

The Tri-Weekly Commercial

VOLUME XII--NUMBER 35.

WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 6, 1857.

WHOLE NUMBER 1433

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMERCIAL
Is published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at \$5 per annum, payable in advance.
BY THOS. LORING—Editor and Proprietor,
Corner Front and Market Streets,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
1 sq. insertion 50 cts. 1 sq. 2 months, \$4.00
1 sq. 3 months, 75 cts. 1 sq. 6 months, 1.00
1 sq. 1 year, 1.50
10 lines or less make a square. If an advertisement exceeds ten lines, the price will be in proportion.
All advertisements are payable at the time of their insertion.

Contracts with yearly advertisers, will be made on the most liberal terms.
No transfer of contracts for yearly advertising will be permitted. Should circumstances render a change in business, or an unexpected removal necessary, a charge according to the published terms will be at the option of the contractor, for the time he has retained.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is strictly limited to their immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all advertisements not immediately connected with their own business, and all excess of advertisements in length or otherwise beyond the limitations, will be charged at the usual rates.
No advertisements are included in the contract for the sale or rent of houses or lands in town or country, or for the sale or hire of negroes, whether the property is owned by the advertiser or by other persons. These are excluded by the term "immediate business."
All advertisements inserted in the Tri-weekly Commercial, are entitled to one insertion in the Weekly Free of charge.

JOB, CARD AND FANCY PRINTING,
EXECUTED IN SUPERIOR STYLE.

AGENTS FOR THE COMMERCIAL.
NEW YORK—Messrs. DOLLNER & POTTER.
BALTIMORE—Messrs. DOLLNER & POTTER.
PHILADELPHIA—Messrs. DOLLNER & POTTER.
HARRISBURG—Messrs. DOLLNER & POTTER.

MISCELLANY.

SWINDLING OPERATION AT RICHMOND.
A few days since, says the *Wig* of Saturday, (30th ult.), a young man of rather prepossessing aspect, called at the clothing store of Messrs. Groshong & Tupman, Main street, and introduced himself as a cousin of Mr. Payne, of the firm of Littell, Payne & Karhart, New York, representing, further, that he had come hither for the purpose of establishing a branch of their business, and was then looking out for a store.—Messrs. G. & T., entertaining no suspicion of the falsity of this statement, and having a business knowledge of the New York house, extended their courteous attentions to the insinuating stranger. Presuming upon the affability of Mr. Tupman, the young swindler, as he turned out to be, visited that gentleman on Thursday last, and stated that he had lost his pocket-book, containing several hundred dollars, and being in want of funds, had drawn on Messrs. L. P. & K., of New York, for \$150—the draft for which he had presented to Messrs. R. H. Maury & Co., and they had consented to cash the same, if Mr. Tupman would assure them of the identity of the drawer.—Mr. T. unguardedly yielded to the fellow called himself, and accompanied him to the exchange office of Messrs. Maury & Co., who fulfilled their promise by advancing the net amount of the draft. With unparalleled effrontery, Payne then induced Mr. Tupman to accompany him to the office of the Northern telegraph line, where he despatched a message to Messrs. L. P. & K., New York, requesting them to send him \$1,000. In the afternoon, about 4 o'clock, an answer was received by the operator to the effect that "Henry Payne" was unknown to the firm, and was no doubt a swindler. This intelligence was communicated to Messrs. G. & T., who then, too late, perceived that they had been victimized. The officers were made acquainted with the facts and endeavored to accomplish the arrest of the swindler, but "the bird had flown."—He had left in the 4 o'clock special train for Millford, and remained at that point until the night train arrived. He then took passage for Acquia Creek, and continued his flight northward.

Payne passes for a Frenchman, but has the appearance of a Jew. His complexion is dark, and his height about five feet and a half. He sported a small black moustache, and wore black clothing and patent leather pumps.

