CIRCULATION MONDAY
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The Daily Advance

THE WEATHER
Fair tonight and Thursday. Gentle east and southeast winds.

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Red Cross Roll Call Is Launched With Hope of Finishing On Saturday

Offers Opportunity to Prove How Much Practical Christianity There Is in This Community

SETS HIGH GOAL

All Except Fifty Cents of Each "Answer" Stays in County and Does a Much Needed Work

"The Red Cross, more than any other secular organization, gives the people of Elizabeth City an opportunity to prove how much practical Christianity there is in the community," J. C. B. Ehringhaus said Tuesday evening at the Red Cross luncheon when the Roll Call was launched for 1925.

"When you who have agreed to go out to canvass tomorrow approach the people of this community you are not asking them to do you a favor but you are giving them an opportunity to participate in a high and holy service.

The Roll call began this morning, the workers having been assigned to a systematic canvass of the city by Chairman John Hall at the luncheon Tuesday evening.

Mr. Hall urged as much activity as possible today with a view to winding up Pasquotank's Roll Call on Saturday with street work by a committee headed by Mrs. R. B. Cotter. On this day the people of the County and those who have not been solicited will be given an opportunity to answer the Roll Call.

Every worker has been furnished with buttons and cards to give every person who joins the Red Cross. The workers were told to receive any amount from $1.00 up to $100.00 and not necessarily to stick to the one dollar, five dollar and ten dollar classes outlined by national headquarters.

"If anyone wants to give one dollar and ninety eight cents, it is perfectly all right," Mr. Hall said. "All of it except fifty cents will be used in this County."

Every worker is asked to make his or her report to the respective district chairmen. "I hope every worker will make a systematic and thorough canvass," Mr. Hall said. "I suggest that each of you make a written record of any you fail to see on your first rounds in order to avoid confusion when you start out for a second time.

"This County raised about $900 last year with a membership of 700. I would be surprised and disappointed if that mark was not passed this year."

In his remarks J. C. B. Ehringhaus suggested that the canvassers aim at $5,000 for Pasquotank's quota this year.

The three-course luncheon given at the Woman's Club Tea Room was a very enjoyable affair. The workers were present almost 100 per cent strong. Plans for the Roll Call were outlined briefly by Mr. Hall, and Mr. Ehringhaus spoke for a few minutes of the work of the Red Cross. The luncheon was over by 7:30, just one hour after those present had gathered in the dining room.

Officers and workers are looking forward to Pasquotank's most successful Roll Call this year.

AIR CONTROVERSY TO BE BROUGHT IN

Washington, Nov. 11. — After another long wrangle between counsel the court martial trying Colonel William Mitchell today authorized the defense to proceed in its plan of bringing into the evidence virtually all phases of the air controversy.

GREEK WELCOMES HELP FROM LEAGUE

Geneva, Nov. 11.—Greece has officially informed the League of Nations that she would welcome Balkan security and compulsory arbitration along the line of the pact for Western Europe negotiated at Locarno.

WALL STREET SIGHS WITH RELIEF TODAY

New York, Nov. 11.—Wall street breathed a temporary sigh of relief this morning when the stock market opened irregularly higher after yesterday's dramatic collapse in prices.

Powerful financial forces working for higher prices apparently had distributed extensive supporting orders for pivotal industrial stocks which more than counteracted the forced liquidation and resulting inability or unwillingness to meet margin calls.

CASE NOLLE PROSSED

Asheville, Nov. 11.—Upon motion of the Solicitor a nolle pros was entered today in the cases of seven of the 37 on trial in Superior Court here for alleged participation in a mob attack on Buncombe jail on the night of September 19. A plea of guilty was submitted this morning by Paul Pegram to the charge of participating in riotous assembly.

YOUTHS DEPART TO BEGIN LONG PRISON TERMS

Sam Lougee and Lewis Powell, Sentenced Last Week, Scheduled Leave for Raleigh Tonight

WALTER DAIL BONDED

Other Defendants in Jail Awaiting Hearing of Appeals Before Supreme Court in February

Hertford, Nov. 11.—Sam Lougee and Lewis Powell, Durham youths who confessed last week to burglary of the home of Townsend Chappell, blind merchant living near Chappell Hill Church, Perquimans County, and who were sentenced in Superior Court to terms of nine to twelve years in the State prison, are scheduled to depart tonight on their 200 mile trip to Raleigh, accompanied by Sheriff Whit Wright, of Perquimans, and a deputy.

