THE VICE PRESIDENT ELECT. Ww. R. Kino, President of the Senate, and Vice President elect, arrived here last evening in the swamer Gladlator. The steamer did dot arrive till 5 o'clock, P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RALKION, Dec. 2, 1852. and reading in the Senate to-day, by 25 votes.

OUR LAST PAGE.

On our last page will be found an account of a terrible hurricane at Tripoll-Also the Webster Obsequies in Boston.

THE C. F. & DEEP RIVER DISASTER. It was Mr. Champion, Superintendent of the Works who was drowned at Jones' Falls, and not Mr. Clegg, as reported in some of the papers.

MEETING OF CITIZENS.

By the solicitation of a number of citizens, the Magistrate of Police has called a meeting to be held at the Court House on Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock. The propriety of sending a petition to the Legislature, relative to the sale of ardent spirits, is proposed to be discussed at that meeting. It is a subject of deep interest to the whole community and is fairly open for the interchange of opinion, in a friendly discussi n. We hope and believe it will be entertained in a spirit of mutual kindness, with the determination to abide the decision of the majority.

ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

The Electors met on Wednesday last. Walter F. Leake, Esq. was elected President, and Perrin Busbee, Esq. Clerk. The vote was cast, of course, for Pierce & King.

FREE SUFFRAGE.

The Free Suffrage Bill was defeated in the Seft-Mie: on Tuesday last, by the following vote: YEAS-Messrs. Albright, Bynum, Cowper, Hoke, T. F. Jones, Kelley, Lane, McCleese, Mitchell. Murray, Palmer, Richardson, Thomas, Wiley, Woodfin, and Joyner-16.

Nays-Messrs. Albritton, Arendell, Barrow. Berry, Bower, Boyd, Brogden, Bunting, Caldwell, Cannady, Clark, Collins, Cunningham, Drake, Hargrave, Herring Wesley Jones, Kerr, Lillington, McDowell, McMillan, Murchison, Person, Shaw, Speight, Steele, Thomas, Ward, Washington, Watson, and Withers-32.

On motion of Mr. Brogden, this vote was reconsidered, and the subject made the order of the day for Friday-(yesterday.)

WORKS RECEIVED.

We have received the November number of Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine and the October number of the Edinburgh Review, re-printed by Leonard Scott & Co. 79 Fulton Street New York-at \$3 per annum. Price of Blackwood and any one of the four Reviews, 5; the four Reviews and Blackwood \$10.

We have also received the November number of the Jewish Chronicle, published under the direction of the American Society for meliorating the condition of the Jews. Published at the Soclety's Office, corner of Spruce and Nassau streets, New York, at \$1 per annum-24 octavo pages.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

This work has been translated in Paris, and has pecome notorious, though not so much so as in America and England. The principal purpose of the authoress has been fully accomplished - money. The influence of the Book on Society in Europe as in America, will be but transitory. It is passing off with us, already, as a"nine day's wonder."

THE NEWBERNIAN

We are sorry to learn from the Newbernian of Tuesday last, that the experiment of a semi-week- has the following in Monday's issue: ly in Newbern is likely to prove a failure. The Editor says be cannot continue the publication longer than the present year, without a guarantee outlay.

REVOLUTION IN BUENOS AYRES. Dates from Buenos Ayres to the 2d of October confirm the reports of a revolution there and the expulsion of Gen. Urgaiza, received some time

The following letter, from a resident in the rents, and also points out some of the coutingen-

der the new order of things: "On the 11th September Bucgos Ayres underent another revolution, but without bloodshed. No sooner had Urquiza sailed for San Nicolas, to be present at the Congress, than the people of Bucnos Ayres rose against his substitute, Caloa, and installed the President of their dissolved Chamber as Constitutional Acting Governor. The Sala met and resumed its proceedings, interrupted in June last by Urquiza's arbitrary conduct. One of its first acts, however, was a false step, that may be attended with very serious consequences in future. They passed a law advancing, by way of gratification, a year's pay to the soldiery who, withle a given time, should declare for the Consitutional Government. Hereafter the military may declare for those who offer them most pay .-But it must be confessed that, before the law was inght forward, most of the military authorities clared for the new order of things. Galeno, ith about 2 000 Entrerianos, succeeded in crossing over the Entre Rios. When Urquiza was made acquainted with the state of affairs in Buenos Ayres, he published proclamations, addresed to the Argentines, in which he styled the Partenes rebels to his authority, and declared his intention of marching against them and anihilating them. He, however, soon discovered that it was easier o say than to do; and, making a virtue of necesty, he sent his friend Col. Beaz to Buenes Avres. with authority to acknowledge the new Governit, and to state his intention to return to Ea-Blos and resume the government of that proinch. We have, however not heard that Urquiza Avrea in April last, and from subsequent informao that has reached us it would appear that he as either repented of his descent to the position f slipple Governor, or adopted the step of send-Back as a loro to obtain what he wanted, or to gain time. He has since declared that he is still the Provisional Director of the Argentina confederation, and, as such, represents its foreign elations. A circular to that effect has been sent atic and consular agents of foreign ments. Buenos Ayres will consent to the

