

FIRE!

On Thursday evening last, about 7 1/2 o'clock, the kitchen of Mr. A. Brown, on Market street, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss between \$300 and \$400. The dwelling, which was very near, was saved by the exertions of the firemen and the citizens generally.

DUPLIN COUNTY FAIR.

The Annual Fair of the Duplin County Agricultural Society, will be held at Kenansville, on Thursday and Friday, the 6th and 7th of November next, instead of the 12th and 14th as originally announced.

FEVER IN CHARLESTON.

The board of health report four deaths from yellow fever, during the 24 hours, ending on Wednesday night.

THE PRESIDENT.

President Pierce has received on his route, at Baltimore, Wilmington, Del., Jersey City, Philadelphia, and New York, in a manner suited to his high station. These spontaneous demonstrations of respect and regard, are worthy of a free and intelligent people.

RHODE ISLAND.

The "Republican" Convention met in Providence on the 30th ult. and nominated an electoral ticket. The "American" Convention met the same day and nominated the same ticket.

A FREMONTER.

JOSUEA R. GIDDINGS, a supporter of FREMONT says, as follows:

"I look forward to the day when there shall be a servile insurrection in the South; when the black men, armed with British bayonets, and commanded by British officers, shall wage a war of extermination against the master; when the torch of the incendiary shall light up the towns and cities of the South, and blot out the last vestige of slavery."

The above represents the character of our opponents, and teaches us what we may expect from them should they get into power. We do not charge that all the Fremont men would endorse Giddings' remarks, but it is characteristic of the hatred entertained towards us by that party.

Giddings is very considerate to put these very troublesome words into the hands of the British. We suppose the "clergy" and others of the Sharp's rifle school, would be on hand to aid in this matter. Concerning the British—we do not believe there is an officer of character in the British service that would enter into such a campaign. No—our "pious" fellow citizens would have to carry out these imaginings.

SIGNS OF DISTRESS.

Under the above head the Journal of Commerce says: "The friends and supporters of Mr. Fremont are beginning to feel that their cause is not likely to be so successful as they desire, or as they have represented. A circular has been issued to the faithful, (or those supposed to be so) in this city, calling upon them to contribute both by their presence and purse, to help the sinking cause. This is quite consistent with the prudent advice given them by one of their leading organs on Saturday, to "temper rather than to increase their confidence in the elections of Fremont and Dayton."

Those noticed by our contemporary are not the only signs of distress abroad. The sending into Pennsylvania electrotyping orators from Massachusetts and elsewhere, of different grades and stripes, so that the various prejudices of the people may be excited against BUCHANAN, shows that the Black Republicans themselves are distressed about the vote that State will give for him. So it will be seen that it is expected by the enemy that both these great States will go for the Democratic candidates, unless operations unprecedented in the history of political contests may prevent it. But we are satisfied that these extraordinary exertions will not have the desired effect. The people will surely detect and repel the imposture set forth in the conjunction of parties, hitherto hostile, for the purpose of defeating BUCHANAN. If there is no chance for his election, as some pretend to think, what is all this fuss about?

ROMICIDE.

On Wednesday afternoon-Coroner Hartsfield held an inquest over the body of Friam Puckett, shot the afternoon previous. The Jury returned a verdict that he came to his death from wounds inflicted by a gun in the hands of Needham Standland. Mr. Standland surrendered himself, and does not deny that he fired the gun, but asserts that he did so in self-defense. He was committed to jail to await examination.

MASS MEETING AND BARBECUE.

We are requested to state that a Democratic Mass Meeting will be held at Leesburg, in this county, on Friday, the 10th inst., upon which occasion a Free Barbecue will be given, to which, as well as the meeting, all citizens, without distinction of party, are invited. The ladies are especially invited to grace the meeting with their presence.

To anticipate a "good time" generally, and to trust that our friends in New Hanover and Duplin, will make a strong turnout. There will be good speaking, good feeling, and, if we know anything about those who have it in hand, something good for the inner-man. So turn out, and give a day to Buck and Breck.

A COSTLY ADVERTISEMENT.

The Legislative Assembly of Victoria having ordered a list of all registered voters to be published in the local newspaper, the Melbourne Argus, says a correspondent of the North British Daily Mail, came out on four different days with forty-eight pages of double demis; the charge for the advertisement contained in these amounting to £10,200.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.

