Guman Music the Cure for Crime

By M. Marcel Sembat, Member of the French Chamber of Deputies.



T has been said that music softens habits and customs, and we are surely in need of learning gentler habits. You can hardly open a paper without reading things that send shivers down your back, articles about the growth of crime, but when you have read that crime grows and you look for a remedy it is condensed into five or six lines. And still five or six lines are too much to express a thought when the thought is anything but clear, as is mostly the case. The remedy suggested is often very vague. It is sometimes

said: "We shall stop the growth of crime by police." Now the police are sometimes necessary, but I doubt if it be an efficient remedy against such a

It is very important to them and to us that the young man chooses the good road, because if he chooses the evil he will himself only reap sad and cruel results, and we ourselves run the risk of finding ourselves face to face wth the young man who has gone wrong on some dark evening and if the young man holds a knife in his hand the papers the next day will tell of the latest crime of the apaches.

To counteract this I see only one means, for the young man is not really lost to society, and those who really understand how to rule would not give him up as lost. No, he would have said: "Those people are the ones who are to make my best soldiers." Have we not seen many of them in our African regiments give the most splendid proofs of courage and heroism? No, they are not lost, but it is our duty to show them another way, and, I repeat, a way where they are sure to meet with approval, sure to please.

A new spirit must be infused into the people, and it is in this connection that the idea of music forces itself upon me. In all the big cities, in all the large towns we must have musical schools where young girls and young men ere to be taught to sing together. Here they will be taught the value of solidarity in the most efficient, the most practical, way. In each of these orchestras, in each of these choruses, the absence of one or two performers will leave a hole which the others will endeavor to fill, and thus they will all go to work together toward a common artistic goal.





NGLAND was one of the first of the civilized countries to take up boxing as a serious matter, and the Briton with the ready fist in time of need has been the center of news and story for hundreds of years back. There were prize fights there of the brutal type, but the Englishman apprecated the good points of sparring from the first, and went out of his way to perfect and elevate it to the plane of recognized athletics. It soon lost its title of "boxing" and was given that of "the manly art of self-defense," because it was realized

that a good boxer could take care of himself on most occasions without resort to the cowardly knife or the revolver. The British seamen were taught to box, and they cerried the art to the four quarters of the globe.

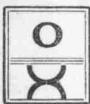
The trouble is that in this country boxing has been too often made a brutal sport, because, like most everything else here, it was promoted, until recently, solely as a commercial proposition. Some great boxing contests were held that were between men perfectly trained and evenly matched, and when the battles were over and the cleverer men had won, none was much the

worse for the struggle he had gone through. The bad feature was that men who would "promote" anything that promised financial returns gained the upper hold of the boxing game and held it for years. They took advantage of the fact that Americans love an athletic contest, and they overfed us. They cared not whether the men who boxed were evenly matched or were in good physical condition. All they wanted was "the dollar," and they so abused their privileges that boxing was stamped not only as brutal, but ofttimes as crooked. Then the public in all parts of the country rose up and put the boxing game almost out of commission. It was solely the fault of the money-mad promoters, the men who ruined racing, wrestling and every other professional sport in this country except baseballand they'll kill that, too, unless the fans are vigilant.-From Leslie's.

*********************** Boys Are Bad Nowadays

A Graceless Generation Chargeable to Careless Parents

Ey F. L. N. Quastely



UR boys and youths act very bad nowadays. Wherever you travel they are in evidence, breaking the laws and ordinances of the city, and breaking the laws of God also.

Why is it? My conclusions are that parents are at fault. Boys are not cautioned against evil and law breaking; they are allowed to have their own way, to follow their own sweet wills. The result is a crop of selfishness, and acts that are vicious, criminal and un-American.

No one checks the boy who puts his feet all over the car seat; no one says "stop" to the boy with the fiendish and shrill whistle; no one calls a halt on the boy who fights and yells in the streets. Who says "don't do it" to the boys playing baseball, tip cat, pitch pennies, craps, etc.,

No one. Why not? Because the parents of these angels, these mamma's and papa's darlings, are up in arms at the least reproof to their offspring. No! They will do what is needful in the way of punishment for their spoiled chicklets; they will bring up their young as they please; the laws be hanged; no law must antagonize their darling's inclinations.

Any such law is wrong and must be nullified, and the result is a lot of misfit men and women, undestable citizens of all sorts later on, the kind that fill our jails and prisons and add to our taxes and the cost of living.





ERMANY is the greatest producer of coal tar dyes. None of them is used in German foods, but America, the largest consumer, bought 659 tons from Germany last year. You and I have helped to consume them in the colored jams, jellies and other painted foods we ate.