enviousion of the Paraua, and will declare the

of Buenos Ayres a bonding port."

OUBAN AFFAIRS.

The subject of Cuban affairs must necessarily excite the public mind, and be prominent among the topics of the day, because listers and principle are involved of wast importance to us as a nation; and on the proper management of our foreign relations depends not only our character abroad but all our vital interests at home.

It is amazing to see in what a careless and reckless manner some of the presses of the country treat this subject. We know not what to attribute, except it be to a babit of partizan abuse and scandal, the wanton and malicious attacks on Mr-The bill for the relief of the Cape Fear and Fillmore and his Cabinet, in relation to these uf-Deep River Navigation Company, passed its sec- fairs-for there is no political object to attain by libels on the retiring administration; no office to get by it; no applause from the vast body of the American people-for certainly the course of the government is approved by the thoughtful and intelligent of them. So it must be that an inveterate habit of nibbling at the Devil's bait, impels them to "bite the naked hook."

The President is accused of a want of energyof being of a very submissive spirit. For what Because he did not follow up the quasi declara tion of war by Mr. Law, the steamboat owner, and the hostile threats of the Middy, and persevering insolence of Purser Smith, by an armament to attack Cuba, or a Proclamation demonstrative of enmity to Spain.

But they say the Administration has done noth ing; that the President is inactive and tame-a! though he has publicly declared that the whole subject is now become a matter of diplomatic investigation; that he has opened communications with Spain and will sustain the honor of the nation and viadicate the rights of the American people. As you, gentlemen, who make these charge have not seen the communication of the Secretary of State to our Minister at Madrid, nor read the instructions which he took with him, you ought not to talk falsely concerning that of which you most assuredly know nothing.

The President says that these arrangements are all in order, and we cannot for our life think what the slanderers want, unless they insist that there documents should have been read and approved by Mr. Law, Mr. Smith and the Middy, before they assumed an official character. The two for - the present and the coming one, will be sufficimer personages act on these premises, for they conservative not to rush headlong into a have again gone to Cuba to bring matters to anis- war with Spair and her possible ally. France, 1 sue; not supposing that Mr. Fillmore and his amonot a bit atraid of England; the commercial Cabinet understood the subject, they take the mit ter of our foreign intercourse out of their bands and placed it in their own-and a corrupt and en- ed to the United States, and the pionsly inclined principled Press says well done, most patriotic and wise gentlemen-the American people are on your from the consideration that the annexation of side. And to the President the same Press say- Cuba will be the only safe and sure means of eth, you are an imbecile, unpatrictic nimyham- abolishing the African slave 'tode." mer and your cabinet is composed of a set of blockheads-you have not got half a quarter of the sense of Mr. Law, or Mr. Smith, or the Midde,-We do not quote the exact words of the fillihuster presses - but if any one can establish other mean- President's Mescage will be delivered at 12 o'- that the accident was occasioned by the conductand learn what it is we live to bearn.

If Mr. Fillmore is to blame for any thing it is for his mildness and forbearance toward those per sons who have so long and continuously enleavored to disturb our ancicable relations with Spainand who continue to treat with contempt the opin-lapportunity to pass of arraigning the authorities ions of the American people and the wiskes of of Cuba on account of alleged hostility to Mr. our paternal government. These fellows ought to Law's steamers. The following paragraph came live under a despotism, for they are unfit to asso- under our notice yesterday, in a New York paper. ciate with a free and honorable people - the should where it is credited to the 'Democratic Review : live where the bowstring would mete out to them - Under Gen. Taylor's administration, Mr. E and Smith are as morally guilty of treason, as any down to select the best site for a dock and preare only preserved from their merited fate because they live in a land of liberty and law, and among without ever being able to obtain redress or repaa people entirely unlike themselves.

