THE COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1852.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOHN KERR,

OF CASWELL.

MR. KERR'S APPOINTMENTS.

The following additional appointments to address the people have been made by Mr. Kerr:

Pittsboro', Thursday, June 24th.
Graham, Saturday, " 26th.
Greensboro', Tuesday, " 29th.
Salem, Tuesday, July 1st.
Huntsville, (Yadkin,) Saturday, July 3rd.
Wilkesboro', Tuesday " 6th.

Mr. Kerr was to have addressed the people of Wake on yesterday.

SARTAIN'S MAGAZINE.

We have received the July number of this popular work, published in Philadelphia, at $3 per annum. This is a very interesting number.

NEW POST OFFICE.

A new Post Office has been established at Williamsburg, Iredell Co., N. C., Robert S. Calvert, P. M.

GEN. SCOTT'S POLITICS.

In a letter written by Gen. Scott, in October, 1851, from Washington in answer to certain inquiries, we find the following relative to his party affinities. It may be interesting to some of our readers:

"PARTY POLITICS.—Although, from early manhood, I have, by the profession of arms, in defence of my country, been thrown out of the arena of party politics, yet I have never ceased to be an attentive observer of public events, and thus I believe, there has scarcely been a discussion of moment in Congress, within my time, on which I did not form, and modestly, but firmly, express a passing opinion.

"A mere youth, I felt the liveliest joy when the alien and sedition law expired in the triumph of Mr. Jefferson. From 1806 I was old enough, by speech and pen, to call for a prompt and energetic redress of our wrongs suffered from Great Britain under her orders in council, attack on the Chesapeake frigate, and long continued impressment of our seamen; and when the war of 1812 at length came, I was among the first and longest in the presence of the foe. The insults received from the French Directory, their depredations on our commerce, renewed under Napoleon's decrees, (Berlin and Milan,) which followed the British orders in council, also largely shared in my indignant reprobation.

"The administrations of Mr. Madison and Mr. Monroe, like that of Mr. Jefferson, had, in their respective periods, my humble but hearty approbation, and I have since censured nothing in either but the sale of a part, and the dismantling of the remainder of our navy, the gun boat system of defence that followed, and the indefinite embargo which, crippling us for war, by destroying our commerce and finances, and oppressing agriculture, was long continued, without redressing one outrage from abroad.

"I give this little sketch of the growth of my party feelings or opinions—unimportant, perhaps, except to myself and a few partial friends—to show that, if I have never been a federalist, in any party sense of the term, so never have I been a jacobin, an impracticable or abstractionist, in any sense whatever; but always an old fashioned republican, devoted to the support of law and order—a democratic whig, just as all my family had been whigs, in the great struggle for national freedom and independence."

The following is an extract from a letter written by the General, in February, 1843, on the subject of slavery:

"I own, myself, no slaves; but never have attached blame to masters for not liberating their slaves—well knowing that liberation, without the means of sending them in comfort to some position favorable to the pursuit of happiness, would in most cases, be highly injurious to all around, as well as to the manumitted families themselves—unless the operation were general and under the auspices of prudent legislation. But I am persuaded that it is a high moral obligation of masters and slaveholding States to employ all means not incompatible with the safety of both colors, to meliorate slavery, even to extermination."

MR. KERR.

From every quarter which Mr. Kerr has visited we have assurances of the great success which has attended his efforts. In every place his addresses have been received with approbation and applause, and he ably advocates the principles of the Whig Party, and shows that they are the only principles upon which the government can be successfully administered and the happiness of the people secured. He argues that if the people desire a change in the Constitution they ought to have it and the question should be submitted to them—and if any alteration is made it should be done by Delegates in Convention, elected by the people.