America's importation of chemicals from all nations for use in food products and patent medicines last year reached the bewildering sum of \$85,000,000, or just about twice what it was ten years ago or before the National Food and Drugs act went into effect. This is to say nothing of the enormous con-

sumption of chemicals of home manufacture. American food reactionaries say making foods pure would make them more expensive. Well, our food supply today, generally speaking, is the most expensive. Germany's foods are the purest of any, and they are the

And Germany is now sending her foods everywhere, because people of other nations have confidence in her food laws and their enforcement. The same would be true of America if our State laws complied with the national law and all were more vigorously enforced.-National Food Magazine.



A SOLDIER OF FORTUNE.

Of all the soldiers of fortune who have helped to make Latin America interesting in recent years, none was more picturesque that young Harper Lee, who nearly lost his life in the bull ring at Guadalajara the other day. Whether he will get well and take up bull fighting again, the Mexican dispatches have not yet made if he did, for it isn't the first time that he has been reported dead.

Last October the papers told how he had been badly gored while saving the life of a fallen picador, and it was supposed that the young daredevil would retire then. But he recovered, only to add still more daring performances to those which had already made him a hero to the crowd which follows bull fighting in Mexico. a great secret sorrow and was about He was very popular down there, to commit suicide? Was it a small both with Mexicans and Americans, dagger or a vial of poison that she both with those who flock to the Plaza was taking from her satchel? He de Toros, as our crowds flock to the polo grounds to see the Giants beat his card, so that she wouldn't know the Brooklyns, and with those who, he had guessed her awful plan, but perhaps, considered bull fighting a he held himself in readiness to spring cruel and barbarous amusement and upon her in time to prevent her deed kept away from it. That meant a of self-destruction. He had never had pretty all-round popularity. To novelists tired of Herzegovina and unheard-of little European courts and bled at something concealed in her the Zenda scene, we commend this lap and started to lift her hand to her tall and agile young man, standing, face. The conductor rushed forward. sword in hand, awaiting the charge, in the dazzling sun of the Mexican bull ring, with the senoritas and soldiers and politicians and promotersall that curious, vivid crowd-watching with bated breath.

It has been said that he is a Harvard man, a Princeton man-all sorts of stories have been told about him. As a matter of fact, he isn't a college man at all. He came from Texas. His grandfather was Colonel George Baylor, a Confederate veteran and Indian fighter. He went to work, while a boy, for the Mexican Central Railway, and most of his young lifehe is not yet thirty years old-has been spent in Guadalajara.

Several years ago he took up bull fighting as an amusement, very much as young men up here go in sometimes for boxing. He began to appear as an amateur in the ring at Guadalajara, and there, it is said, he attracted the attention of an old Spanish bull fighter, who at once took and she ventured into the brush and the young gringo under his wing. picked up a cub not larger than a Lee improved rapidly, and finally- kitten and began to stroke it "Gentleman Jim" Corbett, for like instance-became a professional. It is a lucrative business. He probably received \$5000 "Mex." for each performance in Mexico, and a popular bull fighter makes a good many little dog, not one-tenth the size of appearances during the season. As a money maker he compares favorably ling the animal and distracting her with an operatic tenor of the first class here; socially, his position is like that of a successful prize fighter. Often appearing at several smaller debut in Mexico City about a year

In the minutest details of dress and deportment, Lee was all that the most but the faithful little pet had fought dandy bull fighter should be. And everything goes by tradition in bull fighting. The ring was crowded to the roof. As the American toreador entered he towered by a head above the other two matadors. He killed his first bull, a powerful black animal, in slashing style, and the ring rang with the shouts of "El Americane!" and "Es otro Montes!" (He is another Montes.) Montes was perhaps the most famous of the Spanish bull fighters .- Collier's Weekly.

A HEROIC WOMAN.

One of the most interesting exhibitions belonging to England's jubilee year was the Women's Roll of Honor, names of heroines belonging to the its everyday calm.

The most commonplace among such | from the wound. actions must have taken the greatest of courage and self-forgetfulness.

Take the case of Mrs. Pumphrey, down after the child, and resolutely stepping into the crazy bucket, she was lowered into the abyss. At a distance of between thirty and forty an exploit that is dared by few who feet she touched water, and leaned are not experts-and he bandagedover to grasp the little girl, already up the young fellow's head. The half-drowned.

No sooner had she done so than the bucket overturned, and left her bang- ert Barnes, descended and brought ing from the chain, clutching her procious burden.

At length a boy of fifteen was let down by a rope, and he succeeded in carrying up the child. Mrs. Pum- Gazette. phrey then placed one foot in the bucket and signaled that she was ready to ascend. But the noxious gases below had been too much for her, and midway in her course toward tions they know very well they are the surface she suddenly fainted.