As respects the punishment of Davenport, we think the government has done right, in retaining above paragraph professes to speak, we take orhim in the service-for his was a youthful indis, easion to relate them, as communicated to as from children 4256, wagons 5,325, hogs 1, horses 6.578 cretion, and he was doubtless stimulated by wieked comsellors in whom he coulded. We agree with the Philadelphia Ledger on this point, which | In 1859, some months after the Steam Lip Com- named Patterson, from Jackson county. Missomi

As we expected, Passed Midshipman Davenport, heretofore commander of the Crescent City, has in one of the company's steamers without a pass- wagons. The latter were freighted with provisbeen removed to the ship-of-war Vincennes, now fitting for a cruise of three years in the Pacific. that he shall be remunerated for his trouble and This is as little as the indiscreet wouth deserved. for undertaking, with the salutary and warning voyage going and returning as before without a of \$21,005. example of Lient. Porter's case her re his eyes to convert a merchant vessel into a man of war, and himself into a minister plenipotentiary, with full powers over our relations with another and friendyoung middy, we should have one in double quick But as the destinies of the nation are up der older and wiser heads than can be found in the steerage, or even the ward-room and honester Ighboring Republic of Montevideo, dated the 4th hearts than can be found in every counting house of October, gives a general detail of the course of a war, especially one to gratify ried hot your chivalty in gift buttons, or gray-haired rapacity with a pen behind his car is more easily threaten cies to which Buenos Ayres will be exposed un- ed than excited. We cordially approve this official rebuke from head quarters, and hope for a tew more of the same sort. They are much needed

At the hazard of making this article too long we must give our readers another extract, to show the various arts and deceptions in use among the

One of the newspapers publishes a letter from An American gentleman of the highest respectability, residing on the Island of Cuba," to "a gen tleman of the most respectable character in the city of New York," which "expresses the true feelings of all the American residents of Cuba, and will find an emphatic response in the hearts of all gennine Americans in the United States." see the matter settled, and obtain satisfaction, the Americans in the island may as well make up their minds immediately to leave. Nothing short of the damages, should be expected. The United States will certainly never consent to the abolition of the liberty of the press by the Government of Hava-

Whew If the gratteman who writes this stuff be of the highest respectability. Heaven save the lowest, for it must be past earthly help. With due deference to the gentleman and his respectability, we can hard-people into a war with Spain. - Nat. Int. ly expect that our Government will dictate to the Spanish Government the removal or appointment of its own officers, or regard as an offence its viadication of its own nationality in the enforcement of its own police laws, or claim damages for such have been received. The yellow fever was still enforcement. Damages for whom and for what I raging Is an American Steamboat Company entitled to lamages, for attempting to set the laws of a friendly and peacefully disposed nation at defiance? And the United States will never consent to the abolition of - the liberty of the press! Never was still maintained, at from 84 to 86. Two Amconsent to it where? The Spanish Government have never conceived the absurdity of an attempt to suppress it in the United S ates; and we believe to think of regulating it in Havana. If we mistake not, the press, on Spanish ground, is under Spanish jurisdiction, and therefore must not expect to be governed by American laws. And if the Americans in Cuba find the Island becoming too hot for them, they must thank the pirates from the United States whom some of them, at least, are disposed to aid, for imposing upon the Spanish Government the necessity of self-protection -In deporting themselves properly, and in conforming to the laws of the domicil which they have

And the paper which publishes this letter, says that it speaks the sentiments of all genuine Amer-icans, and that "a deep-scated feeling for the acquisition of Cuba" is "prevalent throughout the Port au Prince, for various robberies.

chosen, they will not be molested by the Spanish

The Standard of Wednesday presses the subject althout effect. Mr. Holden gives some of his old companions a alignt rebuke-alily, as it were but lon't call names. He says: "The Democracy of the State expect to see Mr. Dobbin, who is the regular nominee of the party, elected to the Senate; and if, as the result of existing divisions, a Whig should be chosen, that Democracy will hold to a strict accountability all who shall have been instrumental in producing such result."