John J. Palmer, Esq., has retired from the editorial conduct of the Charlotte (N. C.) Democrat, and Wm. J. Yates, Esq., has become the editor and proprietor of that paper.

THE OLD LINE WHIGS AND BUCHANAN.

We are satisfied, from many reports, and personal assurances, that the old line whigs proper, or a majority of them, keep up the nomination of Fillmore for the sole purpose of defeating Fremont, and consequently, of electing BUCHANAN. These supporters of Fillmore are of very different character from disappointed and malignant leaders, whom no result can appease, but the defeat of the Democracy. Some of these men, we really believe, would see this Union destroyed if they could only have their revenge upon the democracy. They will not reason upon the peril of the time and consult about the best way to avoid it. Very different, also, are the Whigs we refer to from the "small fry" supporters of the Fillmore party. All the political wisdom of these persons is embodied in a "nut shell." Any one can learn it in half a minute—it is simply to hurra for Fillmore and damn BUCHANAN and the Democracy.

Concerning what we have said about the whigs of the first character, our readers will perceive that we are, very likely, not much mistaken, from the remarks of the N. Y. Mirror, a black republican sheet. The Editor says: "We learn from sources that we can hardly doubt, that the leaders of the Buchanan and Fillmore parties have come to an understanding, and are now at work, night and day, consummating the coalition to defeat Fremont. The South will throw Fillmore overboard (as we have all along expected and predicted) for Buchanan; while at the North, the Fillmore men will vote for Buchanan, wherever the amalgamation is likely to effect the desired object. An arrangement like this looks rather formidable; it is well calculated to appal timid Republicans, and nerve to greater exertion the brave."

It will not be suggested we suppose that the black republican editor willfully gives false evidence against himself and his party. To charge the perpetration of such an anomaly upon any one, would be carrying political humbug out of the reach of "rhyme or reason."

We charge our friends not to let the "confused noise" of various rumors disturb them. Be firm—be encouraged by facts and not alarmed by falsehoods. Continue every honest and fair exertion during this political contest, persisting in the confidence that Buchanan will be elected by the people.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 26.—Hon. F. P. Stanton, spoke on last Tuesday night, in this city, to one of the largest and most attentive assemblages which have ever congregated in Memphis, for political objects. We have no language to describe adequately to our readers the power and strength of his speech, nor to convey an approximate conception to those who did not hear it, of its magic and thrilling influence and effect, upon all who were present! It was "the speech of speeches," the great effort of a great man! For arrangement, facts, style and oratory, we have never before listened to a political harangue equal to it; its influence was magical; it was at one moment applauded loudly by the Americans; and at another moment by the Democrats; and, occasionally, most enthusiastically applauded by ALL of ALL parties! Such speeches, by such men, giving such unmistakable evidence of fairness, candor and truth towards men—public and private—setting forth so truthfully the history of the nation—of this and of that man and party—such appeals to the intelligence and patriotism of the people, throw around our institutions and government a bulwark of strength, that promises for them the perpetuity of ages—defying sectionalism, fanaticism, political or religious!

This speech was the best ideal of all who are patriotic—love, truth, and desire, above selfish ends and objects, the good of the country—the honor and the greatness of the nation—the prosperity and the happiness of the masses! It was no partisan speech, but the facts and arguments, couched in moderation of feeling, and addressed for the sole object of benefiting all classes, and saving the institutions and the government from danger and corruption—from doubt and overthrow! It was the greatest speech of one of the greatest and most patriotic statesmen of the State, and of the Union of the American Confederacy of States! This Union cannot be destroyed while we have such men as Hon. F. P. Stanton, to appeal to the candor and the intelligence, the virtue and patriotism of the people!

No man, who heard him on the occasion to which we refer, doubted a single fact stated—no one questioned the high and patriotic motive which prompted him to appeal to his countrymen in this hour of trial, doubt and fanaticism.

We need not say to the people of Memphis, that Mr. Stanton is pure and spotless in private life, nor that he is lofty and commanding as a public man! To know him, well, is all that is necessary to ensure to him respect and admiration, confidence and perfect trust!

