

THE COMMERCIAL  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1852.  
FOR GOVERNOR,  
**JOHN KERR,**  
OF CASWELL.

**RECHABITE CELEBRATION.**  
The Union celebration of the Independent Order of Rechabites, took place in this town yesterday. A procession was formed at the Hall on South Water street, and proceeded to Mozart Hall, where it was joined by the Sons of Temperance and the Cadets of Temperance. The turn out was unusually large, of all the societies, and the procession made a very handsome appearance, to which the adornments of the costume of the Rechabites greatly contributed.

The Societies then proceeded to the M. E. Church on Front street, where service was opened with prayer, by the Rev. B. T. Herpin, Preacher in charge, followed by an address by the Rev. Mr. Christian. It was a very capital address and very well delivered. After the services at the Church, the party proceeded to Green's Field, about one and a half mile from town, and partook of an entertainment prepared for the occasion.

The Temperance cause is actively progressing, if we may judge from the numbers, talents and character of the participants in this celebration. We must not forget the Cadets of Temperance, composed of the youths of hope and promise to our community. The attendance of this class was very good.

**MR. STANLEY.**  
A valued correspondent thinks we have done injustice to Mr. Stanley, in connecting his name with Mr. Manous, as we lately did. We are somewhat of the same opinion, and will look into the matter. Our personal predilections have always been in favor of this gentleman, and we have never ceased to admire his talents, and approve his zeal, which is sometimes over-ardent, but, we trust, honest.

**PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.**  
We suppose it is little better than idle to speculate upon the results of the Conventions now about to be held. Of the crowd of Democratic Candidates we have been of opinion that Buchanan would stand the best chance—but we are now somewhat in the position of Aunt Patience, who used to express herself on all undecided matters in the words: "Well, sometimes I think, and then again I don't know." No one can certainly know any better by thinking about it—though we do think that there are but three who stand any chance with the "unterrified," viz: Cass, Buchanan, and Douglas. Cass' nose is getting well out of point already; Buchanan's has got a twist, and Douglas looks rather fair—because he is but little known, and has fewer political sins to answer for. He will suit the progressives. He is all sorts of an interventionist; we believe, somewhat of a leveler, and will make no little stir if elected President—being one of those geniuses who think "the world is a bore without a bustle."

In the Whig Convention there is but little doubt but the contest will be between Fillmore and Scott. The prospects of the nomination of Mr. Fillmore grow brighter every hour, so far as the public eye can discern. But we will not have the temerity to express an opinion as to who will be the nominee of the Whig Convention; though we know very well who ought to be.

We are disposed to let the matter rest till the Conventions decide. A little calm before the hurly-burly of the elections comes on will do no harm. There will, probably, be an excitement and a bitterness in the ensuing Presidential contest, "transcending all we have hitherto seen or suffered," should a certain nomination take place. We will endeavor to avoid participation in such feelings, let the nomination fall on whom it may. We have taken a decided but moderate part in the political operations that bring us to the doors of the National Conventions. When their decisions are promulgated, and the political leaders cry "havoc and let slip the dogs of war," then will be the hour of the rise of Ganderism in both political parties—and everybody will be so mad, that they will hardly be able to attend to the sober and honest pursuits of life. We do not intend to get cross about it, however adverse to our notions things may go—nor do we expect at this time, to take a very prominent character in the drama of "The Devil to Pay," now about to be enacted among us.

**CONGRESS.**  
We learn from the National Intelligencer that the Senate did not meet on Saturday, and that the House did not meet for the transaction of business, during the last half of the week. It appears that, in addition to the disinclination to attend to the public business, so manifest in the action of both Houses, the members are hampered by rules that will of themselves retard the public service. We were not aware of the magnitude of the evil, and the little less than stupidity that permitted it to exist, till we read the following in the same paper:

"The first thing, it appears to us, that the House should do, if it can, would be to reform such of its rules as seem to have no other effect than to embarrass the House, and to deprive members of the right of presenting to it at any time either their own wishes or those of their constituents.—The rule as it formerly existed, which allowed members, at least in the morning hour, to submit written propositions (resolutions) to the House, the immediate consideration of which was subject to the question, in such case put by the Speaker, 'Will the House now consider the resolution?' appeared to us to work well. We see reason enough in the condition in which the House now finds itself for the re-establishment of that rule. A member could, under it, at least present a proposition whenever he saw reason to do so, instead of waiting, as we know many Members have been waiting in vain ever since Congress met, to reach matters perhaps which their particular constituents have most at heart."