The style in which the Press speaks of Mr. Kerr, may be understood from the following, which appears in the Plymouth News:

"In Mr. Kerr, the people expected to find a patriot, a statesman, and a gentleman; our word for it, they were not disappointed: he is all, yes, more than they could have hoped for. The people every where are well pleased with him; they are pleased with his views, principles and position, both upon State, and National politics; and in August next, the name of Kerr will be rolled in the Ballot box in multiplied numbers. Washington County will do her duty, and already has the name of John Kerr become warmly attached to its citizens. The very Democrats cannot help looking upon him with pride, and envying the Whig party such a whole-souled man."

THE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.

The newspapers are crowded with speculations relative to the Whig nomination for the Presidency—one gives the nomination to Scott; another to Fillmore, and another to Webster. We look upon these speculations as idle and unprofitable and, therefore, abstain from participating in them. We will soon know all about it.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CONVENTION.

There is to be a National Agricultural Convention in Washington City, on the 24th day of the present month. This plan is put in operation at the instance of the State Societies of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, New York, Ohio, and others.

We hope this Convention will be well represented, and that the important interests embraced in the subject may receive a healthful impetus from the united energies of those connected with the cultivation of the soil. We are sure North Carolina will not lag behind in this good work.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Committee of Organization, on the afternoon of Tuesday last, reported the following list of permanent officers of the Convention:

PRESIDENT:

Hon. John W. Davis,—Indiana.

VICE PRESIDENTS:

John Irwin, Alabama; Samuel C. Roane, Arkansas; Henry A. Lyons, California; James T. Pratt, Connecticut; Charles Wright, Delaware; John Branch, Florida; Joseph Day, Georgia; James B. Foley, Louisiana; Dr. Charles Johnson, Illinois; George Gillespie, Iowa; Levi Tyler, Kentucky; Emilie La Sere, Louisiana; Amos W Roberts, Maine; Edward Lloyd, Maryland; Henry H. Childs, Massachusetts; Elon Farnsworth, Michigan; John B. Nevitt, Mississippi; V. A. James, Missouri; Samuel Tilton, New Hampshire; David S. Craig, New Jersey; Zadoch Pratt, New York; Weldon N. Edwards, North Carolina; Wm. Medill, Ohio; David Lynch, Pennsylvania; Welcome B. Sayles—Rhode Island; Cave Johnson, Tennessee; Ashbel Smith, Texas; David A. Smallie, Vermont, Charles Yancey, Virginia; Wilson Dewy, Wisconsin.

SECRETARIES.

Edmund C. West, New York; S. C. Bovatt, Tennessee; E. Barksdale, Mississippi; Wm. Stewart, Indiana; Patrick Crittenden, Connecticut; Wm. A. Hocker, Illinois; Edward B. Bartlett, Kentucky; Lucius Y. Lusk, Louisiana; Samuel H. Ayre, New Hampshire; Oliver S. Dewey, North Carolina; Samuel D. Patterson, Pennsylvania; C. Pryor, Virginia; David Noggle, Wisconsin.

By a telegraphic despatch to the Journal the, ballottings on yesterday had reached 17—Cass, 99; Buchanan, 87; Douglas, 50; Marcy, 26; Butler, 1; Houston, 11; Lane, 13.

MORE REFORM.

A memorial is said to be in preparation to be presented to the Legislature of Massachusetts, by the Shaking Quakers, a well known sect who abstain from matrimonial connexions. The object of the memorial is to get a law passed abolishing the existing marriage tie, as being one of the most dangerous and destructive systems that ever existed in the world. The memorial is published in the northern papers as a veritable affair, but we are disposed to consider it a hoax. Whatever may be its true character, the matter is so amusing that we cannot resist the temptation of placing it before our readers. It is as follows:

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of Massachusetts—

The humble petition of the great and increasing body of shaking Quakers, commonly called Shakers—Sheweth—That whereas your petitioners are already a very large and influential body in the State of Massachusetts, possessing large real estate, and daily adding to their numbers and possessions,

And whereas they are fully convinced, and are ready to prove to the satisfaction of your honorable House, that that sort of intercouse between the sexes, commonly called carnal intercouse, under whatever limitations or restrictions, is contrary to religion, and highly detrimental to the morals of the people, producing, notoriously, in a multitude of instances, bickerings, strife, dissensions, quarrels, and bloodshed, contrary to the best interests of society, and the peace of the State:

And whereas your honorable House, by the late passing of an act entitled "An Act concerning the manufacture and sale of spirituous and intoxicating liquors," without an appeal to the people, has shown your paternal care for the morals and well being of the people of this State, nobly disregarding, by dictating to man what he shall and what he shall not drink, all absurd and exploded notions of constitutional freedom, the rights of man, and the sovereignty of the people, as well as all antiquated principles of legislation founded upon reason and experience; and has left the maintenance of the said law to be decided by future elections, in which other influences will be mixed up with the great question at issue, so that by the blessed aid of political jobbery and corruption, supported by fanaticism, the said law may be considered as a permanent and enduring one.

And whereas your petitioners are induced to believe, from your known character and reputation, that you will persist in the same just, wise, and fearless course;

Now, therefore, your petitioners do humbly pray your honorable House to turn your attention immediately to the utter abolition, prohibition by law and prevention, of the filthy and disgraceful practice of marrying and giving in marriage, and the use of all intercourse between the sexes, except that of speaking together in brotherly love, the singing of pious psalms, with as little meaning as possible, and the dancing together upon certain occasions, after the manner and fashion of the animal called "kangaroo," which your petitioners consider the only true, religious, and legitimate mode of dancing, and such, undoubtedly, as that used by David before the Ark.

Your petitioners would also pray your honorable House to take into consideration whether it may not be expedient to prohibit the use of all cheese, maple sugar, pails, mops, and measures, not made by the community to which your petitioners belong, inasmuch as it is notorious that the cheese and maple molasses made by other persons are subject to great adulteration, and are often poisonous and highly detrimental in their effects; that the measures made by other people are not just measures; and that all other mops, not their own, are valueless, and are injurious to the peace and welfare of the Commonwealth, being used for bludgeons, cudgels, and other unlawful instruments; and moreover, as the name and distinction of rummy has already been extended in your honorable House and elsewhere, under your sanction and approval, to signify and comprehend all that vast majority of the people of this State, many of whom never tasted rum, or drank spirits in their lives; but who are opposed to the exercise of arbitrary power by any body of men, or to the infraction of what they foolishly believe to be the first principles of human freedom and the rights of man, your petitioners humbly pray, that by a formal resolution of your honorable House, the aforesaid name, or designation of rummy may be with even handed justice applied to all persons who are not of the community known as the community of Shakers.

And your petitioners will ever pray.

TEACHER'S CONVENTION.

It will be recollected that a Teacher's Convention is to be held in Raleigh on the 29th of the present month. The Goldsboro' New Era suggest that the Board of Superintendents of Common Schools in each County send a teacher, or other suitable person to represent the County in the Teacher's Convention. This is a very good suggestion, excepting that part which relates to "some other suitable person." We do not see how any other than a Teacher can be suitable in a Teacher's Convention. If we are to have a Teacher's Convention let it be one of that character sure enough—composed of men who *feel* and understand the importance of the subject.—If the Convention is not strictly confined to Teachers, there may be a plenty of "Buncombe speeches," but nothing effectual will be accomplished. If Teachers are not qualified to attend to this matter, let them say so, and let the thing drop at once.

RHODE ISLAND.

Popular sentiment on the subject of the recently passed Maine Law in Rhode Island, is creating some excitement. A Newport paper says, "the excitement is raging with violence in our usually quiet town;" and that "the revolutionary spirit is manifest in Rhode Island, and has been commented upon abroad, and Rhode Island is held up to the gaze of the States as the violator of her own laws and a hot bed of insubordination."

ARRIVAL OF THE

STEAMER ASIA.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, June 2d.

The steamer Asia, with Liverpool dates to the 22d ult., arrived this morning. She brings fifty-five passengers, and $422,000 in specie from France.

The Franklin arrived off Cowes on the afternoon of the 20th, The City of Glasgow arrived at Liverpool on the 21st.

