

# The Roanoke Beacon.

\$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

"FOR GOD, FOR COUNTRY, AND FOR TRUTH."

Single Copy, 5 Cents.

VOL. XII.

PLYMOUTH, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1901.

NO. 32.

## WINS SECOND TIME.

### Columbia Leads Shamrock in Another Fair Race.

## THE FASTEST RACE IN CUP CONTEST

### The Shamrock Got Exactly the Kind of Weather Desired, and Was Out-sailed by the Columbia.

New York, Special.—Here is the official time of the second race between the Shamrock II and the Columbia for the American cup: Start, Shamrock, 11:00:13; Columbia, 11:01:47; first mark, Shamrock, 11:51:10; Columbia, 11:52:22; second mark, Shamrock, 12:45:57; Columbia, 12:46:39. Finish, Shamrock, 2:16:23; Columbia, 2:15:05; elapsed time, Shamrock, 3:16:10; Columbia, 3:13:18; corrected time, Shamrock, 3:16:10; Columbia, 3:12:35; course triangular; first leg east half south, ten miles; second leg, southwest half south, ten miles; third leg north northeast, ten miles to finish; weather, fresh breeze from north northwest, which remained true and maintained its strength throughout the day.

In a glorious whole sail breeze, which heeled the big cup contestants down until their lee rails were awash in the foaming seas, Herreshoff's white wonder, the Columbia, beat Watson's British creation over a triangular course of 30 miles by 2 minutes and 52 seconds, actual time. With the 43 seconds which the Irish sloop must allow the American boat on account of her larger sail plan, the Columbia won the second race of the series by 3 minutes 35 seconds. The fastest race ever sailed in a cup contest, it was not only a royal struggle from a spectacular point of view, but it was absolutely decisive as to the merits of the two racing machines. There is not a yachting man who witnessed the race Thursday who is not firmly convinced that the defender is the abler boat, blow high or blow low, beating, reaching or running, and that Sir Thomas and his merry British tars are doomed to return home empty handed.

### Schley's Conduct in Action.

Washington, D. C., Special.—After Lieutenant Doyle, formerly of Commodore Schley's flagship, the Brooklyn, had completed his testimony before the Schley court of inquiry Thursday, Captain Wm. C. Dawson, of the marine corps, was called, and he was followed by Lieutenant Charles W. Dyson, of the bureau of steam engineering, of the Navy Department. Lieutenant Dyson was introduced to testify concerning the coal supply of the flying squadron but the court adjourned for the day before he could be heard. At the opening of court Lieutenant Doyle resumed his testimony. Mr. Rayner asked:

"What was Admiral Schley's conduct and bearing at any time either during the bombardments or during the battle of July 3, when his ship was under fire?"

"He always struck me as being just about as well possessed as it was possible for anybody to be under those circumstances."

### Sympathetic Strike Threatened.

Chicago, Special.—All the aerial line and repair men connected with the various telegraph and telephone companies in Chicago except about half the Western Union force have declared, according to the strikers of the Chicago Telephone Company, that they will go out on a sympathetic strike unless the telephone company settles with its striking linemen.

### McArthur May Succeed Otis.

Chicago, Special.—Gen. MacArthur will probably be the next commander of the Department of the Lakes. Gen. MacArthur passed through Chicago Thursday on his way to Washington, and when asked if he were to take command of the Department in March, when Col. Otis retires, he said: "I think it very possible indeed, I may say probable, that I shall assume command."

### Henry Cramp Dead.

Philadelphia, Special.—Henry W. Cramp, eldest son of Chas. H. Cramp, and vice president of the Cramp Ship and Engine Building Company, died Thursday, at Devon Inn, near this city, from a complication of diseases. He had been ill three weeks. Mr. Cramp had been connected with the shipyard from his boyhood. He was 52 years old and unmarried.

## SOLDIERS BADLY BURNED.

### Harrowing Details of the Samar Slaughter.

Manila, By Cable.—The latest advice from the island of Samar give harrowing details of the slaughter of the members of Company C, Ninth United States Infantry, last Saturday at Baligigan. It seems that the president of the town, claiming to be friendly, led the assault in person. On hearing of the slaughter Colonel Isaac DeRussey, of the Eleventh Infantry, started for the scene immediately with a battalion. The body of Captain Connell had been tied at the heels saturated with kerosene and partly burned. Forty-five bodies had been burned in a trench, leaving seven unaccounted for. The charred remains of many were recovered. In many instances the bodies had been badly mutilated. Three hundred Macabebes will also be dispatched to the scene of the massacre on board the Legaspi, which is delayed by a typhoon.

