

FAYETTEVILLE JOURNAL. JOHN W. CAMERON, Esq., favorably known as an Editor, has issued proposals to publish a Weekly paper in the town of Fayetteville, to be named as above. The public may expect a very good paper under the editorial management of Mr. CAMERON, and the Whig Party a powerful auxiliary. The price of the Journal will be \$2 a year. We will publish the Prospectus when we enlarge our sheet. Address Mr. CAMERON at Rockingham, Richmond Co.

ARTHUR'S MAGAZINE. We have received the October number of Arthur's Home Magazine, full of interesting matter and illustrations with steel and wood engravings. Address T. S. Arthur, 107 Walnut street, Philadelphia. One copy of the Magazine, \$2 a year; two, \$3; three, \$4; four, \$5.

MRS. STOWE. On our last page, in the Foreign News, will be found an account of the return of the Cincinnati School Teacher, Mrs. Stowe, who is also a Novelist, and no inconsiderable temporary celebrity, as the world knows. She returns very quietly, and somewhat shorn of her laurels. There may be an attempt to get up an excitement, but there will be no participation in any honor shown her, worthy of public notice or serious comment.

After all, this wretched woman is to be pitied, unless her conscience is so seared, as to resist the stings of remorse, and the indignation of the country she has traduced—her home and the home of her ancestors—and for the foul misrepresentations she has uttered, and the false impressions she has endeavored to make in regard to a large portion of the Union.

As we predicted some time ago, the time is come for her to feel that the glory she achieved was transient as it was false—and the honors she received from the "nobility and gentry" of foreign nations, are fleeting as the "shadow of a cloud upon a sandy desert." We hope the country will be no more annoyed by her false and treacherous pen, but that she will assume the virtue of modesty, though she have it not. "To a Nun, to a Nun, to a Nun!"

PROGRESS OF CATHOLICISM. The following announcement is made in the "mask his mouth" Catholic newspaper—otherwise called the Freeman's Journal, edited by a "knock him down" and "kill and eat him" member of the Roman Catholic Church:

Arrival of the Bulls from Rome—Erection of four new Dioceses in the Ecclesiastical Province of New York—Nomination of Bishops for the new Sees. The Most Rev. Archbishop of New York received yesterday the Bulls erecting Brooklyn, Long Island; Newark, New Jersey; Burlington, Vermont; and Portland, Maine, into Episcopal Sees, and naming to the See of Brooklyn the Very Rev. John Loughlin, Vicar General of New York; to the See of Newark the Rev. J. R. Bayley, Secretary to the Archbishop of New York; to the See of Burlington the Very Rev. L. de Guebriand, Vicar General of Cleveland; and to the See of Portland, the Very Rev. H. B. Cokerly, Vicar General of Baltimore. The Bulls erecting Sees and naming Bishops and other Ecclesiastical Provinces will, we presume, be speedily published in their respective localities, when we will complete the list of new appointments for the whole of the United States.

Our friend of the Baltimore Clipper looks upon the above appointments as arrogant on the part of the Pope and the announcement as startling. We are no friends to the Roman Catholic Hierarchy, though we have certainly no personal dislike to the membership of that Church. But our neighbor will observe that, by the doctrines of the Roman Church the whole world is subject to the jurisdiction of "His Holiness"—consequently he has a right to parcel out the world as he pleases among those he may think most worthy of ecclesiastical distinction. In virtue of this prerogative, we think he gave the Mexican Empire to the King of Spain—and as his Pontifical claims are as good and sound as ever, he gives certain portions of this heretofore republic to his followers, as far as he can; that is, he gives them priestly jurisdiction—and will wait, we suppose, till his followers gain the political ascendancy, before he will lighten the inquisitorial screws upon sinners against Himself—the Pope.

In this country the Roman Catholics are doing no more than what is warranted by our free Constitution—which some organic law gives us all the right to oppose their doings, by argument and peaceful organization. But the Protestant world of America will do no such thing. The different Protestant denominations are too much engaged in snarling at each other, to create an organization. Seeing these things, that respectable gentleman, the Pope—who is not suspected by any sane and intelligent man of being a Christian—sends his ambassadors into this Eden of Liberty. Who blames him? Has he not a right to extend his power over the earth? Most certainly, if he can. What will be the consequences? We cannot expect to live to see the result. But the Roman Catholic Church, under its present aspect, will be among the things that were, before half a century shall roll over the rising glories of our Western world. The membership of that Church will be imbued with the principles of civil and religious liberty, under the operations of our free institutions—and the Pope will be obliged to change his Pontifical robe for a more comely and republican garb—and the Cardinals will become sans culottes unless they change the color of their breeches.