**KOSSUTH AT ALBANY.**  
ALBANY, May 16.  
Extensive preparations are making here by the Government to give Kosuth a splendid reception, on Tuesday next, when he is expected to arrive.

**STEAMER GOV. DUDLEY.**  
The Steamer Gov. Dudley, is again at her wharf, after having undergone a thorough repairing from her light water line up—her bow has been repaired by raising it about 18 inches; she was repaired at the Ship Yard of James Cassiday, Esq., and is nearly a new boat. The workmanship appears to have been faithfully done, she will take her place on the line in about three or four weeks.

**A SIGNIFICANT FACT.**  
A very significant fact was alluded to by Mr. Marshall, in his speech at the Fillmore meeting in New York—which is, that the persons now so violently opposed to Mr. Fillmore were all just as ardently opposed to the passage of the Compromise measures in 1850. They were opposed, not because the Compromise does not grant enough to the South, but because it secured more constitutional rights than they were willing to bestow. Thus it is from day to day clearly shown, that the hostility to Mr. Fillmore is most violent among those who are opposed to the Constitutional rights of the South, which more and more entitles him to the esteem and respect of the citizens here.

**CUBA.**  
A Spanish Journal, the Cronica, printed in New York, says that there is reason to believe there is another expedition under concoction, for the purpose of wresting the Island from the Queen of Spain. We have seen hints of the same kind from other quarters, for several weeks past, but have put no confidence in them. We do not believe men can be found to engage in so hopeless and foolish a scheme.

**THE RAPPERS.**  
We learn that many persons have become deranged under the influences of the spirit-rappings. Six patients of this description were admitted into the Indiana Insane Asylum within a month.—These are deplorable results, but are not uncommon in the promulgation of any new illumination on spiritual subjects. We apprehend the cause of insanity arises from continued attempts to master subjects beyond the grasp of the human intellect. Any one can form some idea of this affection, by contemplating impensity of space, or themes connected with the ubiquity and operations of Deity; the foreknowledge of God, or other like subjects utterly beyond human conception. They will find the nerves of the brain painfully distended and feel the necessity of "calling in their wandering thoughts."

**DEATH OF MRS. ADAMS.**  
The National Intelligencer of Tuesday says: "As a mark of respect to the character and virtues of the late venerable widow of Ex-President JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, both Houses of Congress yesterday adjourned over to Wednesday, to give the Members an opportunity to attend her funeral to-day."

**ARRIVAL OF STEAMER ATLANTIC.**  
FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.  
New York, May 16, 10 P. M.—The steamer Atlantic with Liverpool dates of the 6th inst., arrived here at 9 1/2 P. M. She brings 69 passengers and left Liverpool at 10 A. M. on the 6th inst.—The steamer Africa arrived at Liverpool early in the morning on the 2d inst.

**ENGLAND.**  
Lord Derby had given assurances that the government contemplated no change in the port departure of the steamers for America.

Sir J. Packinton, Colonial Secretary, had brought in a bill giving a representation and constitution to the colony of New Zealand.

On Monday the Militia bill was taken up. Mr. Cobden opposed the enrolment, and moved that a proposition for a more effective navy to be laid before the House, before going into committee on the bill. He did not believe any man of common sense believed that England was likely to be invaded, but if the country was really afraid let 600 ships of the line be placed on the coast, rather than convert citizens into soldiers. Mr. Bright followed in the same strain.

The subject was resumed on Thursday, and the House subsequently adjourned till Wednesday.

On Tuesday, in the House of Lords, Lord Lyndhurst called attention to the case of Solomon, and laid on the table a bill repealing the Jewish disabilities act. Lord Campbell expressed his satisfaction at the motion, and hoped Jews would be admitted into Parliament. Lord Derby said he would offer no opposition, and the bill was read.

A distinguished committee had waited upon the American Minister, asking his co-operation in favor of a reduction in ocean postage, which met his cordial approval, and he promised to call the attention of the United States Government to the matter.

A communication from the Superintendent of the English Company, sent to California to take possession of Col. Fremont's property, states that she attributes relative to title, &c., had induced him to abandon Fremont's alleged land.

Arthur O'Conner, one of the Chief united Irishmen, and a member of the Irish Directory, died on the 23d of April, aged 89.

