

### THE CAMPAIGN IN OHIO.

State Chronicle.  
The campaign in Ohio is growing hotter every day, and the correspondent of the New York World says, that enthusiasm for Campbell is growing even in strong Republican districts where he has been speaking during the last week. The Republican strongholds are in the Eastern part of the State, whereas almost every county in Western Ohio is strongly Democratic. Black, of Illinois, Mills, of Texas, and Crisp, of Georgia, are speaking for Campbell, and all the local Democratic orators are on the stump. We have been reading Gov. Campbell's speeches on the McKinley bill with great satisfaction. He is making an able and vigorous campaign, and is ridding that new "Bill of Abominations." He has much of the humor and sarcasm of Senator Vance. He scored a good point when he told the people that "the trouble with this country is not that we are not prosperous, but, the wrong fellows are getting all the prosperity. Andrew Carnegie has made \$30,000,000 in three years. If McKinley & Co. are defeated, Carnegie will not make another thirty million dollars in the next thirty years unless he works for it. The Democrats don't intend to take away what he has got, but they do intend to cut off the favoritism that enables him to make so much. We make a few extracts from his admirable address:

"Cloak-making is one of the protected industries. The Chicago Tribune recently published the wages paid to workmen in that industry. It showed that one woman would make 40 cents in four days working eleven hours per day. Talk about protection, why, the men that pay such wages ought not to be protected, but hanged."

"Last year the tariff on wool was 10 per cent. and wool brought 33 cents. This year the tariff on wool is 11, and—hold on, this thing don't fit here. I guess I'll drop the subject, for if I went on and told you that wool this year was bringing only 27 cents, you'd say I didn't know how to make a logical speech on the tariff from a Republican standpoint. Maybe I don't, but you won't hear any Republican making a more logical one from this platform this year." "I've been engaged the past three days, in carrying the Western Reserve, and it's hard work for one man. But I bring you good news from there. Those Republicans up there have discovered that the way is over. They've been told so often to vote as they shot that they're going to do it. They're going to vote on the right side, just as they shot. They have discovered that under a low tariff prosperity used to fall off the whole country, like the dew from heaven, upon the just and unjust, while under a high tariff prosperity continues in the country, but it falls all on the unjust, and the just have to look out for themselves."

"Statistics show that half the wealth of this country is in the hands of 25,000 of its inhabitants. Do you suppose that those fellows have half the brains, half the industry, half the honesty, half the blind luck of the country?"

Referring to the wool tariff and the farmers' predicament he said: "While you farmers are raising sheep and voting the Republican ticket on the strength of Mr. Kinley's promise of 40 cent wool, a lot of other fellows in the East were at work too. They weren't raising wool; they were combing wool over your eyes. If they were shearing anything it wasn't sheep."

### AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.

Wilmington Star.  
The Democrats of Accomac county, Va., took a few departure when in their convention, they made the road question one of the issues of the campaign. They incorporated it into their platform and bound the candidates nominated to work for a better road system and for better roads. They not only did that but resolved that the county should equip itself with good road-making machinery that the work might be well, economically and speedily done.

It is astonishing when we consider the vast importance of good roads, how little attention this subject has received from the American people, the indifference being peculiar to no section or state, but common to all, the people of the older States being quite as indifferent as those in the States but recently settled. From the indications, however, that are being manifested, it seems that there is somewhat of an awakening upon this subject, which may result in eventually giving us a system of roads that will compare with those of other civilized countries and one of which we need not be ashamed, for as they now are the public roads of the United States are in public disgrace. This is doubtless due in a great measure to the numerous railroads that have been constructed throughout the country, dispensing with the great turnpikes that connected cities and were the

highways of traffic and travel as the railroads are now. The turnpikes, for which there is no longer the same use there was, are permitted to go to wreck and with them the shorter country roads that led to them and to the county seats and home market towns. Good roads are the exception in every State. Of course they are not totally abandoned, there being more or less work done upon them during the year, but it is of a temporary, make-shift character, which does not last and is not expected to last any length of time. The ordinary method of putting in condition and keeping them in repair, is for a few people summoned by the road superintendent to get together with some shovels and a little brown jug, shovel up a little loose dirt into the worn or washed places to be washed out by the next rain, leaving the roads in as bad, if not in a worse condition than they were before.