FEAST OF THE PENTECOST.
BALTIMORE, June 1st.—The Jewish feast of Weeks, or Pentecost, commenced on Friday afternoon week, and closed on Saturday afternoon. By the Levitical law this feast is a "holy convocation," and a statute forever in all Jewish dwelling and throughout their generations. According to the law this feast is observed by meat offerings and drink offerings, "even an offering made by fire of sweet savor unto the Lord."—The Israelites were commanded to bring out of their habitations "two wave loaves of two-tenth deals," which must be of fine flour, baked with leaven, as first fruits unto the Lord. With the bread they must offer seven lambs without blemish, of the first year, one young bullock and ten rams—all of which go up as a meat offering and a meat offering unto the Lord. One kid of the goats must be sacrificed as a sin offering, and two lambs also as a peace offering. No servile labor shall be done during the continuance of the Pentecost. All these things, however, are not done at the present day, though the occasion is observed as a holiday, and peculiar religious services are held in the synagogues.—Sun.

HOW HARRY GOT HIS WIFE.
It was fifteen years ago this winter that I attended a dancing-school in Detroit with a young lady then residing in the city. I had made up my mind some years before that I would never get married, but it was such pleasant business I couldn't find it in my heart to "let the girls alone" altogether, so I paid her tuition fee, and attended the class in her company every night.—About the middle of the term, several of the young people, ourselves included, were talking in the ball-room on the subject of matrimony, and I, of course, became interested, as well as the others. On going home that evening I told my companion that I had determined to get married in the spring, and asked her advice in regard to the selection of a wife. She made no reply for a moment, and I told her if she didn't know anybody better fitted for me, I would like to have her think the matter over, and tell me what she thought of marrying me herself. I was joking all this time; you must understand, and had no more thought of marrying her than I have now of marrying Queen Vic.—She promised to think of it, however, and I returned to my boarding-house, and gave the subject no further thought until some weeks later—and as luck would have it, on the last evening the subject was again brought up in conversation, just as we were preparing to return to our homes for the night. After leaving the hall we talked and chatted of different matters, and on different subjects till we reached her residence. It was late, and I did not enter the house, though she strongly urged me to do so. I had bid her good night, and was returning away, when I happened to recollect the promise she had made me, and I said:
"Helen, you promised to let me know to night, whether you would marry me this spring. Have you made up your mind?"
"Yes," said she, "I have been thinking about it, but I guess I am a little too young. If it wasn't for that, I would have no objection."
"Well, good night, then," said I. "I didn't expect you would do it—but I'm bound to marry some one, and this spring, too."
Before leaving her, I engaged to call again the following evening. That night I slept soundly, and the next morning had forgotten all about my night's adventures. During the day I received an invitation to attend a ball to be held that evening, a few miles out of the city, and I made my arrangements accordingly. Towards dusk I remembered my agreement to see Helen, and I thought I would run over for a moment, and afterwards have time to attend the ball.
Arrived at the house, I met the lady on the doorway, and thought for an instant that she was "rigged up" in an extra style, which I was at a loss to account for, though I believe I concluded that she had come, and was therefore in hopes that I should not be detained long. Helen welcomed me into the parlor with a sweet smile, and took her place beside me on the sofa. I was expecting every moment to see some stranger enter the room and I had not yet become satisfied that we were alone, when she said:
"Helen, I've made up my mind to have you!"
Had a thunder-clap struck me, I could not have been more surprised, and after an instant of hesitation I stammered out—
"What did you say?"
"I have concluded to marry you!"
"Oh, you have! Well, I suppose it's all right—when shall the event take place?"
"I thought, if it would suit you, that you might drive round next Sunday and we will go to mother's at Dearborn, and be married there."
"Well, said I, "I'll see if I can," and as soon as possible took my leave.
I didn't go to the ball that night—I forgot all about it, and I went over the store till morning, thinking of what a scrape I had got myself into. I even forgot to keep the fire going, and almost froze in my seat.—When daylight began to peep in at the windows, I had made up my mind what I would do. I would go over and tell Helen that we must be married immediately, or not at all; if she agreed to that, I saw no other way but to submit to my fate.
When I entered the gate leading up to her house I heard her singing a lively song, and my conscience almost smote me for deceiving the poor girl as I had; but I summoned up courage to ring the bell, and pulling up my collar and throwing my head back, I anxiously awaited an answer to my summons. She soon came to the door, and I was again shown into the parlor, and she took her place beside me on the sofa, as before.
"Helen," I commenced.
"Well, what?"
"—I—don't want to be married to-day, or I—I don't think I shall be able to be married at all."
It stuck in my throat as I said it, for I knew I was telling a whopper; but imagine my surprise when she replied:
"Well, just as you please, Henry. You may drive your carriage around about twelve o'clock, and I will be ready."
I gave up. Precisely at twelve I drew up before her door with my carriage, and before night we were married.
Reader, that wife has been worth more than \$100,000 to me.