He is the devoted personal friend, and the powerful political advocate of James Buchanan for President of the United States!—Express.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

HOW FREMONT IS TO BE BEATEN.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—There is a magnificent scheme of piping or log-rolling going on in Pennsylvania and New York. The plan is this: If the Pennsylvania State election goes unfavorably for the Buchaners, then the State of New York is to be made the battle-ground, and a capture is to be attempted by a grand coup de main. All the fragments of the disorganized Nulling party are to be brought up—that is, the leaders—and thus throw the Fillmore strength into the Buchanan camp. I have this from an undoubted source. You see, here at Washington among the officeholders, they know not who to trust, and their secrets leak out. Yesterday, a friend of mine a larger offer than, provided the Pennsylvania State election went against the Democrats, the State of New York would go for Buchanan by a large majority. Other bets of the same nature have been offered, and on the same (Pennsylvania) contingency. Whether Rast Brooks is to be made Secretary of State, or Fillmore sent Minister Plenipotentiary to the Canibal Islands by this manuever, has not transpired.

EXPULSIONS—MORE OF THEM.

The Sumter (Ala.) Democrat, says: Two men by the name of Pierce, Yankee school teachers, in Clark county, Mississippi, have been detected in attempting to incite the negroes in that section to insurrection, in the following bold and fearless manner: One of these gentlemen had identified himself with the community in which he lived, by purchasing a saw mill, under which he had a room, so constructed as to enable him to hold his councils unperceived. It was discovered in a neighboring swamp, that they had also fitted up a rendezvous, with seats, &c., sufficient to accommodate three hundred persons, where, according to testimony of the negroes, they (the negroes) had assemblies from ten miles square.

The Elba (Fla.) Democrat, states that five or more of these pernicious scoundrels were recently expelled from that place for crimes similar to those above described.

CATS AND HENS.

Last spring a cat and a hen in our neighborhood formed an intimate acquaintance with each other, frolicking and catching crickets and grasshoppers together, as if in partnership in business. In due course of time the hen brought forward a brood of chickens, and was accompanied with three kittens. The united families can now be seen daily in a field directly under the windows of our office, engaged in the same line of business—cleaning grasshoppers together and having a "nice time of it." A day or two since one of the kittens was seen to come out with the chickens from under the wing of the hen; and occasionally they will rub their sides against her "drumsticks."—Register.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, September 29.—Three large warehouses on Bullitt street were destroyed by fire this morning. Messrs. H. D. Newcomb & Brothers occupied one, and their loss is estimated at \$100,000, on which three-fourths was insured in Eastern offices. J. S. Moorhead's warehouse, filled with merchandise in transit for the East, was also consumed. The loss is very large, and the amount of insurance not yet ascertained. W. A. Richardson & Brother, who occupied the third warehouse, had their stock greatly damaged by water. The other losses are comparatively small.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

A Buchanan meeting in Columbia, Lancaster County, was addressed on Tuesday evening last by W. H. Welsh and John Gibbons, Esqrs., of this borough. Mr. Gibbons is a young gentleman of fine abilities, and was last fall a candidate for the Legislature on the Know Nothing ticket of this county. Entertaining for him high personal regard, we cordially welcome him back to his "first love."—York (Pa.) Gazette.

A Democratic mass meeting was held at Niagara Falls on the 26th ult., which was addressed by Hon. S. E. Church, and Col. Munger, of Michigan. About 2,000 persons were present. Fireworks, bonfires, firing of cannon, and a banner presentation, formed part of the programme of the evening.

The Democratic mass meeting and barbecue at Cooperstown N. Y., on the 28th ult., exceeded in numbers any political gathering had in Otsego county for many years. Some eight or ten thousand persons were in attendance. Judge Parker and Hon. Joseph L. White were the speakers.

Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson has been compelled to relinquish his engagements upon the stump, in consequence of ill health.

An immense Democratic meeting was held at Philadelphia on Monday evening, which for enthusiasm and numbers has had no equal in the Keystone State during the present campaign.—Speeches were made by Hon. Wm. Allen, of Ohio Ex-Governor Smith, and Hon. R. G. Scott, of Virginia, Ex-Governor Bigler of California, and D. Dougherty, &c.

On the same evening there was a large Republican meeting, at which Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Governor elect of Maine, delivered a speech.

The Democrats of Cambridge, Mass., had a meeting in that place on Monday, which was addressed by Hon. Wm. Parmenter, Rev. J. C. Lovjoy, and others. On the same evening, there was an enthusiastic Democratic meeting in Boston, on the occasion of the opening of headquarters; and on Thursday last, the German Democrats of Boston met for the first time. Some hundreds were present.