ESCAPE OF CONVICTS. While a crowd of fifty-one persons, under arrest for selling liquor without licenses, were being arraigned before the Court of Quarter Sessions at New York on Friday, five prisoners who had been convicted of burglary, and were in Court waiting to have sentence pronounced upon them, managed to effect their escape, and have not been arrested. The door through which they escaped was not locked and only secured by a piece of plank that was nailed across it. This they forced off with an iron bar, and thus gained access to the hall and thence to the street.

FATAL CARELESSNESS. Another sad tragedy came off by playing with fire-arms, near Goshen, Indiana, a few days ago. A lad named Price, twelve years of age, aimed a gun at a young lady, Miss Esther Exalkner, to terrify her for his own amusement, and supposing it would not go off, pulled the trigger and shot her through the heart.

DEATH OF A VETERAN. The York (Pa.) Free Press announces the death of Mr. John Grissenger, at Lewisburgh, in the 98th year of his age. He was a veteran of the revolution, and leaves, as near as can be ascertained, 382 relatives, viz: 14 children, 128 grand-children, 242 great grand-children, and 3 great great grand-children.

New York Convention of the Commercial Sabbath Day in New York—Gradual Encroachments upon it—Particulars at Newport. New York, Sept. 19th. New York wears a different aspect on Sunday from any other day in the week. There is a deep and quietude and stillness in Broadway which contrasts strongly with the noise and uproar of that great thoroughfare during the busy days of the week. Not an omnibus of any description is to be seen in Broadway on the Sabbath day, and pedestrians move along more leisurely than they are accustomed to at other times. The poor omnibus horses are rejoiced to see the seventh day of the week arrive—it is a real god-sent to them, and as the higher animals are competent to compute time, they certainly know when the good day comes, and observe it better than many of the more rational but more sinful creatures around them do. This happy privilege of rest from labor one day in the week is denied to the unucky steeds attached to the city cars. The Bowery, the Sixth, and other Avenue cars run as usual on Sundays, and the public convenience demands it if it does not justify it.

It is customary for the city Clergy to enjoy the privilege of a recess during August and a part of September. They then rusticate, oceanize, and ruralize, and refresh their minds with communings and contemplations of nature. Recruited and invigorated, and armed with new energy and zeal, they were all at their pulpits yesterday, and pious prayers, earnest exhortations, and hymns of thanksgiving and praise ascended like sweet incense to the throne of Divine Grace. Truly have these city Clergy a great work to perform, and a mighty warfare to wage against the scarlet Lady and the great Babylon of wickedness and immorality, growing every day more and more formidable and irresistible. It has long been a question whether great cities were really great benefits to mankind. Cities and nations as they grow in size, in wealth, and in power, always become more wicked and rebellious, and invoke the retributive justice and vengeance of Heaven.

Amidst the foreign hordes continually pouring upon our shores from abroad, the most dangerous and destructive to the interests of society, and the welfare of our country, are the French and German infidels and socialists, who, as soon as they land, coalesce with their kindred fraternalists here, and unite to subvert the Sabbath, to remove the Bible, and to modify the political institutions of the land. From year to year some secret encroachments are made upon primitive and time-honored usages, and the public are becoming more and more familiar, on Sabbath days, with music and dancing, opening saloons, popular entertainments, and larger beer. Julien, the distinguished musical impresario, who has long been accustomed to give his most crowded concerts on Sunday evenings at Paris, seized upon the pretext of extending aid to the New Orleans sufferers, and opened his doors last Sunday night a week ago. The innovation took well, and will be repeated as opportunity offers. Pope's description of vice is applicable in this case. We are first decoyed, then admire, and afterwards embrace it. The Rev. Mr. Hays is on the committee of aid for New Orleans, but he knew nothing of this affair until it was all over, but the wedge of gold, sacrilegious as Archbishop's was accepted.

