

THE COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1882.

MAILS NORTH

It is stated in the Journal of yesterday that "puncher" will be made up for Strickland, Warner, Goldstone and Rocky Mount, to leave in the 3 o'clock train.

PREMIUM SAFES

We invite attention to the advertisement of S. L. C. Higgins of New York, relative to his Fire Proof Safe and Hall's Patent Lock. We have no reason to doubt the excellence of these articles. The Safes have certainly a high recommendation.

"PUNISH IN BLOOD."

The following letter, which we copy from the New York Herald, is clearly a case which is amenable to the punishment in blood, the doctrine of which was lately developed in the Common Council of the city of Charleston. We see no common sense in the extraordinary remark of a city official, so we suppose it is all right there, as in Quebec.

We consider it our duty to publish this letter, as well as other matter bearing on this subject, because it is one which affects the political prospects of the country. As a native American citizen, we are entitled to "national feelings" as well as those among us who affect those of a different character. Their "national feelings" must be very strong if they will "punish in blood" all who speak disrespectfully of their Priests. We guess there will be some little further attempt at investigation, notwithstanding the threat above alluded to, and the press will take upon itself to vindicate the FREEDOM OF SPEECH, and to sustain the RIGHTS OF AMERICAN FREEMEN, manly the halting attitude so audaciously assumed by the aiders and abettors of inquiry.

Of course, we do not vouch for the correctness of the statements in the letter below—we can only say we believe them to be true—and we are warranted in this belief, from the strong efforts made in other quarters to suppress inquiry and to impose on the people the DESPOTISM OF SILENCE, under the auspices of a FOREIGN PRINCE, whose ambition has ever been to rule the world in a spirit of clerical pride and aristocratic haughtiness. We are further warranted in believing them true because other matter of an atrocious character remains uncontradicted—and is met only by denunciations and threats against all who speak or hear any thing relating to the subject.

PRIESTS AND DEATH BED DONATIONS.

QUEBEC, March 16, 1882.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD. Sir:—It would not be easy to convey to you an idea of the avidity and sensation with which your manly and sympathizing editorial, of the 6th inst., in relation to "Priests and Death Bed Donations," was received and perused by the enlightened portion of our community. For several days the almost universal questions put by people to one another have been, "Have you seen the New York Herald? How manly and generous of Mr. Bennett to take our part and lend us his aid to rid ourselves of these monsters. Can it be that our day of deliverance is at hand?—that the chains of slavery which bind us are about to be removed? Who knows what may result from the assistance of me it even only one paper, to our cause?" These, and similar remarks were uttered by hundreds of joy-filled hearts. Accustomed to living in such a country as the United States, where villainy is not long practised with impunity, you and your readers will no doubt imagine the picture I have drawn to be exaggerated; but, sir, were you and they to be subjected, for a short time, to one-tenth part of the stiff, moral, and religious tyranny which these surplussed vagabonds and impostors are incessantly inflicting upon us, you would very soon cease to be surprised at our joy. Not content with monopolizing all the wealth and riches of the country, they must follow us into our very firesides with their tortures; our homes must be invaded with their spies; through the confessional and otherwise, the secrets of our families got at and appreciated upon by them; our property robbed from us to enrich themselves with; our quiet and repose snatched from us by the continual and ceaseless ringing, from morning till night, of enormous bells, the sound of which makes our very brains dance, and for every toll of which they are heavily paid; our courts of justice and juries tampered with and controlled; and what is worse than all, our characters vilified and maligned, and their atrocities glossed over and made to appear as virtuous actions, through means of infamous and slavish presses and periodicals, which their unbounded wealth puts it in their power to establish and circulate.

All these, and numberless other annoyances are we cured with this unrelenting common enemy, and if we find that you do not get tired of us and our complaints, means will be taken to have transmitted to you such information as will make you and the American public astonished that there exist, on this continent, human beings capable of patiently enduring such a state of society as these pelted jugglers have succeeded in establishing and keeping up here.

