The Commercial.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1857

T. LORING, Editor and Proprietor.

FIRST AND FOURTH PAGES.

On our first and fourth pages will be found much interesting matter, and among it "The Miser's Gift," a very pretty story; and a good letter from our New York Correspondent.

COUNTY COURT.

The Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for New Hanover County, commenced its June session yesterday—James T. Miller, Esq. presiding.

DENTISTRY.

It will be seen by advertisement in another column, that Dr. Kea has returned to this place and will resume his practice in dental surgery. In his former intercourse with our citizens, he secured many friends who have a high regard for his personal worth and respect for his talents in his profession. He has secured a worthy auxiliar in Dr. Perkins, and we doubt not, these gentlemen will receive an extensive and well merited patronage.

THE NEWS FROM UTAH.

The news in another column, from Utah is very important. Large numbers of Emigrants are leaving the southwestern part of Missouri for California. There is great excitement at Salt Lake, and Brigham Young and the Mormons are driving out the "Gentiles," and defying the United States authorities. The U. S. Judge, Marshal, Postmaster, and Surveyor General have left the Territory. Utah affairs are getting ripe.—The Mormons presume on the delay on the part of the U. S. Government, and Young appears to think he is the "Great Mogul" sure enough.—He has got to get off of those stilts.

TROOPS FOR UTAH.

It was reported that 2,500 troops were to march for Utah, some time ago. This was subsequently contradicted. Ion, the reliable correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, under date of the 6th inst. says: "The military arrangements to support the U. S. authorities in Utah are completed. Twenty-five hundred men are already moving towards the territory. They will be followed by three or four hundred more."

Democratic Republican Ticket for Congress.

Election first Thursday in August next.

FIRST DISTRICT:

Composed of the Counties of Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Gates, Chowan, Hertford, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, Tyrrell—HON. HENRY M. SHAW, of Currituck.

SECOND DISTRICT:

Composed of the Counties of Hyde, Beaufort, Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Greene, Edgecombe, Onslow, Carteret—HON. THOMAS RUFFIN, of Wayne.

THIRD DISTRICT:

Composed of the Counties of New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Robeson, Richmond, Duplin—HON. WARREN WINSLOW, of Cumberland.

FOURTH DISTRICT:

Composed of the Counties of Orange, Granville, Franklin, Warren, Nash, Johnson—HON. L. O'B. BRANCH, of Wake.

SIXTH DISTRICT:

Composed of the Counties of Stokes, Forsyth, Davidson, Davie, Yadkin, Surry, Iredell, Alexander, Ashe—ALFRED M. SCALES, Jr., Esq., of Rockingham.

SEVENTH DISTRICT:

Composed of the Counties of Catawba, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Union, Anson, Stanly, Cleaveland—HON. BURTON CRAIGE, of Rowan.

EIGHTH DISTRICT:

Composed of the Counties of Wilkes, Watauga, Caldwell, Burke, Rutherford, McDowell, Henderson, Yancy, Haywood, Macon, Cherokee, Jackson, Madison—HON. THOMAS L. CLINGMAN, of Buncombe.

In the Fifth District, omitted in the above list, we believe there is no Democratic candidate. This District is composed of the Counties of Person, Caswell, Alamance, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Moore, and Montgomery.

In 1855 Kerr, dem., received 3,447 votes, and Reade, Amer., 6,752, giving the latter a majority of 3,305 out of 10,199 votes.

AFFAIRS WITH CHINA.

The correspondence between three American firms at Canton and Commodore Armstrong and Wm. Parker, the U. S. Minister, is published in the New York Evening Post: "The former asked the commodore to protect local steamers bearing the American flag, alluding to the recent capture of two British steamers. The commodore replied that the force at his disposal would not permit him. The firms forwarded the correspondence to Mr. Parker, with a protest against the commodore's action, with a request that the matter be communicated to the government at Washington, to which he acceded."

THE GUANO ISLANDS.

A correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, writing from Washington, says: "The Attorney General has given an official opinion relative to the proprietary interest of the United States in the newly discovered guano islands. Congress, he says, may terminate the possession of the discoverer when it pleases. Under the existing laws the discoverer is the nation's tenant at will, and that will to be expressed by Congress whenever the nation may desire to put an end to the estate granted. And the law fobids the President, before certain conditions are complied with, to declare any island as appertaining to the United States—as aforehand act, according to his conviction of public duty."

QUITE A FLURRY.

The Editor of the Washington (Penn.) *Tribune* has the following announcement, indicative of quite a flurry in the moral world:

"We feel it to be a great undertaking,—one that requires more than ordinary nerve—but there is a towering villainy in our midst that must and shall be overthrown; though, like Sampson, we perish ourself in its ruins." But listen:

"Conspiracies, dark, damnable and bloody, will be our theme; and scoundrels, cool, calculating, and cunning will be our game and the sport of our pencil."

