The Stockholders Meeting, held at the Commercial Bank on Monday, rejected the amendments to the charter, by a vote of 55 to 866.

THE AMERICAN ORGANIZATION. The enemics of this order at the South charge them with anti-slavery sentiments and designs, with a persevering mendacity worthy of party surveillance and obedience; while at the North they are accused of being pro-slavery in their notions. It is a singular position of things, that the only movement that has ever been made in this country, by general effort, to vindicate the Constitution and sustain the rights of the South, is rejected by almost all the Democratic papers, and some of the Whig papers also, in the Southern States. This ungracious and ungrateful action is chiefly confined to the Administration party, who go for the attainment of power and the enjoyment of the "loaves and fishes."

It is well known that the New York Tribune pours out its daily denunciations against the order, on account of its pro-slavery proclivity .-It is also known that all papers follow in this lead who belong to the ancient line of the Whig and them with the same facility that others have done Democratic parties. Yet, with these things in when it became certain that they were no longer view-which may be seen and known by all who popular. desire to see and know-recreant Southerners, Judge Loring if he had refused to have had any impelled by the desire of office, betray the interests of their section, desecrate all patriotic cmo- law. It did not, however, belong to the Legislations and become co-workers with those of the free States who have, for years, strained every not the province of the Legislature to punish; its nerve and called out every effort in aid for our duty is to enact laws, and leave the punishments destruction!

We were reminded of these facts by seeing, a the truth, in regard to the objects of the Organization, as the Standard and all in its lead are in have ended, speaking falsely of it. It may be that the latter do not known the facts. But this is a poor excuse, because it is in their power to know them: South may go by the board, so that party is sus-

The paper above named has a long article on the subject of the Organization, from which we make a few extracts:

"It will be an easy matter to establish the proslavery character of the movement from the outgivings of their own most prominent organs, were other evidence wanting; but we will first call attention to the proofs as developed in its organization, and political action thus far.

In the first place it is evident, from the authoritative statements thus far promolgated respecting its objects, that it must become subservient to the designs of slavery. It is proclaimed that it is to become a great 'National party, formed upon the basis of opposition to foreign influence, and which is to ignore all 'scetional' issues, of a nature to produce division in its ranks, or divert attention from the paramount object of its creation. The issues between freedom and slavery are considered 'sectional,' and of course have no place in its platform. The discussion of such topics are prohibited in its Councils, as inimical to the harmony and unity of action which must prevail. Of course the South can desire nothing more favorable than this."

To understand the following, which is a part of article, the reader will observe that GREELY, of the Tribune, has given the name of Hindoo to the American Organization :

"In our own State its movements are principally e ntrolled by men who were adherents and office-holders of the Fillmore Administration, in conjunction with Nebraska Democrats, James W. Barker, the President of the Grand Council of the State, and, it is said, of the National Council also, is a Silver Gray-one of the members of the old New York Cotton Committee. The same is true of Ullmann, the late candidate of the order for Governor. The members of the order who remained true to its behests in the Legislature labored to secure the election of a Nebraska Demcerat for Speaker, in opposition to an unexceptionable anti-Nebraska Whiz. The Silver Gray organs of the Fillmore Administration, which labored incessantly in behalf of the fugitive slave law, and to put down the free soil sentiment of the North, are now, so far as we know, without exception, devoted organs of the Hindoo party, and the Albany Register, formerly the leading Silver Gray organ of the State, has now become the official Hindoo organ. All of these papers labored with might and main, so long as they remained professedly Whig, to prevent the party from allying itself with the Anti-Nebraska sentiment of the State, and to exclude from its platform resolutions in favor of the re-establishment of the Missouri compromise or against the mission of new Slave States. The acceptance by the Whig candidates, of the Anti-Nebraska afforded them the excuse for throwing themselves into the Know Nothing movement, There they have continued, and are foremost in upholding the degrading conscience tramels, and advocating the exclusion of the questien of slavery in the organization of the order."

We consider this matter conclusive to the point -and so will every man consider it, who is really desirous that truth may prevail, which can only prevail to the advantage of the South and the security of the American Constitution.

It is true that many have joined the order in Massachusetts, who are described, by the Commercial Advertiser, as follows: "In a State so given over to abolitionism as

Massachusetts, the recruits which have swelled oring at the banks for relief. the ranks of the Know Nothings have, of course, come into the new party tinctured with the fanaticism which characterizes the anti-slavery ultraists. In becoming Know Nothings, they did not entirely divest themselves of that fanatical and ultraistic turn of thinking, which is as mischie-

We will go no farther into this subject, for the present, than to present the following truthful exposition from the Louisville Journal:

"Whatever sins the mass of the Know Nothing party of the North may have to answer for, here or hereafter. Abolitionism is not one of them .-Undoubtedly there are Abolitionists among them, and undoubtedly, in some few localities, the abolitionists predominate among them; but take the whole of the Know Nothing party of the North together, and it is sounder at heart, sounder in principle, and sounder in action, upon the great S'avery issues, than any other party in that section has ever been known to be. Its strong efforts to nationalize itself, by sinking the Slavery agitation, so as to be able to harmonize with the Know Nothingism of the South, have been and still continue to be very great, and the degree of its success is cheering to the entire patriotism of the nation. the slavery agitation is destined ever to be allayed, that mighty work is celainly to be accomplished by what is called the American party, which, if we are correctly informed, now requires of all its stitution and the Union, in any and every emer- performance." I know of no paper which more took advantage of the confusion, and with knives members a solemn obligation to othere to the Congency that may arise."