The persons litigant in the Democratic party of the Legislature, have got to that point that they do not care a fig for "strict accountability." The only question is who can get in and who can be kept out of the office of Senator. How very patriotic plitical leaders are. Disinterested? To be sure they are; can't guess how devotional they are to the 'democratic principles," and the good of the people and so forth. Yea, there are some dozen of the "unterrified" leaders who would make the enormous sacrifice of private interest, personal comfort, and overcome extreme modesty, and become United States Schator, if the Legislature will insist upon it. The good of the people, the honor of the old north State, and the general happiness and prosperity of the Union, form the embodyment of the feelings of their hearts und contemplations of their minds. This being Senator is ony a small incident -a sort of outside matter - they nly "consent to serve" for fear of di-obliging ba, and that, if any other parts of the corresponmany personal and political friends, and to help to cherish the kindest feeling among political as- siderations of expediency." sociates; and as for entertaining selfishness or cherishing ambition, they don't know the meaning of the words-that is, not precisely.

COL. BENTON-ANNEXATION.

A Washington Correspondent of the Baltimore San says: "Col Benton, who has assumed the title of all cans Remainment is out on the Fibbusters; and my opinion is that both administration: reation of the British Empire having on sober reflection, a direct interest in seeing Cuba annexspinsters of England deriving great consolation

is received in the House.

A CUBAN STORY SPOILED.

Recently the Filibuster press has permitted no

on his return to Hayana was shut up for two months in the More Castle, fined \$1 060 for no offence, and

Being apprised of the occurrences of which the a source upon which we can confidently rely.-They are as follows:

then a ship broker at Havana, left for N. York, sheep, four hundred head, of cattle, and, twenty ted. Very soon afterwards he repeated the same. Their freight bill amounted to the handsome sum passport. As this was about the time of the firs invasion by Lorez at Cardenas, suspicion was naturally excited at the movement of every forci per y nation. If a war with Spain depended on this (Johnston is a Bedish subject.) and especially so upon the occasion of two such rapid trips to the headquarters of the "Filibusteros" as this of John ston. In his case the consequences was, that upon information laid before the Captain-General, he was acrested and detained some six or seven weeks in the guard-house of the "puerta monscratta." (principal city gate.) on the charge of leaving the country and returning thereto without a passport; and, during his detention, the proceedings were so conducted as to take the shape of an investigahad with the disaffected part of the population --The fine imposed was, in conformity to law, five lumbred dollars in each case.

Mr. Johnston was never employed as an agent to select a dock, make maps and charts, or any of 1,500 or \$2,000. thing of the kind, but was merely appointed by the Steamship Company after his release, his fit-And ness being well established, as their out-door Haconfined to the building.

So much for the story of the Captain-General having fined and imprisoned in the Moro Castle "an officer of the company." It is upon such fabrications that the Pilibustershope to provoke our

Later from Port au Prince. Advices from Port an Prince to the 17th inst.

At Jaemel, commercial affairs were commeneing to obtain a little briskness. Some coffee had come to market, but notwithstanding, the price erican ships had surived, and supplied the place with breadstuffs. At Cays there had been no arborn in Georgetown, and, in his earlier days, enstocked with provisions and dry merchandise. The rains had retarded the coffic harvest.

> A circular, addressed by the Duke of la-Blande dn Ford. Secretary of the Interior, to the military commandants of the empire, urging them to redouble their vigilance in carrying out the directions of the government, with respect to the improvements necessary to be introduced among the peasantry, in preparing their products, particularly coffee, for the foreign market.

Three criminals, named Antonie Jean Phillippe

H. F. Bond, Esq.; was called to the Chair, who explained the object of the meeting, and H. W.

Messrs, F. Dibble, J. C. Washington, and Water Dunn, Jr., addressed the meeting. The following resolution was adopted :

Resolved. That a committee of twelve be inointed to confer with the citizens of Greene and Road, and to invite citizens of those counties to meet us in Kingston, on Saturday 4th proximo.

Thereupon the following gentlemen were appointed : Messrs. F. Dibble, J. C. Washington, R. V. King, Walter Dunn, Jr., J. H. Peeples, P. Hardee. W. C. Loftin, T. Woodley, Daniel Hilton, J. F. Wooten, J. W. Cox, and M. Patterson.

On motion, the meeting adjourned until Saturday the 4th proximo.

H. F. BOND, Chm'n. H. W. BLOUNT, Sec'y.

THE CORRESPONDENCE.