The bucket crashed heavily to one aid.

side, her foot caught in the chain, and she fell backward into the water,

The shock of immersion revived her, and once more she was able to clamber into the treacherous bucket. Safely above ground again, she gave way to exhaustion, but only after her task was done.

DISAPPOINTED CONDUCTOR.

Here's another one about a woman She was one of the three or four passengers scattered over a Shaker Lakes car the other afternoon. Also she wore a dark, spotted veil that gave an air of mystery to her appearance.

The conductor, when he looked up casaually from his work of jotting down the trip statistics on a heavy manilla card, saw her watching him furtively, stealthily. From him she would turn her glance toward the other passengers to make sure she was not observed. After he'd requite clear. It wouldn't be surprising turned to his bookkeeping the conductor, keeping tab on her out of the tail of his eye, saw her reach into a little black satchel and take something out. Then her supple form became almost rigid as she cast a searching glance in his direction to ascertain if there was danger of him seeing what she was about to do.

He became really alarmed. Perhaps this woman was wrestling with went ahead jotting down figures on a suicide on his car.

She raised up the dark veil, fum-

But he checked himself just as he was about to detain her hand and went on up as if to speak to the motorman. For all the woman had been fixing to do was to apply her powder rag for a moment to the shiny part of her nose.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

DOG DIES SAVING BABIES FROM BEAR.

Three little children of S. B. Waite, who lives on the mountain near Tyrone, Pa., the eldest of whom is but nine years old, were saved from an infurlated female bear by a faithful pet dog, which was torn to ribbons in their defence.

The children, accompanied by their canine pet and playmate, were strolling through the woods, intending to visit an aunt, who lives a short distance from the Waite home. Passing a piece of dense brush, the oldest child, a girl, saw three young bear cubs at play. The children stopped.

While the younger children watched, half afraid to approach the other two cubs, who began to while, the mother bear came crashing through the brush and charged. The the bear, leaped to the rescue, tackattention while the three children dropped the cub and fled back over the train to their home.

Arriving there they told their farings, Lee made his metropolitan ther of the occurrence. Mr. Waite promptly summoned neighbors and, armed, went to the spot, hoping perhaps to find the brave little dog alive. the bear and given the children time to escape safely and died in the task.

The body of the dog was carried home and buried, the parents of the children and their playmates acting as chief mourners. Over the grave a marker was placed with the inscription, "He was only a dog, but he died for his little friends."

PLUCKY ENGLISH DOCTOR.

A young Flamborough egg gatherer named Joseph Major, while working on the cliffs near the North Danes Dyke yesterday met with an accident which may cost him his life.

He and his brother started gathering early in the morning, and the containing five hundred and eighteen second time Joseph went over a stone apparently became displaced and Victorian era. These were women caused him to fall and cut open his who had performed some act of self- head. When his companions did not sacrifice or devotion, and the brief receive his signals they became record of their deeds furnishes read- alarmed and went over to see the ing calculated to stir the mind from cause. They found the youth lying on a grassy slope, bleeding badly

With the assistance of other egg gatherers two men were lowered over the cliff edge and placed the unfora delicate, shy little woman, whom no tunate man on a ledge of rock below, one would suspect of latent heroism. The tide was coming in at the time. A little girl of five had fallen into a A York visitor, H. Brown, who is deep well, and the mother, with two staying at Flamborough, ran to his neighbors, rushed hurriedly to the apartments some four or five miles brink. Mrs. Pumphrey, one of the away, and then cycled to Bridlington, two neighbors, offered at once to go another six miles away, to fetch Dr. Wetwan.

The doctor was lowered over the precipice, a distance of about 400 feet rocket life saving apparatus was taken out, and one of the men, Robup Joseph Major in the breeches buoy. Afterward Dr. Wetman was hauled up, and a cheer was raised as he reached safety.-Westminster

Joyous Mental Exercise.

A lot of people nowadays are planning perfectly grand summer vacanot going to take. - Washington Her-

0000000 For the Children

THE BAT'S DISGRACE. The battle raged 'twixt the beasts and the

And the bat looked on, though he spoke no words Until the beast were winning the day,

And then the victors heard him say:
"I belong to your ranks, for who e'er knew
A bird with two rows of teeth, did you?"

At last the birds had the best of the fight And the bat, with manners quite polite, Then joined himself to the winning side And in their ranks he tried to hide As he said: "I have wings, and 'tis quite As he said: absurd

To think that I can be aught but a bird." But the beasts and the birds thought it

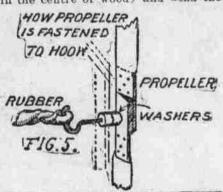
was hase
To agree with all sides—a real disgrace—
So neither would own him, and to this day
He keeps carefully out of their way.
He hides in caves, far, far from their sight,
And comes out only 'neath shadows of

-Emerine S. Rees.