REMOVAL.
I HAVE REMOVED MY RESIDENCE AND OFFICE TO FRONT STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE DICKINSON'S, TO THE HOUSE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY MR. A. A. WHEEL, WHERE I CAN BE FOUND WHEN NOT PROFESSIONALLY ENGAGED.
WM. F. FREEMAN, W. D.
Feb. 25.

ALL THE GOLD IN THE WORLD.
Estimate the yard of gold £2,000,000, which it is in round numbers, and all the gold in this world might, if melted into

ingots, be contained in a cellar twenty four feet square and sixteen feet high. All the boasted wealth already obtained from California and Australia would go into an iron safe nine feet high—so small is the cube of yellow metal that has set population on the march and roused the whole world to wonder.

HORRIBLE MURDER.
The Appeal of Memphis contains the following statement respecting the murder perpetrated near Tyro Marshall county, Miss., on the 23rd ult.:

"The murdered man, Mr. Blaker, who resided near Oxford, Lafayette county, was returning from Memphis in a wagon, with his son, a deaf and dumb boy. When the boy was found, a horrible sight was presented, the back part of Mr. B's head being broken in, and two ghastly wounds in the neck appearing. The oxen were standing still in the road, and the corpse lay near by the son, who is quite a small boy, was sitting in the wagon crying. Suspicion immediately rested upon two negroes, one the property of Mr. A. M. Lea, and the other owned by Mr. Frank Locke, and they were forthwith arrested and taken to Tyro, where the greatest excitement prevailed. An examination was commenced before a magistrate, and the trial lasted the entire of Saturday, Sunday and Monday, and resulted in the acquittal of the accused. All that could be got from Mr. B's son was that two persons were engaged in the murder, he designating that with his fingers. It seems that the night previous Mr. B. had made a purchase, and in doing so, displayed considerable money, which, it is thought, prompted the murder. Mr. Lea's black boy was present when the money was shown, and on that account, and his absence from home at time of the murder, suspicion rested upon him. About \$40 is known to have been stolen; \$137, which was hidden under a barrel in the wagon, was found. The murder is supposed to have been committed by a ring taken from the yoke of one of the oxen. The greatest excitement prevails in the neighborhood, and on Saturday it was feared the mob would lynch the negroes. Mr. Blaker was a poor, honest, hard-working man, and leaves a family to mourn his awful death."

A SURE THING FROM THE START.
A case was tried at Grand Rapids, Michigan, a few years ago. A man who had previously borne a suspicious character was indicted for stealing a large quantity of pork.
He employed a lawyer of considerable local reputation to defend him, and although the affair had an ugly look, he was strongly in hopes of getting off clear; but when the testimony on behalf of the prosecution was concluded, his counsel was about to give up the case in despair.
But the prisoner was as cool as a cucumber, and confident of acquittal. He insisted upon the defence being proceeded with.
"Have you any evidence to refute this overwhelming array of testimony?"
"Not a particle."
"Then how the devil do you expect to get clear?"
"Never you mind, Squire; go off with your speech. I shall do well enough."
"I tell you this is nonsense. You acknowledge you stole the pork, and they have proved it upon you to the entire satisfaction of every man in Court.—Now what can I say?"
"Make 'em a good speech, Squire, and I'm sure to get off."
"Impossible—there's nothing that can be said."
"I hired you, and I intend to pay you; but not a cent shall you have unless you give the Jury a talking."
Under this inspiration, the lawyer made a rambling, incoherent address to the Jury, in which everything was discussed except the case under consideration. On concluding, he whispered in the prisoner's ear, "You infernal scoundrel, I ought to be sent to the State Prison myself, and what you expect to gain by this strange proceeding I can't conceive."
"I'll tell you," said the prisoner, "when the Jury comes in."
After the charge from the Judge, in which his criminality was distinctly asserted and maintained, that intelligent part of the "palladium of our rights" retired for consultation, and in a short time came back with a verdict of "not guilty."
"What in thunder does this mean?" inquired the lawyer of his client.
"Oh, I wanted you to make a small fuss to pull the wool over the outsiders, but 'twas a sure thing from the start for three of the jurymen had some of the pork!"