ENGLAND.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Hume asked whether the correspondence between the United States respecting the navigation of the St. Lawrence on the subject between the two Governments had been settled.

Mr. Barkington said he would give an answer to the question in future.

Lord Palmerston called the attention of the House to the dangers threatening the Constitutional Governments in Spain and elsewhere.

Earl Winchelsea made a violent attack on the Catholic priesthood, and said they were endeavoring to subvert the power of the Queen, but he expected and hoped that the next Parliament would remedy the evil by revoking the Maynooth endowment and emancipation act.

FRANCE.

Three hundred more political offenders had been remanded from Paris to Havre, for transportation.

The French fleet appeared before Naples on the 10th.

Gen. McMahon had quitted Constantine on the 7th of May, with an army of 10 000 men, to undertake an expedition against Kabylle.

Several of the French journals are out with savage articles against Generals Changarpier and Lamoriciere.

GERMANY.

A telegraphic despatch from Frankfort, dated May 18th, says that the new Austrian loan of thirty-five millions florins, convention money, has been taken by the house of Rothschild.

An angry letter is said to have been presented by the Russian Ambassador, Count Arnin, to the Austrian Government upon the subject of the customs tariff.

ARRIVAL OF THE

STEAMER NORTHERN-LIGHT.

18 *DAYS LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.*

NEW YORK, June 2.—The steamer Northern-Light, from San Juan, via Aspinwall, on the Isthmus, arrived here to-day, with three hundred passengers, and a small amount of specie not reported.

She brings San Francisco dates to the 18th of April, consequently the advices by this steamer are 18 days later.

The steamer Columbia sailed from San Francisco on the 5th, bringing down one hundred and eighty passengers, and one million eight hundred and thirty-six thousand, eight hundred and forty-five dollars of gold, on freight.

The steamer Winfield Scott also left San Francisco on the 6th of May, with 600 passengers, and arrived at Panama on the 21st ult.

The Northern Light left at Aspinwall steamers Crescent City and Philadelphia, awaiting the arrival of the Columbia. Also the United States, to sail on the 26th for New York, via Kingston.

The Legislature had passed a flour inspection bill, which was pronounced odious. Also a bill appropriating $600,000 for the payment of Indian war claims.

The Senate joint resolutions on the compromise measures had also passed the House.

The dreaded anniversary of the great fire passed off quietly, though so great was the fear of the inhabitants that a similar calamity would visit them, that all the engines of the city were ranged in the streets, with ropes stretched, etc

Intelligence from Shasta reports the killing of 150 Indians by the whites, who were infuriated at the murder of Mr. Anderson by the Indians.

The population of San Francisco increased nearly 6000 during the month of April. Of this nearly half was from China.

United States sloop of war Vincennes sailed from San Francisco 3d May for home, via Valparaiso.

FROM THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—Great excitement existed at Honolulu in consequence of a current report that the Chilian Colony in Magellan Straits, who lately revolted, were on a piratical cruise after American vessels in the Pacific.

FIRE.

BALTIMORE, June 2.—About two o'clock yesterday morning, a fire broke out in the establishment of Mr. Schuk, in Canal street, second door from Jefferson. It was used as a shop for the repairing of furniture, and a dwelling for his family. The whole was entirely in flames and was thoroughly destroyed, the combustible nature of the materials favoring a quick fire. From this the flames communicated to the apothecary establishment of Mr. Thomas Richards, whose house was occupied by Mrs. Welsh as a dwelling. The houses occupied by Edward Creden, R Wiley, and Grove Height, were subsequently attacked, and, if not destroyed, were materially injured. The row of buildings belonged to Mr. David Davidson, whose loss he thinks is nearly or quite covered in the equitable office. We could not ascertain that the occupants of the houses were insured, or what were their losses. There was a rumor that the family of Mr. Schuk, in whose house the fire originated, had perished in the flames, but we believe there is no truth in it. Inquiry yesterday at a late hour assures us of that fact. How the fire originated is a mystery.—*Sun.*

HABEAS CORPUS.

