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## VACCINATION COSTS ON POOR FAMILIES

### QUARANTINE LAW REPEALED AND NO PROVISION MADE FOR FREE VACCINATION.

### VACCINATION FEE 50 CENTS

#### Senator Baggett Says Hundreds of Poor Whites and Negroes Are Spreading the Disease—Cost to a Family For Vaccination.

Raleigh.—Discussing the repealing of the state law requiring smallpox patients to be quarantined, Senator J. R. Baggett, of the fifteenth district said: "I did not realize that the health act passed by the legislature removed quarantine from smallpox. I believe that the legislature made a serious mistake in so doing, because it did not provide a protection for the people in lieu of the quarantine, namely: vaccination without cost.

"There are hundreds of poor whites and negroes who are spreading the disease in different counties in the state. Since the last meeting of the legislature there has occurred more smallpox scattered in various parts of the state, than I have ever noticed at any other one time during the spring of the year, and unless the medical societies of the different counties volunteer their services and the boards of health appropriate funds to meet the emergencies, we may expect an epidemic when the winter comes on, because smallpox is a winter disease."

Senator Baggett asked a physician what was the fee for vaccination and the physician replied that it was 50 cents. Whereupon Senator Baggett declared that this caused the man with a family to expend more for vaccination than it cost to quarantine smallpox patients. "It is true," he said, "that the more intelligent people get vaccinated, but we need to protect the masses and the poor." Senator Baggett heartily commended the mayor of Raleigh for his action regarding quarantine.

## A SPLENDID INSTITUTION

### Members of State Board of Health—Health Bulletins are Free.

The North Carolina Board of Health is made up of the following gentlemen: G. G. Thomas, M. D., president, Wilmington; Thomas E. Anderson, M. D., Statesville; J. Howell Way, M. D., Waynesville; W. O. Spencer, M. D., Winston-Salem; Edward C. Register, M. D., Charlotte; David T. Tayloe, M. D., Washington; J. E. Ashcraft, M. D., Monroe; J. L. Ludlow, C. E., Winston-Salem; Richard H. Lewis, M. D., Raleigh; W. S. Rankin, M. D., secretary and treasurer, Raleigh; C. A. Julian, M. D., assistant secretary for hookworm disease, Raleigh.

It issues monthly bulletins which it sends to any citizen of the state free, upon request. The bulletin for March, 1911, has the following contents:

- "The Holman Association for Rural Nursing."
  - "Taylorsville Goes Forward."
  - "Opposition to Health Legislation."
  - "Constructive Legislation."
  - "The Kidneys and Their Boss."
  - "Note of Smallpox and Vaccination in Philippine Islands."
  - "Quarantine and Disinfection."
  - "Public Health Laws of North Carolina."
  - "Morbidity and Mortality Reports."
- The office of the state board is at Raleigh.

### Wake County Maintains Quarantine.

It is a notable fact that Raleigh and Wake county authorities have determined to maintain quarantine for smallpox in spite of the fact that the state health authorities had the quarantine law for smallpox repealed on the ground that the proper protection is vaccination and that the quarantine is merely an expensive institution for the few who hold out against neglect of vaccination.

### Rats and Matches Destroy Property.

State Commissioner of Insurance James R. Young says reports of fires starting from "rats and matches," are coming in to him with a degree of frequency that makes some precaution against these sources of fires an imperative necessity. He says, too, that the logical remedy for this is for the people to use only the safety matches that rats cannot cut fire from and that cannot give rise to fires from careless use by persons, another prolific source of fires.

