

THE REMOVAL. The publication office is now in the HANCOCK HOUSE. The delay of publication makes it difficult for us to present all the various items worthy of notice. It will be "all right," we trust, in a few days.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY—Official. October 19th, 1854.

Table with 3 columns: Precincts, McMillan, Walker. Lists precincts like Wilmington, Masonboro, and vote counts for McMillan and Walker.

STORE ROBBERY. The store of Mr. Wm. Sherwood was broken into on Monday night last, and several articles stolen; among them were four bags of Coffee.

FALSE INTELLIGENCE. By the arrival of the steamer Africa, at New York, on Friday last, it is found that the report of the capture of Sevastopol is false—as is also that of the destruction of the Russian fleet.

MEETING IN COLUMBUS. A meeting was held in Columbus county, on Saturday last, and Delegates appointed to attend the State Internal Improvement Convention, to be held in Salisbury, on the 24th of November.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. We are obliged to defer the proceedings of the New Hanover and Brunswick Agricultural Society, held on Tuesday evening last, in this town, till Saturday next.

N. C. STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. This body met in Raleigh on the evening of the 16th inst., and continued in session every night during the week. We will endeavor to find room for the proceedings, on Saturday.

MEETING IN SUMMERSVILLE. A meeting was held in Summersville, on the 20th inst., at which 40 Delegates were appointed to the Salisbury Convention. We regret our want of space to publish the proceedings.

TOW BOAT SNAGGED. On Friday last, tow boat "Francis Fries," while in tow of steamer "Evergreen," struck a stump and sank, when about 38 miles up the river, bound to Fayetteville. The F. F. had on board 1,490 sacks of salt.

"RAMSHACKLES." Our neighbor of the Journal having given the above name to certain of our fellow citizens, we have been asked the meaning of the word. We do not know, and can only guess that it means a political "heretic"—one who has the audacity to have an opinion of his own.

YELLOW FEVER. In Charleston there were 14 deaths from yellow fever for the 72 hours ending on Monday last. In Montgomery, Ala., the fever is very malignant. There were 126 cases under treatment on the 21st inst., and 18 deaths on that day.

IN NEW ORLEANS, the Interments for the week ending on the morning of the 22d, were 180 from yellow fever.

IMPROVEMENTS ON MARKET STREET. Among the improvements on Market Street is the splendid window in the store of Messrs. Brown and Anderson, Watch Makers and Jewelers. Among the attractive articles is a clock, to which is attached machinery which sets in motion its operations artificial birds, which hop from branch to branch of a tree, while others drink, &c. It is really a fine piece of mechanism, and worth making a little trouble to examine—as are, in fact, all the articles in the window.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOPS. The Roman Catholic Bishops who lately held a convocation in New York, have sent Archbishop Hughes and Bishop Fery to Rome. They went in the Canada last week. This is charming—America Bishops going to Italy to get instructions from a Foreign Prince, the Pope, as to how they shall manage this heretical country. We dare say they will bring a fresh importation of doctrines relative to civil and religious liberty.

RUINED. Some people are very much scared about being "ruined with their party," as is often threatened by leaders who wish to keep freemen in slavish political bondage. If our friends will permit our experience in this matter to console them, we have been "ruined" twice in this way, and have felt a great deal better for it both times. Also, we intend to be "ruined" whenever our conscience admonishes us how we ought to act in regard to our country, and towards men who we believe will promote its interests—if our views conflict with any of the "Rulers."

REV. N. F. REID. Mr. Reid, the Frenchman in charge of the Station here, embracing the Brick Church, Front street, left on Wednesday evening last, to attend the N. C. Conference about to assemble at Hillsboro. We cannot permit this occasion to pass without some notice; especially as it is not probable he will be any more amongst us. Under the auspices of this talented and faithful servant of God, and the blessing of Providence, the large debt which has long been an oppressive weight on the Church, has been paid—and the membership enjoying harmony and Christian communion, unknown for several years.

SUPERIOR COURT. The Fall Term of Superior Court for this County is now in session, his Honor Judge Manly, on the bench.