Yesterday, the most inflammatory harangues, steeped in lies, were vomited forth from their pulpits in relation to the attempts of Mr. Leconte and the heirs of McMahon to obtain their just rights—harangues evidently intended to push their adherents to assassination—for you must know that this is one of the means they resort to whenever they wish to get rid of any objectionable persons. They dare not openly mention their names to the public, but they commence by insinuating upon their hearers that some great injury has been offered to religion, by parties whom it would be an act of respect to the divinity to destroy, without, of course, there stating to whom they refer, but when their services are over, they avail themselves of the opportunities afforded them by their position, to communicate, secretly, the names of the persons they were afraid to name publicly, to "the faithful," who never fail when

the opportunity presents itself, to do what they have been given in confidence would please "their reverences." These persons continually assumed to be of character, and sometimes of their lives, through means of an underhand and terrifying system, which, in this country there is no getting at. The most barefaced and audacious falsehoods are uttered by them on these occasions, with a coolness and effrontery, which leave no doubt on the mind of a careful observer, that they have no fears whatever of any future punishment for their iniquity—that they are not Christians at heart, and not believe in the doctrines they teach for the purpose of feathering their nests and rendering themselves masters of the wealth of the country.

Let us, therefore, sir, once more implore you not to desert us, but on the contrary, to let us state our complaints. All the newspapers in this country, with but few exceptions, are either afraid of this priestly influence, (for they can ruin whomever they please with very little trouble,) or are interested—some directly others indirectly—in keeping up the present system, or expect to gain something from our oppressors, by abstaining from exposing them. Should you publish this letter, no doubt you will be told by some of our periodicals—in order to cover their own infamy and baseness in permitting such things to occur without noticing them, or allowing their names to be had access to for that purpose, by correspondents—that we are not quite so badly off as is here represented; but, sir, do not believe them. Have but a little patience, and you will see that you have not been deceived, and that the worst has not yet been told.

VERITAS.

NEW POST OFFICE.

A new Post Office has been established at Kinzie's Creek, Cumberland Co., N. C., Daniel Cutts, Esq., P. M. Also, Morton's Store, Alamance Co., Benjamin F. Morton, Esq., P. M.

PNEUMONIA.

The Petersburg Intelligencer states that this disease has prevailed in Petersburg, and throughout the country to an unprecedented extent, and with a malignity and fatality heretofore unknown.

AUSTRIAN WAR STEAMER.

The Austrian war steamer *Ascona*, was recently wrecked on the coast of Dalmatia, causing the loss of her crew, consisting of one hundred and twenty persons;

NEW YORK.

Both the old and the young men's Democratic Conventions of the State of New York, have endorsed and approved of Lewis Cass as their candidate for the Presidency.

FIRE IN CHILLICOTHE.

A fire in Chillicothe, Ohio, on the 31st ult. destroyed two entire business squares, including several warehouses and the two principal hotels. One third of the town is in ruins.

DEATH OF SIR JOHN HARVEY.

The Halifax papers announce the death of Sir JOHN HARVEY, Governor of Nova Scotia, who died on the 22d ult. His military career commenced in 1794, when he was gazetted. He was created Lieut. General, November 9, 1846. He served in the severe gister campaign of 1794-5 in Holland, under the Duke of York, and afterwards on the coast of France, at the Cape of Good Hope, and in Egypt. During the late war he was Deputy Adjutant General in Canada, and was in several battles, including that at Lundy's Lane. At the battle of Fort Erie he was severely wounded. The following anecdote is related of him: "At the battle of Stony Creek the Americans were defeated; but Sir John narrowly escaped being shot. An American rifleman was just presenting deadly aim at his commanding figure, when a sword struck aside the fire-lock with this expression: 'Don't shoot that British officer; he is preventing the shedding of blood.' Sir John was riding among the combatants, attempting to stop the carnage. The officer who struck aside the rifle was Gen. Scott, and the occurrence led to the great friendship which afterwards existed between the two veterans."

GERMANS.

