VOL. XX.

PLYMOUTH, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1909.

Great Financier and World's Phenomenal Railroad Organizer Passes Away At His Princely Home At Arden, New York.

home on Tower Hill, surrounded by

3:35 p. m., but Mrs. Mary Simons, made to contribute to their welfare. sister of the dead man, said that the hours previous. Whether this appar- name familiar to all the reading pubent discrepancy has any bearing on lie was in May, 1891, when he strugthe current belief that every effort gled with the Morgan and Hill inwas made to lessen the influence of terests for control of the Northern the financier's death on the New York | Pacific. On May 9 of that year the stock market is problematical. But historic Northern Pacific corner reit is significant that the time of his sulted in the stock of the company death as officially announced was just going to \$1,000. At the "show down" ceased on the exchange.

almost to the end his brilliant mind by-law of the company which permitretained its integrity. After a re- ted the retirement of preferred stock lapse on Sunday he sank steadily and at any time. Of his holdings \$41,soon after the noon hour Thursday 000,000 was preferred, but Harriman there came a relapse which marked secured a compromise and he and the approach of the end. His wife, two daughters, the Misses Mary and to the Northern Pacific directorate. Carol, and his sons, who have been constantly with him.

riman garage had been despatched rushed up the mountainside at break- on Harpiman lines nearly all the way. neck speed he did not arrive until death had come to Arden house.

maintained at the Harriman resi- 000,000 to \$100,000,000. He was, of dence unbroken to the very end, news | course, a large holder of securities of | of Mr. Harriman's death was convey- the various corporations with which ed to New York before it came to be was identified, including in addi-Arden and the valley below.

Harriman was interred in the lit- smaller or tributary properties, not tle country churchyard beside his only in this country but in Mexico oldest son, E. H. Harriman, Jr., at as well. Report eredited him with Arden, Sunday at 3 p. m. Rev. J. large personal holdings in various Holmes McGuirness, rector of St. railroad systems. His real estate John's church, conducted the coremony in the Episcopal church, Short tively small. His home at Arden is services at the Arden house were held said to represent an outlay of over at 2 o'clock preceding the burial. \$2,000,000.

The active pall-bearers were C. T. Ford, superintendent of the Harriman estate; I. W. Mandige, head ear- lie, and to give it good service at the penter of the Harriman estate; E. P. lowest possible cost, with, if pos-Schultz, master mason of the Arden house: William Robbins, superintendent of the Arden farms, and W. A. McClelland, superintendent of stores of the Harriman estate. These men were pall-hearers according to Mr. Harriman's wish.

62nd year.

men who startle the world, came up cier's death said: from poverty and started out with little education, but step by step, Mr. Harriman's successor will be, with an unflagging ambition, rose to but I know that his death will be one be a factor to be recknoed with by of the greatest shocks to the pro-

the great financiers of the world. was going begging and the road was know that it was Mr. Harriman's inthe despair of many moneyed inter- tention to use his Illionis Central and ests, whose brains and capital had Central of Georgia lines for the defailed to place it on a paying basis, veloping of the South's resources and Harriman, backed by Knhn, Loeb & to further the interests of the more

SOUTHERN COLLEGE FOR WOMEN CONSUMED BY FIRE

Arden, N. Y., Special.-Edward H. | dertook the rehabilitation of the rail-Harriman, the greatest organizer of road. He secured a controlling in railroads the world has ever known, and through his transcendent genius, terest, reorganized the management, met the only lasting defeat of his ac- converted the bankrupt company into tive life Thursday at the hands of one of the best dividend-paying roads death. Secluded in the magnificent in the country. In this and later, when he took hold of the Southern members of his family, physicians of lavish expenditure, which made Pacific, Harriman's policy was one and nurses, he succumbed to an intes- the properties as near physically pertinal disorder Thursday afternoon feet as possible. The matter of divafter a fight against disease which idends was allowed to wait upon their will rank for sheer grit with his re- perfection. This policy has continued markable struggles in the financial has been added a close study of the on all the Harriman lines, and to it territories adjacent to the property The time was given to the world as and which contributed, or could be