FATAL ACCIDENT. On the 22d inst., a man named Thomas Beatty, was killed yesterday on the Columbia Railroad near Parkersburg, by being run over by the cars. He had been to bury his mother and got upon the freight train to return. Refusing to pay the agent for his ride a second time, when he either fell or was run over. The wheels crushed both of his legs in a dreadful manner, and he died in an hour. An inquest was held upon the body, when the jury rendered a verdict that the man came to his death by being thrown from the train by some agent of the company unknown.

THE RECENT ELECTION. The "removal" has caused us to be late in noticing the election of Thursday last. The Journal in some remarks on that day said, in regard to the opposition to the regularly nominated candidate, "as we expected"—and we say, in regard to the result, "as we expected." The Herald appears to be very well satisfied—so we see no cause of complaint so far as the Press is concerned, and repeat what we said on Thursday, that we hope the "result of the election is satisfactory to all parties."

We need not say that it is satisfactory to the People of the county—the vote tells that, in a voice not to be mistaken. Mr. McMillan is their choice; his spontaneous unbiassed choice; untrammelled by party drill, and unconnected with the abuse of candidates usual on such occasions. He got some little cursing, we learn, in private circles, for being suspected of having the impudence to consent to serve if elected, without authority from a certain quarter, and going contrary to the "usage of party."

The question is now decided, whether the "usage of party" or the "Voice of the People" is to be considered paramount authority in New Hanover County; whether, indeed, the People are to be considered sovereign, or the masses are to be ruled by the "usages" concocted in very small assemblies, and promulgated from the same—while the people are to look to in terror and amazement. In terror, for fear of the party lost, or in amazement at the great wisdom emanating from a quarter from whence that quality is not very conspicuous in matters unconnected with the political destiny of our republic.

Mr. McMillan is well known as a man of intelligence, of strict integrity and great moral worth, and is competent to discharge the duties of his office. He is a democrat, as the Representative to a Democratic County ought to be.

THAT "HAND BILL." That Hand Bill, which was issued on the "very day of the election" as the Journal truly says, and of which it complains; not only because it came out on that "very morning," but because it bore the endorsement of "no party" was issued from the office of The Commercial and the Editor is responsible for it. We say this much, lest the public should be alarmed about "deep laid schemes" and "plots" and the like.

That Hand Bill had the approbation of two to one of the Freeman of New Hanover, and we are content. We had certainly as much right to make this fair and open and truthful appeal to the people, as others had to use political appliances of a different character—sending letters into the country making false statements, which the people did not approve.

It is well known that many would vote for Mr. Manly as a matter of course, but the election, though some might be ignorant of it, he did not choose to electioneer and take a prominent stand in his own behalf, because he did not seek the office, and would only accept it as a duty, should the people desire him to serve, and exhibit that desire by an unexcited vote. That vote he obtained. If his friends had not made the matter public, they would have acted unjustly towards the people, as the result has shown.

THE SEEKERS AND THE SOUGHT. The above caption we apply to two distinct classes, viz.: Those who seek office, and those who are sought by their fellow citizens on account of their ability and integrity, to fill stations in the public service.

CINCINNATI did not leave the place to seek office, but the mantle of authority was carried to him in the field, while he was at work on his farm, following the plow. That illustrious man was surprised at his labor by the highest token of the public appreciation of his worth and patriotism.

WASHINGTON was invited and urged, against his inclination, to take one of the most responsible stations ever held by man; and he yielded to the solicitations of his fellow citizens, without the aspirations of ambition, which his modesty forbade, but prompted solely by a patriotic devotion to his country contending for liberty and the rights of man.

These cases illustrate our view of what should be the practice in regard to the servants of the Republic. Those who make politics a trading matter, and engage the services of those to electioneer for them, who are bought and sold as the pieces and their dollars may incline, go into high places with a pledge on their part, and an expectation on that of the electors, that a host of political stamps are to be quarried on the public Treasury, whose chief merits consist in the arts and devices of the demagogue, and unworthily hold office to the exclusion of the honest and patriotic citizens, whose heart and mind and noblest aspirations are all for the interest, the honor and glory of our America. And thus, to the corrupt, chiefly, are the honors and emoluments of the nation available; and the more proscriptive and unprincipled a citizen or an Editor is, the better partizan does he make.

