

# ROANOKE BEACON.

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"FOR GOD, FOR COUNTRY AND FOR TRUTH."

W. FLETCHER AUSTON, EDITOR.  
C. V. W. AUSTON, BUSINESS MANAGER.

VOL. IV.

PLYMOUTH, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1892.

NO. 18.

## Directory.

### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Thos. M. Holt, of Alliance.  
Secretary of State, Octavius Coke, of Wake.  
Treasurer, Donald W. Bain, of Wake.  
Auditor, Geo. W. Sanderlin, of Wayne.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction, Sidney M. Finger, of Catawba.  
Attorney General, Theo. F. Davidson, of Buncombe.

### COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Sheriff, Levi Blount.  
Deputy Sheriff, D. Spruill.  
Treasurer, E. R. Latham.  
Superior Court Clerk, Thos. J. Marriner.  
Register of Deeds, J. P. Hilliard.  
Commissioners, H. J. Starr, W. O. Mariner, B. D. Latham, Jos. Skittetharpe and H. A. Litchfield.  
Board of Education, Thos. S. Armistead, T. L. Tarkenton, J. L. Norman.  
Superintendent of Health, Dr. E. L. Cox.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction, Rev. Luther Eborn.

### CITY.

Mayor and Clerk, J. W. Bryan.  
Treasurer, E. R. Latham.  
Chief of Police, Joseph Tucker.  
Councilmen, E. R. Latham, G. R. Batesman, D. O. Brinkley, J. F. Norman, J. W. Bryan, J. H. Smith, Sampson Towe and Alfred Skinner.

### CHURCH SERVICES.

Methodist—Rev. W. B. Moore, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 8. Sunday school at 9 a. m., J. F. Norman, Superintendent.  
Baptist—Rev. J. F. Tuttle, pastor. Services every 1st and 3rd Sundays at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday night at 7:30. Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30 a. m., J. W. Bryan, Superintendent.

Episcopal—Rev. Luther Eborn, rector. Services every 3d Sunday at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m., L. I. Fagan, Superintendent.

### MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Meets Tuesday after the first Monday of each month, Dr. H. P. Murray, Chairman, LODGES.

K. of H. Plymouth Lodge No. 2508—meets 1st and 3d Thursday nights in each month. W. H. Hampton Dictator, N. B. Yeager Fin. Reporter.

K. of L. of H. Roanoke Lodge—Meets 2d and 4th Thursday nights in each month. J. F. Norman Protector, N. B. Yeager Secretary.

I. O. O. F. Esperanza Lodge, No. 28 meets every Tuesday night at Buehl's Hall. T. J. Lewis, N. G. J. P. Hillard, Secretary.

### COLORED.

### CHURCH SERVICES.

Disciple—Elder A. B. Hicks, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m., 8 p. m., and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m., E. C. Mitchell Superintendent.

Methodist—Rev. C. B. Hogue, pastor. Services every 1st and 3d Sundays at 11 a. m., and at 8 and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m., B. Wiggins, Superintendent; J. W. McDonald, Secretary.

1st Baptist, New Chapel—Services every Sunday at 11 and 8. Rev. S. R. Knight, pastor. Sunday school every Sunday.

2d Baptist, Zion's Hill—H. H. Norman, pastor. Preaching every 4th Sunday. Sunday school every Sunday, Moses Wynn, Superintendent.

### LODGES.

Masons, Carthagean—Meets 1st Monday night in each month. S. Towe, W. M., A. Everett, Secretary.

G. U. O. of F. Meridian Sun Lodge 1624—Meets every 2d and 4th Monday night in each month at 7:30 o'clock. T. F. Beahm, N. G., J. W. McDonald P. S.

Christopher Atches Lodge K. of L. No.—Meets every 1st Monday night in each month at 8 o'clock.

Burying Society meets every 3d Monday night in each month at 8 o'clock, J. M. Walker Secretary.

## Roper Directory.

### CIVIL.

Justice of the Peace, Jas. A. Chesson.  
Constable, Warren Cahoon.