Harriman's most spectacular perend had come at 1:30, more than two formance and that which made his 35 minutes after the trading had Harriman produced \$78,000,000 in stocks, However, the Hill-Morgan Mr. Harriman died peacefully and people held the whip-hand through a some of his associates were elected

Harriman, it is said, controlled 18,000 miles of railway, or six times No spiritual adviser was at hand, across the continent; that these lines The swiftest automobile in the Har- employ 80,000 men; that, in addition, he directed 54,000 miles of steamship for the Rev. Dr. J. Holmes McGuiness lines, making 72,000 miles of transan Episcopal rector of Arden parish, portation in all; that one could go and Mr. Harriman's personal chap- from New York to Hongkong without lain, but Dr. McGuiness was not at ever leaving the Harriman lines and home. When found later, although that he could return by another route

Financiers in recent estimates of Harriman's personal wealth With the secrecy that has been have varied all the way from \$50,tion to the Union Pacific and South-Without pomp or ceremony E. H. ern Pacific systems, over a score of holdings in this city were compara-

"My railroad methods," said Mr. Harriman once, 'are to serve the pubsible, no favoritism. It gets its money's worth from me. My method is to give the public the best equipment, the best time, the best track.

Shock to Progress of Suth. Chattanooga, Tenn., Special.-Jas. U. Jackson, of Augusta, Ga., one of Mr. Harriman was born February the business associates of the labe-25, 1848, and was therefore in his Edward H. Harriman, and part owner of the Augusta street railway sys-Mr. Harriman, like many other tem, in speaking of the great finan-

"I do not know what the policy of gress of the South that could have At the time the Union Pacific stock been received. I am in a position to Co., and Standard Oil interests, un- progressive communities.

Both the North and the South Have Had a Season of Unparalleled Activity-Statement Showing the Production and Consumption by the Mills of the Southern States.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

New Orleans, La., Special.—Supplementing his report on the cotton crop for 1908-'09, as issued on August 31, Secretary Hester, of the New Orleans Cetton Exchange, Tuesday made a detailed report of the crops of the different States as follows:

Alabama 1,428,009, against 1,171,000 last year. Arkansas 1,052,000, against 787,-

Florida 75,000, against 60,000.

Georgia 2,118,000, against 1,964,-Mississippi 1,673,000, against 1,

496,000. Louisiana 485,000, against 673,000. North Carolina 747,000, against

South Carolina 1,298,000, against 1.226,000.

Tennessee 426,000, against 335,000, Texas 3,819,000, against 2,221,000. Oklahoma 704,000, against 950,000. Total erop 13,825,000, against 41,-572,000 last year.

He puts the spindles in the South at 11,255,787, including old, idle, and not complete, against 10,661,308 last year, an increase of 594,479.

Referring to the consumption . by American mills Mr. Hester says that North and South they have had a season of unparalleled activity. In no past year, he states, have they consumed so much cotton, and phenomenal as the extent of the business has been it has not reached the limit of their capacity.

The money value of the past commercial crop, he states, is in round figures \$683,794,000, showing that while the number of bales marketed was 2,243,000 bales more than last year, the increase in money received was but \$11,509,000, equivalent to \$5.11 per bale for the excess, and yet Mr. Hester contends that considering all the circumstances, if ever a crop the one under review.

In the South Mr. Hester makes the north pole. consumption 366,596 more than last ments, 10,000 new looms and 511,294 new spindles are under way.

The year's consumption has been

divided as follows:	
State. Consumy	ption. Increase.
Alabama 2	51,871 46,261
Arkansas	6,038 2,190
Georgia 5	56,119 74,757
	26,290 1,694
Louisiana	17,244 3,331
Miesissippi	38,691 3,529
	14,826 6,449
	59,295 130,414
	00,352 75,806
Tennessee	39,211 9,154
Texas	
Oklahoma	
Virginia	

Total. . . . . . . 2,559,873 366,590 In conclusion, Mr. Hester says the facts concerning this remarkable year in cotton consumption speak for themselves, but it is safe to say that had they been estimated instead of plain unvarnished truths, even extremists would have been justified in classing

them as exaggerations. In the South he says: "We have brushed 2,600,000 bales closely during the past year and this close on the heels of the panic with 215 out of a total of 786 active mills from one headway. Most of the new not complete spindles will be in working order before the coming year's close, and with these on the basis of the 1904-'05 consumption per spindle the capacity of the Southern mills will be bales.".