These things should be reformed. Every honest man will say that they should—and we guess that reform is in progress. We trust that the time is coming when "honesty is the best policy" will be adopted as a truism in public as well as private matters.

OURTAGE. The State of Maine newspaper of the 19th inst. has the following relative to an outrage in Ellsworth, in that State:

"The circumstances of the case, in brief, are these: Rev. Mr. Bapat, a Catholic Priest, of morning services, being spoken of by those who know him, went to Ellsworth to preach. His arrival had become known to a gang of ruffians, who had before threatened him with personal violence, if he should be seen in the vicinity of Mr. Drew, where he was stopping, broke into the house, searched until they found him, dragged him out into the street, robbed him of his watch and \$50 in money—stripped him of his clothes, tarred and feathered him, and rode him on a rail to a ship yard half a mile off, where they left him. During all this time, they used towards him the most language, in return for which he offered not a word.

No one can approve of this outrage. But it must be remembered that the Roman Catholics have been and are still provoking and insulting the Protestant citizens on every occasion; setting the example of ruffianism, and doing all they can to provoke our people to excess. If they still persist the retribution will be more terrible than any of them have yet imagined.

The State of Maine attributes this disgraceful affair to a "Native American clique," existing in that quarter, rather than to the chief cause, which is the general tendency to riot and disorder abounding in the Free States. The "clique" spoken of has no connection with Organizations on Constitutional principles, which exist in all parts of the Union. It is an abolition clique, and is peculiar to the State politics of Maine.

FATAL ACCIDENT. On the 22d inst., a man named Thomas Beatty, was killed yesterday on the Columbia Railroad near Parkersburg, by being run over by the cars. He had been to bury his mother and got upon the freight train to return. Refusing to pay the agent for his ride a second time, when he either fell or was run over. The wheels crushed both of his legs in a dreadful manner, and he died in an hour. An inquest was held upon the body, when the jury rendered a verdict that the man came to his death by being thrown from the train by some agent of the company unknown.

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A NEW CLERK. 'Aas Ross, having at the late Term of Brunswick Superior Court, resigned his office of Clerk of this Court, Mr. Wm. Smith was appointed by Judge Manly to fill the vacancy thus created.

From the Baltimore Courier. "Religious Liberty and Freedom of Conscience." Under this caption the National Intelligencer publishes the following remarks, made in Independence Square, Philadelphia, on Saturday week last, by Judge Pollock, who has just been chosen Governor of Pennsylvania by a majority of probably twenty thousand votes:

"I affirm to-night, notwithstanding the censoring resolutions passed on this spot, before this people and the country, my undying attachment to the Constitution of my country and to every provision that guarantees freedom of conscience and a right to worship God in any way or form. I shall I dictate to my fellow man the right to worship as his conscience dictates. The right is too sacred; I would not trifle with a right so holy; I claim it for myself, and I hold it too holy. The tongue of slander may do what it may; I stand before you, fellow-citizens, the advocate of the rights of conscience and civil and religious liberty so long as I can utter a word responsive of the call of freedom."

"Cheers!" The same misrepresentations and slanders were circulated in Pennsylvania that were published here. The Americans were changed with being inimical to religious toleration, and the cry of "freedom and persecution" was raised against them. In both cases the slanders were signally defeated and rebuked. We stated before the election, what we now reiterate, that the Americans are the true and sincere advocates of religious freedom, and their opponents its enemies. They would resist to the death, if necessary, every attempt to connect Church and State, or to give one sect of religionists supremacy over the others.

