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1910 COTTON CROP

AMOUNTED TO 11,041,563 BALES OVER A MILLION AND A HALF INCREASE.

THE CENSUS BUREAU'S REPORT

Texas Leads as Usual—Tennessee Smallest Cotton Producing State—Average Gross Weight of Bales is 501.2, Compared With 496.6 For 1909

Washington.—The census bureau's reports show the cotton crop of 1910 to be 11,041,563 bales, counting round as half bales and including linters, compared with 10,336,269 for 1909. Including in the statistics for 1910 are:

Linters 297,592 bales; Sea Island cotton 90,368 bales; round 112,887 bales.

The average gross weight of the bales is 501.2 pounds for 1910 compared with 496.6 1909.

Expressed in equivalent 500 pound bales the 1910 crop is 11,969,757 compared with 10,315,382 for 1909.

Cotton estimates by ginners and dealers as remaining to be ginned and included in the statistics for 1910 amounting to 70,169 bales.

The 1910 crop, by states is reported as follows:

State	Running Bales	500 pounds Bales
Alabama	1,217,399	1,220,507
Arkansas	821,235	844,850
Florida	68,295	59,916
Georgia	1,865,896	1,818,582
Louisiana	256,987	258,333
Mississippi	1,250,479	1,303,379
North Carolina	71,185	729,467
Oklahoma	954,433	957,004
South Carolina	1,237,638	1,156,187
Tennessee	336,206	348,129
Texas	3,071,263	3,176,998
All other states	91,148	91,295

New Panama Canal Bonds.

Washington.—Bonds of the new Panama canal loan, which will be floated before June 1, will be of three denominations—\$100, \$500, \$1,000, according to present plans of the treasury. There will be no \$20, a denomination issued in some of the previous so-called popular loans.

Designs for the new issue have been approved. The engravings on the faces of the bonds will show scenes on the canal and epoch-making incidents in American history.

Methodist Missionary Dead.

Atlanta, Ga.—News was received by relatives here of the death of Rev. David L. Anderson, head of the Soo Chow (Methodist) university at Soo Chow, China, on March 16, of pneumonia. Dr. Anderson formerly lived at Augusta, Ga., and was well-known throughout the South.

Mail Boxes in Street Cars.

Washington.—The postoffice department is to experiment with the installation of mail boxes in street cars. When they are installed there will be no excuse for street car travelers who bring home at night the letters which they were commissioned to mail. The department will have mail boxes installed in Washington street cars for a test authorized in the last postoffice appropriation bill.

Supposedly Extinct Indian Tribe.

San Francisco.—An anthropological expedition from the University of California under Prof. Kroeber, has reported the discovery of remnants of a supposedly extinct tribe of California Indians near the head waters of the Sacramento river. The main body of the tribe, the Kompos, were exterminated in a raid in 1870.

Boys "Pig Clubs" Formed.

New Orleans.—Encouraged by the success that attended the boys' corn clubs throughout the South last season, "pig clubs" have been organized by boys in several parishes. Several hundred dollars in prize money has already been subscribed in each of several parishes and hog shows are to be held by the boys early in December, in some of the parishes the boys are required to raise pure bred pigs, registered or subject to registration, while in others they will show what they can do with "scrubs" and razor backs.

Old Methodist Custom Revived.

Philadelphia.—The Rev. Dr. John F. Crouch, pastor of Mount Airy Methodist Episcopal church, asked 3,000 persons in the church to stand and each shake hands with the adjacent person. Then he gave the audience his missing and proceeded with his sermon. "That is the manner in which a Methodist minister 50 years ago started his sermon," Dr. Crouch explained. "When John Wesley was preaching how Methodist ministers should conduct themselves, he said: 'No stran-

TIMELY TAR HEEL TALK

NEWS NOTING THE PROGRESS OF A MIGHTY STATE.

Durham.—The increase in the value of Durham real estate has been shown in a purchase made by Brodie L. Duke, who, in 1881, just 30 years ago on the same date, sold a piece of property of one and two-fifths acres at the rate of \$10 an acre. Mr. Duke repurchased the land and it cost him just 103 times as much as he received for it when he disposed of it before.