VERY BAD.
"What may be the cause," said an Irish curate to his parish clerk, "that keeps Roy O'Keegan from confession an' from the church service, Peter Murphy?"
"A sad matter it is yer reverence—it's himself that's got into a very bad way an' how!"
"Och, Peter Murphy," said the curate, "is it deim?"
"Worse ye may depend," replied the worthy clerk.
"Sowle o' me, I trust it's not. Atheism, or the like o' that Peter," exclaimed the curate.
"Worse!"
"An' what, in the name o' natur can it be?" cried the astonished minister.
"By the powers," said Peter, "an' it's the rheumatism, yer reverence."

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GEORGE MYERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER.
Keeps constantly on hand, Wines, Teas, Liquors, Provision, Wood and Without Ware, Fresh, Confectionery, &c. South Front Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Nov. 18, 1855. 109.

CHAS. D. MYERS,
HAT AND CAP EMPORIUM.
34 Market St.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
PANAMA, BROWN, AND PALM LEAF HATS, WOOL FUR, HIDE, AND MOLESKIN HATS.
Cloth, Feather, Silk, Glazed Caps, by the case or dozen. At New York Wholesale Prices.
March 12, 1857. 153.

ADAMS, BROTHER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
July 28. 58

STOKLEY & OLDHAM,
GROCERS,
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Liberal Cash advances made on Flour, Cotton, and Naval Stores consigned to them. 65 ly.
Aug. 14.

W. G. MILLIGAN,
MARBLE MANUFACTURER,
North Water Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, and all kinds of Marble Work furnished to order on reasonable terms. 36-ly-c.

JAS. C. SMITH & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 2, SOUTH WATER STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
April 26. 18-ly

GEORGE R. FRENCH,
MANUFACTURER AND
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER
IN
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, AND
SHOE FINDINGS.
NO. 11 MARKET STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 6.

HENRY NUTT,
FACTORY AND FORWARDING AGENT,
Will give his personal attention to business entrusted to him.
Sept. 8, 1856. 75-ly-c.

GEO. W. DAVIS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
SOUTH WATER STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Jan. 22. 132.

DOLLNER, POTTER & CO.,
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NEW YORK.
April 30, 1855. 20-ly.

HENRY BURKHIMER,
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TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGAR
STORE.
"SIGN OF THE INDIAN CHIEF"
MARKET STREET, 100 ft. above Water
Wilmington, N. C.
N. B. All Orders filled with despatch.
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ANDREW S. KEMP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Bladen, Robeson, Columbus and Sampson.
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L. N. BARLOW,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCER,
LIQUORS, WINES, ALE, PORTER, &c.
No. 3, GRANTING ROW, FRONT STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C. 140-ly.
Feb. 17th, 1856

WILMINGTON & WEL. R. R. CO.
OFFICE OF THE MANAGERS & SUPERINTENDENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C. March 1, 1857.
THE PASSENGER TRAINS WILL, UNTIL further notice, run over this road as follows:
GOING NORTH, DAILY.
DAY EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Wilmington at 8 A. M. arrives at Goldsboro at 9:45. Leaves 5 minutes—and arrives at Weldon at 11:30 P. M.
NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Wilmington at 4:30 P. M. arrives at Goldsboro at 8:50. Leaves 20 minutes—and arrives at Weldon at 11:00 A. M.
GOING SOUTH, DAILY.
DAY EXPRESS leaves Weldon at 12 M. arrives at Goldsboro at 3:30 P. M.—leaves 5 minutes; arrives at Wilmington at 7:30 P. M. to supper.
NIGHT EXPRESS leaves Weldon at 9 P. M. arrives at Goldsboro at 1:10 A. M.—leaves in 10 minutes; arrives at Wilmington at 5:40 A. M.
The Night Express Train, connects with the North Carolina Railroad, both ways, at Goldsboro.
Through tickets North sold in Wilmington to Baltimore \$12; to Philadelphia \$14; to New York \$15.50; to Washington, D. C. \$11.
Tickets will not be sold to a negro in person.
Passengers are notified that an extra charge of twenty-five cents will be required of those who do not purchase tickets at stations.
Luggage, with tickets, about 3 cents per mile; if paid in the car.
FRICTION TRAINS.—Two through schedule trains between Wilmington and Weldon, each week; leaving alternately on Mondays and Thursdays and arriving on Tuesdays and Fridays. Freight trains per week to Goldsboro; leaving Wilmington on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays and Goldsboro on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, making with the "through" trains a daily freight train both ways between Wilmington and Goldsboro, one irregular train for way freight.
All dues on freight, up or down, payable at General Freight Office in Wilmington, on receipt or delivery, exclusive of that on the North Carolina Railroad, which may be pre-paid or not at the option of the consignee.
S. I. PREWITT,
April 21. Chief Eng. & Superintendent.