Upon this principle the battle has been fought and won. They believed from the movements open and secret, of a particular denomination professing Christians, that a struggle was being made to reduce this country to the condition of the priest-ridden nations of Europe, and they resolved to teach the foreigners who were engaged in this unholy object, that there exists here a power competent and determined to check any attempt to bring Americans into subjection to a foreign power. They did not, and will not, be against the religion of any man; and they resolved, and have so decided, that no man, not even a sect, shall impose restraints upon the liberty of conscience in this country. They uphold, and will maintain, the Constitution, which guarantees freedom, civil and religious. They believe in the cultivation of the human mind, to enable it to appreciate the blessings of free institutions, and therefore uphold the system of public schools, as best adapted to the wants of the country. It is not, then, true, that the Americans are intolerant on any subject, either of Church or State. They only require a pure administration of public affairs, and a non-proscriptive policy in religious matters. Let all sects confine themselves to just and fair measures to increase their numbers, and they will not be molested by Americans. But, when threats are used and measures taken, to deprive one portion of the community of the rights now enjoyed by all, the masses will rebel, and they have done, the daring effort, and exclude the offenders from all places of trust and confidence. They will force the bigoted to be tolerant, and the violent to be moderate.

GOING TO ROME FOR INSTRUCTION. The Philadelphia Sun says, the Roman Catholics having closed their provisional convocation, convoked in their different bishoprics, Archbishop Kenrick, of Baltimore, accompanied by the Rev. Father, his secretary; Rev. Bishop O'Connor of Philadelphia, and Rev. Archbishop Hughes, of New York, are on their way to Rome, to attend the great convocation ordered by Pope Pius. We suppose we shall soon have a Bull of anathema against the "Know Nothings." Something new will undoubtedly be devised during this journey against universal republicanism and the heretic Protestants of the United States, but we are now prepared at all points to encounter and defeat their machinations.—Jb.

From the National Intelligencer. MI. FILLMORE'S ANTECEDENTS. Certain Democratic papers are engaged in researches into the opinions of Mr. Fillmore in times past. They have reproduced what they call his letter of 1838, in which are expressed anti-slavery sentiments, and they also reprint his letter of June, 1848, after his nomination for the Vice Presidency. In regard to the letter of 1838 ascribed to Mr. F., we said to have been written by Wm. Jay and Gerrit Smith, the Buffalo Advertiser (published in the city of Mr. F.'s residence) states that he made no such reply as described, either in language or in substance. The letter to which he replied was quite different, and was from Wm. Mills, Esq., chairman of an anti-slavery society of the county of Erie. In that letter, whilst Mr. F. approved of the positions stated, he distinctly declined to pledge himself in advance to any course as a member of Congress which would deprive him of "all discretionary power." He would not become a mere machine. He was elected, and his course was liberal and just.

The letter of June, 1848, was written after his nomination for the Vice Presidency. In reply to Mr. Gowen, the interrogator, Mr. Fillmore said, among other things—

"While I never have, and trust I never shall, shrink from any official responsibility that may be cast upon me, I am admonished by the experience of others that, as the candidate of the party that has put me in nomination, I am not at liberty now to make up and publish my political faith."

"A Whig Convention, without political faith, or my part, has generously taken me upon trust; and if there be any other sect or party that have sufficient confidence in my patriotism and integrity to give me their support on the same conditions, I shall be grateful for the favor, but must say to the subject of medicine, is a great source of misery. Medical practice should be governed by principles cautiously deduced from the contributions of long experience and close observations. How important, then, that no medicine should be introduced from the hands of men of no talent, judgment, and the strictest propriety. Hoodland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson; Philadelphia, is a preparation containing the most valuable medicinal ingredients of modern times, and one of the greatest medical writers Germany ever produced. This article is now in able hands, as evidence that the article is prepared carefully and accurately. It is probable that the original inventor intended, that it should be used in cases of debility of the digestive organs, and bilious affections, &c. &c. are fully described in another column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. It is sold by all the principal druggists and chemists of the United States. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sent by mail on receipt of the price. Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Street, New York. Wholesale and Retail by J. W. HENRY, No. 100 Broadway, New York. Sold by all respectable Druggists & Merchants throughout the country.

TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY. The result of the recent election was quite unexpected to me and contrary to my repeatedly expressed wishes. Had your choice fallen on some one better qualified to represent you in a professional and refining your interests I should have been much better pleased. Yet as the beauty and strength of our institutions consists in yielding obedience to the will of a True People, expressed through the Ballot Box, I waive my objections; accept the honor you have so complacently conferred upon me, and will endeavor to serve you faithfully.

Respectfully yours, D. McMillan.