### CHURCHES.

Methodist, Rev. J. T. Finlayson, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock (except the first), and every Sunday night at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Sunday school every morning at 9:30. L. G. Roper Superintendent, E. R. Lewis Secretary.

Episcopal, Rev. Luther Eborn, rector. Services every 2d Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, Thos. W. Blount Superintendent, W. H. Daily Secretary.

Baptist, Rev. Jos. Tinch, pastor. Services every 3d Sunday at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

### LODGES.

Roper Masonic Lodge, A. F. & A. M. No. 443. Meets in their Hall at Roper, N. C., at 7:30 p. m., 1st and 3d Tuesdays after 1st Sunday. J. L. Savage, W. M.; R. L. Williams, Secretary.

### Important to Ladies.

Sir—I made use of your PHILCOTEN with my last child, in order to procure a safe and easy travail. I used it about two months before my expected time, until I was taken sick, and I had a very quick and easy confinement. Nothing occurred to prevent my convalescence, and I got about in less time than was usual for me. I think it a medicine that should be used by every expectant mother, for should they but try it as I have, they would never again be without it at such times. I am yours respectfully Mrs. ELIZABETH DIX.

Any merchant or druggist can procure RILEY'S PHILCOTEN for \$1 a bottle. CHARLES F. RILEY, Wholesale Druggist, 52 Cortlandt St., New York.

## MURRAH, MURRAH, DEMOCRACY!

In serried ranks, with martial tread,  
We come in panoply of right;  
No war to wage with issues dead,  
But living wreaths to fearless smite;  
And high our hearts with fervor swell  
As millions 'neath our flag unite  
To ring the old protection's knell,  
And labor's hosts conduct to light.

### CHORUS.

Then peel our slogan to the sky;  
Cleveland, Cleveland, our rallying cry;  
Hurrah, hurrah, Democracy,  
Cleveland, reform and victory!

'Tis ours for rights of man to stand,  
Which pampered pride would keep in bay  
And mock the ballot's stern command  
With lawless threat of bayonet sway;  
And never shall our flag be furled  
And never shall our zeal decay  
Till freedom's foes from place are hurled  
And, spurned, the people's voice obey.

### [Chorus.]

Arise, ye Democrats, arise!  
Be worthy of your glorious name!  
Advance and grasp a nation's prize,  
And own your heritage of fame,  
Into your hands is given now  
The common people's sacred cause;  
To wage their fight with fearless brow,  
Their mandates pen in equal laws.

### [Chorus.]

## THE PROOF ON WEAVER.

WHICH SHOWS HOW HE ACTED IN TENNESSEE.

The Pulaski Democrat publishes the following leaf from J. B. Weaver's war record:

"General Weaver, while in command at Pulaski, in January, 1864, issued an order to Charles C. Abernathy, John H. Newhill, Robert Rhodes and others that they pay into his hands \$1,000 for the maintenance of refugees (meaning negroes and renegades from Alabama.) This order was accompanied by the threat that if the money was not paid they and their families would be sent south and their property given to said refugees. All of these parties are dead now, and were over sixty years old when that order was issued. Can any Southern man vote for such a heartless wretch? A man by the name of C. W. Witt sold Mr. Jasper Cox, a very poor man, two thousand pounds of bacon, for which he received the cash. Mr. Cox took the bacon to the cotton mills in Lawrence county and traded it for cotton twist. This he carefully stored away in the little cabin, thinking it would assist him in purchasing a little home after the war, as he was very poor with a large family, and had no home. Weaver learned through some source that this gentleman had the cotton twist, and sent a detachment of soldiers to his home and took possession of it, and shipped it to Iowa for his own use. The cotton twist was worth at the time it was stolen \$2,000. Jasper Cox is living in Giles county. John P. Williams, a poor but highly respected farmer in Giles county, had twenty-five fat hogs, which at the time were worth \$10 per hundred gross, and a lot of turkeys. Weaver, in person, took a file of soldiers into Williams' and made the soldiers shoot every hog on the place and had them brought into camp. When Williams asked for a voucher Weaver said: 'I don't give rebels in the South vouchers. I would rather furnish rope to hang every d—n one of them.' Mr. Williams is still living and will swear to the above if necessary. The hogs were valued at \$750. The turkeys belonged to Mrs. Williams, and she begged to have them spared, but the heartless wretch had them all killed and taken to headquarters for his own special use, remarking to Mrs. Williams that she had no business being the wife of a rebel. Weaver made it a practice to charge our citizens 10 cents each for passes to come into and go out of the Federal lines. This money he put into his own pockets. This pass read as follows:

"Pass the bearer through the Federal lines.  
J. B. WEAVER,  
Commander."