Wilmington.—Dr. John M. Faison, congressman-elect from the third district, wired from his home at Faison that the report sent out from Washington that he is to wed at the national capital early next month is entirely incorrect. There was evidently a confusion of names with some others and the announcement has caused Dr. Faison much embarrassment among a host of friends throughout the district where he is very popular.

Gastonia.—After being shut down for 4 years during which time the prediction was frequently made that it would never again be operated the Vermont mills at Bessemer City, this county, have passed into new hands and a portion of the machinery has been set into operation. The entire plant will be set in motion just as fast as the machinery can be put to running.

Wilson.—Mr. T. E. Yelverton, a progressive Wilson county farmer, was asked, "I suppose you have sold all of your 1910 crop of cotton?" "Well, yes, sir," was his reply. "I think I have disposed of the bulk of it; don't think I now have on hand more than 135 bags." That's farming 'em some.

Salisbury.—Brittain & Campbell is the first local firm to introduce the harem skirt in Salisbury. It differs from the Paris style, in that it hangs loose at the ankles instead of being tied. This firm has placed this new wrinkle in woman's apparel on sale.

Elizabeth City.—Nothing can be learned from the coroner's jury in the case of Captain Edward F. Gibbs, who was found murdered in the sand of the river shore, March 8. Various rumors are afloat at all times, but there seems to be nothing new developing. The cause and the perpetrator of the horrible crime is sealed in closest mystery.

Wilson.—Maxten's excellent chief of police, before leaving Wilson said, "It is my opinion that the children of the brave and dauntless George Mumford—who died serving his town, county and state—should have some of the reward money offered for the capture of Lewis West. If it should come my way, I'll see to it that they get a portion."

Salisbury.—A proposition to issue \$75,000 in bonds for the purpose of building a railroad from Salisbury to Monroe was voted upon in Rowan and Cabarrus counties. In Rowan the measure carried by a majority of 199 votes in favor of bonds. Cabarrus county gave a majority of 71 for the issue, the vote being confined to the townships traversed by the road.

Greensboro.—W. V. Moss, the man who held himself out as being a revenue officer and went through the Elks club and a number of stores here on an investigation tour a few days ago, was given a hearing before Commissioner Collins and held for the June term of Federal court. In default of a \$500 bond he went back to jail.

Concord.—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Cannon and Mr. Charles Cannon are on a month's visit to Porto Rica, Jamaica, Panama, Cuba and the Bermuda Islands. Mr. Cannon is president of the Cannon chain of cotton mills, 14 in number, which have established an extensive trade in these countries.

Wadesboro.—The Methodists of Morven have completed plans for the erection of their new church and ground has been broken for a building that is to cost \$10,000 or more.

Greensboro.—Mrs. Sadie Royster, a recent bride, attempted suicide by shooting herself in the breast with a pistol in a hotel here. Her husband had disappeared.

Waynesville.—A very impressive ceremony took place in the Masonic hall when the Asheville hive of Maccahees presented to the Waynesville hive the banner which the latter had won for the great per cent. of increase in membership during 1910. About a dozen Asheville ladies came over to be present at the ceremonies.

ARMY IS ORDERED TO BE READY FOR WAR

TROOPS AT SAN ANTONIO ARE PREPARED TO MARCH WITHIN TWO HOURS.

DJAZ REFUSES TO RESIGN

Leader of Revolutionists Declares There Will Be No Peace While Diaz Reigns.

San Antonio, Texas.—Orders have been received here from Washington that General Carter's maneuver division shall hold itself in readiness to break camp and take the field as if for actual warfare within two hours. The order, when promulgated to the staff, and gradually gossiped to the line, caused much comment, for the particular reason that it did not come in the general maneuver orders issued by General Carter, but from the seat of government.

Such an order means a blanket, 10 days' rations, shelter tents, 200 rounds of ammunition, etc. Not a man in the entire division thinks that he is here to drill. They await an explanation. The order to be in readiness for operations in the field, while it might be a legitimate feature of maneuvers, is not taken in that sense.

El Paso, Texas.—That Francisco I. Madero, leader of the Mexican insurrectos, and their so-called president, is concentrating his forces 100 miles south of El Paso, with a view of storming and taking a town and establishing in it a "capital," from which to carry on his operations throughout the states of Sonora and Chihuahua, was given out by the Revolutionary junta.