MARRIED. In this town, on the 24th inst., by Rev. Mr. Reid, Mr. W. A. WALKER, to Miss SALLIE M. POTTS, both of this place.

DIED. On the 19th instant, Dr. JOSEPH SWIFT MILLER, in the 40th year of his age.

How is the strong staff and the beautiful rod broken, that is the question.

With sorrowful and reluctant hand, do we perform the "last sad rite of tenderness," for him whose death is here announced. We have gathered round his bier, looking on the features of a noble man, and now that he is surrendered to the repose of the tomb, we but yield to the pious promptings of duty and affection, in the utterance of a few farewell words to his memory.

When we reflect on the noble and generous course he reverently bent him to his grave, and deem it but the fulfilled behest of nature that he thus should die. But when he who has scarce commenced his career of manly life, falls before the destroyer, with what startling emphasis are we taught the admonitory truth, that vain are the hopes of man and inscrutable indeed the ways of God. In the meridian of his day, in the prime of life, and while flushed with the glory of a joyous future, the fatal arrow has been sped to the heart of the loved and the lost whose death we deplore. It is true his fate was forewarned with painful messages, but who could believe that a young man, the one so radiant with health, and the other so marked with the blended grace and dignity of manhood, upon which we had so often and so recently gazed, could meet a sudden and a sudden death, that dark curtain of death, would so soon hide such a vision from our eyes.

Few men have lived, in the portraitures of whose death, the eye has been so often and so long gazed upon, as in the case of our departed friend. He was a man of a noble and generous mind, and his life was a life of noble and generous deeds. He was a man of a noble and generous mind, and his life was a life of noble and generous deeds.

Distinguished as a physician, he was also endowed with a noble and generous mind, and his life was a life of noble and generous deeds. He was a man of a noble and generous mind, and his life was a life of noble and generous deeds.

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NOTICE. The subscribers as executors of John Dawson & Co., have on the 12th inst., entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Dry Good and Hardware business in the Town of Wilmington, under the firm of A. MacLean & Co. They will conduct the business at the store occupied by the late firm, and solicit for themselves the patronage of the public.

ANDREW MACLEAN, JAMES I. MCCALLUM, July 18.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED. D. S. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. The most efficacious and speedy REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLIC, ADHESION, BRONCHITIS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SPITTING BLOOD, Difficulty of Breathing, Pains in the Side and Breast, Spasms, Stomachic Disorders, Dropsy, Constipation, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all Diseases of the Throat, Breast, and Lungs. GREAT BARK OF THOMAS LICKSON, My After having been given up by Physicians, and pronounced incurable.

Point of Rocks, Pasadenick Co., Md., June 9th, 1851.

DR. SWAYNE: Dear Sir—Believing it a duty I owe to the public, and in justice to you, I have thought proper to make known to you, that I have been cured of a most extraordinary case, in my own case, that has ever been reported. In the month of October, 1848, I was afflicted with a severe cough, which in my breast, which formed a large abscess, and also communicated to my lungs and very much affected them, and disordered my system, loss of appetite, and extreme debility, so that my physicians thought my case extremely hopeless. When I was in the hospital, I was attended by your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, immediately sent to Baltimore for me, and commenced its use, and in a few days I was cured, and that of my anxious family, the absence or opening in my lungs began to heal, and the abscess was cured, and I was restored to perfect health. I feel very grateful, and firmly believe that in your medicine, and the blessings of Divine Providence, I am indebted to you for my recovery, and as a witness that I am now enjoying a good health as I ever have.

Yours, very respectfully, THOS. DIXON.

The subscriber is well acquainted with Thomas Dixon, and can testify that he has been afflicted as above mentioned. I regard his recovery as almost a miracle. He is a worthy man, and his recovery is a most happy event.

JAMES T. BURBORG, Pastor of the Berlin Circuit, Baltimore Conference. It gives me as the stomach, and all the digestive organs, and is the original and only true preparation of Wild Cherry manufactured. On the wrapper, around each bottle.

Laboratory for the manufacture and sale of all the above mentioned Medicines, 4 NORTH SEVENTH ST. above Market, Philadelphia. For sale Wholesale and Retail by C. & D. DUPRE, Wilmington, N. C. April 25, 1854.