### HOW MUCH?

WIL. STAR.

MAXTON, N. C., Aug. 30.—On the streets of Maxton to day a straight Democrat proposed to work one month free for the Third party advocate if he (the Thirdite) would take an oath that he was not paid or promised money to work for or aid the Radical party. The proposition was also, lately declined, without explanation.

Some think the disorganizer has already gotten the hoozie, and it does look that way.

## POLITICAL POINTS.

How about the third party leaders and white Republican bosses spending money in Granville county to get the negroes to endorse the third party ticket? It is so rumored.—Henderson Ledger.

Think of it! Five hundred strikes since the McKinley tariff law went into effect! And all on account of a reduction of workmen's wages. What a fraud the pretense that a high tariff advances wages.—Portland, Me., Argus.

The silver issue has split the Republican party in Nevada into three fragments—the friends of Harrison—those who oppose Weaver but can't support Harrison; and those who bolt Harrison and will vote for Weaver. Out of this jumble the People's party hopes to profit, and there may be a possibility of Democratic success.—Philadelphia Record.

These are Republican times. The troops of three States, not to speak of the federal troops in Idaho, are under arms to keep the peace between labor and capital. How happy and prosperous labor must feel. How contented the country must be, thus overrun with the military and its peace threatened by desperate workmen.—Grand Rapids Press.

Mr. Cleveland is not opposed to the free coinage of silver dollars which are equal to gold dollars, but he is opposed to the free coinage of seventy cent dollars and that is the position of the Democratic party as declared in its platform. The free coinage of seventy cent silver dollars is nothing more than the government making the silver miners a present of thirty cents every time it coins a silver dollar for them. It does not look fair for a miner, because he has plenty of silver bullion, to be allowed to carry it to a United States mint and get a dollar for every seventy cents he deposits there.—Weldon News.

When R. B. Glenn, Democratic candidate for Presidential elector, was speaking at Macon, in Warren county, a few days ago an incident occurred which shows the temper and determination of the Third party leaders. During his speech Mr. Glenn asked if any one in the crowd who belonged to the Third party would be willing to see the State once more turned over to the Republican party. Mr. Squire, who lives in the county, replied that for himself he would "rather see every office, from President to constable, filled with the blackest negroes in the State than to see the present plutocratic Democrats in power." Upon this a lady arose and said: Mr. Glenn, do not notice this man. He is unworthy of your notice.—Graham Sun.

There is something in the recurring seasons—in politics as well as in other matters, and Richard Croker the Tammany chief, points out the fact that New York has alternated between the two parties in presidential years. Thus Lincoln carried New York in 1864; Seymour in 1868; Grant in 1872; Tilden in 1876; Garfield in 1880; Cleveland in 1884, and Harrison in 1888. In 1892 Cleveland will carry it, he said, and he added that Cleveland is going to carry the country. It is our duty, he said, to give him a majority in New York greater than any on record. We can do it—and we will. On that sentiment the News and Observer cordially shakes hands with Mr. Croker. We can do it and we will! That is what we want to hear through out the length and breadth of North Carolina. Away with all doubts. Resolve and go ahead!—News and Observer.

## HOW SULLIVAN TALKS.

HE GIVES IT UP THAT CORBETT WAS TOO QUICK FOR HIM.