CORN AND FLOUR.
BUSHNETS prime white Corn now landing in front of our office; also 200 Bbls. of fresh ground Family & Superior Flour STOKLEY & OLDHAM.
HERRING.
75 BBLs. prime Nova Scotia Herring, received per Sch. John Tyler. For sale by ADAMS, BRO. & CO.
April 1st.

FOREIGN GOLD AND SILVER COIN.
THEIR VALUE AT THE MINT.
GOLD COINS.
Austria—Quadruple ducat \$9 12 0
Ducat 2 27 5
Sovereign (for Lombardy) 8 55 0
Baden—Five Gulden 2 40 0
Belgium—Twenty francs 2 37 0
Belgium—Five franc piece 4 72 0
Brazil—Doubleloon 15 58 0
Brazil—Piece of 6400 reis 8 72 0
Britain—Sovereign 4 84 5
Brunswick—Ten Thaler 7 89 0
Central American 14 26 0
Ecuador 67 0
Gold Dollar 1 83 5
Chili—Doubleloon (before 1835) 15 57 0
Doubleloon (1835 and since) 15 60 0
Denmark—Double Fred. or 10 Thaler 7 83 0
Ecuador—Half doubleloon 7 80 0
Denmark—Ten Thaler 7 83 0
France—Twenty francs 3 85 0
Greece—Twenty drachmas 3 45 0
Havover—Ten Thaler, George IV. 7 84 0
Ten Thaler, William IV. and Ernest 7 89 0
Hindustan—Mohur, East India Co. 7 10 0
Mechlenburg—Ten Thaler 7 83 0
Mexico—Doubleloon, average 15 53 0
Netherlands—Ducat 2 20 5
Ten guilders 4 00 7
New Granada—Doubleloon, 21 carat standard 15 51 0
Doubleloon, 21 carat standard, including the silver 15 71 0
Doubleloon, 9 10ths standard 15 31 0
Doubleloon, 9 10ths standard, including the silver 15 38 0
Persia—Toman 2 23 0
Peru—Doubleloon, Lima, to 1833 15 55 0
Doubleloon, Puzco, to 1833 15 62 0
Doubleloon, to 1837 15 53 0
Portugal—Half joe (full weight) 8 65 0
Crown 5 81 0
Prussia—Double Frederick 8 00 0
Rome—Ten scudi 10 37 0
Russia—Five roubles 3 96 7
Sardinia—Twenty lire 3 84 5
Saxony—Ten thalers 3 94 0
Ducat 1 26 0
Spain—Pistole (gr. doubleloon) 3 90 0
Turkey—Hundred piastres 4 37 4
Tusany—Sequin 2 30 0
United States—Eagle (before June 1834) 10 62 0
Five dollar piece of C. Bechtler 4 85 0
Eagle of the same, average 96 0
Five dollar p/c of A. Bechtler \$4 92 a 98 0
Dollar of the same 98 0
Oregon Exchange Co.—Five dollars 4 82 0
N. G. & N. San Francisco—Five dollars 4 85 0
Mineral Bank, San Francisco—Ten dollars 9 06 a 92 0
Moffatt & Co. " 9 78 a 98 0
Sixteen dollar ingots, about 15 75 0