Marshal Killed By Blow.

Jesup, Ga., Special.-Marshal G. B. Pope was killed Friday afternoon 2:30 o'clock Wednesday morning but the rock foundation and the by a blow over his heart in a destotally destroyed Columbia College, grounds; but arrangements are going perate struggle with Edward Tyre, Erantley Tyre and Jas. Tyre, prominent young white men whom he was attempting to arrest. It is not known which one of the Tyres inflicted the fatal blow. All were arrested as they attempted to escape and lodged in Wayne county jail.

## Say Stories Agree.

New York, Special,-Scientists and explorers here comparing the latest dispatches regarding Commander Peary's achievement with the reports very generally agreed that Perry's Peary. findings seem to confirm Dr. Cook's story in several significant particulars, thus far raise no points of disagreement. Thes cientists were more positive than ever that the controversy can be seitled beyond reason-

## MAN AGAINST MAN IN POLAR DISPUTE

Only Negro and Eskimos Accompany Peary.

#### WHITE MEN NOT ON THE TRIP

This Information Encourages the Supporters of Dr. Cook-Georgraphical Society Maintains the Attitude of "Keep Hands off" for Present.

The Washington, D. C., Herald, of Saturday says:

It is now merely the word of one white man against that of another. The great polar controversy has resolved itself into a question of the personal veracity, respectively of Dr. Frederick A. Cook and Commander Robert E. Peary. According to the statements of

each over his own signature, neither was accompanied by a member of his



was sold at a good round price, it was own race when he is alleged to have planted the Stars and Stripes at the

That Commander Peary had with year, and 120,765 over the year before him only his negro body servant, last. Twenty-one new mills are Matt Hensen, and a handful of Esbuilding in the Southern States, and kimos, when he made the last stage including additions to old establish of his journey toward the pole, and that he had sent back the only remaining white member of the expedition when he reached latitude 87.8 was not known until the first installment of his detailed story of his trip was published on Saturday.

One of the principal arguments made by the Peary supporters against



ROBERT E. PEARY.

the acceptance of Dr. Cook's claims to two months late in getting under to the discovery of the pole was his own admission that he was unaccompanied by any white man, and that, aside from the records of his observations, the only corroborative evidence he could produce would be the testimony of the two Eskimos something like 2,800,000 te 2,900,000 who were with him on his final dash.

Now it appears from Commander Peary's own story that he himself was in a like situation. Aside from the negro Hensen, who had been his "Man Friday," for the past twenty years, his sole companions were four Eskimos. There was no white man with him who can now take the witness stand and testify to the accuracy of his scientific observations above the lattitude of 87 degrees and 8 minutes.

It is needless to say that this development has brought great encouragement to the camp of the Cook followers. They are expressing renewed confidence that when the data of the two men are presented to an unprejudiced jury of scientists, Dr. Cook's word will be accepted with which Dr. Cook has sent out were equal credence to that of Commander

According to Peary's own story, when he started from Cape Columbia there were seven members of the party, seventeen Eskimos, and 123 dogs. The members of the expedition were: Peary, Goodsall, Mac-Millan, Borup, Marvin, Bartlett and able doubt by an inquiry before a Hensen. From time to time, as the explorers proceeded northward, Peary

sent different members of the expedition back, either in command of socalled supporting parties or for other reasons. Goodsall, Borup, Marvin and Bartlett each returned in charge of a quota of Eskimos, dogs and sleds. MacMillan was forced to return on account of a frost-bitten foot. Finally when 87.8 north latitude was reached, Peary's sole white companion was Capt. Bartlett, and he was sent back from this point with two Eskimos and the necessary equipment to supply him until Cape Columbia should be reached. From there on Peary had with him the faithful Hensen and four Eskimos.