Asked if Madero would be willing to make any concessions in the demands of the insurrectos that President Diaz declare null his election as a first consideration for peace, Senor Gonzales Garza, the insurrecto secretary of state, replied:

"Absolutely none. It is folly for Diaz to talk about peace and at the same time say he intends to remain in power."

Mexico City.—If Minister of Finance Limantour is coming to the capital with the intention of inducing General Diaz to listen to terms proposed by the insurrectos for cessation of hostilities, it is probable that his efforts will prove fruitless. The known character of General Diaz is not such as would permit him to listen to terms from Revolutionists.

San Antonio, Texas.—The first direct news from Chihuahua, Mexico, since March 1, was received here in a letter dated March 14, from the Express correspondent. The correspondent gives a diary of events since the city was bottled up by the rebels February 28.

Since that time the city has had no news of the outside world. Provisions have increased 30 per cent. Butter sells at \$1.25 a pound and crackers 50 cents a box. There is a milk famine in the community. Business is practically suspended in Chihuahua and the poor are in sore straits. Great fears are entertained of an uprising.

Washington.—"Effective suffrage, no re-election!"

With this slogan, Francisco I. Madero, provisional president, and Abraham Gonzales, secretary of state of the government, set up by the Mexican Revolutionists, issued to the people of the United States a decree through their agency here guaranteeing protection to lives and interests of all foreigners in Mexico.

The decree gives the detailed plan which has been agreed upon for reimbursing those sustaining losses "as soon as the triumph of the provisional government will have become recognized by the capture of Mexico City."

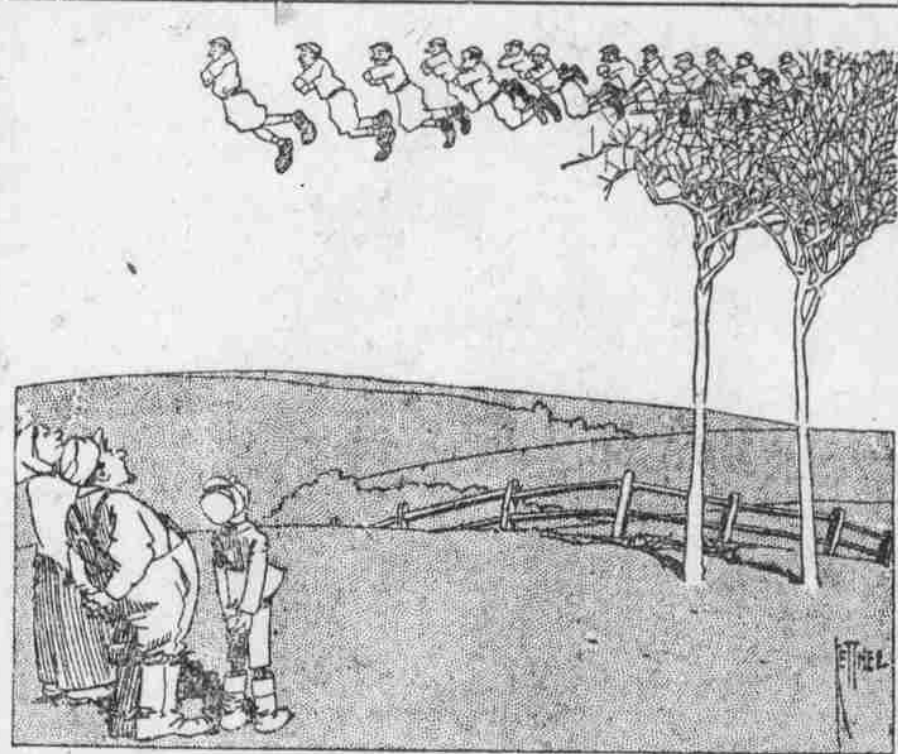
Lexington, Ky.—The 15 Americans captured with the insurrectos by the Mexican forces in the recent battle at Casas Grandes were summarily executed.

This is the declaration in a letter written to friends here by Maj. George Zimmerman of Madero's Revolution army forces. Zimmerman was one of the few Americans to escape capture during the fight.

English Parliament Pleases Taft.

Augusta, Ga.—President Taft has followed with keenest interest the discussion of the last few days in the English parliament on the subject of the international arbitration treaty, proposed by him. He is delighted with the manner in which the proposal has been received in Great Britain, as indicated by the speeches of Sir Edward Grey, the minister for foreign affairs, and Mr. Balfour, representing the opposition. The president is extremely hopeful that the treaty may be adopted.