A KISS FOR A BLOW.

It is said that Gen. Wilson, of Massachusetts, whose conscience is so sorely troubled on the subject of slavery, makes his living by selling brogans for Southern slaves. However, if Southern men choose to patronize Massachusetts wares, and kiss the hand that smites them, they have no right to complain.

A SINGULAR MUSICAL FACE. with mustaches, one with spectacles, three with wrong, and his adversary in the right. bald heads, and one very modest man in a white cravat, who, from the force of circumstances, you will observe, plays on a brass instrument.

REMOVAL OF JUDGE LORING. It may be thought that too much is said about the immolated judge. But a transaction which is a scandal to legislation and a disgrace to the age, should be widely noted, that the world abroad may know that the American people do not sanction the outrage, and that they have intelligence expressly avows them.

enough to appreciate its enormities. The National Intelligencer of Thursday says 'In copying the annexed remarks from the Even ing Post on the removal of Judge Loring, it is due to that journal to say that, considering its uniform and uncompromising hostility to the fugitive slave law, its condemnation of the proceedings of the Massachusetts Legislature does as force of its reasoning does to its ability :

"We say frankly that we have never any of the removal of Judge Loring by the Massachusetts Legislature. He was not displaced for misconduct or incompetency in his office as a judge. Neither his integrity, nor his learning, nor his capacity have been in question. His offence was that he acted as a United States Commission er under the fugitive slave law of 1850, and remanded an escaped slave to his master. He shares of the passage of that law, it was the fashion it Massachusetts to preach from the pulpit. According to those views it was a patriotic duty to cooperate in enforcing the law and restoring the unaways to those who claimed them. Such notions are now old-fashioned in Massachusetts. but Judge Loring seems not to have renounced

We should certainly have thought better of thing to do with the execution of that infamous ture to punish him for the part he took. All legislation of a vindictive nature is wrong. It is to the civil magistrates. If Judge Loring had committed an act which the community disap- dignation was not exactly available, he pretended proved, but which no law had defined as a crime few days ago, a paper called the Fredonia Censor, or attached to it any penalty, it was the easiest published in the State of New York. This paper thing in the world to restrain him from repeating is quite as severe and denunciatory in speaking the offence. The Judges of the State Courts might have been prohibited from acting under the fugitive slave law, and there the matter would

"The removal of a judge because he happens not to agree with a majority of the Legislature in however, like the Irishman's well, the bottom of his interpretation of the Constitution or his views of official duty is a most dangerous precedent .and they will not do it, for fear it might affect the A Whig Legislature may find a Democrat on the interests of party. So all that is dear to the bench, and insist upon displacing him; a Democratic Legislature may discover that a indge is unsound in regard to the doctrine of internal improvements, or some other dogma of their creed and vote for taking away his office. A Know Nothing Legislature may remove a judge because ie is against repealing the naturalization laws .-There will be no limit to the caprice of Legislatures; there will be no possible security for the independence of the judges. The Legislature will erect itself into a general avenger of all political

"The Southern journals complain bitterly, but they should remember that it was they who provoked these proceedings. It was the wanton violation of their old compacts with the North which has raised the spirit shown in the removal of Judge Loring. Every day vindicates the truth of the prediction made, when the Missouri compromise was repealed, that the measure would do more to put strife between the North and South than any thing which had ever happened in our

The Troy Whig remarks pertinently of the re moval of Judge Loring:

"Judicial officers are sometimes arraigned for non-performance of duty, but this is the first insought to be virtually impeached for having confessedly performed his duty, strictly to the letter, and nothing more A holder stroke at the indein any country or under any circumstances. Succeed it may, but it will not injure Judge Loring; it will only disgrace Massachusetts.'

FOR THE COMMERCIAL.

HARD TIMES. I have heard various causes assigned, among the merchants of this place, for the present pressure in money matters. Some accasing the banks for the stringency, in refusing discounts for the relief of the merchants and on the other hand the banks accusing the merchants of buying too largely; others blaming the large purchases of produce for shipment. These are all evils in their way, but there is a greater existing, which must be reformed before business can be done here lepending so much upon banks for relief when Hard Times" beset us. I aliude to the unlimit ed credit business done here by our merchantsas things are at present, the customer thinks it sufficient honor to the merchant to buy goods of him on a credit, to be paid for at his convenience, without taking into consideration the necessities of the merchant at all, and the merchants themselves allow this state of things to exist; whereas the credit system should be placed on the other footing; customers are the ones who are benefitted by credit, and should look upon it in its right way at some time within reason. Let the merchime-to have their books settled up once in six Some say this rule cannot be established now .-It can very easily, if all will resolve upon it, and certain collections to meet his notes without clam-

There is not a merchant in Wilmington, to-day on their books of from one to three years standing As long as this is the case they must look to vous in practice as it is contemptible in the eye of other sources to meet their debts, and failing in other sources, they are cramped, and their credit

I have stated my views in a crude way, only hoping that some one more competent will take up the matter, and present the thing propely to the morning before daylight, the prepetrator of which MERCHANT. community.