Not less than 4,000 people were present at the Democratic meeting at Norwich, N. Y., on the 26th, to listen to a speech from Hon. Mr. Dickinson. Although suffering much from soreness of the throat and lungs, occasioned by abundant speaking, he addressed the crowd for nearly two hours.

The Democratic meeting at Wallingford, Ct., on Friday last, was one of the largest ever held in the State. Delegates were present from many towns and cities. One thousand persons went up from New Haven.

One hundred and seventeen members of the Methodist church in Pittsburg Pa., who were in favor of Fremont, have come out and repudiated the Black Republican party, on the ground that its leaders are aiding and abetting the violence and civil war now existing in Kansas.

L. D. Meyers and W. S. Rainey, two prominent Whig lawyers of Columbia, Tennessee, have declared for Buchanan. Also, Col. Simon Venable, an old Whig, of Franklin, in the same State.

There are 75 newspapers in Alabama, of which 41 support Buchanan, and 25 Fillmore. Three are neutral, two religious, and one agricultural.

There was a rousing Democratic meeting at Rahway, N. J., last Thursday evening week—Washington Hall was crowded to excess.

Senator Jones has taken the stump in Tennessee for Buchanan. So has Senator Benjamin in Louisiana.

ALMOST A HOMICIDE.

The National Intelligencer has the following account of an attempt at homicide in the City Hall:

"Almost a homicide was enacted last evening in the chamber of the City Hall occupied by the Board of Common Council, and during the session of the same. Mr. D. A. Watterson, a member of the Council from the Fifth Ward, had offered a petition on the subject of abating a nuisance in an alley in his ward, which Mr. John H. Peters, a member of the preceding Council, then within the bar, characterized aloud as containing falsehoods. Mr. Watterson turned upon him and seized him by the two cheeks, scratching them considerably. This brought other members around the parties and caused their separation.—But Mr. Watterson said that the two could not occupy the same room, and he would retire. In so doing he was followed by Peters, who, it is said, when outside the chamber attempted something like an apology, but immediately followed it by a blow with his fist. Thereupon Mr. Watterson drew a sword case and pursued Peters, who retreated with great rapidity into the chamber. When just within the gate at the bar, Watterson made a lunge with his case, and with such determined aim that every member of the Board represented Peter's life to have been in the most imminent danger. The blade of the weapon appears to have touched Peters on the right side and bending round his body so as to produce the illusion, happy as it fell out, that Watterson had completely run his antagonist through. Peters was not armed. Captain Mills, of the Auxiliary Guard, being in the chamber at the time, arrested the combatants, and took them before Justice Thompson, who was also casually in the building. On an investigation of the case the Justice deemed it his duty to bind both parties over to answer at the next term of Criminal Court, and also mutually to keep the peace for the next six months. The Council took the matter up, and a committee of three was appointed to examine into and report upon the matter."

THE SULTAN A DRUNKARD.

The London correspondent of the New York Tribune, writes:

"The Sultan, noble-minded, but weak, has, in his endeavors to become civilized, taken a fancy to wine-drinking, and his health is now entirely prostrate in consequence of habitual drunkenness. Should he happen to die, the succession might be contested between his uncle and his brother, both of them pretending to act as guardians to his son, who is a minor. A struggle might easily ensue, giving a handle to Russia, as well as to England and France for interfering. The condition of Europe is really not to be envied, since the continuance of peace all over the continent rests upon such slender grounds as the health and life of Napoleon in France, and the Sultan in Turkey."

WHAT THE FRENCH THINK.

La Presse, a liberal Parisian paper, which exceeds in circulation all the others in Paris, says: "If Mr. Buchanan succeeds it is well understood that he will continue the liberal views of the present Administration; but if Mr. Fillmore or Fremont are elected it will be necessary to defer to another period any hope for further tariff abatement or any other important reform; it appears the European papers generally ferret this fact when they manifest their sympathy for Buchanan's adversaries."

THROWN FROM THE TRACK BY A MOOSE.

We learn that the train of cars for Clark & McGill's Lumber Mills, were thrown from the track on Thursday evening, a short distance above Island Pond. On examination it was found that a bear or a moose had run down and struck a car, which was overturned. It was of the male species, and from the tracks it was evident he had an companion with him who turned off the track a few rods ahead of the point where this one was run down. No damage was sustained by any one, and the engine and train were slightly injured.

IMMENSE FRAUD IN FRANCE.