A writ of habeas corpus was issued by the Criminal Court yesterday, at the instance of Frederick Miller, a German, to obtain the custody of Elizabeth Miller, his daughter about fifteen years of age, who was at a house of ill-fame kept by Mary Jackson, in Watch-house alley. The writ was served and the daughter was produced—a very good looking, delicate girl. The fact of her living at the house of Jackson was not denied, the girl herself admitting it, and declaring her determination not to go home. She alleged that her parents sent her out to sell matches and pick up rags, and that when she did not return them home a large sum of money every day, they would beat her, although they knew she could not make much by honest means; and that she preferred to live in a house of ill-fame rather than to be running about the streets. The parents denied any ill-treatment, and stated their willingness to take care of her. The court said it could order the girl home, she being a minor, but it had no power to compel her to remain—she was accordingly remanded to the custody of her father. Miller, prior to leaving the court room, said if she did not stay home, he would her, whereupon the court rescinded its decision and ordered the girl to go about her business. When she got into the street she ran for her home in Watch-house alley, her parents following a short distance, but being distanced, gave up the pursuit.—*Ib.*

BREAKING THINGS.

The opening of the Democratic National Convention, yesterday, was signalised by the firing of a number of discharges from a small cannon, under the command of Capt. Castles, of New York which was placed at the junction of Harrison and Baltimore streets, immediately in front of the place of meeting. Every discharge made the windows in the neighborhood rattle, affording a gratifying prospect to the glaziers.—*Ib*

PURIFYING PROPERTIES OF COFFEE.

The English Medical Gazette asserts that roasted coffee has a peculiar power to overcome offensive odors. Charcoal has been known to have great absorbing power, and this may be the secret of the matter. It is stated that a room in which meat in an advanced degree of decomposition had been kept was instantly deprived of all smell on an open coffee roaster being carried through it, containing a pound of coffee newly roasted. In another room, filled with offensive effluvium, the stench was completely removed within half a minute on the employment of three ounces of fresh roasted coffee.

NO PLAGUE IN MADEIRA.

A letter has been received in Philadelphia, dated Gibraltar, from Dr. F. J. Bumstead, of Boston, who passed the winter in the Madeira Islands.—In reference to a report that went the round of the papers, some two months since that the plague had broken out in Madeira, he writes—"Madeira is the last place in the world for the plague to make its appearance. They have never had the cholera there, notwithstanding the tendency to bowel complaints on the island."

Fire at North Bridgewater—Departure of Missionaries.

BOSTON, May 31.

The Baptist Church at North Bridgewater, was damaged by fire last evening to the amount of $2,000. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Rev. Mr. Crane and wife, of Western N. York embarked for Smyrna to-day, in the barque Sultana, to join the Nestorian mission.

From the Southern Press, June 7.

ISTHMUS OF TEHUANTEPEC.

It will be seen by our telegraphic despatch from New Orleans, that it is almost certain that the Mexican government has accepted the proposition of A. G Sloo, esq., for the establishment of a communication across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.

We congratulate the country on the auspicious prospects of this oft attempted enterprise The route is decidedly the best which the continent affords for our intercourse with California and China.

Mr. Sloo is the founder of the mail steam line from New York to New Orleans and Chagres which is one of the most brilliant and successful undertakings of the day, and if he succeeds in his present enterprise, he will stand pre-eminent among the great internal improvement leaders of the day.

AN UNNATURAL MOTHER.

About seven o'clock yesterday evening on Seventh street, near Walnut a woman stepped up to a young lad and requested him to hold her infant child for a few minutes, remarking that she wished to step into a store near by and make a purchase. The boy took the child and held it about half an hour when the mother not returning he made search for her but to no purpose. The child soon became fretful and began to scream, which attracted the attention of some persons residing in the vicinity, who upon hearing the boy's story, had the infant taken to the Orphan Asylum.