Ernest Wade Hartsell and Mary Howard, convicted of complicity in the Chappell burglary, will remain in Hertford jail until the State Supreme Court has passed upon their appeals from sentences imposed in Superior Court last week, unless they are able to gain at least temporary freedom by furnishing bond in sums of $5,000 for Hartsell and $1,000 for the woman. Hartsell was sentenced to five to seven years in the penitentiary, and Mary Howard to one and one-half to two years.

Two Perquimans farmer, Nathan and Walter Dail, also are awaiting the verdict of the Supreme Court in connection with the foregoing cases. Nathan Dail was given an aggregate sentence of 12 to 16 years after his conviction on charges of being an accessory to the burglary, and of receiving stolen property, knowing it to have been stolen. Walter Dail, convicted on the latter charge only, was given two to three years. He is the only member of the quintet who thus far has succeeded in furnishing the required bond, that being $2,000 in his case. Nathan Dail's bond was set at $10,000.

The cases are scheduled for argument before the Supreme Court during the week after the first Tuesday in next February, that week having been set aside for hearing of cases from the First District, in which Hertford is situated.

Efforts are under way here and in Durham, home of Hartsell and Mary Howard, to raise the bond required of them. The evidence against both was wholly circumstantial, and many residents of Hertford and Perquimans have expressed sympathy for them.

PREACHES ON THE COMING OF CHRIST

Was Promise to the Apostles When Badly Needed, Says Evangelist

Rev. J. C. Griffin last night at the Free Will Baptist church preached on "Jesus Coming Again" taking as his text Acts 1:9-11. "This" he said, "was a promise to the apostles when it was badly needed. Had it not been given many of them would have gone back to their old occupation. It will be a visible appearance as was His departure. His coming will be on time for God works on schedule and that is drawing near according to the signs. No man knows the day nor the hour; many have tried to figure it out, but have got in the dutch. But we do know when the fig tree puts forth its leaves.

"As it was in the days of Noah, so shall it be in the coming of the Son of Man. They ate and drank. What is wrong with that? Nothing, only they did it unthankfully. They married and gave in marriage. What is wrong with that? Nothing, only they left God out of it. That's the way it is today; watch the divorce courts, they prove it. What we need is more old fashioned, spirit-filled, consecrated mothers who care more for children than the pleasure of this life. To tarry for the Spirit doesn't make a crank of a person; it makes him stand four square for Jesus. They shall be without natural affection is a sign that Paul gives of the second coming of Jesus." At this point the speaker condemned making noses look like they had been in the flour barrel and appearing in other way without natural affection. He said: "Don't squeal on me; don't holler on me. If you do I'll think I am talking about you."

Tonight Mr. Griffin will preach on the "Worth of a Soul." The public is invited.

FIRST PURE FOOD SHOW IN MARKET ON FRIDAY NIGHT

Decorators and Exhibitors Busy Today in Preparation for Gala Event; Cooking Demonstration

GIFTS ARE PROMISED

Valuable Refrigerator to be Awarded Holder of Lucky Number; Free Samples to be Distributed

This City's first Pure Food Show will be held Friday night, with music, brief addresses by city officials, presentation of a valuable refrigerator to the holder of the lucky number in a free drawing contest, a cooking demonstration, and the giving of free samples of a number of food products. The evening's entertainment will begin at 7:30 o'clock.

The occasion will provide opportunity for housewives and others to inspect the newly installed refrigerator counters, put in by the city at a cost of $12,572. Besides affording facilities for more sanitary handling of meats in the market, these counters permit a better display of choice cuts, and are expected to prove a boon to customers through making it possible for them to observe the market offerings before buying.

Music for the occasion will be furnished by the Red Men's Orchestra. Mayor Aubrey G. McCabe is on the program for the principal address, and City Manager M. W. Ferebee is expected to speak briefly also. The speech-making will be short.