POR THE COMMERCIAL.

THE CANONS OF CONTROVERSY. As the weather will soon be warm, would it not be well for Editors to put in practice some of the 'canons of controversy," so as to avoid unneces sary excitement and danger? If so, you might do them a service by inserting in the Commercial the following, which are taken from a standard work on logic. Indeed, I have thought that a frequent recurrence to these elementary rules might it was ruined by the flames. The Independent be of service to Editors and disputants, in all seasons, for too many either forget them or seem to them "more honored in the breach than in the

of these rules than the National Intelligencer. Rule 1st. The terms in which the question in the spread of the temperance cause .- Sun. debate is expressed, and the precise point at issue should be so clearly defined, that there could be no misunderstanding respecting them.

2nd. The parties should mutually consider respect to the subject in debate. Each should re- the Greek Church. Of the 15,500,000 European Monday week. gard the other as possessing equal talents, knowledge and desire for truth with himself; and that Every orchestra contains at least two musicians it is possible, therefore, that he may be in the

3rd. All expressions, which are unmeaning, or without effect in regard to the subject in debate should be strictly avoided.

4th Personal reflections on an adversary should in no instance be indulged.

5th. No one has a right to accuse his adversary of indirect motives. 6th. The consequences of any doctrine are not

to be charged on him, who maintains it, unless he 7th. As truth, and not victory, is the object of controversy, whatever proofs may be advanced on either side, should be examined with fairness and Cutlar to act as Secretary. candor, and any attempt to ensuare an adversary by the arts of sophistry, or to lessen the force of

violation of the rules of honorable controversy. It is hardly to be expected that these rules will much honor to the candor of the paper as the always be strictly complied with, but an approximation to them is possible, and would doubtless greatly conduce to the causes of truth justice science and religion.

ARREST OF A PICKPOCKET. Boston, May 12 .- About half-past five o'clock yesterday afternoon, officers Dunn and Lynch, of the second police station, arrested a young man who gave his name as Augustus Crawford, for the views which Webster and Professor Stuart, of picking pockets. The fellow was observed at the Andover, inculcated, and which, about the time | Worcester depot, on the arrival of the five o'clock train, to be very busy apparently in looking after baggage, but for good reasons the officers suspected his real purpose was to look after fat pocket-books. They observed his movements closely, and finally detected him with his hand in a lady's pocket, and arrested him before he could withdraw his hand. The lady was Mrs. Sarah Jane Ward, who with Mrs Severance, had just arrived in the city. Mrs. S. stated to the officers that the fellow had previously attempted to abstract her purse from her pocket. Crawford, who was very well dressed, and with any extent of assurance:

> hearted officers, and he was sent to fail. The dodge is a new one, and is qu'te ingenious. The operator is well-dressed, wears a cloak or a thin outside garment having two pockets-one, which has fallen out, so that while to the careless observer, the thief appears to stand with his hands thrust into his pockets, his digits in the

to be very much grieved, and wept like a love

sick school girl; this did not effect the "hard-

ran. The act was seen by a by-stander, who pursued the thief so closely that the latter dropped the purse and effected his escape. It is supposed act. He is from Philadelphia, and is an adroit pick-pocket-so say the police. Lately quite a every day in these parts." number of persons have been robbed of various amounts, and several of these offences are now charged upon Crawford. He will be brought before the Police Court to-day .- Chronicle,

> From the Roston Atlas A PROFANE ONE.

most venerable imprecations. His principal oath opments to be made in the case. is that which has given our English friends a very strong pickname, (Mons. G. D.,) and he raps it out on every occasion with wrathful fluency.-While he is blowing up the brethren of the mystic tie for administering unlawful oaths, he is continually taking them himself, and his fiercest and finest speeches all end like affidavits. When he lenounces the knights of the new order as "godss,' we suppose he means that they do not know how to swear with propriety and elegance, the adjective being applied rather to their conversation than to their principles. If curses, like chickns, do come home to roost, Mr. Wise had better make extensive preparations in his perch department; and he ought to do this before hand, as poles will be a very disagreeable word after election. We do not know how extensive Mr. Wise's repertory of blasphemous expressions may be, but we think he had better be less prodigal and more prudent, if he desires to do justice to the subject at the conclusion of the contest. It will require very tall swearing to express his feelings

FIRE RIOT. light, expecting to pay for goods bought in that burning of barrels on Catsworth street near Per- Macon, yesterday morning. It appears that the kins' Spring, a fracas occurred, which resulted in ants of Wilmington resolve to sell goods on short | the wounding of three or four fireman by pistols | they made use of the usual deceit of 'mocking.' fired. It seems that whilst the New Market and months, and the troubles will be obviated at once | Mount Vernon companies were passing along Bid- | believing it to proceed from the game of which I will venture to say that both customer and mer- Doyle, a member of the New Market, received ascertain.' chant will be better off by it. The customer will five shots in his thighs, two of which were extracthen only buy what he can pay for at the time ted by Dr. Dalrymple. He was afterwards conspecified, and the merchant will be enabled by veyed to the Infirmary, where we yesterday ascertained that he was improving, although there are three balls remaining in him. Three others were also injured by the discharge of pistols, but but could pay his debts if he could collect what whether or not their injuries are of a serious nais due him, and but few but that have accounts ture we have been unable to learn. We also understand that in the melee the lower part of the ear of one of the firemen was bitten off. The United Fire Company, as a company, was in no wise connected with the fight .- Clipper.