In the opinion of the Cook supporters, the final records of Cook's observations are now just as worthy of credence as those of Peary. They contend that Dr. Cook's previous standing as an explorer renders his unsupported word of equal value to that of Peary. They do not regard the negro Hensen as a factor in the equation. His long employment by the explorer would put him in the class of prejudiced witnesses, even if his lack of scientific knowledge did

not bar him. While none but the most radical Cook followers seek to discredit Peary, they point with some glee to the statements made by Peary's supporters after Cook's first announcement of his discovery, that no explorer could hope to convince the world of the truth of his story unless corroborated by the personal testimony of at least one other white

#### Court of Last Resort.

What will constitute the court of last resort in the controversy is still problematical. Various suggestions have been made, but it is likely that no definite movement will be set on foot in this direction until the return of the two explorers to this country. The Coast and Geodetic Survey's offer to act as abiter will hardly be accepted by Dr. Cook, inasmuch as peary was, in a sense, an employe of this institution, being on detached duty for it from the naval service during his trip.

Both men are lecturers before the National Geographic Society, of this city, and as the attitude of this body has been one of "hands off" since Peary made his charges against Cook, it is believed that the two explorers would be willing to submit their quarrel to the adjudication of an intenational board of scientists to be selected by the society. Already the Duke of Abruzzi, at one time the wearer of "farthest north" laurels. is being prominently mentioned as the possible head of the proposed court.

### Crowds Cheer Him.

Committees from the Geographical Society and the faculty of the University of Copenhagen saw the explorer off. A director of the company owning the ship on which Dr. Cook travels made an address in which he thanked the explorer for the honor of leaving on a Danish ship. He said that Denmark believed in Dr. Cook absolutely. Dr. Cook replied feelingly.

In the course of a conversation before leaving Dr. Cook said that he was willing to place his records before the American Coast and Geodetic Survey, provided Commander Peary would do the same. He said there was no reason why he should be the first to apply for such an ex-

### Curtiss Wins Big Prize.

Breseia, Italy, By Cable.-Glenn H. Curtiss, the American aviator, who won the international cup at Rheims, captured the grand prize in the aviation meet here Sunday. Curtiss made his flight for the grand prize Sunday, covering 50 kilometres (31.05 miles) or five times around the course in 49 minutes, 24 seconds. His share of the \$10,000 prize is \$6,000. Rougier, the French aviator, also competed, making a fight of 50 kilometres in 1 hour 10 minutes 18 seconds. He was awarded the second prize. Curtiss also won the prize for quick starting, his time being 8 1-5 seconds. Leblane was second in this contest in 9 3-4 seconds.

### Girl's Body Identified.

Detroit, Mich., Special.—Bloodless from the ruthless knife of a murderer and shrunken by several days' immersion in the waters of Ecorse creek, the dismembered body of Miss Maybelle Millman, 27 years of age, of Ann Arbor, Mich., lies in the county morgue. A portion of the lower part of the trunk of the unfortunate girl is still missing. Miss Martha Hanning, of Detroit, a former schoolmate of the Millman girl, identified the body.

-R decrease on the year of 7,769. schools 822,834 elementary scholars cation Committee Abere were in the 08 of the London County Council Edu-According to the report for 1907-

## WASHINGTON

An enormous quantity ank is to be sold by States to the highest bidd junk includes old locomotives, cars, tanks, boilers, girders, dree sheet iron, parts of old machin and the like which was left on isthmus by the French before opera tions were begun by the American Among this huge amount of debris are hundreds of pounds of copper and brass, of which a great quantity has been sent to the Philadelphia mint to be made into Canal medals.