Large packing houses of the country dealing through local meat men have agreed to supply samples of their products to be given away at the Food Show, and other food products will be distributed by local wholesalers. Painters were at work yesterday, and decorators today began their part of the task of putting the Market House in order for the event.

Elizabeth City firms that have taken booths for the Foods Show include J. R. Flora & Co., D. R. Morgan, W. J. Woodley, the Elizabeth City Coca Cola Bottling Works, Banks & Hughes, Cart-Wright's Bakery, and Stanton & Burgess. The cooking demonstration will be put on by the gas company, and is expected to prove one of the most interesting features of the event.

STATE SUSPENDS BUSINESS TODAY

Officials and Employes Have Holiday in Observance Armistice Day

Raleigh, Nov. 11.—The State's business suspended today while officials and employes of North Carolina observed the seventh anniversary of the signing of the armistice ending the world war.

All State Departments were closed and officials and employes took holiday.

Under the original ruling of the State Salary and Wage Commission employes of the State would have worked today, Armistice Day not having been included in the list of six holidays allowed employes under the first report of the commission.

Under the ruling of the Attorney General, however, the commission withdrew its position in reference to holidays and declared State employes should be given holiday today.

Speaks To Legion

Greensboro, Nov. 11. — Max Gardner in his Armistice Day speech here today under the auspices of the American Legion said "My feeling is that we should maintain an election law so fair and free and just that it will secure beyond the shadow of a doubt the unchallenged expression of popular will. I will, therefore, urge the American Legion to throw the weight of its powerful influence to the enactment by our General Assembly of the Australian ballot.

Mitchell to Speak

Washington, Nov. 11.—Permission for Colonel William Mitchell to go to New York today to make an Armistice Day address was denied by the War Department.

ELEVEN ARRESTED IN BIG BOMB PLOT

Calcutta, Nov. 11.—While the Earl of Reading, viceroy of India, was visiting the city for the Armistice Day celebration, police discovered a bomb factory. Bombs were confiscated in the raid and 11 natives arrested.

COLONEL OLD CHOSEN FOR HALL OF FAME

Raleigh, Nov. 11. — Colonel Fred A. Olds was unanimously chosen by the committee of the Raleigh post of the American Legion as the first man to be placed in the American Legion Hall of Fame for Raleigh.

A PROGRAM FOR PEACE

By JOHN R. McQUIGG
National Commander, the American Legion

At 11 o'clock in the morning seven years ago today the guns on the western front suddenly became silent. The greatest conflict of the ages was at an end. It seemed that the forces of death, destruction and desolation were vanquished.

The cost in blood and treasure was staggering. The black clouds of war, receding, left behind a torn, dazed and bleeding world, but liberty and justice had triumphed, popular government was rendered secure and modern civilization was preserved. The victory was worth the price.

COMMANDER McQUIGG

America helped to bring about that victory and helped to pay that price. From Flanders to the Vosges thousands of Americans died with no other requiem than the roar of artillery, the chatter of machine guns. Other thousands began a period of pain and suffering that has not yet run its course.

Insofar as in us lies we owe it to those who fell on Flanders Field and everywhere, it is in a belief that they were fighting a war to end wars, to see to it that their dreams and dreams for peace come true.

The American Legion believes that, to a great extent, this can be accomplished by:

The maintenance of adequate forces for internal and not that national defense;

The prompt enactment into law of the principle of the universal draft, thereby taking the profit out of war, and

The immediate adherence by the United States to a permanent court of international justice.

The American Legion, in the name of the untold sufferers and sacrifice of comrades, offers this program for peace in the hope that through it the men and women who fought for peace may give some further service to America and to the world.

Seven Years Ago Today Came the Word "Peace"

For some days there had been talk of peace. The people were lethargic, following that earlier false report, but at the newspaper offices, men stayed twenty-four hours a day, hovering close to the telegraph instruments, nervously pacing back and forth, waiting—for what? Something was certain to happen, but nobody was sure what it could be.