GROSS OUTRAGE. An infamous outrage was committed yesterday we hope will be ferreted out, and have condign punishment meted to them. Mr. Wm. Van Waggner, better known as the Poughkeepsie Blacksmith, an eloquent temperance lecturer, on Saturday last pitched his tent on the Bel-Air common between Forrest and East streets, near Cay street. About half-past one o'clock in the morning, some miscreants threw a pair of stockings, well saturated with camphene, and on fire, upon the top of the tent. The canvas at once took fire, and before it could be extinguished, about one-fourth of Fire Company was promptly upon the spot, and succeeded in extinguishing the flames. While this was being done, some villains in the crowd uniformly illustrates the correctness and beauty cut the canvas in about twenty places. This is a had way for the enemies of temperance to oppose

The King of Belgium is a Protestant, though his subjects are mostly Catholics. The King of Saxony is a Catholic, though the greater part of his subjects are Protestants. The King of Greece subjects of the Sultan of Turkey, 11,370,000 are of the Greek Church, and 260,000 are Catholics, while only 3,800,000 are Mohammedans.

FLOUR PLENTY. The New York Tribune says Flonr is plenty he New York Tribund that speculators are the usual salute. keeping it back.

Wilmington & Topsall Sound P. R. Co. Stockholders' Meeting.

WILMINGTON, N. C., 14th May, 1855. The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington and Topsail Sound Plank Road Company took place in the town of Wilmington, on

Monday, 14th of May 1855. Ellis, Esq., to the chair and requesting DuBrutz of the Telegraph news for the associated Press of through a course of Hollyway's Pills and Oint-

The Secretary was appointed to ascertain the exemplary character in all relations of life. number of shares of stock represented; two rehis reasoning by wit, cavilling or ridicule is a ported that 229 shares were represented in person and 94 by proxy-total 323 shares-which being a majority of the capital stock of the Company, the meeting was deciared ready for business.

The reports of the President, Secretary and Treasurer, and Auditing Committee, were then read and adopted.

Resolved, That Article 4th of the By-Laws he amended as to reduce the salary of the President to two bundred dollars.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of see, at Batavia. a President for the ensuing year, when Nieholas N. Nixon, Esq., was unanimously re-elected. The following gentlemen were re-elected Directors, to wit :- Willam A. Wright, D. K. Futch,

Jos. H. Flanner, Jno. L. Meares, and A. H. Van-George R. French and Dugald McMillan were appointed a Committee to audit the accounts of

the officers of the company, and reported at the ext annual meeting. Resolved, That the President and Directors be structed to proceed forthwith to collect all in- the passengers were forwarded by changing cars

Stock of this Company. Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting, became very indignant that the officers should ad the reports of the President and Secretary dare charge him with such an offence. He was be published in pamphlet form, and a copy be taken to the station house, when, finding that insent to each Stockholder.

CHAS. D. EELIS, Ch'n. DUB. CUTLAR, Sec'y.

A GOVERNOR'S HOTEL BILL.

Governor-General Head, being invited by the uthorities to visit Montreal in March, lodged with Madame St. Julien, a female hotel keeper who has had the audacity to charge him \$1,600 for three days' entertainment. The corporation, indignant at the exorbitance, refuses to pay, and Madame has, without due respect for the powers that be, brought action for the amount against his bottomless pocket at work with the personal prop- Excellency. That gentleman would gladly pay mento it, and have done with the suit; but he cannot About five o'clock, as a lady was passing settle without offending the authorities, who are through Post-office avenue, a young man thrust willing to pay any reasonable amount. The Mon-

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Boston, May 14.-There was considerable confusion and excitement in the House of Representatives this afternoon from the fact that Mr. Hi-s. the expelled member, twice resumed his vacant Corporal Trim's comrades swore terribly in seat, and was each time removed by the sergeant-Flanders, but Henry A. Wise is swearing more at arms at the order of the House, passed nearly terribly in Virginia. Such a rampant, tearing, unanimously. It is presumed that Mr. Hiss acraving, thunderous, fuligenous candidate never ted in his singular manner at the advice of his stance on record, we believe, where a Judge is was and never will be. Notwithstanding Bob counsel, B. F. Butler and Benj Dean, who have Acres's assertion that "damns have had their published an address denouncing the expulsion of day," we perceive that Mr. Wise is strictly con- Mr. Hiss as an arbitary exercise of power, and inpendence of the Judiciary was certainly never made servative, and sticks to our time honored and timating that the House feared important devel-

Horgville, N. C. May 11.—On Wednesday, the th inst., the day of closing the Books of Sub-Charlotte, and Rutherford Rail Road, the Commissioners at Lincolnton reported the following

63,000 Shelby. Rutherfordton, 45,000 Hopewell, Mecklenburg Co. 22,000 Bea.'s Old Field, 272.800

Gaston county has subscribed \$80,000, on conlitions, and can, therefore, not be counted. It will be seen that the charter is not yet secured. The Commissioners, accordingly gave notice that the Books would continue open.