## AN OPPORTUNITY FOR TOWNS

### The State Literary and Historical Association Plans to Extend Work by Literary Addresses.

Raleigh.—The Literary and Historical Association of North Carolina, Prof. E. K. Graham, of the University of North Carolina, president, and Clarence H. Poe, of Raleigh, secretary, is moving in the direction of carrying into effect the plans of the association for extension work in the way of addresses in leading towns of the state by prominent literary men of the state under the auspices of the local literary clubs. The idea is to have a series of lectures on successive nights in the different towns under the auspices of some college or the local literary and historical and school enthusiasts. Among the speakers that Secretary Poe is in position to induce to fill engagements of this kind are: Dr. Edwin Mims, Dr. E. K. Graham, University of North Carolina; Dr. W. L. Poteat, Wake Forest; Dr. D. H. Hill, A. & M. college; Prof. M. G. Fulton and Prof. M. G. Connel, Davidson college; Prof. E. C. Brooks and Dr. Few, of Trinity. The plan also contemplates co-operation with local book clubs for the addresses indicated. The state Literary and Historical association will continue to hold its annual sessions in Raleigh as heretofore. There has been an effort recently to induce a change to rotating about the state.

### Work of the Baptist Churches.

In 1914 the Baptists of the United States gave for missions \$134,112, and had only 64 missionaries employed. Last year they gave \$865,585 for missions, and there were 300 missionaries on the foreign field. In 1853 Southern Baptists raised \$21,000 for foreign missions and \$13,000 for home missions. There were two foreign mission stations—one in Africa, and one in China. In these two fields 19 missionaries were at work. The home missions board reported 77 missionaries at work and 642 baptisms in the same period. Last year \$120,797 was raised for foreign missions in the territory of the Southern Baptist convention and there were 231 missionaries on the foreign field. The home board reported last year 233,426 with 1,066 missionaries at work and 158,000 baptisms.

### Home Mission Workers' Officers.

In rounding up its three day's session at Raleigh, the Woman's Home Mission Society of North Carolina conference selected Weldon for the next meeting place and elected as officers the same ladies who served so effectively the past year:

Mrs. R. B. John, Fayetteville, president; Mrs. Barrow, Elizabeth City; Miss Lillie Duke, Durham; Mrs. J. C. Angier, Durham, vice presidents; Mrs. B. N. Mann, Durham, recording secretary; Mrs. N. E. Edgerton, Selma, treasurer; Mrs. Ida T. Wilkins, Weldon, superintendent of supplies; Mrs. R. O. Burton, Raleigh, conference editor; Mrs. J. G. Fearing, Elizabeth City, conference corresponding secretary; Mrs. T. W. Costen, Jr., Gates county, field secretary; Mrs. John Doub, Jonesboro, superintendent of press work; Mrs. W. H. Speight, Raleigh, fourth vice president.

### I. O. O. F. Convention A Success.

The annual session of the North Carolina Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows was signally successful, both from the viewpoint of business accomplished in the sessions and in the entertainment that was accorded by the Winston-Salem Odd Fellows and people generally. M. L. Shipman was elected grand warden in connection with the selection of the grand officers for the next year. The grand lodge accepted the invitation to come to Raleigh next May. Winston-Salem gave the members a good time.

### Shaw University Negro Graduates.

Diplomas and certificates of graduation were awarded to 788 graduates of Shaw University, for negroes, during the commencement exercises held at Raleigh. The annual address was by Dr. Judson B. Thomas, of Chicago. Fraternalism was his theme. The largest class of graduates was in medicine with 24 members, there were others in pharmacy, theology, bachelor of arts, bachelor of science, normal training department and others.

### Growth of Insurance Business.

The commissioner of insurance says there are now twice as many insurance companies doing business in this state as in any other state in this section of the country and applications for admission are coming in with unusual frequency.

### Norman Lewis Paid Death Penalty.

Norman Lewis, the slayer of Chief of Police J. M. Stallings of Spring Hope, Nash county, died in the electric chair without making any statement whatever as to the crime.

## CONGRESS TALKS OF ADJOURNMENT

### HOT WEATHER IS PROVING TOO MUCH FOR THE SOLONS IN WASHINGTON.

### MAY FINISH BY JUNE 15

#### It is Expected That the Reciprocity Bill Will Be Passed Within the Next Month.

Washington.—Although the special session of congress is but little more than a month old, talk of adjournment has already become general. Republicans in both branches have been hinting that a recess during the hot weather would not interfere with legislation, while many Democrats in the house are beginning to believe they will be through with all they care to enact of their legislative program within another month.