He then gives notice that he will "open three Seals," the first of which "will develop an infamous betrayal of confidence, a prostitution of an honorable profession, the acts and fruits of an unrestrained adultery, a series of crimes too revolting to be told, a conspiracy to take life, and the commission of a species of murder itself."

The above is only the preface to the forth coming work. What may we not expect in the work itself?

ANOTHER ELOPEMENT.

A young man by the name of Kinney, of Saratoga county, visited Ulster county, New York, a few days since. While there Mr. Kinney fell desperately in love with the wife of Mr. Andrews. Mrs. Andrews reciprocated. Her husband being absent in New York on Friday last, Mr. Kinney and Mrs. A. started for the West. The husband has since heard the news and gone in pursuit.

THE FLORIDA RAILROAD.

The Jacksonville *Republican* says: "We regret to learn that Gen. MacRae, the backbone of the Fernandina enterprise, has withdrawn and removed his hands back to North Carolina, to engage in the construction of a road there."

WASHINGTON RIOT—PUBLIC MEETING.

On the night of the first of June a large meeting was held in front of the City Hall, in Washington City, in regard to the riot The report says:

The speakers were Gen. McCalla, Dr. Clayton, Councilman Lloyd, all of the American party, who spoke of the killing of persons by the marines on the day of election as a cruel, cowardly and bloody massacre of the innocent; and of the conduct of the executive authorities as a trampling under foot of the sacred rights of citizens and of law and order.

Our readers, who are acquainted with the facts, cannot fail to be amazed at the audacity with which "the Speakers" accuse those who were in the exercise of their duty in the preservation of law and order, and in suppressing an outbreak that would have resulted in a wide massacre had it not been checked by the lawful authorities.—These unscrupulous men, in the hope of gain to their party, incite their fellow citizens to a repetition of their crimes, by endeavoring to throw odium upon the marines and the President, by the use of the most transparent falsehoods—by lies, known to be such, by the whole com[illegible] These are the sort of chaps we [illegible] week, who invoke the wildness of the storm, but will themselves take care to slink into some covert for safety.

The report continues:

Mr. Lloyd's advice to be prepared for the next attack elicited spontaneous cheers of approbation. At the same time he invoked them to preserve the peace. A committee of two from each ward was appointed to prepare suitable resolutions and call an adjourned meeting after the inquests of all the victims had been concluded.

The incitement to assume a warlike position and be prepared for the next *attack*, has a comfortable *placebo* by an invocation to "preserve the peace." The hypocrisy of this last injunction must be observable by the most obtuse perception. The words "next attack," should read "another assault" upon peaceable and unoffending adopted citizens, while in the discharge of a right and a duty pertaining to the elective franchise; and to carry out more fully the feelings of political hatred, engendered by a war of races, and to consummate the same in violence and blood. This is the true wording of the villainous sentiment expressed by this fellow Lloyd.

Our readers know that it is our practice to speak respectfully of political opponents; but we cannot do so, in justice to truth and honesty when we have to deal with the unblushing ruffianism avowed by the persons named above.

The report continues:

Inquests have been held to-day in two cases. Three witnesses swore that the order given to the marines to fire was by Mayor Magruder after the swivel was taken from the rioters. Preliminary measures have been taken to bring the matter to a judicial investigation.

The mayor's conduct was severely condemned by the meeting to night, which finally separated with mingled cheers and groans.

The community is still in a feverish condition on the subject of the riots.

If the Mayor ordered the troops to fire he did well. The marines were *obliged* to be in the position they occupied. Was it expected of those in command that they should inhumanly require these brave and innocent men, while in the discharge of their duty, to stand still and permit a murderous gang to assail them with deadly weapons? Would there be any sense or reason or justice in this? If there was any blame on the part of those engaged in protecting the lives of their fellow citizens, if was their tardiness in the performance of their duty—their misplaced humanity in supposing that it was proper to temporize with wretches who had thrown themselves outside the pale of civil jurisdiction, and had commenced assault and murder upon the peaceable citizens who had a right to expect protection from the Executors of the laws that they were disposed to obey.

These people will find they are playing a losing game who expect to make political capital out of the late atrocities. The whole country, save those who are bound to speak the language of wicked political masters, will applaud the officers who conducted the affair so humanely—and give honor to our illustrious President, because he promptly discharged his *duty*, by responding to the call of the Mayor of the City of Washington.

FOR THE COMMERCIAL.

CAPE FEAR TOTAL ABSTINENCE ASSOCIATION.

At a regular meeting on Monday evening 1st June, 1857, held at Orange Street Church, W. C Howard, President, in the Chair.