The Nat. Int. of Thursday says : "We notice a statement to the effect that there were parts of a correspondence relative to Cuba. essential to a proper understanding of the subject, not communicated by the PRESIDENT to the House of Representatives; and that, in particular, an important passage of Mr. Bechanan's instructions to Mr. SAUNDERS relative to the purchase of the Island was left out. We are authorized to state that the passage referred to had no connexion with Cudence were omitted, this was occasioned by con-

COUNTERFEITERS.

A Counterfeiting Establishment, in the city of New York, was broken up on Monday, from which the police recovered a complete set of counterfeiting implements, consisting of a large press, a galvanic battery, and set of dies, finely executed for making gold dollars a die in an unfinished state for making sovereigns, a large quantity of sheet brass, from which thousands of counterfeit gold dollars had been made, together with chisels, &c. of every description suitable for the purpose They also found about seventy-five counterfeit gold lollars, and a large number in an unfinished state. The gold dollars are said to be beautifully executed, and, excepting their weight, well calculated to arrested; his name is Lowis Burry, a Frenchman.

SHAMEFUL COLLISION.

A collision recently took place on the Cincinnati Cleaveland and Columbus Railroad, by which Congress meets on Morelly next. It is proba- two persons were mortally injured, and ten or ble a quotum will be formed on that day and the twelve others more or less hart. The papers state ing to their language, we would be glad to see it clock M. Copies will be handed to all printers as ors of both trains claiming the right to the road. soon as the Telegraph automates sthat the Message | and neither being willing to give way to the other.

The Explosion of the Buckeye Belie.

By this disaster it is now ascertained that thirty lives were lost, and three or four more of the wounded it is supposed will die. Wm. C. Entler. county. Virginia in addition to Ezra Bussard, of Frederick county. Maryland, are among the dead The coroner's imprest has rendered a verdict that "the explosion was caused by the improper mantheir just deserts. We sincerely believe that Law Johnson, the agent for the company, was sent agement of the second engineer, Joseph Daniels

EMIGRATION ACROSS THE PLAINS We find the following statistics of emigration acress the Plains in a Sacramento paper. It in cindes those parties who had left the Missouri ti ver prior to June 6th-Men 16 362, women 3/212 males 4 636, cattle 59:392, sheep, 10 523, turkeys 150. Among the emigrants were three brothers pany went into operation, Mr. Youick Jousson, who had driven through lifteen hundred, head of nort, and returned in her unnoticed and unsuspectations, &c., for the Mormons at Salt Lake Valley -

THE FREE SOILERS.

Several Freesoil papers in different sections of the country are urging an early call of a National Convention, to make arrangements for the Presidential election of 1856. They all urge the new ination of the Hon. John P. Hale and recommend their friends to act upon the aggressive, call inmembers from other parties, without asking when they come from, and ' go to work with a determed purpose to succeed in 1856.

The Dorr Troubles in Rhode Island.

Col. Dispeau, one of the officers under Gov Dorr at the time of the troubles in Rhode Island tion as to any political connexion he might have and who was arrested under martial law by Col Olney, brought suit against the latter for trespass soon after. A few days ago the trial took place and a verdict was rendered in favor of the defendant, involving the plaintiff in costs to the amount

LATER FROM BERMUDA.

By advices from Bermuda to the 27th ult., we what does it say? "If our government does not vana agent and to see that every thing in the way learn the Br. frigate Cumberland and the steamof conling provisions, stores, &c. was ready on ship Devastation had returned there from the the arrival of each ship. During his detention in fishing grounds. Two ships, with 109 pardoned removal of the Captain General, and a salute to the guard house he messed with the officers and convicts, were about to sail for England. About he steamer at Havana, and the parment of all was under no other restraint than being actually 250 new convicts from England were daily expected to work on the Government works.

SANDWICH ISLANDS. According to recent advices from Honoluin, the

government of Hawin has repealed certain laws, so that vessels can touch at the ports of those islands, land passengers, recruit their crews or discharge them, etc., without being subject to tonnage duties.

DEATH OF A PATRIOT. George Washington Sprigg an old and highly

respected colored man, aged nearly ninety years died at his residence in Old Town, on Tuesday evening, after a patriarchal 'and honorable life .-The deceased, although moving in the humbler walks of life, was well known, and greatly esteemed for the excellencies of his character. He was loyed the personal friendship and esteem of the Father of his Country. When Sprigg was christened, Mrs. Martha Washington presented him a full suit of clothes, on account of his name and service in the family of a relative.