Letters from Paris announce that the clerk in charge of the securities of the Chemin de fer du Nord, Charles G—, and also a young man named C—, the cashier of the same administration, had disappeared from Paris, leaving a considerable deficit in the money accounts of that company. The deficiency is estimated at about three millions of francs, and it is said that the guilty parties have taken passage at Havre for the United States. The following is from the Paris correspondence of Le Nord:

"The financial week has ended as it began, that is to say unfortunately. The news of the embezzlements committed by agents of the Northern Railroad Company is confirmed. The company has sent to the newspapers to ask them not to speak of this affair, but all have not yielded to the request. The amount stolen is not exactly known, even by the company, because their accountants have speculated with a certain amount of bonds deposited by shareholders; therefore a long and minute examination will be necessary to enable them to ascertain the amount of stock with which the defaulter has disappeared. The latter have not been arrested."

The same journal publishes the following additional details:

"The daring theft committed by two young men, cashiers of the Northern Railroad Company, has caused a lively sensation amongst the whole personnel of the line, and forms the common topic of conversation. The Administrators are a little disappointed to find their vigilance baffled by their employees, who have been able to dispose of considerable sums; and M. de Rothschild is particularly displeased to find himself robbed of a sum of about two millions, by means so simple.

"A theft like this, committed under the eyes of the administration, may have very disagreeable consequences for the future interests of the company, and, in a moral point of view, of the personnel.

"There is no positive information as to the whereabouts of the guilty parties. All that is known is that they have left France."

AN INTERESTING DECISION.

There was a strange case in law decided by the Surrogate, A. W. Bardford, on Monday. Henry Eagle, by his deceased, will to his son William certain property, providing said son who had been away and not heard from for five or six years, was then living. Seven years have elapsed since William Eagle was heard of; the law considers him dead. William, before going away, bequeathed all his property to a brother. This brother now claims the bequest made to William by the father. If William was alive at the time his father made the will, of course his heir or brother has a legal claim to the property bequeathed, but not if he was dead. The law considers the absentee dead at the end of seven years; but does it hold him to be alive till the end of that time? The Surrogate decided that the law assumes him to be living until the last day of the seven years has elapsed, and that it requires positive evidence to establish his death before that time. In his decision the Surrogate reviewed the law upon the point, from Justinian down to our own courts, and developed some interesting facts on so critical and technical a point. N. Y. Herald.

NOBLE SENTIMENT.

JOHN BELL, of Tennessee, concluded a speech on Kansas affairs, in the Senate, near the close of the session, with the following just and laudable sentiment:

"I hold it to be a mad, preposterous and reckless game, in which the party that wins must eventually lose more than it gains. Settle this slavery controversy when we may, now or at any time, or in any way, the best that can be devised whatever action may have a triumph, there will remain, on the side of the vanquished a deep and rankling feeling of discontent and alienation; and a whole generation must pass away before they will cease to mar, to some extent, the general harmony. On the question whether Kansas shall be a free or a slave State, as a representative of Southern interests, my preference, of course, is for a slave State. But, sir, if in a fair competition it must be so, let it be a free State. Let it be retroceded to the Indians, the aboriginal occupants of the soil; let it become another Dead Sea, rather than continue the pestilent source of mortal disease to our system."

CALIFORNIA.

Extract from a letter to a mercantile house in Boston, dated Shasta, California, Sept. 1, 1856.—"The Presidential canvass is moving up pretty rapidly. Buchanan will carry California by a plurality of about 10,000. Fillmore will lead Fremont handsomely, but he cannot slice with 'Old Buck.' Californians cannot be soothed with Fremont; they know him a little too well. He represented us in the U. S. Senate a little while, and did not do as well for us as a vacancy would."—Boston Post.

THE SULTAN A DRUNKARD.

A terrible hurricane swept over Inagua—one of the Bahama Islands—on the 26th of August, destroying some \$25,000 worth of property and several lives.

A Chicago Broker, famous for his shrewdness, took a trip by railroad the other day, and sat down at the end of the last car, because he considered the use of the money worth something while the conductor was coming through the cars.

"Good morning!" said a gentleman to a round twinkling-eyed son Erwin, when he met riding on the road. "Your son is in good order." "Indeed you may say that, and what it makes her so," "tis none my dear friend, for she has nothing in this blessed world to sit at but straw, and that dinner was half thrashed!"