The meeting organized for business. Prayer by the Rev. J. L. Pritchett. The annual report of the Secretary and Treasurer was read and adopted, showing 197 names as signers to the pledge, 50 of whom are seamen, not one of whom has been known to violate the Pledge, but have stood unmoved in the midst of temptation and former associates; of the remaining 147, 5 have broken the pledge; these were all given to habits of indulgence before their connection with the Association, and not being willing to restrain their former habits have had their names erased from the books. The following gentlemen were unanimously elected for the ensuing year:

President—W. C. Howard.
Vice President—John N. Andrews.
" " David Cashwell.
" " S. J. Riley.
Secretary and Treasurer—Rev. A. P. Repiton.

Permit us to add to this short report a few remarks. Temperance is a virtue. This virtue may be cultivated, and by its aid our every enjoyment personal and relative may be sweetened and strengthened.

Temperance is also a habit, and the habits we indulge or cultivate, often make our characters, our fortunes, our all, for time and for eternity.

How carefully then should we guard against every indulgence that would be likely to lead us into temptation.

Add, then, to the habit of total abstinence, a punctuality and a perseverance that will yield to no discouragements. If you are a member of the Association, attend its meetings, feel that you have a work to do, and that no one can act for you—There is a wide field of labor and of enterprise open before you. *Commence at home*, and as the circle of your influence extends let it bear the impress of temperance, morality and religion.

You have enlisted for life,—then let your life be a constant exhibition of temperance from principle. Nothing other will benefit society. Anything other will be an injury to yourself. Then work while it is day, in the amelioration of the sufferings of your race.

And we would most cordially invite the co-operation of all friends of total abstinence in this important work. We are one, as citizens—stand on the same common platform. We see our danger—we feel our exposure—we see our remedy—we feel our accountability: then let us act the part of wise men, and come unitedly to the redemption, of ourselves, our families, our friends our neighbors, and our country, from the influence of Intemperance.

Papers friendly to the cause please publish.

From the Leavenworth Herald May 30.

EXCITING NEWS FROM UTAH.

Mr. Williams and Mr. Morrell arrived here on the 19th from Salt Lake. Left Salt Lake on the 15th of April; grass six weeks later than was ever known; snow on the mountains averages twenty feet; everything quiet on the plains: saw but few Indians: met Col. Sumner with two companies United States troops at Vermillion, one hundred miles on; met first emigrant trains twenty miles this side Fort Kearney, getting along very well and generally healthy; met more or less every day in large numbers coming from the southwestern part of Missouri with large numbers of stock; estimated that 10,000 wagons and 30,000 cattle would cross the plains for California.

The entire company consisted of McGraw's mail train, under direction of Jesse Jones, D. Burr, United States Surveyor General of Utah; and family; United States Marshal Dodson and family; H. F. Horrell, Postmaster at Salt Lake; Thomas S. Williams and family, late firm of Hooper & Williams. Company consisted of sixty—ty—thirty males and thirty females. Salt Lake mail passed down yesterday—259 wagons, with 1,000 emigrant seceders from Utah, will come to the States, and about 1,000 will go to California.

Mr. Williams' life has been threatened. It was prophesied by Brigham Young and other Mormons that he would never get away from Salt Lake alive. A secret organized band, ever ready to do the orders of the Prophet and twelve Apostles, were threatening his life. He defied their vengeance. It was a miracle that Williams got away.

We learn that Brigham Young has not left Salt Lake, and the rumor that he was compelled to flee the country is untrue.

The half of the Mormons that Mr. Williams knows of cannot be told in the limits of the space we have.

Correspondence of the Missouri Democrat.

Arrival of Judge Stiles and General Burr From Utah—The Mormons.

Steamer David Tatum Missouri River, May 30, 1857.

I left Leavenworth this afternoon for Quindaro on the fast sailing steamer David Tatum, and am now steaming it down river. Before leaving I had a very interesting interview with Gen. Burr and Judge Stiles, both of whom have just arrived from Utah.

Their accounts of affairs in that Territory are very exciting. The Mormons during the past winter have been perpetrating many outrages upon the Gentiles and the United states authorities. Those gentlemen confirm the accounts furnished the press by Judge Drummond, and say that it is worse now in Salt Lake City than it was at the time Drummond left. Several have been murdered and many robberies committed by the Mormons during last winter. The laws and courts of the United States are repudiated by order of Gov. Young, whose will is supreme in that section of our country, and the authorities of the general government treated very indignantly. Judge Styles' court had been compelled to adjourn in consequence of the mobocratic spirit manifested in opposition to it by devoted followers of Young, rendering it impossible to issue a process in Utah emanating from the district courts established there by act of Congress. The Mormons claim d exclusive jurisdiction and repudiated the idea that government has any authority in that Territory in any manner whatever.

The Surveyor-General had been threatened with violence several times, and at last forced to leave for safety. Judge Stiles could not execute the functions of his office, and concluded to visit Washington to see what could be done.

Mrs. Farnham, of Salt Lake City, had been threatened, and compelled to leave, and she came on in the company which arrived yesterday.