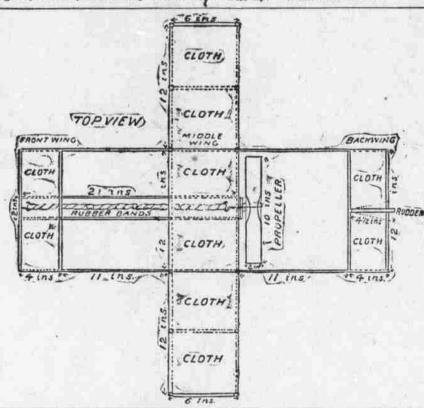
HOW TO MAKE AN AEROPLANE By William G. Bertram.

Get a piece of wood (white pine) thirty-six inches long and cut eight front of machine and get some very sticks one-quarter inch square, or heavy rubber bands (four large ones you can buy at any hardware store thin round sticks thirty-six inches run them through the machine as in long, called dowels, at one cent side view. Then wind up the propelapiece, which will do very nicely. If | ler, from left to right, about seventyyou use the dowels measure off four five times. Now let the machine go. of them in six-inch spaces and cut, It will fly some distance. The more making twenty-four six-inch, up- rubber bands you use the longer it rights, which you nail top and bottom will fly.—Woman's World.

Fig. 3. Now get a thin piece of time and cut as in Fig. 4. To make a propeller shaft take a piece of steel wire, or a hair pin will do, and put through the wood of propeller (be sure it is in the centre of wood) and bend the



wire as in Fig. 2. Get some washers or a small nut and put on the steel wire as in Fig. 5, and put through framework as in side view or top view. Fasten a piece of wire to the will do). Knot them together and

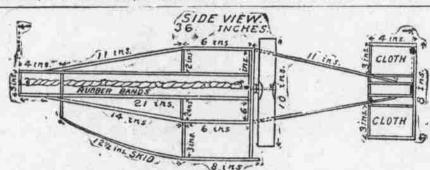


and sides every six inches apart to four of the thirty-six-inch dowels, until you have a long frame box. Now take four of the dowels, which you bend two at the top and two at the cut eight twelve-inch dowels, which you nail as in top view; then take Luke.

GROWING A NAME. Little Luke Hays brought his shte to show his mother what round, clear letters he could make.

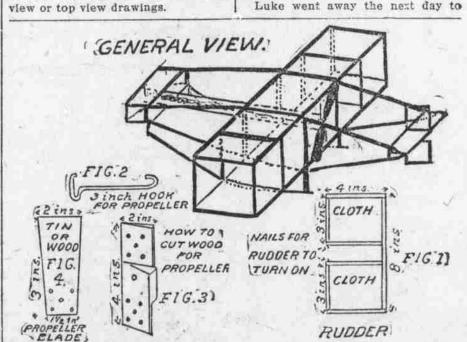
"Would you like to make your bottom, as in side view drawing. Then name grow, Luke?" said his mother. "I never saw a name grow," said

four twenty-one-inch dowels and nail Then his mother took him out into to three-inch uprights at bottom of the garden. She gave him a stick machine, as in side view, to make the with a sharp point and made him.



skid for the machine to light on when | write his name in large letters in the falling. Cover front wing, middle middle of a bed of black earth; then wing and back wing with cloth or his mother sowed mignonette seed paper as in top view. Cut four twen- along the letters. ty-one-inch sticks, which the rubber bands run through, and nail from you will see your name growing tall front of machine to back as in side and sweet.

"Now," she said, "in a few weeks Luke went away the next day to



To make the rudder cut one eight- visit his grandmother, and, when he inch stick and four four-inch sticks came home again, three weeks later, and two three-inch sticks and nail as he ran at once to the garden. There in Fig. 1. Take two nalls and cut the was his name, "Luke Hays," in pretty heads off and hammer into frame to green letters, just as he had written make a hinge for rudder to turn on. | it. Luke was delighted, and has nev-The propeller is made of a piece of er failed to grow his name every year

wood four by two inches, cut as in since.—Christian Register.

stand or to rest flat on the floor, If A combination crib and baby car- the combination is to be used as a riage has been invented by a Michi- crib without detaching the wheels gan man. The whole is of metal there is a locking device which will tubing and the body more closely re- prevent them from turning and keep sembles a crib than a carriage. Head, it stationary. In flats or in other and back rests arise from both ends, quarters where there is not much however, and make the device con- room to spare, this invention will be vertible into a carriage. The body is found convenient, as it will save the supported on a track which is detach. space either a crib or a baby carriage able either at the bottom of the body would take up and answer the puror at the axles, making it possible to pose of either equally well .- Baltihave the crib either on wheels, on a more American.

A Novel Crib.