From late debates in Congress, it appears that there are between four and five millions of Germans in the United States, being over one-fifth of the whole population. They are generally an industrious and thriving people, and make good citizens. There are no less than 135 German Newspapers—eleven of which are in the city of New York. The *Demokratischer Volksfreund*, edited by Gyrman & Wulschel—the former having been a co-editor with Kossuth himself in a Hungarian paper—which was got up in the early stages of the Kossuth humbug, as our readers will recollect, was discontinued for want of patronage about two months ago. Another, called the *Deutscher Fiskusier*, edited by Struve, a refugee and intimate associate of Kinkel, was also discontinued about ten days ago from the same cause. This speaks well for the patriotism of our German population, with whom the teachings of Kossuth and Kinkel, about intervention and democracy did not take. The German papers in Pennsylvania are of a high character, for pure republican doctrines. Many of those in New York are of a socialist and atheistical cast.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

We have received the March number of Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, re-printed by Leonard Scott, New York. The reputation of this work is so well established as to require no comment from us.

GEORGIA.

The Southern Rights Democratic Convention re-assembled at Milledgeville on the 30th ult., pursuant to adjournment, and received the report of the Committee of thirty-three. Forty Delegates were appointed to the Baltimore Convention. No preference was expressed for any particular candidate for the Presidency, but a large majority of the Convention were in favor of Buchanan.

The report of a famine in Georgia is without foundation. The Savannah News says that the crop in some of the grain growing counties is a little short, but those who visit Georgia will find "hog and homony" in abundance.

COMMERCIAL WITH CUBA.

An extract will be found under our Commercial Head, from a report of Mr. Secretary Corwin, in relation to the trade between the United States and the Islands of Cuba and Porto Rico. The report imports and export trade of the Island of the United States is equal to more than one-fourth of its entire commerce, independent of the carrying trade to Europe; and the privilege enjoyed by Spanish vessels are chiefly available in the port trade of the Island, about three-fourths the exports being made in foreign vessels is known, through commercial sources, that those of 1850 exceeded considerably those of 1849, whilst those of 1851 were upon a still an extended scale.

MURDER AND ARSON.

James Holley, a free mulatto, was arrested last Saturday night, by Mr. A. D. Bourdeaux and others, for the murder of a Mr. John Henok, and the burning of the house where said Henok lived, one night last week. When arrested, Holley had on clothes recognized as the property of the deceased. He was brought to town yesterday morning and committed to prison, to await an investigation at next Superior Court, which will be held here in about three weeks.

We learn that Mr. Hendrick was a native of Gottenbrough, Switzerland, where he has a wife and two children, and was making arrangements to send for them during the present year. He is represented as a man of industrious habits and a good mechanic a ship carpenter by trade, but was in the employ of Mr. Bourdeaux, about 12 miles from town, near the Railroad, at the time of his murder.—*Journal of yesterday.*

CHINESE MASSACRE.

A frightful massacre upon two English ships, the *Victory*, of London, and the *Herald*, of Lih, had taken place in the Chinese seas. The *Victory* sailed with Coolies from some Chinese port to Calao. They rose on the way, killed the mate and cook, and then compelled one of the males to steer the ship. They escaped, and Mr. Fogg, the mate, brought the vessel to Singapore. The *Herald* was homeward bound from Shanghai, with a crew of Manillamen, who became angry with the Captain for putting them on the customary allowance, and murdered him and the rest of the officers. They then deserted the ship, after scuttling her and locking the Captain's wife in the cabin, who was thus lost with the sinking vessel. The murderers have been happily arrested and sent to Batavia to undergo the operation the law.

THE LEHMAN MURDER.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2. Motion for a new trial for the brothers Skupski, for the murder of the boy Lehman, was argued this morning, by Messrs. Keyser and Brown in favor, and Attorney General Reed in opposition. The Court over-ruled the motion and Judge Allison pronounced sentence of death, which was subsequently translated into Polish.

SUICIDE OF AN AGED DIVINE.

The Rev. Burgess Nelson, one of the oldest ministers belonging to the M. E. Church, committed suicide by hanging himself, at the residence of his son-in-law, James Stevens, Esq., on Thursday, Mr. Nelson was about ninety years of age.