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FOREIGN GOLD AND SILVER COIN.
THEIR VALUE AT THE MINT.
GOLD COINS.
Austria—Quadruple ducat \$9 12 0
Ducat 2 27 5
Sovereign (for Lombardy) 8 55 0
Baden—Five Gulden 2 40 0
Belgium—Twenty francs 2 37 0
Belgium—Five franc piece 4 72 0
Brazil—Doubleloon 15 58 0
Brazil—Piece of 6400 reis 8 72 0
Britain—Sovereign 4 84 5
Brunswick—Ten Thaler 7 89 0
Central American 14 26 0
Ecuador 67 0
Gold Dollar 1 83 5
Chili—Doubleloon (before 1835) 15 57 0
Doubleloon (1835 and since) 15 60 0
Denmark—Double Fred. or 10 Thaler 7 83 0
Ecuador—Half doubleloon 7 80 0
Denmark—Ten Thaler 7 83 0
France—Twenty francs 3 85 0
Greece—Twenty drachmas 3 45 0
Havover—Ten Thaler, George IV. 7 84 0
Ten Thaler, William IV. and Ernest 7 89 0
Hindustan—Mohur, East India Co. 7 10 0
Mechlenburg—Ten Thaler 7 83 0
Mexico—Doubleloon, average 15 53 0
Netherlands—Ducat 2 20 5
Ten guilders 4 00 7
New Granada—Doubleloon, 21 carat standard 15 51 0
Doubleloon, 21 carat standard, including the silver 15 71 0
Doubleloon, 9 10ths standard 15 31 0
Doubleloon, 9 10ths standard, including the silver 15 38 0
Persia—Toman 2 23 0
Peru—Doubleloon, Lima, to 1833 15 55 0
Doubleloon, Puzco, to 1833 15 62 0
Doubleloon, to 1837 15 53 0
Portugal—Half joe (full weight) 8 65 0
Crown 5 81 0
Prussia—Double Frederick 8 00 0
Rome—Ten scudi 10 37 0
Russia—Five roubles 3 96 7
Sardinia—Twenty lire 3 84 5
Saxony—Ten thalers 3 94 0
Ducat 1 26 0
Spain—Pistole (gr. doubleloon) 3 90 0
Turkey—Hundred piastres 4 37 4
Tusany—Sequin 2 30 0
United States—Eagle (before June 1834) 10 62 0
Five dollar piece of C. Bechtler 4 85 0
Eagle of the same, average 96 0
Five dollar p/c of A. Bechtler \$4 92 a 98 0
Dollar of the same 98 0
Oregon Exchange Co.—Five dollars 4 82 0
N. G. & N. San Francisco—Five dollars 4 85 0
Mineral Bank, San Francisco—Ten dollars 9 06 a 92 0
Moffatt & Co. " 9 78 a 98 0
Sixteen dollar ingots, about 15 75 0

CHAS. D. MYERS,
HAT AND CAP EMPORIUM.
34 Market St.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
PANAMA, BROWN, AND PALM LEAF HATS, WOOL FUR, HIDE, AND MOLESKIN HATS.
Cloth, Feather, Silk, Glazed Caps, by the case or dozen. At New York Wholesale Prices.
March 12, 1857. 153.

ADAMS, BROTHER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
July 28. 58

STOKLEY & OLDHAM,
GROCERS,
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Liberal Cash advances made on Flour, Cotton, and Naval Stores consigned to them. 65 ly.
Aug. 14.

W. G. MILLIGAN,
MARBLE MANUFACTURER,
North Water Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, and all kinds of Marble Work furnished to order on reasonable terms. 36-ly-c.

JAS. C. SMITH & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 2, SOUTH WATER STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
April 26. 18-ly

GEORGE R. FRENCH,
MANUFACTURER AND
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER
IN
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, AND
SHOE FINDINGS.
NO. 11 MARKET STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 6.

HENRY NUTT,
FACTORY AND FORWARDING AGENT,
Will give his personal attention to business entrusted to him.
Sept. 8, 1856. 75-ly-c.

GEO. W. DAVIS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
SOUTH WATER STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Jan. 22. 132.

DOLLNER, POTTER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NEW YORK.
April 30, 1855. 20-ly.

HENRY BURKHIMER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGAR
STORE.
"SIGN OF THE INDIAN CHIEF"
MARKET STREET, 100 ft. above Water
Wilmington, N. C.
N. B. All Orders filled with despatch.
Oct. 28th, 1855. 93-ly-w-c.

ANDREW S. KEMP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ELIZABETHTOWN, N. C.
Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Bladen, Robeson, Columbus and Sampson.
June 12. 38 ly