I mentioned in my last, the scandal afloat at Newport, in the ranks of fashionable society there. Every season something of the kind is brewed at that place, among the lazy and profligate aristocracy assembled there. If such are the fruits of high life, upper-ten-thousandism and jaspionadom, the commonality who are more decent and better behaved, are much the best off. The old English law permits a man to strike his wife with a rod not larger than a Judge's thumb, but then she must clearly deserve it; but society and example demand that sensible people bound together in the holy ties of wedlock should be so loving and intelligent as to give no cause of offence, and no occasion for reproach. Mr. Morgan chastised his wife with a rattan, and Mr. Hone flew to her rescue. The husband was bound over, and the wife remained to petition for a divorce. Mr. Morgan has done the same thing before, when no Mr. Hones were near. Day before yesterday, Mr. Morgan, to manifest his belligerent qualities more clearly, indicted upon Mr. Hone a sound castigation with a cowhide. As Mr. Morgan is a powerful young man, and Mr. Hone a grey-headed and not a strong one, the punishment was a severe one.

Society is not apt to be good and faultless anywhere, owing to the absurdity, folly, caprice, nonsense, and wickedness everywhere prevalent. But the social condition of things at the South is, generally speaking, superior to that of the North. There woman is more genteel and man more chivalrous, and the established existence of a servile class gives definition to the different classes and orders of society. These are the old land marks, the vestiges of patriarchal times, when Abraham was the model of one sex and Rebecca of the other.

Results of the Gavazzi Riots in Montreal. The Hon. Charles Wilson, Mayor of the city of Montreal, having been indicted for his alleged criminal conduct at the time of the Gavazzi riot, he recently tendered his resignation of the Mayoralty. Thereupon the question was raised whether the Mayor could resign, it being the law that the person chosen Mayor must fulfil the duties of that office under a penalty of \$400. It was finally determined that, by a vote of two-thirds of the Council, his resignation could be received, but this could not be obtained, so that Mr. W. is still Mayor. Lt. Col. Hogarth and Capt. Cameron, 26th Regt. have been held to bail, upon the affidavits of twelve soldiers, for murder, alleged to have been committed by giving the word to fire to the two divisions of troops drawn up on the Haymarket on the 9th of June last.

A TOUCHING SPECTACLE. We have lost four of those brave, noble-hearted women, the sisters of charity, who have died at their holy work—ministering to the sick. A few days since a kindred spirit winged her flight from the Orphan Asylum in Camp street. She was a young, pious Irish woman, a sister known as Mary Alfred, whose short life had been spent in devotional and charitable duties. It was a touching scene to witness the corpse of this humble, but glorified child of Christ, carried to the church by the sisters, an office that is always performed by men, but which in these times of affliction and distress was from necessity discharged by women. The coffin was handled as tenderly as if its tenant was not in sleep which knows no waking.—New Orleans Bulletin.

A LEAK. The Norwalk (Ct.) Gazette speaks of the frequent disappearance of letters containing money, on the route between that place and New York. A like complaint was recently made in the New Haven papers. There is unfortunately too much reason to distrust the U. S. mails.

From the Minutes of the County Court of New Hanover. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17th 1853. A meeting of the members of the Wilmington Bar was held on Saturday, the 17th of September, 1853, when the following proceedings were had: On motion of H. L. Holmes, Esq., Robert Strange, Jr., Thomas C. Miller, Mauger London, and David Reid, were appointed a committee to prepare resolutions expressive of the regret of the members of the Bar, upon hearing of the death of Hon. James J. McKay, who died suddenly, at Goldsboro', on Thursday evening last. Mr. Strange, from the committee reported the following preamble and resolutions:

This meeting of the members of the Wilmington Bar, has heard with deep regret, of the sudden and melancholy death of Hon. James J. McKay, of Bladen county. Gen. McKay for many years was a leading practitioner in the Courts of this Circuit, and since he retired from the Bar, has been greatly distinguished in the councils of the nation. The force of his intellect won for him for this high position, and strict adherence to his principles, and great regard for the honor and safety of his country, combined with almost unparalleled integrity, as a public man, secured to him a national reputation, of which North Carolina may justly be proud.

While the death of Gen. McKay is a loss to the whole country, yet we with whom he has been more immediately associated, cannot withhold this slight tribute of respect to his memory.—Therefore—Resolved, That by the death of Hon. James J. McKay, North Carolina has been deprived of one of her most distinguished citizens, and the whole nation of one whose faithful adherence to the Constitution of his country, and whose great ability and honesty of purpose, have won the admiration of men of all parties.