From the Hillsboro Recorder, March 31.

SAD ACCIDENT.

We learn that on Tuesday the 23d inst., the body of Mr. Durell Johnston, a young man about 21 years of age, was found in the North Eastern part of this county, under circumstances which led to the supposition that he came to his death by the accidental discharge of his gun. He had been at the store of Mr. Bedford Vaughn, in Pei son county, a short time before, and left with his gun, in company with another person, from whom he soon separated. The report of his gun was heard several times after he left the store, and was supposed he was shooting squirrels. Who found the gun, a double-barrel, was a short distance from him with one barrel empty. The load entered the groin on the left side, and it is supposed that he was instantly killed. The leaves were burnt around him, which, it is thought, we kindled by the wad from his gun.

Since writing the above, we learn that an inquest was held over the body of Johnston. We are not informed what the verdict was, but less than suspicious are entertained that the shooting was not accidental, but that it was done by someone at present unknown. The matter, we suppose, will be properly investigated.

ARRIVAL OF THE PROMETHEUS.

The steamship Prometheus, Capt. Churchill, arrived this morning, from San Juan, March 25, P. M., with 284 passengers, and \$900,000 gold dust on freight and in hands of passengers. The Chilean schooner Amphitrite, with 187 passengers, from Panama for San Francisco, had got into La Union, with sickness, a number having died during the passage.

We find nothing of importance by this arrival.

LATER FROM ST. THOMAS.

New York, April 2. By an arrival from St. Thomas we have dated to the 20th of March. There was a slight earthquake at St. Thomas on the 17th ult., but no material damage was done.

The steam mail propeller Merlin was in port having got ashore on the coast and broke her shaft. It is supposed she would come to New York under canvas.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS H. WILLIAMS as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County. March 11, 1881. 153-1c.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER! IMPORTANT TO DYSPPEPTICS.—Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPsin, the True Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice, prepared from RENNIN, or the Fourth Stomach of the OX, after directions from Baron LIEBIG, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HAUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia. This is truly a wonderful remedy for INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION, and DEBILITY, curing by NATURE'S OWN METHOD, of NATURE'S OWN AGENT, the GASTRIC JUICE. Pamphlets, containing Scientific evidence of its value, furnished by agents gratis. See notice in advertising columns. 12m-c

Assisting Agency of the Originated Bitters, in a case of Biliousness, from Fitzhugh's Bitters, Boston, Sept. 28, 1818.

Dear Sir—It is now eighteen years since I was first troubled with the water-brash and derangement of the stomach. I have taken advice of the best Physicians in this city and New York, London, Paris, Germany and Italy, followed their prescriptions, and visited the several sulphur and other springs in this country, the watering places of Germany, and elsewhere in Europe, and had found no relief. Since taking the Bitters I have never had a return of the water-brash, which had troubled me of late years to a very great degree. My appetite has returned, the extreme distention, severe constipation of the bowels, general debility, and sleepless nights under which I suffered have entirely left me. Having found so great relief from this most discouraging disorder, I have recommended a trial of your medicine to many of my friends, who are now using it to great advantage. And I cannot refrain from writing to you in his favor and praise, for the good you have bestowed upon the community; and trust that what little is in my scope to offer in extending the circulation of your "Oxygenated Bitters," will be done with grateful pleasure at all times. Yours, very respectfully, F. HENRY HOMER.

To Geo. B. Green, Windsor, Vt. Wholesale Druggists, No. 26 Merchants Row, Boston, General Agent. C. DuBois, Agent for Wilmington. \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.

DEED.

In this county, on the 17th ult., Mrs. Elizabeth Fennell, consort of the Rev. George Fennell, after a tedious illness which she endured with much patience and christian fortitude, aged 64 years and 6 months. In Hartford, Ct., on the 28th ult., Mr. WILLIAM LATIMER, formerly merchant of this town, aged 47 years.

MARINE NEWS.

High Water at the Bar—4.36

PORT OF WILMINGTON, APRIL 6.