STABBING AFFRAY AT BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—An affray occurred in a boarding house in South street to-day, growing out of a quarrel about an umbrella, between two young men named David Keavis and Edward Spencer. Keavis was stabbed to the heart, dying five minutes afterwards.

A kiss on the forehead denotes respect; on the cheek, friendship; on the eye lids, tenderness, and on the lips, love.

Time is like a river, in which metals are solid substances are sunk, while chaff and straws swim upon the surface.

"What does your husband deal in, marm?" "He deals in cards chiefly." "Well, the devil will be apt to get him when the last trump is played."

CHOLERA.—A 25 cent bottle of Perry Davis' Pain Killer will seldom fail to cure cholera, if resorted to in season. No one should be without it during cholera time. It will cure pains of all kinds.

MARRIED.

In Sampson county, on the 30th of September, LOUIS WHELFIELD, Esq., of Wayne county, to Miss M. LUCAS FAISON, daughter of Thomas I. Faison, Esq., of Sampson county.

GREAT DROUGHT.

An unprecedented drought is said to prevail in Champagne county, N. Y. The streams are lower than they have been before within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. Springs and wells that have never before failed are now dry. The grass in the pastures and meadows is killed, and being as dry as tinder, burns with the greatest rapidity. In consequence destructive fires are raging in the forests, destroying much timber and other property. The loss is estimated at \$20,000.

FIRES AND RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

The total loss by fires in the United States during the last month, so far as information has been received, is \$1,336,000. Making the total for the year thus far \$15,890,000. The number of large fires in September was twenty-seven. During the month there were six accidents to railway trains, four of which were occasioned by collision and two by the breaking of axles. Twenty-one persons were killed and twenty-seven wounded.

THE FRENCH LANGUAGE.

The French Academy alone has the power of changing and amending the French language.—Ten years ago this body was charged by government to commence a complete and thorough revision of the dictionary. The labor was commenced, and has progressed to the middle of the letter B! A spirited discussion has been going on for some weeks on the word "Boulevard," which they have at length decided shall no longer be spelt with a final D. The prevailed. Mr. Eugene Scribe contended that the word should be spelt without a d, thus—Boulevard.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

The Edinburgh Witness gives us this astounding intelligence: "Among those assembled on Thursday morning at the King's Cross Terminus, to witness the departure of the royal family for Scotland, was Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe. On the arrival of the royal party, Mrs. Stowe took the opportunity of presenting, through Colonel Grey, her new work, in two volumes, just hot from the press. On learning that the fair authors was present, both her majesty and Prince Albert came forward and gave her a gracious and friendly recognition, accepting the book with apparent pleasure."

A GREAT HAUL.

One hundred persons of all ages and professions, were arrested by the Boston police, on Monday evening while engaged in "shaking prigs" at a notorious gambling house in the city. The number of officers engaged in making the arrest was twelve.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1.—This morning the wholesale manufactory of Geo. W. Walton & Co., in Lodge alley, between Seventh and Eighth streets was destroyed by fire, and the paper warehouse of Mr. McChes, adjoining, much damaged. The loss is heavy.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Attorney General C. H. Smith's opinion has been taken as to whether the alleged French defaulter, recently arrested in N. York can be reclaimed under the extradition treaty with France.

THE POTATO ROT.

The Kindred-Rough Notes states that the potato rot has again made its appearance in that section of Columbia county, and that immense losses will be sustained by the farmers. It says the disease made its appearance during the recent hot weather, and so rapid has been its progress that whole fields have already been nearly destroyed, and will not pay for digging.

SUGAR CANE.

We were yesterday shown a sample of green cane, raised in this city by Jas. Gutman, 10 Green street. The stalks were from ten to eleven feet high, and prove that the cane can be raised north as well as south, and with no more labor than it requires to raise broom cane. This sample was raised from seed, brought to Washington by the Japan Expedition, and sent to this city by Hon. E. Clark Jr.—Hartford Courant.

THE FEVER AT BROOKLYN.

New York, Oct. 1.—There are ten new cases of yellow fever reported at Brooklyn—one case fatal.

A terrible hurricane swept over Inagua—one of the Bahama Islands—on the 26th of August, destroying some \$25,000 worth of property and several lives.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, OCTOBER 4.

ARRIVED.

2 Schrs. Ann Maria, Brown, from Lockwood's Point, to Willard & Curtis.