Before the close of the day the amount in Lin-

UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENT:

The Savannah Georgian, of the 14th inst., savs : We learn from a passenger by the Central Road Battimone, May 14 .- During the alarm of fire last evening, that a man by the name of Dean about ten o'clock on Priday night, caused by the | was accidentally shot by his brother, not far from two were ont on a turkey hunt together, in which One attracted by the mocking of the other, and die street, near Pennsylvania avenue, a quarrel he was in search, fired and killed his brother up- In the peal of the thunder, the chirp of the bird; arose and a fight ensued. One man named John on the spot. Further particulars we could not It comes in the torrent, all rapid and strong,

INTERESTING OCCASION

The Grand Master of the Grand Lodge (Mason- It lives in the rush of the sweeping simoon;) of the District of Columbia, has received a letter from the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Paris, asking that a delegate be appointed on the part of the District Grand Lodge to attend a Congress of the Masons of the World, to assemble in Paris on the 1st proximo, to take into consideration the condition of Masonry over the globe, and to adopt, for the benefit of the Order, whatever might be appropriate and lawful.

Washington Star.

RELIGION VS. DRESS. A correspondent of the Boston Herald, writing from Lowell, says-we do not know with how

"There are plenty of churches here. I attended services yesterday, at one of the most prominent ones. Dress appeared to be the leading principle among those present, while religion was a mere side issue. The house seemed more like a place of fashionable resort than like a 'temple where a God may dwell."

HONESTY. The editor of the Showlegan Clariba does not appear to have a very high opinion of the churches in his neighborhood. He says:

"A new religious sect has sprung up in Oswego. They hold that honesty is the only requisition necessary to entitle a person to membership. If the churches in this region would adopt the same test, we think they would be very likely to improve the character of their associations every

POTATOES .- About seven thousand dollars worth of potatoes were entered free of duty under the each other as standing on a footing of equality in is a Catholic, though most of his subjects are of reciprocity treaty at the custom house, Boston, on

Thursday last, and hoisted his broad pennant on board the Pennsylvania, which was honored with proper officers for collection.

JOHN DAWSON.

Charged from date. Please notice this and act accordingly—hard time these.

A. B. McCALEB.

DEATH OF A PRINTER.

Died at Littleton, N. H., 9th instant, of consumption, George C. Patten, aged 27. He leaves a wife and two children. Mr. Patten was a prinmonths, until failing health compelled him to re-The meeting was organized by calling Chas. D. linquish, it, he was employed as manifold copyist. The mother, about eight weeks ago, put them

COUNTERFEIT AND FRAUD.

10s on the H. J. Miner's Bank of Utica, New York, altered from gentine 1s. Vignette, female and carle. 5s and 10s on the West Windfield Bank, N. Y., altered from 1s. Vignette, cows standing in water, &c.; on the left end, a harvest seene, plank road, men and drove of cattle.

The Republic calls attention to a new swindle which has made its appearance in the way of fraudulent bank notes. The bills purport to be five dollar notes on the Exchange Bank of Gene-

MORE FILLIBUSTERING.

from Washington intimates that the State Department has information of a fillibustering expedi Jos. M. Foy, Robt. H. Cowan, Edward Kidder, tion organizing in this city to proceed against Peru under Echenique. Arrests are looked for, BRIDGE BURNT.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14th.-The Pennsylvania railroad bridge across the Juniatta river at E. Birmingham, Blair county, was destroyed by fire last evening. . The trains were all delayed, and

stallments due upon subscriptions to the Capital at that point. The bridge was not a covered one. It is supposed that it was set on fire. POWDER MILL EXPLOSION. WILMINGTON, DEL., May 14.-Garche's drying

and grinding powder mills, near this city, blew up at 11 o'clock this morning. No lives were lost, LATER FROM MEXICO.

New Oulgans, May 11 .- The steamship Orizaba has arrived at this port with dates from Mexi co to the 5th inst. Sama Anna had gone South with a body of

It was reported that a large number of soldiers in Squora had revolted and issued a pronuncia-

ROYALTY CONGRATULATING THE POPE. A letter from Rome says the Pope received the congratulations of the Emperor of the French and his hand into her pocket, seized her purse and treal Courier relates, as an apology for Madame's the Emperor of Austria on his fortunate escape extortion, the story of George I, who was inordin- by telegraph, on the day after the late accident, ately fleeced by a publican in an obscure Dutch A public thanksgiving, to last three days com village. No remonstrance could fliduce the sharp menced on Sunday in the French church of St. that Crawford was the man who committed the Boniface to releat, his sole answer being, "All Louis, where a Te Duem was sung in the presence very well, Meinheer, but we don't catch a King of the French Ambassador and of the officers of

> A shrub has been discovered near San Antonio, Texas, called quisachi, which bids fair to equal or supercede the Osage Orang or Cherekee Rose for hedges in the South. The spines or thorns are more numerous and formidable than those of the Osage Orange, which is a great desideratum in the formation of live fences.

Destructive Fire at Springfield, III.

CHICAGO, May 11 - A destructive fire occurred at Springgeld, Illinois, this morning. The best this port. business portion of the city, including the State House Square was consumed. Nine splended stores were destroyed, and the loss is estimated at \$150,000, which is mostly covered by insurance. The fire is attributed to the incendiary.