The Journal des Debats is strongly in favor of the American expedition to Japan, and says it is the realization of the dream of Christopher Columbus.

The Paris papers state that refusals to take the oath of allegiance to the Constitution and the President, are more numerous than were expected. Several members of Council's Generals had refused, and some members of the Tribunal of Commerce had been suspended in consequence of their refusal to take the oath.

The 10th of May fete excites great enthusiasm in the army.

**ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER DANIEL WEBSTER.**  
2 DAYS LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.  
New York, May 16th, 12 P. M.—The steamer Daniel Webster has arrived in eight days from San Juan. She brings California advices to April 16th, 805 passengers, and \$400,000 in gold on freight and in the hands of passengers.

The sloop-of-war Decatur sailed from San Juan for Pensacola on May 2d.

Business at San Francisco was brisk, and all kinds of desirable goods were improving in price. The mining news continues favorable.

The steamers Independence, Oregon and North-cruiser, with New York dates to March 9th, had arrived at San Francisco.

The general news is wholly uninteresting.—The papers contain nothing relative to the sailing of the Mail steamer, or the gold she may be expected to bring.

The mail steamer would leave San Francisco on the 19th, but the probable amount of gold is not stated.

The account of the massacre of the Klamath Indians by the whites is confirmed.

It was rumored at Sacramento on the 10th, that the Indians in Scott's Valley had murdered 150 whites, and stole property to the amount of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The Senators from Klamath and Shasta had applied to the Governor for aid to expel the Indians.

The sloop of war Vincennes had arrived at San Francisco; all on board were well.

A meeting had been held at San Francisco relative to building a railroad across the continent.

The whole ship John and Elizabeth reports having experienced a severe shock of an earthquake on Friday, and subsequently discovered that the Grampus Islands had been swallowed up, being covered with water to the depth of 30 fathoms. Another island, near by, was also swallowed up.

**ARRIVAL OF THE ILLINOIS.**  
\$1,500,000 in Gold—The California Mail.  
New York, May 17.

The steamer Illinois, with the California mails of the 18th April, and 320 passengers, arrived at an early hour this morning. She brings \$1,252,300 on freight, and \$250,000 in the hands of passengers. The Illinois left Aspinwall on the 8th and Havana on the 13th instant. The Sierra Nevada and Eldorado sailed from Aspinwall for New York on the 8th.

The Panama railroad will be opened to within 5 miles of Gorgona during the present month. The rainy season had not yet set in at the Isthmus.

The steamer Northerner sailed from San Francisco on the 18th.

The Golden Gate and Panama, with their passengers and mails were prepared to leave Aspinwall at an hour notice.

A piece of pure gold, weighing 306 ounces, was found near Suora.

The fugitive slave bill had passed both branches of the Legislature.

A bill giving the State printing to the lowest bidder, had passed the Senate. The flour inspection bill had been revived in the Senate, and referred to a select committee.

**THE UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.**  
A trial lately had in the United States District Court for New York city, before Judge Judson, tends to show where at least, a part of the money comes from that supports the underground railroad and other contrivances by which the Anti-slavery Society carry on their machinations against the peace and prosperity of the South. A letter from New York says:

Mr. Wm. Johnson, the treasurer, we believe—at all events one of the leading officers—of the Anti-slavery Society, was arraigned, tried, and found guilty of the offence of coining and passing counterfeit money. It appears that this worthy, who was an English abolition emissary, had for some years been in the habit of manufacturing large quantities of spurious coin—an occupation for which his original calling as silversmith was particularly qualified him. He joined a church, and soon took a high rank in the association for spiriting away fugitive slaves. Money speedily became plenty in the coffers of the kidnappers, and Mr. Johnson, thinking doubtless that he was doing God and himself service at the same time, waxed bolder and more reckless in his nefarious pursuits. But the eye of justice was upon him, and his hand eventually grasped him. He proved a most excellent character, but in vain. Neither his exemplary piety, his philanthropy, nor his philosophy could save him. The evidence of his guilt was irresistible. He was convicted, and sent for a term of years to the State prison.

**THE COMPROMISE.**  
The National Democrat says:

"The Democratic party of the United States, North and South, East and West, are almost a unit on the Compromise as a final settlement of all the agitating matters connected with the question of African slavery within the boundaries of the United States. The sentiment of the Democracy of the nation shows that the finally policy is the one that must inevitably be adopted. This policy grows stronger and stronger every day in the Democratic party of the Union."