The telegraph instruments droned monotonously. It was the dead news of the late night news that would never get into the paper, transmitted only to keep the wires open.

The steady stream of dots and dashes halted for a moment, breaking off in the middle of a word. Then—"Flash — Armistice signed."

Men with circled eyes, their faces lined from a three-night vigil, leaped to their feet. One dashed madly down the steps, not waiting for the elevator, to the press room, where the presses were in readiness. Another raced to the composing room, where a linotype machine was already warm, prepared to cast the few slugs of type necessary. Still another was on his way to the mailing room, where a corps of leathern lunged newsboys were mustered.

In three minutes and five seconds from the time that first word came over the Associated Press wire, the presses were rolling. In letters nearly a foot high, one word was proclaimed.

"Peace!" Over the city the word spread. Over the city darkened houses lighted, as though by common signal, while their occupants, loosely clad, streamed to the streets.

Mothers whose boys were over there prayed again, this time in

blessed thankfulness. Fathers shouted, their whole bodies convulsed in sobs. A people laughed and wept, their reason swept away in the mad hysteria of rejoicing.

All steps turned toward the central part of the city. A parade was formed, an excited, jostling parade of men and women who sang, who clutched one another in exultant embraces, who danced and cheered, their faces yet wet with tears.

A silken flag—Old Glory—appeared from somewhere. A blazing-eyed young man carried it; he wore the uniform of a lieutenant in the United States army, but he had gotten a fireman's helmet somewhere and wore it, tilted at a rakish angle.

In and out the main streets the parade wove its way, picking up new recruits at every block. A people-bound inseparably in a common cause. A year and half of misery ended, a mighty song of victory.

At one of the hotels the parade disbanded. The people surged into the lobby. A girl jumped onto a polished mahogany table, only to leap down into the arms of a stranger. A woman with an infant in her arms kissed a man she had never seen before. A senator was recognized in the throng, he was hoisted to the table.

"Speech, speech," they cried, but he could not. His voice was hoarse from shouting. A man clad only in pajamas threw his arms around the senator. The two of them laughed, and the whole throng caught it.

Laughter — wild, bleeding laughter. And out in the east, the gray dawn was commencing. Just seven years ago—peace.

DRAINAGE CASE DISPOSED OF IN SUPERIOR COURT

Commissioners of Pasquotank, District No. 1 Are Convicted of Failure to Perform Duties Properly

WILLIAMS ACQUITTED

Jitney Driver Not Required to Take Out Bus License; Midgett Is Given Eight Months in Jail

A plea of guilty on all counts except that of selling the bonds in question below par, and that of failure to hold meetings as prescribed by law, was entered by former drainage commissioners J. N. Williams, E. C. Riggs and Jordan Harris at the opening of Superior Court Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

A mistrial was ordered by Judge Calvert as to the charge referring to the bond sale and the court as to the holding of meetings was dropped. Judge Calvert ordered entries that the bond case not be tried before a civil assault in connection with it has been disposed of. Hearing of the case was set tentatively at the opening of the next criminal term here December 28.

The court ordered that judgment be suspended upon payment by the defendants of the costs thus incurred in the action. In commenting upon the altered sale of the bonds below par, Judge Calvert expressed the opinion that the attitude of law involved could better be threshed out in a civil action.

The next case taken up was that of Graham Morris, young white man, charged with violation of the State prohibition law.

Solicitor J. N. Williams, E. C. Riggs and John Harris, commissioners of Pasquotank Drainage District No. 1, charged with failure to perform the duties of their office in accordance with the law, was begun in Superior Court this morning with Judge Thomas H. Calvert presiding.

The commissioners were charged specifically with having violated the law by failing to sell $50,000 in drainage bond at par; with having made unauthorized expenditures from their drainage funds; and with having failed to keep proper records and make reports required on them under the law. They were represented by Walter L. Cohoon, local attorney and one of the most ardent advocates of swamp drainage in the State.

The jury in the case of Edgar Williams, charged with violation of the State bus law through failure to procure a license as required of bus lines, brought in a verdict of not guilty late yesterday after brief deliberation.