The Fincastle, Va. Whig says: "This article is becoming very scarce. We have a population of cription so the Capital Stock of the Wilmington, over one thousand to feed, and yet there is not at this time, a pound of Flour for sale in the town, BOUNTY LAND APPLICATIONS.

SCARCITY OF FLOUR.

The whole number of bounty land applications. under the act of March 3, 1855, received at the Pension Office up to May 12, was 132,000. RAILROAD ACCIDENT AND DEATH. PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 11 .- John S. Harris

Esq., long a prominent politician of this city, was killed this afternoon in Cranston, by being struck by the locomotive of the Hartford Railroad. The Buffalo Express very truly says that four

lines more beautiful than these are rarely written: A solemn murmur in the soul Fills up the world to be, As travelers hear the billows roll, Before they reach the sea.

In a late ode to Santiago, California, by the re nowned John Phæsix, the following lines occur "All night long in the sweet little village, You hear the soft note of the pistol, And the pleasant shrick of the victim-."

GOD HATH A VOICE. BY ELIZA COOK. God hath a voice that ever is heard

In the streamlet's soft gush as it ripples along. It breathes in the zephyr just kissing the bloor Let the hurricane whistle or warblers rejoice-

God hath a presence, and that ye may see In the fold of the flower, the leaf of the tree; In the sun of the noon-day, the star of the night In the storm-cloud of darkness, the rainbow of

What do they tell thee but God hath a voice?

In the waves of the ocean, the furrows of land; In the mountains of granite, the atom of sand; Turn where ye may, from the sky to the sod, Where can ye gaze that ye see not a God?

JOY TO THE INVALID .- Persons afflicted with any of the diseases arising from a disordered liver. stomach, nervous debility, dyspepsia or liver com plaint, should try Perry Davis' Pain Killer. It eldom fails to effect a cure in a very short time

When death is at the door, the remedy which

would have saved life, if administered in time comes too late. Do not trifle with disease. Rely up on it, that when the stomach will not digest foodwhen faintness and lassitude pervade the systemwhen the sleep is disturbed, the appetite feeble, the mind lethargic, the nerves unnaturally sensitive and the head confused-rely upon it, that when these symptoms occur, the powers of vitality are failing, and that, unless the mischief is promptly checked, life will be shortened, as well as rendered miserable. Now we know from a mass of testi mony, greater than was ever before accumulated in favor of one remedy, that Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson Philadel phia, will immediately, abate, and, in the end entirely remove all these disorders as surely as a mathematical process will solve a problem. Who then, will endure the agony, and the risk of life with health and safety within reach. 27-6t.

NOTICE. TTHOSE who are indebted to me individually or

John Dawson & Co., will please call and pay on or before the 20th inet., if not, many will be sued who may favor him with their patranage, that af-to June Court, balance sure to September, as far- ter this date he shall expect all his retail custom-Com. McKeever relieved Captain Breese as ther indulgence will not be given; having made business arrangements elsewhere, so that I will reling cash goods, or goods by the piece or package, quireall my capital. All sums under \$100, if not to pay the bills when presented, or interest will be

May 5.

Three children of Mrs. Brown, residing in Pine street St. Louis, Missouri, by a most remarkable coincidence were scrofnlously incided, the eldest (Jane) most particularly so, and the mother tinding such to be the case, did all in her power to ter, and for several years worked in the office of relieve the sufferer, but in vain; the became the Daily Advertiser. Subsequently, for some worse, the blood of the others was equally impure, and they all three were so bad at last, as to some offite an object of horror to their friends Beston. He was a young man of fine talents, and became thoroughly purified, and the symptoms disappeared. They are now all three in excellent health, to the astonishment and delight of their affectionate parents.

NEURALGIA .- This formidable disease seems to belle the kill of physicians, yields like magic to Carter's Spanish Mixture, Mr. P. Boyden, formerly of the Aster House New York, and lite proprietor of the Exchange Hotel Richtmond Va. is one of the bundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's

Spanish Mixture.
Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others who were sofiering with nearly every form of discase with the most wonde ful He says it is the most extraordinary medicine

he has ever seen used, and the best blood paritier known.

*, * See advertisement in another column May 3 New York, May 14 .- A dispatch received here THE Brazilian Remedy for Diarrhora and sentery. Hundreds can testify to its virtues Prepared and sold only by C. & D. DuPRE.

June 27.

WARRANTS. Just printed a hand-ome edition of Warrants, with and without Judgment and Execution on the back. Also, temperance and other Negro | Ash head-Passes, and for sale at The Commercial Office.

MARRIED.

MARINE NEWS

In this county, on the 3d inst., by Wm. S. Lar kins, Esq., Mr. HORACE A. BAGG to Miss JULIA

E . daughter of Col. Wm. Robitsch.

PORT OF WILMINGTON MAY 17. ARRIVED.

14, Sehr. D. L. Clinch, Holt from New London, Ct., to J. & D. McRue & Ca. CLEARED. 14. Steamer Sun, Rush, for Fayetteville, by J.