High temperature experienced in Washington served to stimulate in the Democratic representatives more interest in the summer resort matters than in tariff questions. For several days they have been considering the possibility of getting through for the summer by June 15.

## SECRETARY DICKINSON QUILTS

### Henry L. Stinson of New York New Secretary of War.

Washington.—Secretary of War Jacob McGavock Dickinson of Tennessee, the Democratic member of President Taft's cabinet, has resigned, and Henry L. Stinson of New York, recently defeated Republican candidate for governor of that state, has been given the war portfolio.

In the letters exchanged between the president and Mr. Dickinson, no reason other than the demand of pressing private affairs, that this or the secretary's retire government.

Mr. Dickinson, who has his Tennessee home immediately upon the qualification of his successor. He expects to devote his attention to business and will not return to the practice of law in which he was engaged.

## FORMER WAR SECRETARY AND HIS SUCCESSOR.



JACOB M. DICKINSON



HENRY L. STINSON.

When President Taft appointed him secretary of war in March, 1909.

Coincident with Mr. Dickinson's retirement came the announcement of the appointment of C. S. Millington of Herkimer, N. Y., to be assistant treasurer of the United States in New York. Mr. Stinson was the Roosevelt candidate for governor, while Mr. Millington was a former member of the house from the Twenty-seventh New York district and is a close friend of Vice President Sherman. In the two appointments official Washington found food for speculation and many politicians thought they saw therein the first step of the administration to straighten out the tangled skein.

## COURTING THE PATRIOTIC MUSE



(Copyright, 1911.)  
THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS AWARDED FOR THE BEST NATIONAL ANTHEM—NEWS ITEM.

## CITY OF JUAREZ CAPTURED WILL FIGHT BOLL WEEVIL

### FEDERAL GENERAL NAVARRO AND 500 SOLDIERS SURRENDER TO REBELS.

#### Situation in Mexico Increased in Gravity Following Victory of Revolutionists.

Navarro and Officers Are Paroled by Madero. Juarez, Mexico.—General Navarro and his twenty-seven officers were paroled by General Madero. After inviting them to dinner, he announced that if they would promise on their honor not to leave the city they could have the liberty of the town. They agreed to do so.

Ciudad Juarez, Mexico.—This little bullet-riddled city is the provisional capital of Mexico, and Francisco I. Madero, Jr., provisional president, and his staff have taken complete possession after winning the bloodiest battle of the Mexican Revolution.

In a corner room of the barracks, which for two days had held out against the terrific fire of the rebels, sits Gen. Juan J. Navarro, the Federal commander, a captive, having surrendered with almost his entire garrison of several hundred men. His sallow face is sunken, his head is bowed and he does not talk, for the bitter sting of defeat has disheartened him.

In contrast, in another part of the little town is Francisco I. Madero, Jr., the conqueror, surrounded by the members of his family and his staff, joyous, exultant and flushed with victory, yet ready, he says, to make peace with the Mexican government if it is disposed to deal frankly and sincerely with the Revolutionists and without such vague promises as "President Diaz" manifesto contains.

The town of Juarez has been mauled by bullets and shells beyond recognition. Several houses have been burned, numerous adobe dwellings are roofless, and some have large holes in their walls, exposing to view their wrecked interiors.

## TAMPA STRIKE CALLED OFF

### Striking Cigarmakers Return to Their Benches.

Tampa, Fla.—At a meeting of the committee representing the five cigarmakers' unions in this city, it was unanimously decided to call off the strike and a manifesto was issued calling the men back to their benches. The action of the joint committee involves ten thousand cigarmakers, six thousand of which walked out and the remainder failed to return to work.

The decision of the joint advisory committee followed a conference between Circuit Judge Joseph B. Wall and attorneys for the strikers.

### Bail is Denied McNamara.

Los Angeles.—The application of John J. McNamara, for the fixing of bail on the charge of dynamiting was disallowed by superior Judge Bordwell without prejudice and with leave to renew it at any time.