Resolved, That these resolutions be presented to the Court now in session, with a request that they be spread upon the minutes.

Resolved, That the papers of this Congressional District are hereby respectfully requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

At a meeting of the County Court of New Hanover on Saturday, the 17th of September, 1853, H. L. Holmes, Esq., announced to the Court the melancholy event of the death of Gen. McKay, paid a just tribute to the memory of the deceased, and presented the proceedings of the members of the Bar.

Col. James T. Miller, Chairman of the Court, responded in behalf of the Court, cordially acquiescing in the wish expressed by the members of the Bar, and directed the proceedings to be spread upon the minutes of the Court.

Thereupon, the Court immediately adjourned.

MEETING AT LONG CREEK. At a public meeting of a portion of the citizens of Long Creek, on Saturday evening, the 17th of September, 1853—

On motion of P. Montague, John Jones, Esq., was called to the chair, and Dr. Wm. H. Moore requested to act as secretary.

On motion, the chairman, after stating the object of the meeting, appointed P. Montague, James F. Croom, Samuel J. Herring, F. H. Bell, and Louis F. Carr a committee to draft resolutions expressing the sense of this meeting.

After a few minutes' consultation, the committee begged leave to report, that—

WHEREAS, it has pleased Almighty God to take from amongst us, REUBEN C. HALLETT, as a slight testimonial of our esteem and regard for the deceased, be it resolved—

1st. That in his death a heavy calamity has befallen us, and this section of our country.

2d. That we have found him ever correct in his business transactions, of untiring energy, and of spotless character.

3d. That we must respectfully beg to tender our sincere and heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved widow and little children, in their affliction, and our hope and trust that they may find abundant consolation and support at the foot-stool of Him who tempereth the winds and the shorn lamb, and suffereh little children to come unto him.

4th. That our secretary transmit a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased, and copies of the same to the Wilmington papers, with a request that they publish the same.

JOHN JONES, Ch'n. Mm. H. Moore, Sec'y.

From the Charleston Southern Standard. THE WASHINGTON UNION. The following article we copy from the Washington Union:

INTERESTING ENGLISH VIEWS.—We have before us the London Morning Advertiser of the 24th of Augt., and from it we reproduce a series of articles abounding in striking views in regard to eastern affairs, which will be read with interest. The writer of these articles wields a bold, slashing pen, especially when arraigning the ministers of his own government, whilst the liberality of his views in reference to our government presents a striking and gratifying contrast with the jealous, narrow-minded sentiments of the London Times. The first of these articles discusses the imbecile and unwise protest of the Austrian government in regard to the Kossuth affair; the second is a withering denunciation of the "degradation that the cowardly governments of England and of France have presented to the English and French nations" in their "effort of patronizing and of humiliating to bully the Sultan into the acceptance of the Austro-Russian ultimatum." We commend these few articles to our readers as highly interesting.

We would be pleased to see the organ of our Government assume a more measured tone with respect to the governments of other countries. It is permitted to professional writers and Journals started for party purposes, to see every thing exaggerated—to assume that men are devils or angels as they happen to be with us or against us—they are discharged for a particular purpose in one particular direction and it is not important how far they may go; but the organ of this government is quite a different affair, its position is responsible, and it is expected to act with much discretion, it expresses not the feelings of a party, but the sentiments of a State, and it can never be the sentiment of this government that England and France are cowardly, that they have attempted to bully any other power. These expressions the Union has adopted and endorsed, and we respectfully submit that they are not becoming a Journal in so responsible a position. The Union may become false to its advantages, it may shrink from the association and prefer to be the instrument rather than the trusted friend of the administration, but this abasement will be gratuitous. We greatly mistake our present Government if it could become more attached to its organ on this account, or more efficient in its sphere of labors by the possession of such an organ.

THE YELLOW FEVER RELIEF FUNDS. The subscriptions in New-York for the Mobile sufferers amount to over \$2000—making a total thus far of \$21,000. For the New-Orleans sufferers Julien's Concert netted over \$2000, and the profits of one day's sales at Genin's stores \$350. The whole amount contributed for New-Orleans is estimated at \$220,000.