Baltimore Sun.

LATER FROM ST. DOMINGO. Capt. Button, of the barque Clara Windson which arrived at New York on Monday, from Port an Prince, reports the fever as still raging there. previous to his sailing, 17th instant.

It is stated that the original subscription of ter millions of dollars as the capital stock of the Pennsylvania railroad has all been taken and elo-sed up, and that the remaining or fourth million wake me out of a sound sleep, the diff of the four million loan anthorized by the Legis ly ceased Craven counties, relative to the proposed Plank lature will not be issued until the exigencies of the company require it.

FROM THE SOCIETY ISLANDS.

The English Admiral has finally decided upon making the little harbor of Riata the navy and my small business, and as thousands are suffering coaling depot for the squadrons. Four British from similar complaints, I therefore recommended to the public as a valuable medicine. quises Groups, a small French garrison had been established, ai ed by a sloop of war, in which a number of French political convicts, with their families, had recently been placed.

Lumber and building material was in great de mand at Tahiti. A dock or slip had been completed at Papecti, for repairing vessels.

End of an Indian War in California. The "Alta Californian" of the 1st November

By information just received from Fort Yuma at the mouth of the Gila, it appears that Major Heintzelman has succeeded in making a peace with the Yumas, who have agreed to return to Butter, per 16, 23 a 30 their former fields, near the post, and live in friendship with the Americans.

Major Heintzelman reports the Colorado, by Beef Cattle, 100 actual trial, for eighty miles above the Gila, as superior to the Ohio below Louisville for navigation, and gives the opinion that it will be found Rio, good to the Great Canon, some two hundred and Laguayra, tifty miles above Fort Yuma.

THE KAFFIR WAR.

The Cape Town Mail, of October 9th, says: "The Kaffir war appears to be gradually drawing to a close. By a series of vigorous operations Sperm, General Catheart has at last effectually cleared Cheese, the Waterkloof, and a body of troops are left in possession of that noted stronghold, which had 4.4 N C Sheetso long afforded shelter to Macomo, and the hordes of the enemy who were most immediately dangerous to the frontier districts. This important work was accomplished between the 11th and deceive. It is believed that many of them are in 18th of September, by a force of 3,000 troops. circulation. Unly one of the counterfeiters was having with them four guns, and led by his excellency in person,"

COLORS AND FASHION.

Violet is a new now become very fashionable. It is the color of Napoleon, and therefore popular in France; while in England it will be worn in token of mourning for the Duke of Wellington .-Bonnets made of kid leather, which is termed Sigtuera, are becoming somewhat known. The fronts only are made of leather; the crowns are of silk or velvet. Jet ornaments of every desription are in high favor. A new head-dress, called the confine Isabella, has appeared. It is of lace, in the mantilla shape, covering the back of the head, with long-pointed ends descending John V. Seelers, and Mr. Evans, of Hampshire to the knees, so that the whole figure seems en-

Mr. Entron: The following gentlemen, having been solicited by voters living in various parts | Flooring, 11 50 a 12 50 | Porto Rico Wde bo'rds 7 50 a 8 00 | St. Croix,

W. B. JONES JOHN MACRAE, Sr.

T H. HOWEY ELI W. HALL

We are authorized to amounce the name of JOHN COWAN, Esq., as a candidate for the Office of Special Magistrate for the Town of Wilmington at the ensurer election.

112 te.

dro

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, DEC. 4.

ARRIVED.

bee 1 Steamer Chatham, Evans, from Faydieville, to T. C. Worth. Steamer Southerner, Wilkinson, from Fayette ville, to A D Cazaux. Schr J. G. Manson, Arthur, from Shallotte, to Anderson & Savage, with Naval Stores. 2 Schr E. S. Powell, Watts, from New York, to

Barque Reindeer, Franklin, from New York, to Pierce & Neilson 3 Brig David Duffell Zoll, from New York, to Geo. Harriss, with mdze.

Geo. Harriss with mdze

Schr Mary Anna, Gibbs, from New York, to George Harriss, in ballast. Schr Mary Anna Gibbs, from New York, to O. G Parsley, in ballast.