The crime alleged against her was "boarding Gentiles," which was contrary to the will of the Governor.

The Mormons express themselves determined to resist to the death every attempt of the general government to establish any authority in Utah "That was their country, and no power on earth shall interfere with them." They had a code of laws made by themselves and they should enforce them, establish and maintain their own courts in spite of all opposition. This is illustrating the principle of "squatter sovereignty" with a vengeance, and I wonder if it is in accordance with the ideas of Douglas on that subject. A Mormon by the name of W. J. Appledy, clerk of the Supreme Court, was the author of several letters sent on the States and published, which pretended to give a correct account of affairs in Utah, during the many charges made against Young and his followers, and signed "A Gentile."

His communications are not reliable, as he is one of the principal men in Salt Lake City devoted to the Mormon church, and all of his pretensions of being a "Gentile" were humbug.

Judge Stiles and Gen. Burr consider it absolutely necessary for the government to take the most stringent measures for the restoration of "law and order" in that territory, the inhabitants of which were in open rebellion against the laws and authorities of the United States, and unless something was done no one could foretell the evils that would result from delay. Life and property were not safe, and injured parties have no means of obtaining redress. Young was governor and supreme dictator—one of the greatest tyrants that ever lived. His will is law, from which there is no appeal.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.

The New Orleans Crescent, adverting to the poisonous adulteration and swindles in the manufacture of spirituous liquors, now-a-days, sensibly concludes:

"Abstinence from so-called liquors will soon become a necessity with those who desire to live and enjoy health. The social cup is, indeed, a poisonous cup in the selatter days. With strychnine in the whiskey, and drugs and vitriol in the brandy, to give it 'body,' 'flavor,' and 'coloring,' the man who quaffs much of either must be 'made of oak, and copper-fastened' to stand it long.

BURNING OF A RAILROAD CAR FACTORY.

Cleveland, June 4.—The paint-shop attached to Messrs. Merrill & Bener's railroad car factory was burned this morning with four passenger cars belonging to the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company, and two bargage cars. The loss of the railroad company was covered by insurance. The total loss amounted to $14,000, on which there is an insurance of $10 200.

LOSS OF THE BARQUE ELLEN NOYES.

Boston, June 4th.—The barque Ellen Noyes, Captain Joseph Rossiter, which sailed hence October 23d, for Singapore, was totally lost on the 27th of March, in Banca Straits, by striking a rock under water, and filling so rapidly that the captain and crew were obliged to abandon her. The crew reached Singapore.

If you wish to rise in the world, you must not stop to kick at every cur who barks at you as you pass along.

There is nothing like a fixed stead aim, it dignifies your nature, and insures success.

PAINFUL INTERVIEW BETWEEN A VILLIANOUS SEDUCER AND HIS DESERTED WIFE

We have already published the particulars of the elopement of Miss Stedman from a Female Academy at Auburn with a married man named Hallenbeck. We find in the *American* the following account of an interview between the villain and his deserted wife, from which the inference is plain that there is no Judge Lynch in Cayuga country, and that the people of Auburn are ignorant of the virtue which in some localities is attributable to tar and feathers.

Petersburg Express.

We learn from a gentleman belonging to the Northern Hotel, in this city, that Hallenbeck, the seducer of Miss Stedman, was there on Monday the 25th ult, and that an interview took place between him and his deserted wife. She is described as a beautiful and interesting woman, of unimpeachable character. Hearing that her husband was there, she came with her little child in her arms to seek to persuade her wandering husband to return to his wife and family. The scene is represented as one calculated to draw tears from one with a heart of marble—as the heartless seducer was called to confront his virtuous and injured wife and forsaken child

The step-mother of the seduced girl had likewise heard that the destroyer of their honor and peace was there and she also appeared to him to upbraid him, but towards all he manifested a brutal insensibility, while the bystanders were affected to tears. It was a scene to melt the hardest heart, as the mother stood with her child in her arms and offered up prayer to God to turn the heart of her unfaithful husband and the unnatural father of her children again to the family which he had so cruelly deserted. He maintained a stolid indifference—treating her supplications with contempt, and even spurning her from him with violence only to be found in a savage. At first he told her she could not stay under the same roof with him, but at length consented that she might remain for the night.

When he was shown to her room, she rose up almost insane with agony and her eyes streaming with tears, and extended her arms to meet him when he turned upon her with a sour and angry look, and bade her in a surly tone; "Sit down! sit down!" The wretched wife bursting into a fit of uncontrollable grief, inquired, "What have have I ever done that you should treat me and my dear children in this manner?" His only reply was "I don't love you and can't be happy with you; you must forget me, and you can find some one else to love you."