ARRIVED. 2. Br. Brig Marsden, Evans from Cardiff, Wales, to DeRosset & Brown, with Iron for W. & M. R. Road. 3. Brig Edward Lind, Buckman from New York, in ballast, to DeRosset & Brown. 4. Sch. Joseph H. Flanner, VanGilder, in 60 hours from New York, to Geo. Harris. 5. U. S. M. Steamer, Vanderbilt, Sterett, from Charleston, with 60 passengers. 6. Brig Ellen Hayden, Smith, from Matanzas, with 275 hhds. and 8 tierces Molasses, to J. Hathaway & Son, sailed in company with Brig Wheaton, Keon, for Baltimore; Brig Michigan, Chaubertian, for Philadelphia; Brig Albatros, Cochrane, for Portland, (Me.) all sailed from Matanzas 28th ult. 7. Sch. Sarah Buck, Rose, from Camden, (Me.) to Wm. M. Harris, with Lime for J. & D. McRae & Co. 8. Sch. Rosannah Rose, Coombs, from Camden, (Me.) to Wm. M. Harris, with Lime for J. & D. McRae & Co. 9. U. S. M. Steamer Wilmington, Bates, from Charleston, with 37 passengers. 10. Sch. Ira Brewster, Horton, from New York, to Miles Costin. 11. Sch. Dixon Swindle, Donglass, from Hyde County, with Corn, to J. R. Blossom. 12. Sch. Wm. H. Howard, Gaskill, from Hyde Co., with Corn, to Miles Costin. 13. U. S. M. Steamer Gladiator, Smith, from Charleston, with 33 passengers. 14. Steamer Brothers, Banks, from Fayetteville, to D. Banks & Brother, 2 boats in tow, with Naval Stores. 15. Sch. Henry F. Baker, McLaughlin, from Savannah, to Geo. Harris.

CLEARED.

1. Br. Brig Eliza, Jenkins, Price, for Liverpool, Eng., by Adams, Brother & Co. with 1,074 hhds. Turpentine, 423 hhds. Rosin, 814 hhds. Tar, 5,084 Staves. 2. Sch. Margaret Ann Howard, Walker, for Middleton, by DeRosset & Brown. 3. Sch. Volant, Watson, for Jacksonville, Onslow, by Miles Costin. 4. Steamer Henrietta, Wilkinson, for Fayetteville, by A. D. Cazaux, one boat in tow. 5. Sloop Pine, Robeson, for Washington, N. C., with Pea Nuts, Salt and Molasses, by A. H. Van Bokkell. 6. Sch. Wm. H. Smith, Harman, for New York, by DeRosset & Brown, with 565 hhds. Turpentine, 808 hhds. Rosin, 90 bales Cotton, 90 casks and 60 hhds. Rice, 464 bushels Pea Nuts. 7. Barque Prospect, Snow, for New Orleans, by Adams, Bro. & Co., with 561 hhds. Rosin, 50 hhds. Spirits Turpentine, 1,214 hhds. Tar, 250 hhds. Pitch. 8. Sch. James Otis, Bruce, for Portsmouth, Va., by J. & D. McRae & Co., with 768 hhds. Turpentine. 9. Sch. Henrietta, Hayes, for Boston, by Ellis, Russell & Co., with 65,000 feet Lumber. 10. Sch. Richmond, Card, for Laguna, by Ellis, Russell & Co., with 30,000 feet Lumber and 50 hhds. Tar. 11. U. S. M. Steamer Vanderbilt, Sterett, for Charleston, with 62 passengers. 12. U. S. M. Steamer Wilmington, Bates, for Charleston, with 48 passengers. 13. Steamer Brothers, Banks, for Fayetteville, by D. Banks & Brother, one boat in tow, with mdse. 14. Sch. Elizabeth, Trout, for Charleston, S. C., by Wm. M. Harris, with 32 M feet Lumber and 75 hhds. Naval Stores. 15. Sch. H. B. Dunston, Dunston, for New York, by Geo. Harris, with 85 M feet Plained Boards. 16. Brig Tangier, Griffin, for Matanzas, by Potter & Kidder, with 123,000 feet S. S. Lumber, 16,000 Shingles.