THE FATAL RIOT AT SOMERSET, OHIO. A paper at Columbus, Ohio, gives the following particulars of the riot at that place, in which a man attached to Welch's Circus was killed: During the performance on Wednesday several Irishmen annoyed the audience by smoking pipes. The gentleman whose business it was to seat visitors, &c., under the canvas, requested politely that they should desist smoking, as it gave annoyance to some in the audience. In reply to which he received a very rough answer, and immediately a mob attacked him, and carried him outside of the tent, and it was with great difficulty his life was saved from the vengeance of his assailants; this proved a signal for a general attack. The mob proceeded to the Army, which contained 200 stand of arms, ammunition, and a six pound cannon, of which they possessed themselves, and renewed the attack, firing at every one they thought was connected with the exhibition.

One of Mr. Welch's men, a quiet, inoffensive man, was found brutally murdered in an alley in the rear of the tent, having received a gun shot wound in the abdomen.

One Irishman was found dead in the street.—The mob upset every wagon on the street. Fortunately a little boy spiked the big gun with a road file, which disabled that instrument of death.

The greatest excitement prevails, and many lives may be lost before the mob can be subdued. The Governor telegraphed the Sheriff of the county to retake the State arms at all hazards. Capt. Graham's company of one hundred men, from Zanaville, and the Lancaster company tendered their services to the citizens of Somerset, and had arrived when our reporter left.

Later intelligence informs us of the arrest of the murderer of Welch's man and the ringleader of the riot. The public arms have been recovered, and all is now quiet.

G. P. R. JAMES, Esq., the British Consul at Norfolk, seems to have excited the petty spite of some lawless persons, who have recently made five attempts to fire his premises in that town.—The last attempt was made on Friday morning last, when the torch of the incendiary was applied to a wooden building adjoining his residence, but the prompt arrival of the firemen prevented any serious damage.

BREAK IN THE ERIC CANAL. ROCHESTER, September 18.—A disastrous break occurred this morning in the Erie canal, about 10 miles from this city, extending over a space of 90 rods. Two boats, one loaded with salt and the other with wheat, were caught in the break and badly wrecked.

FROM THE FISHING GROUNDS. PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Sept. 18.—The U. S. ship Cyane arrived to-day from the Bay of St. Lawrence, all on board were well. They heard of no seizures by the British, and fish were reported plenty.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE. BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Hasting's lumber yard, at Cambridge, was burnt this morning, involving a heavy loss. A fireman named Wiley was run over by an engine and instantly killed.

CHANGE OF POLITICAL NAMES. The names of the two wings of the democratic party in New York have been changed. The "Softs," it is said, desire hereafter to be known as the "Unterrified Democrats"—a name in which they were lately re-baptized by John Van Buren, on Wednesday last, at Syracuse, in derision of the Hunkers, who, not desiring to have the bullies sent up from New York to assail them, thought it the wisest course to keep out of their way. The "Hunkers," in consequence of having become frightened, are to be hereafter called the "Terrified Democrats."

VERMONT ELECTION. The following will be the political character of the Legislature: SENATE, 18 Whigs, 10 Democrats, 1 Free soil, and Grand Isle county tied. HOUSE, 95 Whigs, 84 Democrats, 34 Free soilers, one town to be heard from. It will be somewhat difficult for the Democrats and Free soilers to unite to a man in the election of State officers, for the Democrats are anti-labor law, and nearly all the Free soilers are strong law men. The House is strongly against the Maine liquor law, and the Senate will be nearly equally balanced.

RAILROAD COLLISION. SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 19.—A collision occurred yesterday between two trains, near Lyons, by which two men were killed.

The recent accident on the Onondaga road is attributed to the fact that a competent engineer had been discharged and a fireman substituted, from motives of economy.

SEABOARD AND ROANOKE RAILROAD. The business on this road is said to be increasing rapidly. The receipts on the road for the last month were \$12,600, being nearly double the amount received on the old Portsmouth and Roanoke railroad.

HEAVY FAILURE. The Syracuse (N. Y.) Standard says it is rumored that Arnold Woodard, Son & Co., one of the largest dry goods firms in that town, have suspended payment. The amount of their failure is said to be between \$600,000 and \$700,000.

GEORGIA. Messrs. JENKINS and JOHNSON, the candidates of the two parties for the office of Governor of Georgia, having been called upon to define their position relative to the Temperance question now exciting some interest in that State, have made a joint publication, in which they announce that whilst they are "friends of the Temperance Reform, and bid all effort in it God speed in every legitimate mode to advance it," they "think the cause is more likely to be injured than benefited by being connected with the political contests of the day." Such, we apprehend, will ultimately be the opinion of many who now entertain different views.—N. Intelligencer.