CLEARED

Dec 1 Steamer Rowan, Barber, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lutterloh, with 2 boats, in tow. Schr Henry Nutt, Garwood, for Philadelphia. y Geo. Harriss, with 5 hhds, 27 boxes and 30 barrels Dried Fruit, 58 bales, Yarn and Waste, 8 do Rags, 262 bushels Pea Nuts, 56 tierces and 12 bbls Rosin Schr. Melissa, Holland, Lewis, for Shallotte.

by DeRosset & Brown. 2 Schr Mary Abigail, Charlotte, for Shallotte, by Chadbourn & Hooper.

U.S.M. Steamer Wilmington, Price, for Charleston with 70 passengers

Schr. Mary F Lutterlob, Somers for Philadelphia, by Geo. Harriss, with 105 800 feet Lumber 200 bushels Pen Nuts. Schr Dart, Somers, for Norfolk, Va., by George

Harriss, with 117,000 feet Lumber. 3 Schr Mary Ann Guest Foster, for New York, by Geo. Harriss, with 96 000 feet Lumber

MEMORANDUM. Br Brig Ausdale, Dorman, hence, at Port Spain

Trinidad, on the 8th ult, in 23 days passage, was to sail in ten days, for St. Martins, to load Salt, for this port.

NEW YORK 27 Schr Adel, Applegate, hence. Schr Flouise Robinson bence Schr R. W. Brown, Applegate, hence, Schr Decotah, Mankin, hence,

20 Schr, Lamartine, Tyler, for this port BOSTON -29 Brig Carlann, Ames, hence. Brig L. R. Palmer, Park, hence.

NOTICE--CITIZEN'S MEETING. dnesday Evening next, Sth inst, at 7 o'clock, in or-der to discuss the propriety of memoralizing the Legislature on the alteration of the present laws for

I was carried in a chair from my business to the house, and no one who saw me thought I co long survive. I tried a bottle of the Oxygenati Bitters, recommended by a friend and in five or six days, it greatly relieved my cough and hard breathing. I am not well, but able to attend to

Respectfully yours,
ARK D CLARKE.
REED, BATES & AUSTIN, Wholesale Drug
gists, No. 26 Merchants' Row, Rosion, General

C. DuPre, Agent for Wilmington, Si per bottle; six bottles for \$5.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT Porto Rico, Hams, N. C. 15 a Sides, do. 13 a Cuba, Sides, do. 13 a Meal, 724 n
Shouldrs, do. 114 a 12
Hog round, 13 a Meal, 724 n
NAVAL STORES
Turpentine, 7 661 280 29:
Yellow dip, 3 10 a
Shoulders, do. 10 a 104 Hard, 1 55 a

BEFF, per bbl. Northern mess, IA 00 COFFEE, per lb.

4 00 a 5 00 No. 3. Spirits Turp't a 1 20 Spirits 1 w., 2 a 4b per gall. 45 a 4b per gall. 45 a 4b NAILS, per keg, 100 lbs. 10f a 1l Jut, 4 50 a 5 00 none, Wrought, 10 00 a 12 0ll 14 a Oll, per gall. 25 a 94 Sperm, 1 12f a 1 35 85 a 1 00 Java, 14 a Cotton, per lb. 81 a 94 Corn, per bush

Candles, N. C. 12 a 14 Neut's foot, 1 50 a do. Northern, 14 a 16 Pork, Northern per bbl. Adamantine, 23 a 30 Mess, 21 00 a 22 00' Sperm, 45 a Prime, 17 00 a 19 00 Pens, per bushel.
B. Eye, a
Cow. 50 a 90 Cotton Yarn, 15 a 16 do Oznaburgs 91 a 10 Cow, 50 a 90 Pea Nuts 1 10 a 1 10 RICE, per 110 lbs.

Rough rice nom. 1 10 per bush. 1 10 a 1 15 Baltimore, STAVES, per 1000. 5 00 a 7 50 W. O hhd. Canal, ex. GLUE, per lb. Dressed 11 a 14 W O. bbl American, 11 a HAY, per 100 lbs.