A REMEDY FOR EACH DISEASE. At the request of many of my patients, I have endeavored to put up a series of my most efficacious prescriptions, in the form of Medicines, each one suited to a particular disease, and not like the manufacturers of the many nostrums, who put up a series of the same medicine, which will cure all diseases, and who in the words of the great Italian, physical philosopher, "put medicine in their eyes, and know little into bodies of which they know less."

DR. J. S. ROSE'S EXPECANTANT, OR COUGH SYRUP, is a never failing remedy for Coughs, Colds, and all Lung Diseases. Price 50 cents and \$1.00.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S WHOOPING COUGH SYRUP, gives immediate relief, and is a most efficacious remedy for Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Lung Diseases. Price 50 cents and \$1.00.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU, is one of the best remedies ever used for diseases of the bladder, and is a most efficacious remedy for all such diseases. Price 50 cents and \$1.00.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S DYSPEPTIC COMPOUND, is a most efficacious remedy for all diseases of the stomach, and is a most efficacious remedy for all such diseases. Price 50 cents and \$1.00.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, for falling of the Womb, Female Weakness, Debility, and Relaxation. Price 50 cents.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S HOPE'S BILIOUS, OR RHEUMATISM PILLS, These Pills are not warranted to cure every malady or disease incident to man, but they are a grand remedy for a Bilious state of the system, and common to the profession. Dr. Rose's Tonic Mixture, will cure the most stubborn cases of Bilious Fever, or Fever and Ague.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S NERVOUS AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL. For Heart Disease, Nervous Affections, Fluridities, Heart Burn, Restlessness, Numbness, Neuralgia, raising the spirits, and giving power to the system. Price 50 cents and \$1.00.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S SERRA-PARILLA COMPOUND, is a most efficacious remedy for all diseases of the blood, and is a most efficacious remedy for all such diseases. Price 50 cents and \$1.00.

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NOTICE. The subscribers as executors of John Dawson & Co., have on the 12th inst., entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Dry Good and Hardware business in the Town of Wilmington, under the firm of A. MacLean & Co. They will conduct the business at the store occupied by the late firm, and solicit for themselves the patronage of the public.

ANDREW MACLEAN, JAMES I. MCCALLUM, July 18.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED. D. S. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. The most efficacious and speedy REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLIC, ADHESION, BRONCHITIS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SPITTING BLOOD, Difficulty of Breathing, Pains in the Side and Breast, Spasms, Stomachic Disorders, Dropsy, Constipation, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all Diseases of the Throat, Breast, and Lungs. GREAT BARK OF THOMAS LICKSON, My After having been given up by Physicians, and pronounced incurable.

Point of Rocks, Pasadenick Co., Md., June 9th, 1851.

DR. SWAYNE: Dear Sir—Believing it a duty I owe to the public, and in justice to you, I have thought proper to make known to you, that I have been cured of a most extraordinary case, in my own case, that has ever been reported. In the month of October, 1848, I was afflicted with a severe cough, which in my breast, which formed a large abscess, and also communicated to my lungs and very much affected them, and disordered my system, loss of appetite, and extreme debility, so that my physicians thought my case extremely hopeless. When I was in the hospital, I was attended by your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, immediately sent to Baltimore for me, and commenced its use, and in a few days I was cured, and that of my anxious family, the absence or opening in my lungs began to heal, and the abscess was cured, and I was restored to perfect health. I feel very grateful, and firmly believe that in your medicine, and the blessings of Divine Providence, I am indebted to you for my recovery, and as a witness that I am now enjoying a good health as I ever have.

Yours, very respectfully, THOS. DIXON.

The subscriber is well acquainted with Thomas Dixon, and can testify that he has been afflicted as above mentioned. I regard his recovery as almost a miracle. He is a worthy man, and his recovery is a most happy event.

JAMES T. BURBORG, Pastor of the Berlin Circuit, Baltimore Conference. It gives me as the stomach, and all the digestive organs, and is the original and only true preparation of Wild Cherry manufactured. On the wrapper, around each bottle.

Laboratory for the manufacture and sale of all the above