery**  
AT  
**Mitchell's**

Shipment Every Week  
LADIES' HATS, \$3.98, \$5.00, \$9.50  
CHILDREN'S HATS, \$1.98, \$2.48, \$2.98

**Mitchell's**

**PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH**  
Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more dullness, headache, no more sneezing, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling for breath at night. Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, and relief comes instantly. It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable.

**SULPHUR CLEARS A PIMPLY SKIN**  
Apply Sulphur as Told When Your Skin Breaks Out

Any breaking out of the skin on face, neck, arms or body is overcome quickly by applying Mentho-Sulphur. The pimples seem to dry right up and go away, declares a noted skin specialist. Nothing has ever been found to take the place of sulphur as a pimple remover. It is harmless and inexpensive. Just ask any druggist for a small jar of Rowley Mentho-Sulphur and use it like cold cream.

**666**  
is a prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Dengue or Billious Fever. It kills the germs.

**INDUSTRIAL BANK**  
INVEST YOUR SAVINGS IN SAFE BONDS. See us for full information.