SIGN OF AN EARLY SPRING



(Copyright, 1911.) Reports From the South Say That Flocks of Ball Players Have Begun to Move Northward.

ADVICE OF CHAMP CLARK CORPORATION TAX IS VALID

NEXT SPEAKER OF HOUSE SAYS

"GO SOUTH, MY BOY; GO SOUTH."

Clark Thinks South Will Eventually Be the Richest Part of United States.

Chicago.—Congressman Champ Clark of Missouri, the coming speaker of the national house of representatives, amended the famous saying of Horace Greeley: "Go west, young man; go west!" and made it read: "Go south, my boy; go south!"

The Missouri congressman headed off newspaper men who sought to ask him questions pertaining to other matters, and insisted that they first learn something about the Southland from some one who knows and wants every one else to know.

Supplementing his amendment, Mr. Clark said:

"The South is the place, and my advice is to go there. You won't eat as much as you do here in the North. If you do, you'll die. Your clothing must be lighter; and therefore less expensive; you won't have to buy fuel to speak of and you can allow your horses and cattle to graze out of doors the year round.

"Believe me, the South is the poor man's land and you'll live to see the day when the South is going to be the richest part of the United States."

"Why, say, I know a man who made \$15,000 in one year on three acres of lettuce. Sounds fishy, doesn't it? True, though, for I took the pains to find out. It's a great country, boys, and if you want a tip, follow my advice."

STEAMER LINE FOUND GUILTY

Merchants and Miners' Transportation Rebated on Grain Shipments.

Savannah, Ga.—Guilty of violating the Elkins act was the verdict returned against the Merchants and Miners' Transportation company, in the Federal circuit court by a jury which has been hearing evidence in the first of a series of cases which involved also the Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air Line railroad and L. F. Miller & Sons, grain merchants of Philadelphia. Immediately following the verdict, the two railroad companies entered pleas of guilty on one of the counts in the indictment against them and were fined \$2,000 each.

The conviction of the transportation company is for participating in the carriage of grain in carload lots from Philadelphia to Jacksonville through Savannah at the rate of 10 cents a hundred pounds, when the tariff filed with the interstate commerce commission called for a rate of 15 cents. The conviction was on all fourteen counts found in the indictment, and the penalty is not less than \$1,000 or more than \$20,000 on each count.

England Our Ally.

London, England.—The newspapers welcome with enthusiasm the cordial support of President Taft's known wish for a general Anglo-American arbitration treaty, given in the house of commons by Sir Edward Grey. It is assumed that the American executive cherishes the hope that an amendment to the existing arbitration treaty will remove the present prohibition in Article I against the submission to arbitration of questions of vital interest to the two parties or involving their honor.

CORPORATION TAX IS VALID

United States Supreme Court Hands Down Decision Upholding the Taft Measure.

Washington.—The Supreme court handed down a decision upholding the constitutionality of the corporation tax law. The decision was read by Justice Day.

The decision establishing the constitutionality of the corporation tax measure will add \$25,000,000 annually to the revenues of the United States. The corporation tax has been in force ever since it was enacted as an adjunct of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law, and the United States treasury department has been allowed to retain its collections made under the measure subject to the decision of the Supreme court upon the bill's validity.

The decision was sweeping in every detail every objection being overruled. The decision as handed down by Justice Day ruled that the corporation tax is not a direct tax on personal or real property of corporations, but that it is purely an excise tax, levied by authority of congress, on the corporations for the right of doing business, the same as a revenue tax is levied on liquor dealers.

The tax is held not to be an income tax, but an excise tax, and the opinion states, failed clearly within the province and authority of congress. The opinion was also that the tax is not a direct tax on shareholders, thus overthrowing the chief claims of its foes. The decision holds, as regards corporations doing an interstate business, that the United States has a right to levy the 1 per cent. tax on these, as well as on interstate corporations and can tax all business in a state excepting internal functions of a state government itself.

REDUCING QUARANTINE AREA

Cattle Tick Territory Reduced by 11,300 Square Miles.

Washington.—Nearly 11,000 square miles of additional territory were released from the Federal quarantine for Texas fever or tick fever of cattle by an order of the secretary of agriculture.