Telegraph to News and Observer.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 8.—It transpires that Sullivan after his defeat last night began undoing all the careful work of training which he and his trainers had been doing for weeks past. Chagrined coupled with defeat and the absence of motive for further training doubtless led the man to resume convivial habits. His deep sleep this morning was the result of potations. When he awakened he was taken over to the Gymnasium club and there kept until time to resume the homeward journey at 8:30. The great giant presented a pitiable spectacle. The cut on the nose had been closed but the eyes were black-

ened. The whole face was swollen. While he tried to smoke the sudden butt of a cigar he talked in a mauling voice of his downfall. Sullivan lays the greatest stress on the fact that he could not reach Corbett, the shifty lightning tactics of the New Champion dazed him. The Californian circled and circled and kept Sullivan circling in order to face him. This frequent whirling of lights and mazy swimming of thousands of white and eager faces banked upon all sides, all tended to confuse and daze the big man of Boston. The lightning flashlike science of the younger man was a revelation to Sullivan, who in his best days had never possessed such pugilistic elements.

"But I did not run away" the big fellow almost sobbed. "Look up in a room. Just look me in a room with him and see what I could do with him."

"But he licked me. I give him all the credit he wants. He licked me square enough but let him go through what I have, let him knock them all out for twelve years and then see if he can do any better than I did. Yes, he licked the champion and now he's champion; let him take care of it as good as I did, that's all. I ain't kicking." After awhile he went to lie down in the club house and fell asleep without the attentions paid him hourly yesterday. Stand some Dan Murphy was about the only one of the Sullivan outfit who was attending the ex-champion. Wakely and Johnson and Moran, his backers, were blocks away and about the hotel while the faithful Phil Casey was packing up for the journey and Jack Ashton was drinking in a party whose chief occupation was the admiration of Jack McAnally who was about the bar room.

## THE THIRD PARTY IN THE SOUTH.

Philadelphia Record.

But for the fact that the leaders of the Farmers' Alliance in the Southern States made their followers believe that the Lodge Force bill was dead and buried there would not at this time have been any Third party in the South worth talking about; and notwithstanding the duplicity, active or passive, of most of the Republican leaders and all or nearly all of their party organs on the subject of the Force bill, those who have been deluded about its death and burial are rapidly learning the truth. Before the dawn of November every farmer will comprehend that votes against Cleveland and Democratic Congressmen will count as votes in favor of the Lodge Force bill, and the Third party in the Southern States will be reduced to a skeleton.

Any man in any Southern State who should knowingly lend his support, directly or indirectly, to the Lodge Force bill would not dare to look an honest woman in the face, and honest men would regard him with scorn. It is in the very nature of things that such should be the case. From an experience in some of the States more terrible than that of the war, and from traditions which curdle the blood of rising generations, nothing imaginable could be so dreadful to the white men and women of the South as negro domination. There is not even an honest negro in the South who has acquired an interest in the soil and has a family to look after who would not dread it.

The friends of Mr. Cleveland in the Northern States need feel no concern about a Third party in the South nor need they waste anathemas on the Democratic renegades in that section who are trying to play the role of Alliance brokers in treating with Republican emissaries; for they will be unable to deliver the goods.

## WHY, CERTAINLY.

Rude familiarities will soon lay down the barricade between sexes, and young ladies should never allow it. A girl with her good name once smirched rarely ever outlives it. Even after she marries some fellow will say: "I used to hug that thing for all she was worth." Beware, girls, that your good name is not smirched.—Selected.

## MIRTH.

When a girl is bent on getting married she stands up straighter than ever—Siftings.

It's a queer man who wouldn't rather feel his oats than his corns.—Phila. Times.

A great many who try to act the prodigal son find too late that they acted the calf instead.—Atchinson Globe.

"My boy," said the musician to his son, "don't be too sharp nor yet too flat. Just be natural."—Birmingham Republican.

Little Johnny thinks it is a good deal nicer to be tanned at the seasons than to be tanned in school.—Boston Transcript.

"A man may be drove to drink," said Officer McGibb, "but to dink him away from it I find he has to be pulled."—Indianapolis Journal.

George—Now that we are engaged, I have taken out an insurance policy in your favor.

Ethel—How thoughtful; but why don't you get papa's consent, George?