### Clemency Asked for Czolgosz.

Albany, N. Y., Special.—Odell arrived in this city from Newburgh, and when he reached the executive chamber he was surprised to find on his desk two letters requesting him to commute to life imprisonment the sentence of Czolgosz, the murderer of President McKinley. One letter was sent by a man in Illinois and the other by a man in Maine. They were evidently written by cranks, in the opinion of the Governor, and no attention will be paid to them. "You may be assured, that nothing will be done by me," said Governor Odell, "to prevent the execution of Czolgosz on the day fixed by law." The Governor also received a petition that the body of the murderer after the electrocution be buried at sea. The Governor understands that the body must be surrendered to the condemned man's relatives if they claim it after death and that they have charge of its disposition.

### Pre-Arranged.

Manila, By Cable.—The United States hospital ship Reller will leave here with one battalion of the Seventh Regiment and at Legaspi will embark a battalion of the Twenty-sixth Regiment to re-enforce the troops in the island of Samar. The American publishes a telegram giving an account of the fight in which a majority of the men of Company C, Ninth Regiment, were killed near Balangiza, September 28th. The fight was long premeditated and the Filipinos were called to commit the slaughter by the ringing of church bells at daylight. They got between the soldiers, who were at breakfast, and their quarters. The insurgents were mostly armed with bolts, but they had a few rifles with them.

### Hanged to a Trestle.

Shelbyville, Ky., Special.—Jimbo Fields, aged 16, and Clarence Garnett, aged 18, both colored, were lynched here early Friday morning for the alleged murder of Willie Hart, a printer, who was stoned to death on Saturday night, September 22. The boys were taken from the jail and swung from the Cando trestle within 500 yards of the jail. The mob went to the jail, and demanded the keys from the jailer, but he refused to surrender them. The doors of the jail were battered down. The prisoners were removed almost before they had time to realize what was happening. The work was done quietly, and the mob disappeared without its members' identity becoming known. Hart's body was found in a path leading from the house of the mother of Jimbo Fields.

### Great Rush for Nome.

Port Townsend, Wash., Special.—The steamship Queen arrived from Cape Nome, bringing 474 passengers and a half million dollars in gold dust. The passengers report that Nome is crowded with people waiting for an opportunity to get out. The custom report at Nome shows that 7,000 people arrived there this season and that 4,000 have already departed.

## JUDGE BOYD'S NAME

### Used By a Fake Promoter of a Company in the Philippines.

## IT IS MENTIONED BY COL. HEISTAND

### Who is on Trial Before the Senate Committee Charged With Manila Frauds.

Washington, Special.—When Judge James E. Boyd was Assistant Attorney General he became interested in a company to form a deal in Manila hemp. Assistant General Corbin, Assistant Secretary Melklejohn and Colonel Heistand, U. S. A., were in with Judge Boyd. The capital of the company was to be \$1,000,000. Now Heistand is on trial before the Senate committee charged with fraud.

His part of the testimony contains Mr. Boyd's name as mentioned by Major E. L. Hawks, the promoter of the company. Senator Harris asked the witness if he had expected that the gentlemen named in connection with the company were expected to use any influence other than that of stockholders in its behalf.

"They were not to pay anything for their stock."

"Did they know this?"  
"I desire to say that I never had any conversation with any of the gentlemen named except with Mr. Boyd," was the reply. "I took Colonel Heistand's word for it."

"Did any of the gentlemen ever sign any subscriptions to stock?" inquired Senator Hawley.

"The only paper any of them ever signed was the 'To whom it may concern' letter."

"Was there anything in your conversation with Mr. Boyd regarding the matter of influence?"

"I do not recollect."

"Did you ask Mr. Boyd to sign the 'To whom it may concern' letter?"

"I gave him the letter and he signed it."