The town of Rock Hill, S. C., proposes to take a new departure, and one that marks her as a progressive town with level-headed people. They have determined to macadamize the principal roads leading out from the town into the country. The idea may have been caught from Charlotte, where for several years a force of convicts has been employed on the principal roads leading out of the city, the result being that Charlotte is becoming the center of a system of roads which, when completed, will be the equal of any in the country. But whether the idea was caught from Charlotte or not it is a good idea, and one well worthy of imitation by other towns. The citizens of those towns are in earnest about this matter, view it from a business standpoint, and expect thus to draw more trade to their town.

But they are not the only persons interested, for the people of the country through which the roads run are even more interested than they, and will be more benefited by good roads not only in the less labor and less wear and tear in draft animals and vehicles, and in the shorter time required to market their crops, but in the increased value of their lands situated within a reasonable distance of these roads.

A reform like this extending over the country would be ultimately worth many millions to inhabitants of town and country.

### A FLORIDA LAKE GONE.

DRY LAND WHERE STEAMBOATS RAN AND ALLIGATORS PLAYED.

Atlanta Constitution.

A very peculiar spectacle was to be seen on the outskirts of Gainesville last week. Alachua lake, a sheet of water from ten to fifteen miles in length and covering some 40,000 acres of land, is no more.

On its banks were lying thousands of dead fish, dead alligators floated ghastly in pools of black water and the atmosphere was heavy with noxious gases.

Men and boys were there in throngs, crowding around the pools left by the receding waters, and with hoes and rakes dragging to shore hundreds of fish which had sought their depths for refuge. The waters were fairly alive with their struggles for existence.

Except for a small stream known as Payne's creek, flowing from Newman's lake into the sink, the two main basins of the sink and a few stagnant pools, no water is now to be seen where a few years ago steamers were ploughing their way.

This is the second time since 1823 that a similar occurrence has taken place. At that time, the earliest in which there is any record of that part of the country, the bed of the lake was a large prairie, Payne's prairie, having in it body of water called the sink and a small creek.

In 1868 heavy rains filled up the prairie, but the water disappeared after a short time and the prairie was again dry land.

In 1873, after a series of heavy rains, the sink overflowed and the creek swelled to the dimensions of a lake.

During several years the water increased till a larger lake was formed, and for fully fifteen years sufficient depth of water stood over the prairie to allow of small steamers. During the last two years, however, the waters have been gradually lowering, and about three weeks ago they commenced going down with surprising rapidity, the lake falling about eight feet in ten days, until now nothing is left of Alachua Lake but the memory of it.

The sink is considered the cause of this change. There is evidently an underground passage connected with it, and for some reason not understood this underground passage has been acting as a drain until all the water in the lake has been drawn out.

Billy Herod is a conspicuous figure in Republican politics in Indianapolis. Men of that name ought to feel at home in the Republican party.—Star.

The Grand Duchess Sergius of Russia is so strikingly beautiful that she is known as a crowned Ophelia.

### A STRAY DIAMOND.

An Old Trick, With a New Face, Which a Jeweler Plays.

A large and glittering diamond lay on the showcase of an uptown jeweler the other day. Apparently the jeweler had been displaying his stock of diamonds, and when he had put them away had inadvertently left this one on the case. A handsomely attired woman alighted from her carriage and entered the establishment. As she approached the showcase her eye fell upon the glittering gem. She gave a slight start, but quickly regained her composure. Drawing her handkerchief from her muff she placed it on the diamond and compressed her hand. After a moment she restored her handkerchief to her muff, but the diamond still rested on the case.

A clerk was coming forward to wait upon her. She replaced her handkerchief over the diamond and let her hand rest carelessly on it. She asked to see some rings, and when the clerk turned his back to get a tray from the safe, she contracted her hand and tried once more to lift the diamond in the folds of her handkerchief. Again she was unsuccessful. The stone lay gleaming on the case. Then she reached out her gloved hand and attempted to pick up the stone. Her fingers grasped nothing. She had been deceived by a trick of the clerk who was waiting upon her. He had stuck the diamond on the other side of the glass, but to the eye it looked as if it were lying on the glass. He had used no muckage or other adhesive to discolor the diamond or the glass. He had simply breathed upon the stone and the slight dampness thus produced had caused it to hold to the glass.