Cincinnati Commercial, May 29.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

We learn that on the 29th ult. Mr. James McLenny, acting in the capacity of overseer for Mr. Abraham Hobbs of Sampson County, was stricken by lightning while ploughing in the field, and instantly killed. His horse was also killed by the same stroke, and the plough frame considerably shattered. Mr. McLenny leaves a wife and one child to mourn their loss.—*Journal.*

Young Woman Drowned at Wilmington.

The Delaware Republican of Monday, has the following account of an accident in that city on Sunday:

"A sail-boat containing three young men, and a similar number of girls, were struck by a squall of wind, and upset, yesterday afternoon, on the Christiana, opposite the farm of Dr. Brown, and Maria Hackett, aged about sixteen years, was drowned. The others were taken up by another boat near at hand; and Maria might have also been saved had she not got under the sail. She had been employed in the factory of J. Pusey & Son in this city, and her sudden death is a severe blow to those she left a few hours before, in the enjoyment of health and bright anticipations of happiness. Her body has not yet been recovered.

CHEAP CHILDREN.

The following price of juveniles is appended to the advertisement of a "splendid oratorio," in *The Portland Argus:*

"N. B.—Tickets 25 cts. Children under 12 years of of age, half price, to be had at the door."

MOVEMENTS OF KOSSUTH.

NEW YORK, June 1

Kossuth arrived in a special train about three o'clock this afternoon, when he delivered a short address and collected about $200. He reached Utica this evening where he addressed the citizens, about 1,000 tickets being sold at $1 each. He meets with large crowds and much enthusiasm at the towns on his route.

Four Lives Lost by the Upsetting of a Boat.

BOSTON, June 1.

Last Saturday evening at Sancook village, New Hampshire, a Mr Babcock, accompanied by four young ladies, attempted to cross the river at that place in a boat which upset, and four of the party were drowned, viz: Mr Babcock, two sisters named Haley, and Miss Thrasher.

THE COLLISION ON ST. JOHN'S RIVER.

ST. JOHN, N. B., May 31.

The corner's jury in the case of collision between the steamers Hannah Augusta and Transit have rendered a verdict of manslaughter against the officers of both boats.

MARRIED.

In Fayetteville, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. J. C. Huske, Mr. A D CAZAUX of this place, to Miss SARAH W. MULLINS, of Fayetteville.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce DOUGALD A. LAMONT, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County.

April 10, 1852. 11-te

FOR SHERRIFF.

We are authorized to announce Mr. E. D. HALL as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County, at the ensuing election, on the 6th day of August next.

April 8, 1852. 10-te.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS H. WILLIAMS as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County.

March 11, 1851. 153-te.

Another great cure of Dyspepsia.

Astonishing success of the Oxygenated Bitters.

NEW HAVEN, November 28, 1851.

Messrs. Reed, Bates and Austin. Gentlemen—I feel that no sense of pride, or delicacy, should deter me from expressing publicly, my gratitude, for the astonishing power and efficacy of your Oxygenated Bitters, in restoring me to health, after suffering more than six years from Dyspepsia, and Liver complaint, during which time I had the best medical advice, with no benefit except temporary relief.

Some three years ago, my case became more hopeless, from an attack of diarrhœa, which confined me to my bed for eight weeks, causing great prostration of the whole system. I obtained a little relief, but the diarrhœa continued, and the constant pain and suffering I endured, can hardly be described; the most delicate food distressed me, causing severe headache, flatulency, and acidity of the stomach; my spirits, too, at times, were so depressed from the disease, that I felt as if nothing could ever make me cheerful again; even the singing of birds, and music, of which I was always so fond, tended only to fill my soul with sadness, and render my spirits more gloomy and depressed.

About two months ago, I was so much reduced, that I could eat scarcely any food whatever, and was obliged to take my bed, in despair of ever getting any better, and feeling that my disease was beyond the power of medicine. At this time, I read some of the certificates of remarkable cures, by the Oxygenated Bitters, and obtained a bottle of the medicine. However surprising, it is nevertheless true, that I was almost immediately relieved of every symptom of my various complaints, and gained so rapidly, that I was a wonder to all who knew me, after using four or five bottles of the medicine.