Eastern,

N. York

Ash head

rough, 10 00 a 1 37 a 1 40 Dressed Dressed, none. Shingles, per 1000. 2 00 a 2 50 Contract, 4 50 a 5 00 Black's 5 00 n Sait per bushel. Turks Is-

ware, 3 : 1RON, per lb. American, best re-44 land, English assorted. Swede best refin-Liverpool; per sack, 1 15 a 1 20 American sheer, Soap, per lb. 5 Pole, - 51 a - 6

LUMBER, per 1000 feet. Brown. Sawed 15 00 a 16 00 | Steel per lb. 121 u Flooring, German, W boards 16 00 a 17 00 Blistered, German, 6 a 7 20 a 25 Best Cast scantling, 13 00 a 15 00 Best quality Mill saws, Wide boards f4 00 a 15 00 6 feet, Sugar per lb. RIVER LUMBER.

Ma. Entron: The tonowing singular singular been solicited by voters living invarious parts of our town, have consented to allow their names to be presented as candidates for Town Commissioners

By giving the Ticket a place in your paper, you will much oblige many voters

ROBERT II COWAN.

T. W. BROWN.

T. W. BROWN.

Represented to allow their names scantling, 4 50 a 5 00 Lonf.

By giving the Ticket a place in your paper, you will much oblige many voters

ROBERT II COWAN.

Peach brandy

Apple, 371 a 1 00 Tallow pr lb 7 a 8 8 Rye whiskey 45 a 75 WINES, per gallon.

Rye whiskey 45 a 75 WINES, per gallon.

Madeira, 1 00 a 4 00

Rye whiskey 45 a 75 WINES, Rectified 29 a 30 Madeira, 1 00 a 4 00 1 00 a 4 00 V E Rum, 30 a 33 Port. 40 a MOLASSES per gallon, Malaga,

New Orleans, To NEW YORK Naval Stores, 30 on deck

55 cts pe bbl.

Yarn and Sheeting, 61 cts. per foot. \$1 50 " bale. \$1 50 Cotton. 6 " " bush. Pea Nuts. TO PHILADELPHIA: Naval Stores, 30 on and 55 ets per bbl. Spirits Turpentine,

Spirits Turpentine,

61 per foot. Yara and Sheeting, \$1 per bale 15 cts. per 100 lbs Cotton, Wilmington Bank Rates of Exchange.

Thecks on New York, 1 per cent pre Philadelphia Boston. Baltimore, Virginia. Charleston n n 1

COMMERCIAL.

REMARKS ON MARKET.

TURGENTINE .-- About 2400 bbls Turpentine have been disposed of since our last report, at \$3,10 per bbl for Soft, Hard half price. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Some 250 bbls changed hands at 45 cts per gal. Rosin -Some small parcels Common Rosin,

were sold at \$1,15 to \$1,171 per bbl, and No 2 at \$1 a 1.35. TAR .- About 400 bbls Tar were sold at \$2,20 a bbls Rice, 569 bbls Spirits Turpentine and 926 \$2.10 per bbl, market closing at latter price-dull. TIMBER .- 6 Rafts have been sold at the follow-

> ing prices, viz: \$6, 61, 8, 81, and 9 per M. feet. HAY -- 60 bales North River Hay, of inferior quality were sold at auction for 871 cents to \$1.05 per 100 lbs. COTTON .-- 125 bales were sold at 81 cts per lb.

BEEF, .-- Supply about equal to present demand prime article would command about 6 per 1b

NEW YORK MARKET. Dec. 1. The Ship, and Com. List reports

Cotton-There has only been a moderate amount f business done for the past three days, and at iregular prices, though closing with more steadiess. The sales are 3800 bales. We quote: 94 a 11. Flour-Southern has continued in fair demand for export and home use, but with large arrivals yesterday the market was depressed are 3800 bbls, closing at \$5,43! a 5,56; for common to good brands Alexandria, Baltimore, Brandywine and Georgetown, and \$5,75 a 6,75 for fancy brands.

prices of both old and new are again considerably lower, though old is not plenty—the sales are 76,-000 bushels, closing at 78 a 80 cents for mixed Western, 79 a 82 for round Yellow, 74, for New Orleans, 75 for Southern, all old; 69 a 73 for new NOTICE--CITIZEN'S MEETING.

Dy request, there will be a meeting of the citizens
of Wilmington, held at the Court House, on We84 a 4.25 for Wilmington and North County, but sales are few on account of the difficulty of obtain ing Freight. Fine Rosins are scarce, and much

New Corn continues to be offered freely, and

wanted, at improved rates. Common Rosin habeen to better demand. Tar continues to decline Spirits Turpentine has receded 8 cents per gallon