This brutish proposition threw her into a fit of wild and almost maniacal agony. He refused to receive her and treat her as a wife, but threw himself with his clothes on, across the foot of the bed, and in the midst of her groans, cries and tears fell asleep and slept soundly till morning, when he took the cars and left her at the hotel.—The landlord kindly conveyed her and her child to Port Byron to her friends.

PASS HIM ROUND.

Under the above caption, the Goldsboro' (N C.) *Tribune* of Friday, gives the following a prominent position in its editorial columns:

A swindling rascal, wearing the garb and address of respectability, came to our town, last week, rented stables for a dashing establishment, engaged board &c. &c simply as a cloak to his swindling operations. He then learned the name of one of our best and most industrious mechanics, who, he had learned had a fine gold watch and bargained for it at $100, telling the owner to meet him at his boarding house, and he—the swindler, would take the watch and pay the money. Mechanic went, swindler could not then pay the money, but wanted to wear the watch till Monday. Owner consented and swindler took the 9 o'clock cars on Saturday, on his way North leaving our friend the mechanic minus his gold watch.

Swindler is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, half light auburn hair, fair complexion, blue eyes thin visage, is of slender form and genteel appearance. He wore a black frock coat, black pants black figured vest, and a mixed straw hat; also a gold-like breast-pin, a small vine crossing it and a guard chain hooked to a button hole in his vest. He has a somewhat timid appearance with a down cast look and is a down-right villian whom every honest man should delight to capture and bring to justice. Will the press generally, and our exchanges particularly, give the villian a lift, and request their exchanges to do the same.—Let the press have the honor of catching him.

From the National Intelligence.

PACIFIC MOVEMENT IN KANSAS.

Some of the signs from Kansas are favorable to a peaceful solution of the troubles of that hitherto distracted Territory. A Democratic meeting was held at Lecompton on the 25th of May to nominate delegates to represent Douglas county in the Constitutional Convention, at which a spirit of fairness seemed to prevail and a commendable disposition was manifested to have a proper test of the sentiments of the people in the adoption of a State Constitution. The following are the resolutions which were adopted:

"*Resolved*, That we will support no man as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention, whose duties it will be to frame the Constitution of the future State of Kansas, and mould the political institutions under which we, as a people, are to live, unless he pledge himself fully, freely, and without mental reservation, to use every honorable effort to submit the same to every *bona fide* actual citizen of Kansas at the proper time for the vote being taken upon its adoption by the people, in order that the said constitution may be adopted or rejected by the actual settlers in this Territory as a majority of the voters may decide; and

"*Resolved*, That this Convention, as the representative of the National Democracy of Douglas county, Kansas Territory, do pledge themselves as individuals and as a body, both in their selection of delegate to represent Douglas county in the Constitutional Convention and in the manner of conducting the said election, to use their best efforts, in all good faith and sincerity, to represent the interests of the whole Democracy of Kansas, without reference to the section of the Union from whence they may come or the views that they may entertain upon any local questions which may properly be discussed or decided upon in the said Constitutional Convention; and

"*Resolved*, That this Convention, as the representative of the National Democracy of Douglas county, K. T., and as members of the great Democratic party, which knows no sectional leaning and acknowledges no geographical party lines do heartily endorse and concur in the foregoing preamble and resolutions as the best proof they can offer to the Democracy of the Union of their unwavering determination to secure and guarantee to every citizen of Kansas, without reference to his party or individual views, the enjoyment of his constitutional rights and an equal voice in the adoption of those political institutions which he will be called upon to respect and obey."

WORSE THAN CROTON OIL.

A medical man says that those ladies who make it a business to trouble dry goods clerks and never buy anything ought to be called counter irritants.

BROWN SUGAR.

A philosopher who had married a vulgar but amiable girl, used to call her "Brown Sugar," because, he said, she was sweet, but unrefined.

Babies were described, many years ago, as noisy, lactiferous animalcules, much desired by those who never had any.

From the Evening Star, June 2.

THE WASHINGTON RIOT.

The following is as correct a list as is obtainable of the killed and wounded.

KILLED.

Archibald Dalrymple, basket maker on the Washington Branch Railroad, and who reached this city by the eleven o'clock train yesterday.

Frances M. Deenis, a clerk in the General Land Office, and late of Cumberland county, Md.

D. H. Alston, constable, formerly of the firm of Rawlings & Co.

Ramy Neal, colored, formerly waiter at Walker & Schild's restaurant.

——— Redding, colored, of Georgetown.

George McElfresh, a young man.

A German lad from the Seventh Ward, about 16 years of age, named Christian Lindig, died during the night from a wound received in the neck.

WOUNDED.

Colonel William F. Wilson, of the Land Office—misprinted Williams, yesterday—shot in the left arm while standing at a second story window.

Thomas Wills, Anne Arndel, co., Md., shot in the spine.

James Wright from the same county, shot in the thigh.