The Louisville Journal dresses off the foregoing in the following words:

"How does all this appear? Where is the evidence of its truth? Were not the late Democratic State Conventions in Virginia, Georgia, Louisiana, Florida, California, and Michigan all silent upon the question of the finality of the Compromise? Did the members of either of those Conventions, while settling forth their principles and intentions, utter one word in favor of maintaining the Compromise, or even of observing it? Indeed, has there been a solitary Democratic Convention in any slaveholding State except Kentucky that has endorsed the Compromise, or expressed a willingness to abide by it?"

**A LATE GOLD STORY REFUTED.**  
The latest advices from South Australia, being to the 10th of January, state that the reported discovery of gold in that colony turned out to be a fabrication. The Government Commissioners had a second time proceeded with Mr. G. M. Stephen, the party by whom the reward had been claimed, to the spot indicated, and upon testing the soil were unable to procure the smallest portion of metal. Upon a previous trial every spadeful had been found to yield gold, and the commissioners in their report consequently assert that pieces must have been introduced on that occasion for the purpose of deception. With regard to the general state of the country, it appears that the inhabitants to Sydney and Port Phillip had been much exasperated. Out of a population of 67,000 the total emigration was not more than 5,000, and it is asserted that much of the prevailing commercial panic was to be attributed to the natural collapse of the worthless mining and building speculation which had been carried on for the past year or two.

**Arrest of a Maying Party—Apprehension of Robbers—Railroad Accident.**  
PHILADELPHIA, May 16.

A large posse of the Mayor's Police were on duty last night in Germantown, and arrested the Hand-in-hand Engine Company, who went thither on a Maying excursion, for the purpose of robbing private gardens of flowers. They were caught in the act, and 82 members arrested with their engine. The latter was taken as security for the appearance of the prisoners to-morrow morning.

Wm. R. Pitts and Francis Elliott, charged with robbing Money & Morton, brokers of Richmond, Va., were arrested yesterday at the Baltimore depot, and nearly 800 of the \$500 stolen, were recovered. Pitts was a clerk in the office, and the oldest of the pair is but 17 years of age.

Wm. Watts, a brakeman on the Reading Rail Road, was run over last night and had both legs crushed.

**ARREST FOR FORGING CHECKS.**  
Boston, May 14.

Dr. Day, alias Nelson Felt, was arrested to-day for attempting to pass a forged check on the Cambridge Market Bank for a \$1000. He is suspected of forging the other checks which have been paid by three Boston banks. Thomas Adams, also charged with forgery, has been arrested.

**Nullification Defeated in Massachusetts.**  
The bill before the Massachusetts Legislature for the further protection of personal liberty, was not passed, as has been stated. It came up for engrossment on Saturday, and was defeated by eleven majority. It was designed by this bill to defeat the operation of the fugitive slave law, by allowing justices of the peace the right to issue writs of habeas corpus.

**Shocking Rail Road Accident and Loss of Life.**  
The Cleveland Plain Dealer states that on Tuesday last, a freight train on the Michigan Central railroad came in collision with a passenger train at Niles, Michigan, by which four cars were demolished, seven passengers killed, and ninety wounded, thirty of whom will die. The scene is described as heart-rending. Arms, legs and ribs were broken, and the mass of human beings mutilated in every possible manner. The engineer and fireman, who were saved by jumping from the train, have been arrested and imprisoned in Niles, and it is said the inhabitants are determined to have their conduct rigidly investigated.

**Restoration of the Second Assistant Postmaster General.**  
We learn from Washington that Col. Fitzhugh Warren, Second Assistant Postmaster General, and chief of the Contract-office, has resigned his post, to take effect on the 26th instant. Col. Warren has made a most efficient officer; is universally respected by all having business with the department, and beloved by all employed therein. He has ever cheerfully labored to facilitate the important branch of the public service to which he was attached.—*Mail Sun.*

**FLORIDA INDIANS.**  
The editor of the Tallahassee Sentinel has seen a letter from a reliable citizen of Tampa, dated the 23d ultimo, which states that one family of Indians, comprising two warriors and seven others, had come in for emigration, and were to be sent off by the next trip of the steamer James L. Dry, in connexion with the nine captured by Gen. Hopkins, and turned over to Gun Blake. Two more families were expected to be in for the same purpose, in time for the steamer; and thus (says the Sentinel) the work of emigration commences—small at first; we hope it will not be "beautifully less."