Among diseases, dyspepsia and liver complaint rank as most difficult to cure. We are pleased to have it in our power to point out a remedy which has proved effectual in many cases, and which we can safely recommend as a certain and infallible cure; it has been the means of restoring thousands from an untimely grave. We mean the Hoodland's German Bitters prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, at the German Medicine Store, 120 Arch street, Philadelphia.

STABLES' ANODYNE CHERRY EXTRACT, BARK AND DIARRHÆA CORDIAL, being recommended so highly by many Physicians, Apothecaries and Pharmacologists of high standing in the City of Baltimore, there can be no doubt of their superior value in all cases suffering with Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, &c., or with Diarrhœa, should give them a trial. See advertisement in another column.

THE MEDICINES WORTHY OF A PLACE IN ALL FAMILIES, BEING PREPARED BY A REGULAR GRADUATE AND PHYSICIAN OF YEARS EXPERIENCE. DR. J. S. ROSE'S NERVOUS AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL. The greatest discovery in medical science. This astonishing preparation for raising up a weak constitution, debilitated by care, labor, study or disease, restores health, it gives strength and appetite and possesses great invigorating properties. For Heart Disease, all Nervous Affection, Flatulence, Heart Burn, Indigestion, Stomachic, Nausea, raising the spirits, and giving power to the whole system, it is almost miraculous in its effect. 50 cents a bottle.

A MEDICINE FOR EVERY FAMILY. Dr. J. S. Rose's Pain Carer will cure all pains in the stomach or bowels in a few minutes. It is equally good for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, and all other kinds of Pain in the Face, it acts like a charm, giving instant relief. Indeed for pain in any part of the body or for Sprains, Rheumatism from cold, or pains in the side, back or limbs, it is invaluable. Nothing equal to it for Lumps or Aqueing in the Breast. No person should travel without a bottle by them, in case of sudden sickness. In bottles 12 1/2 and 50 cents.

FOR ALL BOWEL COMPLAINTS. DR. J. S. ROSE'S CARMINATIVE BALSAM. A sure remedy for all bowel complaints. This Mixture is one of the most important medicines, and should be kept in all families. As a specific for bowel complaints it has never failed. Twenty-five cents per bottle.

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER. DR. J. S. ROSE'S COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU. This is decidedly one of the best remedies ever used for diseases of the kidneys, bladder &c., and also for gouty affections, always highly recommended by the leading Medical men abroad. Price 50 cents.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Dr. J. S. Rose's Golden Pills, for falling of the Womb, Female Weakness, Debility and Relaxation, 50 cents.

Dr. J. S. Rose's Female Specific, a Remedy for Painful Menstruation, Leucorrhœa or Whites, \$1. All of the above Preparations, with Dr. Rose's Medical Advice, for Children in Sickness and in Health, to be had of C. & D. DEPIRE, Wilmington, N. C., and of Dealers generally throughout the State.

MARRIED. In this town, yesterday morning in the M. E. Church, by Rev. James Jamison, Mr. JOHN NUTT to Mrs. SARAH McFARLAND, all of this town.—They left in the 8 o'clock Train for the North, immediately after the ceremony.

DIED. In this town, at the residence of her grand daughter, Mrs. LOUISA on the 21st inst., Mrs. ANN ELIZABETH BAKER, in the 83d year of her age. Sister Baker had been a member of the Baptist Church for 25 years, during which time she set an example and exerted an influence in the community in which she had lived so long. She has left to her surviving children, a number of real and personal estate, and a large amount of real and personal property, and all to that rest into which she has entered before them.—Com.

MARINE NEWS. PORT OF WILMINGTON, SEPTEMBER 22. ARRIVED. 19. Schr. Milgott, Rollings, from Hyde county, to Master, with 42 bbls turpentine. 20. Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Steadman, from Fayetteville, to E. J. Lutterloh. 21. U. S. M. steamer Wilmington, Burns, from Charleston, with 36 passengers. 22. Schr. Laura, Harker, from Shallotte, to DeRoset & Brown. 23. Steamer Rowan, Barber, from Fayetteville, to E. J. Lutterloh. 24. U. S. M. steamer Gov. Dudley, Bates, from Charleston, with 31 passengers.