NEW YORK.

CLEARED. 31. Sch. A. J. DeRosset, Brewster. 32. Sch. E. S. Powell, Watts. 33. Sch. Susan M. Young, Otis.

POETRY.

"THE immortal Poet has said that 'music resembles poetry' and verily do we endorse the sentiment, and furthermore, that there is Poetry in the announcement that I am now receiving by the Ira Brewster another lot of Prince & Co's. Melodeons, embracing all the styles and sizes, to be sold at manufacturer's prices. Also, 500 pieces of the newest and latest editions of Sheet Music for the Piano, and a small lot of V. Hull & Son's splendid Patent Head Guitars in cases, and a lot of superior Guitar Strings. The above articles are of the best material, and make, and are superior to those of any other manufacturer. L. H. WEBB. London Building. Wilmington, April 6, 1882.

MEETING OF THE GRAND SECTION.

CADETS OF TEMPERANCE. The regular semi-annual session of the Grand Section will be held in the town of Wilmington, commencing on the 3rd Wednesday in April, 1882. F. W. PAUL, G. W. P. April 6.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including N. C. Hams, Westerns, N. C. Sides, Westerns, N. C. Shoulders, Butter, Gosben, per lb., Brandy, Apple, Peach, St. Domingo Coffee, Rio, Java, Legums, Corn, Candles N. C., per lb., Northern Tallow, Adamantine, Sperm, Cotton Yarns, Osnaburghs, 4-4 N. C. Sheeting, 7-8 " Sheeting, Fayetteville Flour, Canal, extra brands, White, G. DuBois, Agent for Wilmington, \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5. Also includes sections for DEED, MARINE NEWS, and PORT OF WILMINGTON, APRIL 6.

NEW YORK MARKET.