The witness reiterated that he had never had any conversation with Mr. Boyd about the amount of stock he was to have. It had never been fully decided what the amount of stock in the proposed company would be. It was first intended to be \$1,000,000, of which the promoters were to get 15 per cent, or \$150,000, of which the witness and Col. Heistand were to get \$40,000 each, the rest to be divided up, as formerly stated, between the other alleged promoters and Attorneys Dudley and Michener. No prospectus of the company was ever published.

### Judge Boyd's Statement.

Greensboro, N. C., Special.—Judge Boyd returned from a visit to Washington. While there he attended the investigation now being conducted by a committee of the Senate in regard to the alleged frauds of the Manila hemp combination. While he was Assistant Attorney General Judge Boyd was instrumental in having E. L. Hawks appointed to a commission in the volunteer army. After the Cuban campaign he was requested by Hawks to assist in the formation of the Manila Hemp Company, but Judge Boyd emphatically refused to have anything to do with the concern. Afterwards, however, his name was used without his knowledge or consent. Some of the other gentlemen whose names were used in the same manner are Adjutant General Corbin, Assistant Secretary Melklejohn, Governor Charles H. Allen and Lewis B. Jackson.

### Emma Goldman to Lecture.

Chicago, Special.—The speech which Leon Czolgosz claims inspired him to assassinate the President will be repeated by Emma Goldman here Thursday night. Czolgosz heard this lecture in Cleveland and Miss Goldman said today she wished to give the public a chance to see if there was anything incendiary in it. So deep has the feeling against the anarchists been that not until yesterday were the reds able to secure a hall at any price. The chief of police said he would have detectives in the hall to preserve order and keep the speaker's utterances within proper bounds.

### Cubans Accept.

Havana, Special.—The constitutional convention has addressed a letter to Governor General Wood, informing him that the changes which he suggested should be made in the election law have been made and that the convention deeming its work completed and is ready to dissolve. It is probable that General Wood in his reply will suggest a dissolution.

## NORTH CAROLINA CROP BULLETIN.

### No More Regular Bulletins During the Present Season.

Generally fair weather prevailed during the greater portion of the past week, which was very favorable for farm work, such as picking cotton, making hay, plowing, etc., but rather low temperatures from Monday to Saturday prevented much further progress in the growth of vegetation. A general rain with brisk to high easterly winds began Friday night, and some local heavy showers damaged unstacked hay and open cotton at many places on both Saturday and Sunday. The rainfall the latter part of the week was quite unnecessary and only hindered farm work. The soil is now in very good condition for plowing, and much progress in that work was made. Some winter oats have been sown, and the indications are that a large acreage will be seeded to winter wheat. Splendid crops of crabgrass and pea-vine hay were saved during the week; fodder-pulling is now generally completed.

The cool weather has prevented any further development of the top bolls of cotton; many bolls are small, hard, plainly immature and valueless. Shedding and rust are still reported from several sections. Cotton opened rather slowly during the week, but picking made fairly good headway, where there were sufficient hands for the work. Corn is turning out rather a poor crop, excepting on some uplands. Tobacco is nearly all cut. Sweet potatoes are yielding fairly well, as also peanuts, rice and field peas; fall cabbages and late Irish potatoes are poor. Turnips have improved and are growing very nicely. The season has been very favorable for setting out strawberry plants, and a considerable increase in the acreage devoted to strawberries is apparent.

NOTE:—This is the last crop bulletin for the season of 1901. As cotton however, will come in very late, a special bulletin will be issued in case any marked injury to that crop occurs during October.

### Lyle Sentenced.

Charlotte, Special.—Charlie Lyle, charged with larceny, was convicted in the Superior Court and sentenced to 12 months on the county roads. He will not take an appeal, but will serve the sentence. This is, practically, the end of a very sensational episode. It will be remembered that the verdict of the coroner's jury charged Lyle with the murder of Newton Lanier, who was found dead near this city August. An analysis of the contents of Lanier's stomach by a chemist disclosed the presence of a large quantity of morphine; supporting the theory that Lanier had committed suicide or at any rate, had taken the poison voluntarily. The grand jury failed to find a bill for murder against Lyle, but acted upon testimony that showed that Lyle had tricked and swindled the dead man out of \$20.