Four torpedo boats, comprising the second division of the Atlantic torpedo flotilla, have left Hampton Roads, under orders from the navy department to proceed to St. Louis and accompany President Taft down the Mississippi river to New Orleans as a feature of his coming trans-continental tour. The vessels are the destroyer Macdonough and the torpedo boats Thornton, Tingley and Wilkes. On their way around to St. Louis they will make short stops at Charleston, Key West, New Orleans and other cities on the Mississippi, They are scheduled to arrive at St. Louis October 3.

As a preliminary step to a complete reorganization of the division of Far Eastern affairs in the State Department, official announcement of appointment in that division have been made as follows: Chief-Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Japanese secretary and interpreter of the embassy at Tokio. Assistant Chief-Edward P. Williams, Consul-General at Tientsin and formerly Chinese secretary of the legation at Pekin. Assistant-Percival Heintzleman, Consul at Chungking,

A season's work in the establishment of a Government horse pasture near Front Royal, Va., by Capt. C. H. Conrad, Jr., of the Third Cavalry, has confirmed Quartermaster General Aleshire's belief that animals suitable for the military service could be obtained in that section. The prices are reasonable and, indeed, lower than those paid for animals in the West. They are of a fine stock and are expected to prove a valuable as quisition to the collection of animals at the army remount depot at Fort

Bolivia's serious dispute with Peru over the Acre arbitral award may be settled through the "kindly interest" of the United States within the next few weeks.

An order involving approximately a million dollars in reparation was issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission. It included claims in which is known as the Central Yellow Pine Association territory-Louisiana, Mississippi and Western Alabama-and involved a refunding of amounts paid by a large number of shippers of yellow pine lumber from the territory to points in other States of which an overcharge of two cents a hundred pounds was collected by various railroads.

Three thousand old soldiers attended the encampment of the Union Veteran Legion.

The President has approved the sentence of dismissal imposed by a general court martial appointed by him at Denver, Col., in the case of First Lieut. Clarence S. Nettles, U. S. A., retired. According to the War Department's announcement Lieutenant Nettles was convicted of neglecting to pay many private debts, making false statement to the department commander in regard thereto, and giving a worthless check.

The Washington Aero Club has decided to bid for the world's aviation contests to be held next year.

Citizens from Norfolk and Newport News presented Acting Secretary Winthrop with evidence that health conditions near / Hampton Roads are not a menace to the men of the battleship fleet.

"Through ears from Seattle to Panama'' is the report that comes to the United States Government from Consul-General Arnold Shanklin at Mexico. The proposed railway is one of the Harriman ideas and plans to run Pullman ears from Seattle all the way to Panama.

The award of the contracts for the wo new American Dreadnau, hts of 26,000 tons each, the batteships Wyoming and the Arkansas, will be made to William Cramp & Sous, Philadelphia, and the New York Shipbuilding Company, Camdon, N. J.

# Columbia, S. C., Special.—Fire at | A liquidation would leave nothing built by popular subscription from right ahead for rebuilding and the

about \$20,009 more in floating debts, I tory.

day night: "Sydney, C. B., Sept. 10.

mittee: position for its steamer Roosevelt City at the time, but the celebration with the North Pole in teresutennial committee regards it as unlikely that

"H. L. BRIDGMAN."

Methodists all over this State. The opening for the present session in the plant was valued at \$250,000, and was Colonial hotel property, the former insured for \$75,000 with \$10,000 more plant of the college. The fire was on equipment. The property was evidently caused by the cross circuitbonded for \$50,000 and there were ing of wires in the northwest dormi-THE ROOSEVELT TO BE IN HUDSON RIVER PARADE New York, Special.—Commander, A favorable reply was promptly

Peary's ship, the Roosevelt, will be sent, and the Roosevlt will be asone of the features of the Hudson- signed to a place of honor close to Fulton naval parade on the opening the Half Moon and Clermont, which day of the celebration. The follow- will lead the parade. In all probabiling telegram was received here Fri- ity Peary himself will be on board. together with the members of the "Hudson-Fulton Celebration Com- Peary Arctic Club, and possibly other distinguished explorers. Dr. Cook, "Peary Arctic Club applies for it is expected, will be in New York

he will be invited to join the Peary recognized scientific body.