Williams did not contest the State's claim that he had not taken out a bus license, but contended successfully, as far as the jury was concerned, that his jitney business did not fall within the provisions of the new State law through the fact that he did not operate between fixed termini, or on a regular schedule, duly advertised.

Among witnesses for the prosecution was R. O. Self, clerk of the State Corporation Commission, the body in whom enforcement of the bus law is vested largely. Mr. Self testified as to the intent and meaning of the law, holding that Williams had violated it.

Williams offered testimony to the effect that he had taken out all licenses required of operators of for-hire cars, not in the bus classification, and to the effect that he had put up the bond required. He was represented by Attorney Walter L. Cohoon.

G. A. Mabrett, formerly of Currituck County, convicted yesterday afternoon on a charge of abandonment of his wife, was sentenced to eight months in jail by Judge Calvert at the close of the afternoon session.

J. C. B. Ehringhaus was associated with Mr. Cohoon in the defense, and E. F. Aydlett assisted in the prosecution. An hour and a half was consumed in selection of a jury.

The contention of the State was not that the defendants were guilty of any criminal intent in their alleged failure to administer properly their duties as commissioners, but that they were negligent. One witness after another testified to the good reputation of all three defendants.

Clerk of the Court Sawyer, first witness for the State, declared he observed no notices posted by the commissioners as required under the law, and that the commission filed no statement in his office during the term in office of the defendants. He was one of the witnesses testifying to the excellent reputation of all three men.

W. Harney Jennings, assistant cashier of the Savings Bank & Trust Company, who served as treasurer of the County during 1922, 1923 and 1924, testified the commission deposited no funds with that bank during the period, and had no account there. He

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Meekins Unafraid Fullest Investigation His Conduct As Counsel To Col. Miller

Content Let Record Speak for Itself, Says Elizabeth City Man in Reply to Newspaper Story

A HEARST PUBLICATION

Intimated Some Suggestion of Inquiry as to Whether Meekins Entitled to All of $10,000 in Fees

"Referring to a newspaper story appearing in the Washington Herald and possibly other Hearst publications, in which reference is made to him in connection with the charges lodged against Alien Property Custodian Thomas W. Miller, Federal Judge I. M. Meekins, of this city, from April to December general counsel for the Alien Property Custodian, has given out the following statement for publication:

"This story is manifestly calculated to create an atmosphere of suspicion concerning my conduct as an attorney and in my relations to the office of the Alien Property Custodian. No charges are preferred against me, but the story referred to 'thorough investigations' of fees alleged to have been paid me, and states that an official of the Government is seeking to determine whether alleged fees paid me were paid contrary to law. Thus, without directly charging me with wrong-doing, the publication tends to place me in an unfavorable light. If any conduct of mine is under investigation or is to be investigated, I know nothing of it. If any investigation is on foot, all the facts will appear in due course. Meantime, I assure all concerned that the result of any investigation along the lines suggested in the Washington story can be awaited with entire confidence. It appears to me not to be unseemly to go into a detailed explanation under the provocation of insinuations contained in the story as published.

Author of Story

"I understand that the author of the story is Mr. John A. Kennedy, of the Universal Service, Incorporated, at Washington. He came to see me at my home at Elizabeth City on the night of October 25. Subsequently, on November 2 Mr. Kennedy wired me for 'a suitable statement for use in event any story became necessary,' indicating that he might send out a story concerning me. In response to this wire on the same date, November 2, I wired him as follows:

"'Telegram received. Obviously I can make no intelligent comment on any story you may publish without first knowing its contents, either before or after its publication. No act of mine will fail to stand the acid test while I was an officer of the Government from April, nineteen twenty-one, to December thirty-first, nineteen twenty-one, acting as general counsel for the Alien Property Custodian. The same is true with regard to the enemy insurance companies in New York which I was liquidating from January, nineteen twenty-two, to January thirty-first, nineteen twenty-five, and in this capacity I was neither an officer nor an employee of the Government, but liquidator of the insurance companies with the duty of collecting their assets and paying their liabilities under their insurance treaties. The records speak with regard to my official conduct when general counsel for the Alien Property Custodian and the records of the enemy insurance companies speak with regard to my conduct while liquidating them. My employment as liquidator of the enemy insurance companies was purely contractual based upon a definite and specific contract between the Alien Property Custodian and myself. It seems to me only fair that you submit to me the story before it is published in order that I may make intelligent reply thereto if I so desire, because if there is any mischief in a story, one is always at a disadvantage in correcting it after it is published; therefore I shall be pleased if you will send me text of your story so that I may consider it. If you are not inclined to do this and decide to publish a story about me I wish you would publish this telegram at the same time in parallel columns."