I am now in better health than I have enjoyed for many years, and attribute my restoration, by the grace of God, to your invaluable medicine. I shall recommend to all who suffer from any similar complaints, to try this wonderful remedy.

Respectfully yours,
MARY E. HANOVER.

No. 23 Fair Street

REED, BATES & AUSTIN, Wholesale Druggists, No. 26 Merchants Row, Boston, General Agents.

C DePre, Agent for Wilmington. $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER! IMPORTANT TO DYSPEPTICS.—Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, *the True Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice*, prepared from RENNET, or the Fourth Stomach of the OX, after directions from Baron LIEBIG, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HAUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia. This is truly a wonderful remedy for INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION, and DEBILITY, curing after NATURE'S OWN METHOD, by NATURE'S OWN AGENT, the GASTRIC JUICE. Pamphlets, containing Scientific evidence of its value furnished by agents gratis. See notice in advertising columns. 12m.

EMPTY SPIRIT BARRELS.

100 LARGE size, landing from Schr. Barcelona, for sale by

ELLIS, RUSSELL & CO.

June 5. 35.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

100 BARRELS expected per Schr. H P. Russell, from Baltimore, for sale by

ELLIS, RUSSELL & CO

June 5. 35.

MARINE NEWS.

HIGH WATER AT THE BAR——————— 63 4

PORT OF WILMINGTON, JUNE 5.

ARRIVED.

3. U. S. M. Steamer Wilmington, Bates, from Charleston, with 81 passengers.

Schr Mary Abigail, Charlotte, from Shallotte, to Chadbourn & Hooper.

Schr. Odd Fellow, Easters, from Smithville, to Master, with Naval Stores.

Schr. Champion, ——, from Little River, to DeRosset & Brown, with Naval Stores.

Schr. Melissa Holland, Mason, from Shallotte, to DeRosset & Brown, with Naval Stores.

4. U. S. M. Steamer Vanderbilt, Sterett, from Charleston, with 103 passengers.

Brig Buena Vista, Wines, from New York, to Geo. Harriss, with mdse. for sundry persons.

Fishing Smack South Carolina Watson, from Black Fish Ground, with a quantity of first rate live Black Fish.

CLEARED.

3. U. S. M. Steamer Gladiator, Smith, for Charleston, with 38 passengers.

Steamer Chatham, Evans, for Fayetteville, by T. C. Worth.

Schr. Mary Isabella, Martin, for Petersburg, Va., by J. & D. McRae & Co., with 80,000 feet Lumber.

U. S. M. Steamer Wilmington, Bates, for Charleston with 110 passengers.

4. Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, for New York, by Miles Costin.

Schr. St. Leon, Richardson, for Cuba, by J. & D McRae & Co., with 117,000 feet Lumber.

NEW YORK——————————ARRIVED.

31. Schr. Lamartine, Tyler.
Schr. J. Estell, Lane
Schr Sea Port, Price.

——————————CLEARED.

29. Schr. Wake, Briggs.
31. Schr. R W. Brown, Hulse.
June 1. Schr. H. Hallock, Mandeuil.

Removal of the Wreck of the Steam-Frigate "Missouri" from the Bay of Gibraltar.

We are authorized to state that according to the authority conferred by Congress on the Navy Department, and an appropriation of a sum not exceeding $80,000, (by the Navy appropriation act of 3d March, 1851,) a contract was concluded with Messrs. *Wells & Gowen*, of Boston, to remove the wreck of the steam-frigate Missouri from the bay of Gibraltar for the sum of $59 000.