P. F. Bell, Seventh Ward, shot in the knee so as to require amputation.

Daniel V. Fenton, residing on South F. street, Island, shot in the arm while standing upon the street conversing with some ladies. His neck was also grazed by a ball coming from the opposite direction.

Richard G. Hyatt, wounded severely in the shoulder, while standing in his store on Seventh street.

——— Health received a buckshot wound in the cheek.

Capt. J. McGuire, shot in the nose.

James Lawrenson had his head grazed by a ball.

A young man, a tinner named Biddleman, had his arm shattered so terribly as to require amputation.

A youth, named Charles Spencer, shot in the leg and breast.

Morgan Farrel, residing at D. Johnson's, on Greenleaf's Point, shot on the head; the ball and pieces of the skull were removed by Dr. Morgan from the brain; recovery doubtful.

A youth, named Adams, from the First Ward; wounded in the foot.

——— Kibby, arm fractured.

——— Summers, saddler, badly wounded.

Richard Owen, shot in the arm.

Jown Owen, shot through the hand.

John Foucke, severely wounded.

Ebenezer Hughes, carpenter, fatally wounded it is thought.

James Slatford, plasterer, shot in the leg and through the body. [It is stated that this Slatford early in the day, shot a little girl on English Hill, killing her.]

A man named McGlue was injured.

We have already given a list of those injured at the riot in the morning, and learn that Justice Donn received some severe blows while manfully standing up for law and order.

In the Seventh Ward there were some demonstrations of the rowdy element.

Two young men named Palmer were badly beaten with a sling shot, and one was shot in the arm and the other in the head; both will probably recover.

A young man named Sullivan, was attacked in his mother's house and very badly beaten.

A boy standing between the two precincts of this Ward had his face terribly mashed with a brick bat.

A man named Geo. Gatharel, had his head severely cut on C. Street.

Mr. K. Shephard received a slight flesh wound.

Charles Bestel, a young German, received a large ballet in the right shoulder (entering below the shoulder bone and coming out about seven inches higher,) while passing through Seventh district.

A NEW DODGE.

A novel mode of obtaining liquor without paying for it has just been discovered by a juvenile nappy-head, which reflects considerable ingenuity upon the young rascal. He has been employed since the 1st of January in a store in which liquors are sold, and has been often detected, and chastised for patronising with too much ardor the old fashioned capillary method of "sucking it through a straw." In a large heavy coat which he wore, he caused to be sown up, leaving ties, and provided with a syphon made of reed, would lie down amongst the barrels and feign sleep.—The syphon was in the mean while doing his service, guided by his hand, to each concealed vessel in the coat. While helping himself thus to the pure mountain dew, lately, he was taken on the sly by his master, and treated to a "lambasting" which broke every bottle upon his person. Being considered incorrigible, the young reprobate was then discharged from service.

DESPERATE AND FATAL ASSAULT.

Dr Thompson and his two companions, named Clark and Polander, were attacked near San Antonia, Texas, on the night of the 23d ult., by some unknown persons. The two former were killed, and the latter badly wounded.

ARRIVAL OF MORMONS.

On Sunday week, the packet ship *Westmoreland* arrived at Philadelphia, with five hundred and fifty Saints, "all bound for the land of Utah." A large proportion of this arrival is made up of females.

STEALING SOMETHING TO EAT.

The Milwaukee *Wisconsin* says that a minister residing and preaching in Waupacca county, of previously good moral character, recently stole some provisions near Ripon, Wisconsin. He gave, as his reasons for his strange conduct, that he had been preaching, for which he had received nothing, until he was reduced to the necessity of taking the property of others to sustain life. No prosecution was commenced against him for the offence, but "a bag of flour was given him, and he went on his way."

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD!

The citizens of Henderson county, N. C., have issued a hand bill, offering a reward of Five Hundred Dollars for the arrest of a villain named Esberry Johnson, who committed a rape on a Miss Mary Springs, of that county, on the 23d ult.

Said Johnson is described as being about 24 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches in height, weighing 163 lbs.; hair of an auburn color, eyes blue, and skin fair. He is stoop-shouldered, and of a down-cast countenance; walks with his eyes upon the ground, quick spoken and illiterate. He had on, when he left, a black wool hat, pretty well worn. There is great excitement and indignation in Henderson, where the deed was done

STEAMER AGROUND AND ABANDONED

Boston, June 4.—The steamer City of New York, from Philadelphia for Boston, struck on Great Rip Shoal, off Nantucket, at 8 o'clock on Monday morning, during a thick fog Her crew immediately abandoned her. She was subsequently found adrift, and taken into West Harwick by the schooner J D Davis, Capt. Wixon who makes a good thing of it, as she is valued at $100,000.

THE INDIANS.