**OXYGENATED BITTERS.**  
The following certificate of the efficacy of the Oxygenated Bitters, is from Rev. J. Perry, D. D., Rector of St. Paul's Church, Windsor, Vt.—  
Windsor, Vt., March 29, 1851.

Dr. Geo. Green—Dear Sir—Having received important benefit from the use of your Oxygenated Bitters, I deem it a duty as it is pleasure, to state that fact for the benefit of others.

I have been, for more than ten years a sufferer from Dyspepsia, by which I was very much crippled, and my strength so much prostrated, as to render my parochial duties very laborious and difficult. I was supposed to be in danger of consumption, and was advised by physicians to resort to a warmer climate. Some seven months since, I was induced to make trial of your Oxygenated Bitters. An improvement was soon perceptible; I regained a considerable portion of the flesh and strength I had lost, and my labors have since been performed without difficulty. This improvement, I have no doubt, is due to the use of your Bitters.

J. PERRY.  
REED, BATES & AUSTIN, Wholesale Druggists, No. 25 Merchants' Row, Boston, General Agents.  
C. DuPre, Agent for Wilmington. \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.

**FOR SHERIFF.**  
We are authorized to announce DONALD A. LAMONT, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County.

**FOR SHERIFF.**  
We are authorized to announce Mr. E. D. HALL, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County, at the ensuing election, on the 6th day of August next.

**FOR SHERIFF.**  
We are authorized to announce THOMAS H. WILLIAMS as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County.

**ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER! IMPROVED TANTALUM DYSPEPTIC—Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, the True Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice, prepared from RENNET, or the Fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions from Baron LIEBIG, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HAUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia.** This is truly a wonderful remedy for INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION, and DRIBBLING, arising after NATURE'S OWN METHOD, by NATURE'S OWN AGENT, the GASTRIC JUICE. Pamphlets, containing Scientific evidence of its value furnished by agents gratis. See notice in advertising columns.

**MARINE NEWS**  
HIGH WATER AT THE BAR 63 4  
PORT OF WILMINGTON, MAY 20.

**ARRIVED.**  
15. Ship Morning Star, King, from Charleston, to Potter & Kidder.  
17. Brig Coral, Gibson, from New York, to P. K. Dickinson & Co.  
18. U. S. M. Steamer Gladiator, Smith, from Charleston, with 40 passengers.  
19. U. S. M. Steamer Wilmington, Bates, from Charleston, with 90 passengers.  
Br. Brig Enterprise, from Cardiff, to DeRosset & Brown, with Iron for W. & M. Road.  
Steamer Geo. Graham, Hurt, from Tim's Landing, to T. C. Worth.  
Brig Solomon Eaton, Small, from New York, to Potter & Kidder.  
Steamer Chatham, Evans, from Fayetteville, to T. C. Worth.  
Schr. Hymen, Murphy, from Hyde County, with 1025 bushels Corn, to Freeman Houston.

**CLEARED.**  
18. U. S. M. Steamer Vanderbilt, Sterett, for Charleston, with 62 passengers.  
Steamer Evergreen, Barbee, for Fayetteville, by A. D. Cazan.  
U. S. M. Steamer Gladiator, Smith, for Charleston, with 200 passengers.  
Brig Harriet Hallock, McLean, for Greenock and Glasgow, by A. H. VanBrockelin, with 1,000 bbls. Tar, 200 bbls. Pitch, 50 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 530 bbls. Rosin.  
Schr. W. H. Smith, Harmon, for New York, by DeRosset & Brown, with 42 bales Cotton, 171 bbls. Turpentine, 1,263 bbls. Rosin, 94 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 6 bales Cotton Yarn, 38 bushels Pea Nuts, 4 boxes Furs, 1 bbl. mdze.  
20. Steamer Chatham, Evans, for Fayetteville, by T. C. Worth.

**NEW YORK—ARRIVED.**  
17. Schr. Active, Ireland.  
Brig David Duffell, Podger.  
Schr. Wake, Briggs.  
Schr. Mary Powell, Watts.  
Schr. Geo. J. Jones, Coffin.

**NEW YORK—ARRIVED.**  
17. Brig Buena Vista.  
Schr. E. S. Powell, Powell.  
Schr. Lamartine, Tyler.  
PHILADELPHIA—CLEARED.  
17. Schr. Filicla, Garwood.