Two years from the date of the contract (9th of April, 1851) was the period stipulated for the completion of the work. It has been executed in less time, to the entire satisfaction of the British authorities at Gibraltar and the harbor and anchorage at that port are now perfectly freed from all the obstructions which the said wreck had caused to its navigation and the safety of the shipping lying there.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

A.			
N. C. Hams.....scarce.....	12	a	12½
Western "		a	...
N. C. Sides.....	11½	a	12
Western "	11½	a	
N. C. Shoulders.....	10½	a	11
Western "	9	a	10
Butter, Goshen, per lb.....		a	30
Brandy, Apple.....	55	a	
Peach.....none.....	..	a	
C.			
St. Domingo Coffee....none.....		a	
Rio.....		a	10½
Java.....	15	a	15
Laguira.....	10	a	11½
Cuba .....none.....		a	..
Corn.....	60	a	63
Candles, N. C., per lb.....	12	a	
Northern Tallow.....	12	a	
Adamantine.....	23	a	30
Sperm.....	45	a	
D.			
Cotton Yarns.....	15	a	...
" Osnaburgs.....	9	a	...
4-4 N. C. Sheeting.....	6	a	
7-8 " Sheeting.....	6	a	
F.			
Fayetteville Flour.....	5 25	a	...
Canal, extra brands.....	7	a	8
Baltimore.....	4,87½	a	5 00
G.			
Glue, per lb.....	11	a	12
H.			
Ash Heading.....	10 00	a	...
N. Y. Hay.....	95	a	..
Eastern.....	87½	a	1 00
L.			
S. S Wide Board Plank and Scantling.....	13 00	a	15 00
Flooring Boards.....	15 00	a	16 00
Wide Boards Edged.....	14 00	a	15 ..
Refuse half price on all.....	....	a	....
River Lumber, flooring per M,.	12 00	a	12 50
Wide Boards,..	7 50	a	....
Scantling,.....	4 50	a	5 00
Lard per lb. in bbls.....	10½	a	..
in kegs.....	12	a	
Lime.....	1 25	a	....
M			
New Orleans Molasses..none....	..	a	..
Porto Rico..... "	..	a	...
Cuba.....	19	a	20
Texas.... none.....	..	a	...
Meal.....	80	a	85
N.			
Yellow Dip Turpentine 280 lbs.	....	a	....
per bbl.....	2 55	a	2 65
New Virgin.....	2 75	a	3 00
Hard.....	1 25	a	1 30
Spirits Turpentine.....	35	a	..
Tar.....	1 70	a	....
Pitch.....	2 25	a	1[illegible]
Rosin, No. 1 by tale.....	2 10	a	2 00
No. 2.....	1 00	a	1 5
No. 3.....	80	a	95
Nails per keg, 100 lbs.....	3 25	a	3 50
P.			
Northern mess Pork.....	21	a	22
Cow Peas.....	90	a	1 00
Pea Nuts.....	85	a	1 00
R			
Rough Rice.....scarce.....	80	a	82
Cleaned.....	3 25	a	3 50
N. E. Rum, per gallon.....	33	a	
W. I .....none.....	..	a	
Jamaica.....	2½	a	3 00
S			
N O Hhd. Staves Rough.none..	....	a	....
W. O. Bbl. none.....	12 00	a	....
R. O. Hhd. Rough.....	11 00	a	....
Dressed.....scarce.....	....	a	....
Shingles, Common.....	2 50	a	....
Contract.....	4 50	a	5 00
Blacks large.....	4 00	a	5 00
Sugar, New Orleans....scarce...	7	a	7
Porto Rico.....	6½	a	7
Salt, Liverpool per sack.....	90	a	1 00
Blown.....none.....	1 75	a	..
Turks Island, per bushel....	25	a	
Soap, pale pr lb per box.....	7	a	..
Brown,.....	5	a	
W.			
Whiskey, Rye, per gallon.....	45	a	
Rectified.....	26	a	

Wilmington Bank Rates of Exchange.

Checks on New York.	Premium
" " Philadelphia,	1 per cent prem
" " Boston,	1 " " "
" " Baltimore,	1 " " "
" " Virginia,	1 " " "
" " Charleston	1 " " "