J. Lippitt. 15. Schr George Ward for Jeremie, by Russell & Bro ; with shingles, lumber, &c. Schr. Pearl, Dexter, for Jacksonville, by Runkin & Martin. Schr. Dixon Swindell, Lewis, for New Berne, by

Schr. Volant. Newcombe, for Jacksonville, by Rankin & Martin, Steamer Henrietta, Jones, for White Hall, by Wessel & Ellers 16. Brig Fanny Whittier. Bartlett. for Boston, by Adams, Bro & Co.; with Immber.

Moore, Stanly & Co ; with flour and molasses,

HARBOR MASTER'S REPORT. The following list shows the number of vessels that have arrived at this port from the 6th of May, 1854, to the 6th of May, 1855, as compiled from the book of the Harbor Master: Ships-French 1.

Barques - American, 22 - American, 160; British, 15; Spanish, 1 -Total 176 Schooners-American, 543; British, 12; Bremen, I-Total 556. Dutch Galliott, 1-Total 757.

NEW YORK. May 12-Brig May Queen Jackson; and Schrs. R. W. Brown, Derrickson, and Miami, Powell, for

CLOSING ACCOUNTS. DREPARATORY to making a change in my bu-I sinces, on the lst of July next, I have commen-red the clasing of my books, and will thank my friends to render what assistance they can to my lerks or Agents in making settlements, as every account upon my books must be cloved J. M. ROBINSON

JUST RECEIVED. DER SCHR. WM. II. SMITH, direct from N. York, a large supply of Fruit; Oranges; Lemons; Apples, &c., &c.

Also, a very fine assertment of Candies; Raisens; Figs, and every thing nice to suit the Ladies and Gentlemen, at a reasonable price. At the variety Store, under the Herald Office. WM. H. DENEALE.

NOTICE.

PHOSE indebted to me individually, or to C I DuPRE & CO., will please call and make payment without delay, as turther indulgence can

May-17. ORANGES AND LEMONS. DRESH supplies, received every week and for May 17. No. 3, Granite Row, Front St.

LEMON SYRUP. 50 BOXES just received by L. N. BARLOW.

SUNDRIES. CULTON MARKET FEFF; Salmon; Mack-I erel, and Smoked Beef; received this day by May 17. L. N. BARLOW.

N Friday week, the 4th inst, in Town, or between town and the Big Bridge, a small Pocket Book, containing FIVE HUNDRED DOL LARS in money, and a bill on Messrs. Pierce & Dudley for Thirty Three dollars and eighty-five cents, payable to Uriah Underwood.

I will pay a liberal reward for the return of said D. D. ROYAL. GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE.

I'HE Annual Examination of this Institution tione from day to day till the 2nd of June. The Commencement Sermon will be preached on Sunday the 3d by the Rev. Turner M. Jones, President of Green-boro' Female 1 oilege. The Annual Address will be delivered on Monday the 4th, by the Rev. C. F. Deems of North Carolina The Session closes on Monday evening with a con-

SUGAR! SUGAR!! 10 HHDS, Porto Rico; 20 bbls, do do; 30 " C. Yellow, Stuart's. For sale by

ZENO H. GREENE.

ON CONSIGNMENT. 6 BBLL. N. C. Lard - a No. 1 article. For an WILLIS M. SHERWOOD & CO. EMPTY SPIRIT BARRELS.

215 PRIME second hand Barrels, per J. M. May S. Por Sale by AD&MS, BRO. & CO. BUTTER AND FLOUR. FIRKINS of fresh Mountain Butter; 1518 barrels Fayet eville superfine Flour;

E. J. LUTTERLOH do. HERRING.

35 BBLS. Nova Scotia Herring, for sale by April 7. ADAMS, BRO. 4- CO ADAMS, BRO. 4. CO. BREAKERS AHEAD.

THE subscriper would respectfully solicit all in-debted to him by note or account, to call with-out delay and settle their dues, as he finds it impossible to carry on his business without money He will also take this method of informing the

23-3m | May 5.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

lones, N. C. 13) a Shies, do. 11 a 0 houldre, do. 11 a 00 Mest, 1 00 a NAVAL STORES 124 v 13 Turpentine, pa 81250/8 tama western, 00 a 00 Vellov dip. Sides, do 64 a 9 Virgin dip 2:0 a 2 10 h m 1 10

Northern mess, \$18 a Rouin by sale, Seet Catter, 100 a No. 1 No. 2. 6 DO a 8 DO No. 2. COFFEE, perils.
St. Domingo, 11 12 per golf. 41 4 dio, Laguayra, 12 a 11 Allon person implies

15 a 16 Cillage 10 a 14 oron, per th Es > 10 sperm. do Northern, 16 a 17 Port, Number of the Uto | A C | Sheet | Car S | Car S

Stocting dia 7 Chaned. avetterille, il co -11 50 per can 45 % 50 cough, mote. (il. CE, par ib American HAY, periobiles rough, n-tern, 1 50 a 0 00 Dressed,

V. River 9 00 Contrarts d 25 a 0 60 ware, 35 a 4 INON, per lb. American hearen

Finglish assorted. Swede tenstrating Livernam, 1 45 m Incrions sheet a NAPA PARTIE LUMBER, nevi 1000 Gert Wrenn. S. Sawed 15 00 a 16 mt Samtper Dr. Floring, 10 00 a de de Crimas. W beards - 7 00 a 00 00 Clfrared, Hour Char Begarling,