Two Indian chiefs of the Passamaquoddy tribe have gone to Washington, to get aid from The President in charging their territory: "They represent that their tribe, which now only consists of 500 Indians, have but ten acres allowed them in the State of Maine, and that they have no room to hunt. That they have been gradually deprived of their lands and have appealed to the Governors of Maine in vain. They now come to the Great Father to petition for more room."

Of course, the President has no power over the subject. Any grant of the sort must be made by the State of Maine, or not at all. Land already appropriated to the haunts of civilization, cannot be converted into hunting ground. The Indians must either adopt the habits of the whites, or go beyond the sound of the anvil, the hammer and the loom.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

New Orleans, June 11th.—Late papers from Mexico which have just been received, confirm the execution of Col. Crabbe and fifty-eight of his followers. It is rumored in the city of Mexico that a terrible revenge is being taken in California, by murdering all the Mexicans to be found.

PLUCK.

Dr. John Thomas, Bishop of Salisbury, Eng, was married four times. The motto on his wedding ring, at his fourth marriage, was:

"If I survive
I'll make them five."

FROM HAVANA.

New York June 5.—the steamer Black Warrior, with Havana dates to the 2d instant, has arrived here. Sugars were unchanged. The stock in port was 235,000 boxes. There was much wild speculation in regard to future events, but there is no news of importance. Freights are very low.

Young men in general, are little aware how much their reputation is affected in the public view, by the company they keep. The characters of their associates are soon regarded as their own.

But one false step, one wrong habit, one corrupt companion, one loose principle, may wreck all your prospects, and all the hopes of those who love you.

PRICE OF BEEF COMING DOWN.

John D Arnold, an enterprising butcher at Columbus Geo., advertises to sell very superior beef, hind quarters, at retail 10 cents; hind quarters, by the quarter, at 7½ cents; forequarter, by retail 6 cents; do by the quarter 5 cents.

Counterfeit new cent pieces are in circulation, but being of pewter, have a greasy feel and a sumpy sound that will be easily recognized.

Rats, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Insects, &c.

New York, April 12, 1856.—Mr. HENRY R. COSTAR, No. 388 Broadway,—*Dear Sir*: Having a great many Rats around my stable and shop, I thought I would try your Rat Exterminator, and bought one of your boxes, and my man fixed it according to your directions. The next morning he found over 150 dead rats. I have bought others Rat Poison and found them humbugs, and think it will do more than you say it will in your advertisements. I have also tried it on steamboats, and satisfied them that it is the greatest thing of the age. Respectfully Yours.

J. S. UNDERHILL, No. 435 10th st.

Notice to all Concerned.—The demand for "Costars" Remedies for the destruction of the above pests, having occasioned an unlimited correspondence in regard to prices, etc., the proprietor has determined to publish the same in his advertisements hereafter. "Costar" prefers that every city, town and village shall be supplied through its own *Druggists* and *Dealers*, but, in cases where this is impracticable he will forward small orders by Mail or Express, on receipt of the price, with sufficient to pre-pay the same. See advertisement, with retail prices, etc, in another column.

THE COMET MAY NOT DESTROY THE EARTH,

But it is already absorbing so much elemental heat as to seriously interfere with the health of all warm blooded animals. The murrain in Europe, and the same or a similar affection is already seriously thinning the live stock of the farmers in this country.

"On Logs and moles the infection first begun,
And last the vengeful arrows fixed in man"

This warns us to beware; but with BRANDRETH'S pills in our possession, ready on the first appearance of sickness, we shall pass through the danger without injury. Let not prejudice prevail against experience. Sold at 48 Brandreth Building.

WM. H. LIPPITT, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE

DR. SWAYNE'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

WILD CHERRY.

REV. JAMES R. DURBOROW,

Pastor of Berlin Circuit, Baltimore Conference. *And all the principal Merchants at Point of Rocks, Md., have testified to the following*

EXTRAORDINARY CURE.

Point of Rocks, Frederick County, Md.

Dr. Swayne.—Dear Sir:—Believing it a duty I owe to the public, and in justice to you, I have thought proper to make known one of the most extraordinary cases, in my own case, that has ever been truly recorded. In the month of October last I was afflicted with a severe gathering in my breast, which formed a large abscess, and also communicated to my Lungs and very much afflicted them, and discharged large quantities of corruption, external and internal. My breath could also pass through my Lungs and out through the cavity of my breast with apparent ease, attended with a violent cough, day and night, loss of appetite, and extreme debility, so that my physicians thought my case entirely hopeless and beyond the power of medicine. I remained in this wretched condition for a long time, until I was wasted to a mere skeleton, and there seemed to be no hope for me; but having read in the public papers of the many wonderful cures performed by your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, I immediately sent to Baltimore for five bottles and commenced its use, and to my great satisfaction and my anxious family, the abscess or opening in my lungs began to heal, and the cough subsided and on using ten bottles I was restored to perfect health. I believe, that to your valuable medicine, under the blessings of Divine Providence, I am indebted for this great change, and I am happy to say, that I am now enjoying as good health as I ever have.