George—It ain't an accident policy.—N. Y. Herald.

Willy—Mamma, you know you said you'd whip me if I went in swimming?

His Mother—Yes.

Well, will you do it now?

What—why?

Well, I think I'll have to go in swimming with the boys this afternoon and I'd like to have the whippin' first.—Boston News.

It was awfully mean to deprive us of our votes that way, said the feminine politician.

How did they accomplish it?

They got a lot of mice and turned them loose around the polls.—Wash. Star.

Frankly—Now, I have taken a day off to see this game, and I want you to tell me where to put my money?

Rankly—Cert, old boy; just go back and give it to your wife.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

## COMING TO THE ONLY PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Carolinian.

H. H. Nichols, Esq., a prominent Allianceman of Mt. Tirzah, Person county, who in his earnest desire to secure reforms, lent toward the People's party, writes a letter to the Roxboro Courier from which we quote and commend to the consideration of every Allianceman in the State. He says:

I have reconsidered the political situation. You know that wise men sometimes change their opinions, but fools never. Even if I am not wise let me claim to be honest, and an honest man will certainly acknowledge an error.

It is true that my conduct has indicated a Third party tendency in me, but I trust that never again shall any one have cause to doubt my Democracy. It is true that I am in favor of reform, but I do not want it the way the Third party Convention at Raleigh mapped out. I want reform and we need it, but it can't come that way. We do not need any Third party then, and I am sorry that anybody but a Republican wants to defeat Elias Carr and Baldy Williams. Every good white man ought to vote for them. I am a Farmer's Allianceman, but am no Third party man, to beat Capt. Williams and our State ticket, headed by Elias Carr. Heretofore my works have proven my Democracy in every respect. The Third party promises to be too much mixed with negroes to suit me, in many counties the negroes are being active in the Third party. Just down in Vance county they have already nominated a negro for Register of Deeds. I believe this is a white man's country. White men discovered it. White men made its constitution. White men have made it what it is, and I believe they ought to rule it. I don't blame the negro for trying to govern, and I don't blame him for trying to be as good as a white man in every way—he ought to try to improve himself. But I do blame any white man who does not try to keep himself above and better than a negro. If we sit by them in conventions and beg them for their influence is that not a step toward social equality? How can any self respecting white man encourage social equality, for my part I will never, no never do anything that tends towards bringing the races together, but on the contrary I do all in my power to keep them forever distinct in all respects. The white people will always give them justice and protect them, and will always be their friends, but God himself made the color line and man should preserve it. The Democratic party is the only party that will preserve it—let us be Democratic Alliancemen, let us stand by our State and our homes.

## DEMOCRATS.

Tarboro Southern.

The following resolution was submitted Thursday to the members of the Tarboro Alliance, and on a poll of these every one except one and a half favored it. The half a vote comes from one who favored the resolution for the State politics but not for the national:

RESOLVED, That it is the sense of this Alliance that in our estimation the only party that is in sympathy with the masses of the people, and that the only means by which they can get relief and retain the present system of State and county government, is through and by the Democratic party; that the tariff, the main issue of the day, is strictly ignored in the platforms of all other parties, Therefore be it

RESOLVED, That we pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to elect that ticket on the 8th day of November next.

That a copy of this resolution be published in Farmers' Advocate and Tarboro Southern.

## THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM ON THE FORCE BILL.

"We solemnly declare that the need of a return to the fundamental principles of free popular government, based on home rule and individual liberty, was never more urgent than now, when the tendency to centralize all power at the Federal capital has become a menace to the reserved rights of the States that strikes at the very roots of our Government and the Constitution as framed by the fathers of the republic."

"We warn the people of our common country, jealous for the preservation of their free institutions, that the policy of the Federal control of elections to which the Republican party has committed itself is fraught with gravest dangers, scarcely less momentous than would result from a revolution practically establishing monarchy on the ruins of the republic. It strikes at the heart as well as the South and injures the colored citizen even more than the white. It means a land of deputy marshals at every polling place armed with Federal power; returning boards appointed and controlled by Federal authority; the outrage of the electoral rights of the people in the several States; the subjugation of the colored people to the control of the party in power, and the reviving of race antagonism, now happily abated, of the utmost peril to the safety and happiness of all—a measure deliberately and justly described by a leading Republican Senator as 'the most infamous bill that ever crossed the threshold of the Senate.'"