CLEARED. 18. Schr. Dacotha, Martin, for New York, by Freeman & Houston, with 437 bbls spirits turpentine, 222 bbls rosin, 294 bbls turpentine, 2 bales cotton, 1 hhd and 1 tierce of wax. 19. Steamer Douglas, Haddock, for Fayetteville, by J. Banks, 1 boat in tow. 20. Steamer Alice, Rothwell, for Fayetteville, by J. R. Blossom. 21. Steamer Hemletta, Allen, for Elizabethtown, by Wessel & Eilers. 22. Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Steadman, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lutterloh. 23. U. S. M. steamer Gladiator, Strett, for Charleston, with 78 passengers. 24. Schr. Wake, Briggs, for New York, by Geo. Harris, with 1879 bbls rosin, 392 bbls spirits turpentine and 50 tierces rice.

25. Schr. Aramint, Andrews, for Norfolk, Va., by Russell & Brother, with 70,000 feet lumber. 26. U. S. M. steamer Wilmington, Burns, for Charleston, with 125 passengers. 27. Schr. Pearl, Dexter, for New River, by Rankin & Martin. 28. Schr. Marine, Powell, for New York, by Geo. Harris, with 2,075 bbls rosin, 608 bbls spirits turpentine, 75 casks rice, 7 bbls copper ore, 1 do. wax, 4 bales sheeting, 28 bales yarn, 3 bales wool. 29. Schr. Monterey, Somers, for Philadelphia, by J. H. Flanner, with 1,244 bbls rosin and 45 bbls spirits turpentine. 30. Schr. Ann & Susan, Myers, for New York, by J. H. Flanner, with 12 bales wool, 4 bundles, sheep skins, 49 bbls dried fruit, 154 bundles paper, 9 bales sheeting, 5 bales bats, 80 casks rice, 1,720 bbls rosin, 434 bbls spirits turpentine, and 1 tierce wax. 31. Schr. Elizabeth, Trout, for Charleston, S. C., by Rankin & Martin, with lumber and naval stores.

TRAVEL ON WIL & MAN RAIL ROAD. Arrived and departed of the steamer Steamer and Fetch It, Curtis, plying between the Wilmington & Raleigh, and Wilmington & Manchester Rail Road: 20. 7 o'clock, A. M., arrived with 15 passengers bound north. 9 o'clock A. M., same day, returned with 18 passengers bound south.

ARRIVAL OF PRODUCE BY RAIL ROAD. Sept. 20.—340 bbls. Rosin, 84 bbls. Spirits Turpentine.

FOUND ABANDONED. The Ship Harkaway was found by the Steamship Southern on her passage from New York to Charleston, on the 16th instant, abandoned at sea, about 25 miles north of Cape Hatteras, with 14 feet water in her hold. The Harkaway is built about 1,000 tons, was loaded with guano, from the Lebois Islands for Baltimore. The first mate and three seamen of the Southern, and six steerage passengers who volunteered their services, were placed on board of her, and succeeded in reaching Cape Fear Inlet on the morning of the 20th inst., and anchored outside. The Captain, J. B. Baker, came up here yesterday morning on board the pilot boat John A. Taylor, for provisions and additional men, in order to proceed to Charleston. The ship and cargo is estimated to be worth something near \$50,000. The crew, we learn, are almost completely worn out from constant pumping, as the ship leaks at the rate of four feet per hour. Her spars, sails and rigging are in good order.

NEW YORK. ARRIVED. 18. Schr. Harriet Hallock, Pow, hence. 19. Schr. Adeline, D. Podger, for this port. 20. " " O. Parsley, VanGilder for this port. PHILADELPHIA. CLEARED. 19. Schr. A. Barrott, Baker, for this port.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including BACON, PORTO RICO, COFFEE, and various oils and flours.

TO NEW YORK. FREIGHTS.

Table listing shipping rates and freight prices for various goods to New York.

WILMINGTON BANK RATE OF EXCHANGE.

Table showing exchange rates for various locations like Philadelphia and Boston.

REMARKS ON MARKET.

Text providing market commentary on turpentine, spirits, and other commodities.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Text providing market news from New York, including flour and oil prices.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Text providing market news from Philadelphia, including flour and oil prices.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Text providing market news from Baltimore, including flour and oil prices.