15 or Best quality 14 0 a no on di firet. 5 60 a 6 00 efase half price Sugarner fa. RIVER LUMBER. N. Orleans 5 a Sentting a 4.76 that this it Land in blin 160 a 11 Plantage mention and Line probl. 1 25 a refuse will 7 co a 8 op. LiQUORS pergallon. Throad on. 5 so a 7 53 cach broady

p.p.le. 65 a 1 of Tallow prib 12 a 11112

tre whickey 50 a 1 of Wines, per sation
lectified, 46 a 48 Waletra, 1 of a 4 of

V. Rum, 52 a Po.t. 1 of a 4

16 8

FREIGHT .- To New York. - - 25 on deck, 30 under Turpentine. Spirits Turpentine. - 5/4 Yarn and Sheeting, 8 conts per foot Cotton per bale, \$1,00 Pea Nuis, per bush. 6 cents.

То Рипланирита.

Naval Stores, - - 20 ets, on deck. 35 un.

VE Rum, 52a Po t. 1 60 p.4 WOLASSES are fallow, Welaga, 40 a New Orleans, 25 a 60

Pea Nuts, - - - 6 20 in bushel. COMMERCIAL

Spirits Turpentine, - 70 cts, per bhi,

Yarn and Sheeting, . 6 " " foot

BEMARKS ON MARKET. Temperatus - 270 bbls. Turpentine were said at 2.70 for yellow dip and \$1.70 per bbl. for hard. SPIRITS TOURSNIEND -40 Bb!

Tan. - 43 bbls. Tar were sold at \$3 per bbl. Times: - 5 rafts Timber were disposed of at the

M. feet prices varying as to quality. Bacon, -1 500 lbs, N. C. Bacon (bog round) sold at 13 cents per lb.

perfine Flour were sold at \$11 to \$1150 per bid. Hay -81 bales Northern Hay selling from

wharf, as wanted, at \$1.80 per 100 lbs. NEW YORK MARKET. May 14. - Report to Saturday night: Naval Stores-We understand that 3 000 blds. ande Inspentine engaged to-day for Landon is

soing forward from first hands or on joint accounts.

citizent change with sales of 400 libls, at 45 a 46,

Rosin is less active bin priors are well maintained; common would bring 1 874 a 1 90. Rice-The market is firm, with sales of 350 tes at 5.75 a 6.50, the latter for 100 casks strictly Cutton-The sales to day were 2 000 bales, ma king for the week an aggregate of about 23,000 bales, and showing an improvement of half a cent-per lb. Sales from 8; to 12; Flour-Southern Flour is dail, and may be quo-

The market is flow at \$3 50 a 3 75.

10 75 a 11 124 for common to good brands; 11 25 a 12 25 for facey and extra brands. PHILADELPHIA MARKET. May 14 -Cotton - Sales of about 1800 bales at from 5 to 11c for Uplands, and 10 s 12c for New Orienns, cash and time. Prices at the close are

ted 124 cents lower, the sales are 1 tot tible at

or-Flour, with a better demand for export and home use, has railied and prices at the close are 25 a 50 c per bbl better. Some 5 a 6:00 hbls are been disposed of in lots at from \$19.25 to 10.75 for fair mixed and good straight brands in cluding extres at 10 50 to 11 25 as in quality; at the close 10 75 is generally refused for standard brands and the market closes with an upward tendency. Sales for home use within the above range of prices and fancy lots at higher rates. Corn - Corn is in good demand with sales of over 50 000 bashels Southern and Penns, yellow

at \$1 07 to 1 12 in store and \$1 08 a 1,14 affoat; closing at our highest figures. Naval Stores-Sales of Spirits Turpentine at 46 a 48c per gallon, cash and time. Bosin is firmer, and common is weath \$1.75. The has advanced considerably and is quoted at \$3.75. Pitch is selling at 2 25 per bbf. frice-Rice is better sales of 3 a 400 cask at 6)

CHARLESTON MARKET. May 14. Evening - Cotton-The demand to day was good but less general than on Saturday, and the advance of 4 quoted on that day continued to be fully sustained. The sales reached 1 500 bales at 81 a 101. BAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

offe, closing at the latter rate.

San Francisco, April 17.-Every article of merhandise is dull of sale, and many things have considerably declined. The closing rates are:-Gailego and Hazall Flour \$14; extra choice 40 cents pernshed sugar 9) cents; Luckawana coat \$12; Cumberland coal \$20; clear pork \$18 a 19; ness \$15; hams \$20,50; spirits turpentine 55 a

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE. FOR MAY. For sale at S. W. WHITAKER'S

LITTLE'S LIVING AGE. ATEST Nos. on hand and for sale at May 15. S. W. WHITAKER'S. THE CAROLINA CULTIVATOR.

NO. 3, (May) received single copies for sale and subscriptions received at May 15. S. W. WHITAKER'S.

GRAND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER OF NORTH CAROLINA. THE Regular Annual Convocation of his body will be hold in Wilmington on

Monday, the 4th day of June next. Sp-bordiante Chopters are requested to be punctual in sending their representatives, as mat-ters of much importance are to be neted on. H. P. RUSSELL, Grand Secretary. 23-tf | April 10