The clerk had purposely delayed coming to the case on the entrance of the lady, to see whether she would attempt to steal the diamond. He had observed all her efforts to possess it, and when she discovered the trick the consciousness came upon her that she had been watched. Muttering something about a sudden illness, she hurried from the store, stepped into her carriage, and was driven rapidly away. The clerk's conscience did not seem to smite him. He said that people who would steal simply because they had an opportunity were entitled to no sympathy, more especially if they stole when they had no need to.

The clerk said it was surprising how many people, most of them evidently rich, attempted surreptitiously to secure the diamond stuck to the case. Men with high reputations would enter the store with the intention of making purchases of costly articles, and on seeing the diamond would carelessly cover it with their gloves and attempt to pick it up. On finding out the trick they would cast guilty looks about to see if they had been watched. For fear of injuring trade the clerks would pretend not to have observed the effort to appropriate the gem. There were, however, plenty of honest people who came to the store and saw the diamond. They would direct the clerk's attention to it and make some remark about a rather careless way of doing business.

It is a common thing to see silver dimes and quarters and even bills stuck on the underside of the glass in a showcase. At first people used to be fooled by them and try to pick them up, but the trick was so generally adopted that everybody became familiar with it. Besides, the coins and the bills were generally stuck to the glass with yellow muckage, so that the deception was not a perfect one. By breathing on a coin it can be made to cling to the glass the same as a diamond. The diamond being so near the color of the glass the illusion is complete.—New York World.

### FIGS AND THISTLES.

You can't shut the devil up, but you can shut him out.

We all hate the truth that hits us between the eyes.

The moment humanity undertakes to carry a flag it kills itself.

The man who tries to avoid mountains will have a very crooked road.

Never put yourself in the power of a man who will kick a dog for fun.

When a man is well satisfied with himself God is disappointed in him.

Keep a close eye on the man whose wife is afraid to ask him for money.

If you want to live long, don't try to live more than one day at a time.

The man who controls himself will also control a great many other people.

God has nowhere promised to feed the man who will not take his coat off.

Education doesn't make the man. It brings out the gold that God put in him.—[Ram's Horn.

### Jolly Juvenile Definitions.

"Repugnant, one who repugs."

"Obelisk, one of the marks of punctuation."

"Ironical, something very hard."

"Epoch, a ruler or son of a king."

"Mastication is moving the jaws all round."

"Gladiators grow in my ma's garden."

"An incendiary is when you go round preaching and singing hymns."

"David charmed Saul with a harpoon."

"The accidents of a noun is what happens to it."

"An adverb is used to modify a noun and is a person place or thing."

"The cow jumped over the fence is a transitive nuter verb because fence isent the name of anything and has no sex."—Horn's Queen.

### WOMAN'S WORK AND AIMS.

In Strasburg, Germany, since 1884, girls have been taught to mend the clothes of their families at the public expense. Materials are furnished by the city when necessary. The instruction is given by teachers of the elementary schools on the weekly holiday. The number of pupils is increased from 20 to about 1,000, and the annual expense is now \$750. In one year 9,000 garments were mended by 600 girls.

An "emergency cupboard" is one of the good things started by a Working Girls' Club in Boston. An old fashioned secretary was secured and fitted up by the King's Daughters. Upon the shelves above are tumbler of jelly and other delicacies for the sick. In drawers below are a hot water bag, a rubber sheet, bundles of old linen, etc., which are at the disposal of any member of the club, or any needy person recommended by a member in time of illness. Unlike the renowned receptacle of Mother Hubbard, this cupboard is never bare, as friends outside pledge themselves to keep it well stocked with supplies.

The first woman to go as an explorer of the arctic regions is Mrs. Robert E. Peary. Her husband, Lieutenant Peary, of the United States navy, is the commander of the expedition recently sent to Greenland under the auspices of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences. The object is to explore the unknown north coast of Greenland, and Lieutenant and Mrs. Peary will spend the winter in that country, in order to continue their explorations the following spring.