April 3. The N. York Shipping List reports: Cotton.—There has been a good demand for the past three days, and we have advanced our quotations one-eighth of a cent on some kinds, the market showing more steadiness than before—we quote 64 a 94. Flour.—Southern has been in fair demand, but the market closes less firmly under the unfavorable advices from abroad; the sales are 8000 hhds. closing dull at \$4.87 1/2 a \$4.90 for common to good brands Alexandria, Baltimore, Brandywine, and Georgetown; fancy may be quoted \$4.75 a \$5. Corn, previous to yesterday, was very scarce, and the small lots offering commanded advanced prices, say 70 cents for nearly all descriptions—yesterday, however, with increased supplies, the market was heavy, and prices declined considerably; the sales are 26,000 bushels, closing at 68 cents for round Yellow and White Southern, 66 for mixed Southern and 66 1/2 for Yellow do, chiefly at the lower rate. Naval Stores.—There has been no arrival since our last, and we understand \$3.81 has been paid for a parcel of North County Turpentine.—We notice sales of 200 hhds. Spirits Turpentine at 41 cents, and 100 in retail lots, 42 a 43, cash; 730 Bearfoot Common Rosin, \$1.10 afloat; 500 Wilmington, \$1.30 delivered; small lots No. 2, \$1.50 a \$1.75; and No. 1, \$2 a 3.25 per 280 lb., and 160 hhds. Tar, selected, \$2 a \$2.12, in lots as wanted for consumption. Rice.—The transactions are steady, without variation in prices. The sales of the week amount to about 1400 tons, at \$3.18 a \$3.50. Prime descriptions a continuing scarce. PHILADELPHIA MARKET. April 3. The U. S. Gazette reports: Cotton.—The market has been very inactive throughout the entire week, but without much alteration to notice; buyers come forward slowly, and take hold only in a small way; at the close, however, there is rather a better feeling, on the part of holders, and prices are, if anything, a little firmer. The weeks sales only put up some 600 a 700 bales at 84 a 94 for floats and 94 a 104 for New Orleans and Mobile, on the usual terms. Flour.—The market opened with rather better export demand for Flour, which was freely met by holders, and the week's sales reach some 9 a 10,000 hhds mixed and better brands, within the range of \$4 a \$4.12, but mostly at the former rate, including scraped at \$3.75, and extra at \$4, 50 a 4 1/2 per barrel. Corn is dull and drooping, with sales of 30,000 bushels mostly Southern yellow, at 61 a 62, principally at 61 1/2, including some heavy Pennsylvania yellow and Southern white at the former rate. Oats are in fair request and sales of some 7,800 bushels are reported at 38 a 39c for Delaware, and 39 1/2 a 40c for Pennsylvania, as in quality; late to-day, a sale of 8000 bushels Pennsylvania was made at 38 1/2 which is a decline. Naval Stores.—Are inactive, with small sales of Spirits Turpentine at 43 a 46, and 200 hhds from the wharf at 42c per gallon; Soap Rosin is selling in lots at \$1.50 a \$2 per bb; Tar and Pitch—Not much doing. Rice is in steady demand, and about 200 casks have been sold at \$3.97 1/2 a \$4, the 100 lbs. most at the former rate. BALTIMORE MARKET. April 3. Cotton.—The market has been languid the past week, with but limited transactions, and these were confined to manufacturers, the most of whom have large stocks on hand. The sales of the week comprise 532 hhds middling to fair Virginia, Georgia, and Gulf; at 77 cts cash to 9 cts 6 mos., showing a decline of 1/4 cts per lb. on last week's sales. Flour.—Total sales of the week between 7 a 8000 hhds. all at the uniform price of \$4.06 1/2. Corn.—The market, with a moderate supply and demand, has continued to rule quiet steady throughout the week. Until to-day the range of prices was for white 54 a 56, and for yellow 55 a 57; to-day, on account of its scarcity, white brought 56 a 57 and yellow 57, and for a very choice parcel 58 cts was paid. Rice.—We note sales since our last of 320 tons, including 60 from the wharf at \$3.81, 110 in lots at \$3 1/2; 40 do at \$3 1/2 and 90 do in lots at \$3 1/2 a 3 1/2 per 100 lbs. Receipts this week, 51 tierces. Receipts from January 1st to April 1st, 1882, 1288 tierces against 3490 for same period last year. FAYETTEVILLE MARKET. April 3. The North Carolina reports: Bacon, 10 a 10 1/2. Cotton, 7 a 7 1/2. Brown Sheeting, 6 a 6 1/2. Osnaburghs, 9 a 10. Flour, 4.50 a 5.50. Corn, 60 a 65. Oats, 40 a 50. Wheat, 55 a 60. —on the hoof, 6 a 7. Fork, 7 a 7 1/2.

COMMERCIAL.

REMARKS ON MARKET.

We have but little to remark in this number. TURPENTINE.—Some 800 barrels have been disposed of at \$2.40 per bbl. for soft, and \$1.40 per bbl. for hard. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—A small lot was taken at 83 cts. per gallon. TAR.—107 hhds. per Railroad, were sold at \$1.57 per bbl. ROSIN.—No sales of either quality that we hear of. TIMBER.—8 Rafts were sold at the following prices, viz: 3 at 51, 2 at \$6, 1 at 61, 1 at \$61 and 1 at \$74 per M. SHINGLES and STAVES.—No sales that we hear of. MOLASSES.—275 hhds. and 8 tierces, just landed were sold at 18 1/2 cts per gallon 90 days. HAY.—84 hales Eastern Hay were disposed of at \$1 per 100 lbs. BACON.—11 1/2 cts per lb. hog round, 12 to 12 1/2 cts. per lb. for Hams. CORN.—Supply large at present; last sales per cargo were made at 62 1/2c per bushel. FRESH BEEF.—The supply in market appears to be small, retail price, for choice pieces 12 1/2 cts. per lb. FRESH PORK.—Very little in market. POULTRY.—Small Turkeys ready cleaned, sold yesterday in market, at \$1 each, and live chickens at 35 cts. each, by the quantity.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

April 3. There is less activity in the market to-day, but no change in the demand for money or the rates of interest. The imports of specie from foreign ports for the week have been considerably in advance of the exports, and the accounts from California promise large golden returns in future.