**FRESH GROCERIES.**  
PER SCHR. A. J. DROSSET.  
20 BBLs. of Extra Flower for family use;  
5 " Hiram Smith's best;  
10 bags Green Rio Coffee;  
2 boxes double refined Loaf Sugar;  
3 bbls. of that extra Fulton Market Beef;  
1 bbl. best Porto Rico Sugar;  
10 boxes fresh Soda Crackers;  
3 bbls. do.  
5 " Soda Sugar  
All low for Cash, at GEO. H. KELLEY'S, May 20.

**WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.**

N. C. Hams—scarce	12	a	12 1/2
Western "	11	a	12
N. C. Sides	11	a	12
Western "	11	a	11
N. C. Shoulders	9	a	10
Western "	9	a	10
Batter, Gosher, per lb.	55	a	30
Brandy, Apple	55	a	30
Peach	none		

**C.**

St. Domingo Coffee—none	9	a	10 1/2
" Omburga	15	a	10 1/2
Java	10	a	11 1/2
Laguaira	10	a	11 1/2
Cuba	none		
Corn	600	a	63
Candles, N. C., per lb.	12	a	12
Northern Tallow	12	a	12
Adamantine	23	a	30
Sperm	45	a	30

**D.**

Cotton Yarns	15	a	15
Rio	9	a	15
4-8 N. C. Sheetings	6	a	15
7-8 " "	6	a	15
" "	6	a	15

**F.**

Fayetteville Flour	5	a	25
Canal, extra brands	7	a	25
Baltimore	5	a	25

**G.**

Glac, per lb.	11	a	12
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**H.**

Ash Heading	10	a	90
N. Y. Hay	85	a	100
Eastern "	87 1/2	a	100

**I.**

S. S. Wide Board Plank and Scantling	13	00	a	15	00
Flooring Boards	13	00	a	16	00
Wide Boards Edged	14	00	a	16	00
Refuse half price on all	12	00	a	12	50
River Lumber, flooring per M.	12	00	a	12	50
Wide Boards	7	50	a	5	00
Scantling	4	50	a	5	00
Lard per lb. in bbls.	10	a	10		
" " in kegs	12	a	12		
Lime	1	a	25		

**M.**

New Orleans Molasses—none	..	a	..
Porto Rico	..	a	..
Cuba	..	a	..
Texas—none	..	a	..
Meal	80	a	85

**N.**

Yellow Dip Turpentine 250 lbs.	..	a	..		
per bbl.	2	55	a	..	
New Virgin	2	25	a	3	00
Hard	1	75	a	1	30
Spirits Turpentine	33	a	..		
Pitch	1	70	a	..	
Rosin, No. 1 by tale	1	25	a	1	10
No. 2	1	00	a	1	00
No. 3	1	00	a	1	00
Nails per keg, 100 lbs.	3	25	a	3	50

**P.**

Northern mess Pork	21	a	22	
Cow Pits	90	a	1	00
Pea Nuts	85	a	1	00

**R.**

Rough Rice—scarce	80	a	82	
Cleaned "	3	a	3	50
N. E. Rum, per gallon	33	a	..	
W. I. "	..	a	..	
Jamaica	2 1/2	a	3	00

**S.**

V. O. Hhd. Staves Rough—none	..	a	..		
W. O. Bbl. none	12	00	a	..	
R. O. Hhd. Rough	11	00	a	..	
Shingles—Common	2	50	a	..	
Contract	4	50	a	5	00
Black large	4	00	a	5	00
Sugar, New Orleans	7	00	a	7	00
Porto Rico	6	00	a	7	00
Salt, Liverpool per sack	90	a	1	00	
Blown—none	1	75	a	..	
Turks Island, per bushel	95	a	..		
Soap, pale pr lb. per box	7	a	..		
Brown	5	a	..		

**W.**

Whiskey, Rye, per gallon	45	a	..
Rectified	25	a	..

**FRIGHTS.**

To NEW YORK	Naval Stores, 25 on deck	80 under
Spirits Turpentine	50 cts. per bbl.	
Yarn and Sheetings	61 cts. per foot.	
Cotton	\$1 " "	
Pea Nuts	6 " "	

**To PHILADELPHIA:**

Naval Stores 30 on and	30 under
Spirits Turpentine	55 cts per bbl.
Yarn and Sheetings	61 per foot.
Cotton	\$1 " "