Washington.—The American Federation of Labor issued an appeal for funds for the defense of the McNamara brothers, in jail in Los Angeles for dynamiting. The appeal for funds states that the accused labor leaders are in jail as a result of a "vindictive spirit of persecution."

### Fought Woman on Niagara Brink.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—Fighting with grim determination to end her life, Mrs. Elizabeth Hartley of Buffalo, 60 years of age, was rescued from death at the very brink of the cataract by Constable Thomas Harrington, who faced constant danger of being carried over the falls with the demented woman. Mrs. Hartley entered the water about 60 feet above the falls. Her dress caught on a jagged rock 10 feet from the brink of the falls. There she was held until Harrington hooked a pike into her dress.

## HOW RACES VIEW RACE PREJUDICE

### EXPERTS OF MANY PEOPLES GIVE THEIR VIEWS AS TO CAUSE AND EFFECT.

### JAP, JEW, NEGRO, ITALIAN

#### Race Leaders Contribute to a Symposium Prepared by New York Unitarian Club.

New York.—Race prejudice is viewed from many angles by representatives of several peoples in a symposium prepared by the Unitarian Club of this city.

M. Honda, editor of a Japanese newspaper, declares that "if the pressure of a few thousand Japanese threaten your country, it does not speak well for your civilization. The best way to kill race prejudice is not to speak of it or pay any attention to it."

"If we Jews," says Dr. De Sota Pool, "have any feeling against the Christian it is because you do not live up to the teachings of Jesus."

As for the Italians, Prof. Alberto Pecchini, director of the Italian-American Civic League, says:

"The chief reason of prejudice to the Italian in the United States is because a certain type of criminals have been advertised. Yet there is less percentage of crime among the Italians than among the other races."

Dr. Booker T. Washington, for the negroes, declares that "race prejudice in the South is growing less every day."

## MADERO NAMES HIS CABINET.

### Provisional Capital of Mexico Established at Juarez.

Juarez, Mexico.—Mexico's provisional government became an established fact with the naming of a cabinet by Francisco L. Madero, Jr., the president of the provisional government, and with the establishment of a capital at the captured city of Juarez. The cabinet follows:

Dr. Vasquez Gomez, minister of foreign relations.

Gustavo Madero, minister of finance.

Venustiana Carranza, minister of war.

Frederico Gonzales Garza, minister of the interior.

Pino Suarez, minister of justice.

Juan Sanchez Azcona, secretary to the president.

Secretary of War Carranza will have charge of the railways and telegraph, and his first act was to grant permission for the repair of the Mexico Northwestern railroad. A gang of men immediately set to work on the torn roadbed south of Juarez.

Gonzales Garza will have charge of the mail service, and Secretary of the Treasury Gustavo Madero will direct the affairs of the custom house.

That the insurrecto army is more than an armed mob was shown in the complete absence of looting and of intoxication and the quickness with which the shattered city was cleared of its dead and wounded. The embargo against visitors was removed, and curious sightseers in thousands peered across the bridges leading from El Paso.

## AN UNIFORM MEMORIAL DAY.

### Savannah Delegation to Little Rock Convention Will Make Strong Bid.

Savannah, Ga.—Savannah Confederate veterans will make a strong effort at the reunion in Little Rock this month to have the United Confederate veterans declare for a uniform memorial day.

Delegates from both camps of veterans here are preparing a resolution that will bring the matter before the convention, and the hope is expressed that it will result in favorable action.

In Georgia, Alabama, Florida and Mississippi, April 26 is Memorial day; in North Carolina and South Carolina it is May 10; in Tennessee, May 12; Louisiana, June 3, and Virginia, May 30.

### White Slave Story.

Atlanta, Ga.—A particularly harrowing story of alleged white slave traffic is told here by Nellie Lewis, a pretty 17-year-old girl, who says her home is in Winston-Salem, N. C. The girl declares that she has been carried from city to city for the past several weeks by H. M. Burt of South Carolina and Cassie Cobb of Winston-Salem. She says that the couple have kept her in a state of bondage. In the various cities she was made to lead a life of shame to support the man and woman.