### North State Items.

The Governor pardons Alex. Hill, who was serving a four months' sentence on the roads in Forsyth for fornication and adultery. Hill's wife had left him over seven years and he had a popular idea that he could remarry. The statute says that a person remarrying under such conditions is not guilty of bigamy, but of fornication and adultery. Hill is old and feeble and had served half his term. The judge and solicitor recommended pardon.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction decides that a coat is not a prerequisite to attendance at a North Carolina public school. This appears to settle the High Point case, which has attracted so much attention in the papers.

The tax books of Cumberland county show an increase in valuation of half a million this year over last year.

While Secretary Bruner and Curator Brimley are in the west collecting specimens for the exhibit at Charleston, H. P. Dortch is in the east, now the best tobacco section, getting specimens for the same use.

State Chemist Kilgore has gone to Hot Springs, Ark., to represent North Carolina at the convention of commissioners of agriculture of the cotton States.

## SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL

### New Enterprises That Are Enriching Our Favored Section.

### Marine Works at Norfolk.

Work has been started at Norfolk on a marine railway, machide works, boiler shops, saw-mill and woodwork department, equipped with modern apparatus and machinery for repairing marine craft. It is the intention to add the construction of tugs, schooners and kindred vessels. The railway will accommodate a 1000-ton vessel; its groundways will extend 550 feet into the water, where a depth of twenty to twenty-five feet is had. Messrs. Fred O. Smith and Geo. W. McCoy, proprietors of the Southern Iron Works at Berkeley, Va., are building the new plant, and will operate it.

### Duck Mills to Enlarge.

The Anchor Duck Mill of Rome, Ga., will enlarge its plant. This mill was built during the past year and completed recently. Its equipment is mainly thirty looms and steam-power plant for the production of duck and other heavy goods, its capitalization being \$20,000. The improvements mentioned will include the erection of an additional building and the installation of machinery, about \$20,000 to \$25,000 to be the expenditure. This enlargement will considerably increase the output.

### South and West to Finance Their Crops.

The fact that not until last week did St. Louis call upon the United States Treasury for money to move the crops, and then for only \$300,000, is an indication of how the financial independence of the interior has grown. In former years.

### Hustling at Henderson.

A letter from Henderson, N. C., says: "Our town is humming with various new enterprises. The cotton mills, the knitting mill, the buggy factory, the ice factory and the steam laundry make things lively, and all do a very good business."

### Industrial Miscellany.

Work upon the government navy-yard at Charleston, involving the expenditure within the next three years of \$6,000,000, is to begin early next month. The work involves the construction of two drydocks of stone and concrete 750 feet long and 140 feet wide, and accommodations for the torpedo fleet and machine and repair shops.

The Southern Pacific Railway Co. has placed its first oil-burning engine in service between Houston and Galveston. The officials have found that with 675 gallons of oil as much steam can be produced as with four and one-half tons of coal, and that the combustion of the oil is attended with satisfactory results. Steam can be raised more quickly than with coal, and as high a rate of speed attained.

At the meeting of the Island Park Driving Association at Albany, N. Y., "Dariat," driven by Miss Nina Phelps, of Watervliet, N. Y., beat the world's record for lady drivers by 3 seconds. The horse trotted the mile in 2:09 1-4. The best previous record for a lady driver was 2:12 1-2.

During August there were mined at the Brushy Mountain mines in Tennessee 21,446.65 tons of coal, while the coke ovens turned out 4,712.90 tons of coke.

The Long Island Railroad has filed an application for permission to construct a tunnel under the East river to New York city.

### Textile Notes.

The Scotland Cotton Mill of Laurinburg, S. C., is about to contract for five 10-inch revolving flat top cards, and is asking for bids on this machinery.

It is proposed to organize a \$20,000 stock company at Greenwood, S. C., for the erection of a cotton-bating mill, and Mayor T. B. Lee can give information.

The Tifton (Ga.) Cotton Mills Co., has completed its new mill, and expects to be in full operation in another week. The spindles number 5132, and the product is to be thread, and later lace curtain and yarns.

The Wisconsset Mills Co. of Albemarle, N. C., has completed the \$2000 school building which it has been erecting. This school is to be equipped and officered for instructing the children of the mill's operatives.

The Durham (N. C.) Hosiery Mills states that it will remove to its new plant about November 1. With the 100 new machines to be added the plant will have a daily output of about 1200 dozen seamless hose and half-hose.