"(Signed:)

"I. M. MEEKINS

Not Submitted

"No story was submitted to me and I heard nothing further from Mr. Kennedy.

"I shall not permit myself to be drawn into any newspaper controversy because I think that is entirely unnecessary. As stated, all of my acts as a Government official (general counsel of the alien property custodian) and all my acts as liquidator of the enemy insurance companies when I was not a Government official or employe and not on the payroll of the Gov-

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NATIONAL CAPITAL OBSERVES THE DAY

Washington, Nov. 11. — The custom of previous years was largely followed in the program of official observance today of the seventh anniversary of the World War Armistice.

President Coolidge planned to lay a wreath on the Unknown Soldier's tomb, while a twilight service was to be conducted in memory of Woodrow Wilson in Washington Cathedral, his burial place.

STATIC INVADES RADIO MEETING

Every Delegate Anxious to Broadcast His Own Individual Program

(Copyright, 1925, by The Advance)

Washington, Nov. 11. — This radio conference which Secretary Hoover is endeavoring to keep in a non interfering lane has become charged with statics. There are something like 500 delegates present and each one is anxious to broadcast his own individual program. The jumble is something fierce. There are squeals and squeaks and whistling and crashes and hammer blows and everything. The radio conference, oddly enough, is not being actually put on the air. Probably it is just as well. If a Mike suddenly should appear in the conference committee rooms some one might get killed in the rush.

Out of the welter of discussion and conflicting opinion, however, one thing seems to be clear. There has been a solution of the old problem as to how the ordinary broadcasting station is to be maintained. It is admitted frankly that it must be done through advertising. The new problem is how to handle the advertising. On this point there are many opinions.

It is claimed by some of the better and older stations that it is not necessary to offend listeners-in with the advertising part of the program. It is admitted, however, that some stations are grossly overdoing the same. These stations are losing cast with their public and wherever it is possible to do so the listeners-in are tuning out. In some of the smaller communities where stations are few and sets not of the long distance variety the listening public is more or less helpless. It must hear the advertising in its most nauseous forms or throw the set out of the window.

The broadcasters at the conference are almost unanimous in the belief that radio advertising can never amount to anything more than good will building. The housewife in search of her daily bargain, the man or maid in search of a job, the wife and mother in search of a spring or fall outfit, must always look to the newspapers for the announcement which will at once attract and satisfy.

That is why radio advertising, in the opinion of the managers of the higher class stations should be confined to musical programs and brief talks in which the advertising phase is mentioned only in the most casual manner. To go beyond this is to lose "the ladies and gentlemen of the radio audience" and naturally offensive advertising will not get a hearing. Good taste must govern the radio advertising announcements or the whole scheme will fall of its own weight.

Some radio broadcast stations are advertisements in themselves and to these there appears to be no objection on the part of the listeners. As a matter of fact they generally broadcast the best programs and are favorites with the air audience. The broadcasters are very serious in their study of the advertising problem and realize it is a question which must be handled with gloves.

It is as vital in its way as the overcrowding of the air and of far greater importance than the squabble over the broadcasting of copyrighted music. The best and most effective of the air programs are made up anyway of the music of the masters. Time was when jazz was the backbone of broadcasting but this time is no more.

The radio interests are at a loss to understand the position of some of the composers. Radio has done more to advertise new musical compositions than any other medium. Many selections never would be heard, and certainly not known by name, if it were not for the radio-casting they receive.

COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 11.—Spot cotton closed steady, middling 21.10, an advance of 60 points. Futures, closing bid: Dec. 20.60, Jan. 20.30, March 20.35, May 20.08, July 19.53.