Over five years have elapsed, and I still remain a perfectly hearty man at this date, June 2d, 1856. I have not had a day's sickness for the last 18 months. Please accept my grateful acknowledgments. Yours, very respectfully,

THOMAS DIXON.

The Subscriber is well acquainted with Thomas Dixon, and can testify that the he has been afflicted as above represented. I regard his recovery almost as a miracle. He is a worthy member of Society. JAMES R. DURBOROW,

Pastor of Berlin Circuit, Baltimore Conference.

THERE is but one reliable preparation of "Wild Cherry," and the only one compounded by a regular Physician that is "DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY," and the universal satisfaction this preparation has given, is fully acknowledged to every section of our country.

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption,
For Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Hooping Cough,
For Tickling or Irritation in the Fauces,
For Palpitation or Disease of the Heart, Debility.
For Pains in the Sides or Breast, Liver Complaint,
For Short Breath, or Hoarseness, Asthma,
For the support of old age, declining health, and restless nights, this remedy has no equal.

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, at their Laboratory 4 N. SEVENTH St., Philadelphia. Sold by WALKER MEARES & CO., Wilmington, N. C.
E. J. ASTON,
Asheville, N. C.

Jan. 1.

CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN.

Is shown by the Records of the Custom House to be the only London Cordial Gin IMPORTED and sold in bottles, all others are noxious mixtures made here in imitation of it.

It is a delicious tonic beverage, and by its peculiar flavor (so different from other gins) is universally esteemed by all who use it. It is adopted with great success in cases of Dyspepsia, Gout, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gravel, Colic, Cholera, Fever and Ague, Stricture, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Epilepsy, &c.

Dr. Valentine Mott of New York, in a letter to the proprietor says:

Charles' London Cordial Gin is the purest, best, and most reliable Extract of Juniper I have seen.

CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN is sold by all Druggists and Grocers in the United States, and so also are numerous poisons *called* "London Cordial Gin"—to avoid them buy only "CHARLES." Reject any other offered to you as you value your health. Price one dollar for quarts, fifty cents for pints. EDMUND G. CHARLES,

Sole importer, 40 Broadway, N. Y.

March 12. 152-3m-taw.

TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

THE subscriber respectfully announces himself as a candidate for re-election upon the 6th day of August next, to the Office of Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of said County.—Grateful for the confidence and support which his fellow-citizens have heretofore extended to him, he trusts that his efforts to merit that confidence will secure to him a renewal of their suffrages; and in the event of his re-election, he can only pledge a continuance of his honest efforts to discharge faithfully and acceptably the duties of said office. SAMUEL R. BUNTING.

April 30, 19.

Holloway's Pills, in spite of the prejudices of medical martinets, have found their way into the leading hospitals and dispensaries of Europe, and are now the established family medicine of all classes in the United States. Upon the stomach and liver, which prepare and temper the blood, upon the organs which vitalize it in the process of respiration, and upon the excretory vessels, which discharge from the system the residium not required for the purposes of nutrition, these pills operate in almost miraculous manner, regulating, invigorating, cleansing, and fortifying the whole physique. In bilious disorders, dyspepsia, asthma, diarrhœa, dysentery, sick headache, constipation, general debility, and complaints peculiar to females, their effect is astonishing.

A pleasant travelling companion, and one that no traveller should be without is Perry Davis Pain Killer. A sudden attack of diarrhœa, dysentery or cholera morbus can be effectually and instantaneously relived by it.

Curious Attempt at Courtship.—There has been quite an excitement recently in the quiet village of Oakdale, Shelby county, Missouri, in consequence of the attempt of two or three young fellows from Georgia, hastening there to win the affections of a young lady, who suddenly was discovered to possess many thousand charms. It appears that she had sent five dollars to Swann & Co., of Atlanta, Ga., for a half ticket in one of their lotteries which draws every Saturday throughout the year. A prize of considerable magnitude was the consequence of her little speculation, and her admirers having discovered that she had drawn so much money, hastened to the little village to pay their addresses, supposing the young lady would not be aware of her good fortune. She had as many adorers as the lady in the farce of the "Lottery Ticket," but she did not lose her heart so suddenly as she won a fortune. A telegraphic despatch from Swan & Co. arrived in time to foil the wily aspirants for her hand and heart. 6-3w

Fine beautiful hair—jet black or brown;
Or tresses, curling and golden—
Is the certain result—without chance or doubt—
Of the use of LYON'S KATHAIRON.

The immense sale of LYON'S KATHAIRON—nearly 1,000,000 bottles per year—proves its excellence and universal popularity. It restores the Hair after it has fallen out, invigorates and beautifies it—makes it soft, curly, and glossy—cleanses it from all Scurf and Dandruff, and imparts to it a delight