## TARBORO ALLIANCE.

Star.

The Tarboro Alliance is a level headed body of men and shows that it fully understands and appreciates the conditions that confront the people of this country and North Carolina. At a meeting recently, by a practically unanimous vote, there being but one vote and a half against them, the following resolutions, which we find in the Tarboro Southern were passed.

RESOLVED, That it is the sense of this Alliance that in our estimation the only party that is in sympathy with the masses of the people, and that the only means by which they can get relief and retain the present system of State and county government, is through and by the Democratic party; that the tariff, the main issue of the day, is strictly ignored in the platforms of all the other parties. Therefore be it

RESOLVED, That we pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to elect that ticket on the 8th day of November next.

This is the way that every patriotic, sensible Allianceman in North Carolina ought to feel and think, and now that the Republican party manipulators have shown their hands so boldly, so unequivocally declared their purposes, and so defiantly thrown down the gauntlet, it is the way that nearly all will think before the 8th day of November, when the destinies of this country and State are to be settled for weal or for woe.

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, cancer mouth and headache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50c. Sold by Bryan & Chears, Plymouth, and Dr. B. F. Hallsey, Roper, N. C.

## DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The following is the State Democratic platform as adopted by the State convention assembled May 18:

RESOLVED, 1. That the democracy of North Carolina reaffirm the principles of the democratic party, both State and national, and particularly favor the free coinage of silver and an increase of the currency, and the repeal of the internal revenue system. And we denounce the McKinley tariff bill as unjust to the consumers of the country, and leading to the formation of trusts, combines and monopolies which have oppressed the people; and especially do we denounce the unnecessary and burdensome increase in the tax on cotton ties and on tea, so largely used by the poorer portion of the people. We likewise denounce the inequitable force bill, which is not yet abandoned by the republican party, but is being urged as a measure to be adopted as soon as they regain control of the House of Representatives, the purpose and effect of which measure will be to establish a second period of reconstruction in the Southern States, to subvert the liberties of our people and inflame a new race antagonism and sectional animosities.

2. That we demand financial reform, and the enactment of laws that will remove the burden of the people relative to the existing agricultural depression, and do full and ample justice to the farmers and laborers of our country.

3. That we demand the abolition of national banks, and the substitution of legal tender treasury notes in lieu of national bank notes, issued in sufficient volume to do the business of the country on a cash system, regulating the amount needed on a per capita basis as the business interests of the country expand, and that all money issued by the government shall be legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.

4. That we demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures of all agricultural and mechanical productions; providing such stringent system of procedure in trials as shall secure prompt conviction and imposing such penalties as shall secure most perfect compliance with the law.

5. That we demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

6. That we demand the passage of laws prohibiting the alien ownership of land, and that Congress take early steps to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates; and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations, in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them, be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

7. Believing in the doctrine of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," we demand that taxation, national or State, shall not be used to build up one interest or class at the expense of another. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all revenue, national, State or county, shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

8. That Congress issue a sufficient amount of fractional paper currency to facilitate the exchange through the medium of the United States mail.

RESOLVED, That the General Assembly pass such laws as will make the public school system more effective than the blessings of education may be extended to all the people of the State alike.

That we demand a graduated tax on incomes.

"Any Port in a Storm."

That's a good maxim, but it will not work as a rule in the purchase of a remedy for Rheumatism. Any of the cheap nostrums will not effect a cure—in fact none of them will. Don't trifle with life and prolong agony. Get Dr. Drummmond's Lightning Remedy, and a speedy cure is certain. It costs \$5 a bottle, but one bottle is worth a hundred of anything else, and for that reason it is the cheapest when a cure is wanted. Sent to any address by prepaid express on receipt of price. Drummmond Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.