Mrs. Daniel and her daughter, two Georgia ladies, are said to have made a remarkable success as farmers. Three years ago they were almost destitute. They were offered the use of several acres of land at a fairly easy rent to be paid at the year's end. The two women set to work with energy. The mother took charge of the house, and the daughter of the farm. Miss Daniel took an ax and went into the woods and made a plow stock from a sassafras tree, broke a little bull that was thrown in with the land, and planted and raised the best 10 acres of cotton and corn that were raised in Baldwin county. They paid their rent promptly the first year. Last year they paid for the land, and had money over; and the prospect is that they will grow rich.

### SUBJECTS FOR THOUGHT.

There is creative reading as well as creative writing.

To enjoy reading is to transform wearisome hours into delightful ones.

The manner of giving shows the character of the giver more than the gift itself.

We can not conquer a necessity, but we can yield to it in such a way as to be greater than if we could.

The apparently irreconcilable dissimilarity between our wishes and our means, between our hearts and the world, remains a riddle.

Only as each man or each woman performs his or her personal duty in any department of life can that department be lifted to a higher plane.

To suppose it possible for a man to take much wine and retain a right frame of mind is as bad as to argue that he may take poison and not die, or the juice of black poppy and not sleep.

Until a man can control his own nature, with its various desires and passions, thoughts and emotions, actions and expressions, he can not acquire that real strength which will enable him to conquer the difficulties of life or to obtain any true influence over others.

There is a kind of aid which it is immoral for a friend to give and equally immoral for another to receive; it is the aid which takes the place of work we ought to have done, some energy we ought to have put forth, some strength and power of character we ought to have attained.

To do well is to be well. Persevere in the thought, "I shall be better to-morrow," and it will help you to be so. It has been said that no man ever died without his own consent. Never get your own consent to dying. Resolve to live; resolve to be well. You yourself must make the effort; you must work out your own salvation.

If your love raises and exalts you, if it helps you on your heavenward way; if it brings you nearer to God, if it strengthens you to brave endurance, stimulates you to heroic action, and makes all greatness possible; if, in a word, it possesses itself of you and sweeps you up and out from the finite to the infinite, as a wave bears seaward the strong swimmer, powerless, you are safe.

If a man is constantly learning and never using his knowledge nor communicating it, of what value is it? It does not enrich his own life or that of others, and he can not even leave it behind him when he dies, as the miser does his gold. The affections that are never expressed wither up; the powers that are not exercised decline. The very qualities which are admirable in themselves exist only by being constantly employed for the benefit or pleasure of others. So no man can live unto himself. Whatever he would get and keep, that he must give and use most freely.

Some idea of the foreign population of Chicago may be gained from the fact that of 172,756 voters who registered last autumn 89,247 were naturalized citizens.

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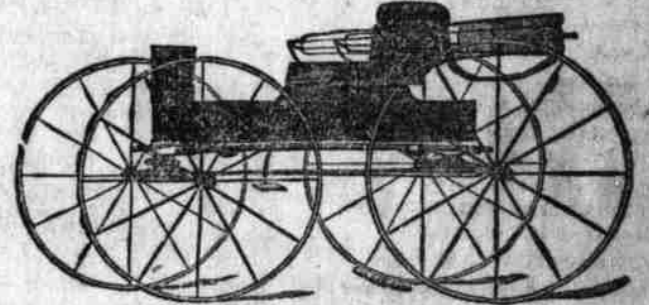
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### NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA. Washington County. In the Superior Court.

Stephen Johnston, vs. Emma Johnston

The defendant above named will take notice that an act, as entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Washington county, being an action for divorce, and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county to be held on Monday 20th day of October 1891, at the Court House of said county in Plymouth, N. C. and answer or demur to the complaint in said action of the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in complaint. T. J. MARRINER, C. of S. C. 9 11-5w

### NOTICE.

The firm of Carrington & Co., of Danville Va., hold notes against me for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars which they are offering for sale. I hereby notify all persons not to purchase these notes as they will not be paid. RUFUS SWAIN. 05-41



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