This action is taken as a result of good progress made during the past year in the extermination of cattle ticks which spread the disease. The total area released from quarantine since the eradication of the ticks was systematically undertaken in the summer of 1906 by co-operation between Federal, state and local authorities now amounts to nearly 140,000 square miles, and includes territory in the states of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Mississippi, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas and California. The released territory exceeds in extent the combined area of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama.

The order prescribes regulations for the territory remaining in quarantine, which includes the entire states of Alabama, Florida and Louisiana and parts of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Mississippi, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas and California.

No Mules for War.

Kansas City, Mo.—Horse and mule men are watching the military movements with the closest interest for commercial interests. Prices are "war high," and have been for three years. "It would puzzle the country to get mules and horses to carry on a war," said one of the biggest mule traders. "The stock is not to be had at any price." There never has been a time when good stuff is as scarce as it is now. "We could not begin to outfit the army with remounts at the present time."

RESULTS ACCOMPLISHED IN FIGHT ON HOOKWORM

MILLION DOLLAR FUND BEING SUCCESSFULLY USED IN THE SOUTH IN LAZY BUG FIGHT.

CREATING PUBLIC SENTIMENT

Southern People Are Co-operating With Rockefeller Commission in Hookworm Crusade.

Washington.—Excellent results are being accomplished in the fight being waged in the South against the hookworm infection according to two reports from the commission established by a donation of \$1,000,000 from John D. Rockefeller for the eradication of the disease.

One of those reports by Dr. C. W. Stiles, scientific secretary of the commission, deals with what has been accomplished in a sanitary way throughout the South toward wiping out the infection, and Doctor Stiles is of the opinion that, with the assistance of the various state boards of health, the work has been proceeding favorably. Scientific treatment, he believes, is getting the upper hand in the fight.

The other report, that of Wickliffe Rose, administrative secretary of the commission, declared that "the largest result achieved during the past year does not appear in the tables," shown in the report. This result he says, is "the public sentiment created."

"The people," he adds, "are being led to seek examination and treatment by the co-operation of public-spirited, influential citizens. The inspectors, on going into a new community, frequently have the co-operation of a group of leading citizens."

In speaking of the way in which the work is being carried on, he tells how the geographic distribution of the infection and the degree of infection is determined by personal inspection by the various state directors of public health, by reports from local physicians and by laboratory examinations. In addition to the nine Southern states—Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia—in which the fight has been organized, the secretary reports that "infection has been demonstrated in Florida, Kentucky, Texas, Oklahoma, California and Nevada.

BLEASE FIRES COMMISSION

Governor of South Carolina Says Dispersing Men Are Incompetent.

Columbia, S. C.—"Neglect of duty and incapacity" are the reasons assigned by Governor Blease for an order peremptorily removing from office Dr. W. J. Murray of Columbia, J. Steele Brice of Yorkville, A. H. Wood of Gaffney, Avery Patton of Greenville and John McSweeney of Timmonsville, composing the commission to wind up the late South Carolina state dispensary.

The governor, in his proclamation, severely criticises the commissioners for contracting with Anderson, Felder, Rountree and Wilson, an Atlanta law firm, to assist in recovering from the liquor houses money alleged to be due the state.

12 KILLED; MANY ARE HURT

Thirty Workmen Caught by Falling Wall at Nashville, Tenn.

Nashville, Tenn.—By the collapse of the side walls of the Fall Harware building, which was burned ten days ago, about thirty men were buried under tons of brick, mortar and timber. Most of those caught under the walls were negro laborers who were clearing away the debris and tearing down these walls, but there were a few white men connected with insurance companies in the building at the time. These latter were looking after the salvage.

The dead number twelve, while the injured number seventeen.

Population Statistics.

Washington.—Population statistics of the thirteenth census announced included:

Place	1910.	1900.
Jefferson, Ga.	1,297	726
Headland, Ala.	1,090	602
Abbeville, Ala.	1,141	389
Commerce, Texas	2,818	1,800

Flames Destroy Georgia Town.

Kingston, Ga.—With a strong north wind fanning the flames to fury, a fire which broke out in the Victor house gained such headway that the entire business portion of this little city, with \$65,000 worth of property, was reduced to smoking ruins. There are only two buildings standing from which the people of Kingston may draw supplies. The fire originated in a burning of