## The Case Book of a Private Detective

True Narratives of Interesting Cases by a Former Operative of the William J. Burns Detective Agency

By DAVID CORNELL

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## MADE TO ORDER BANK BURGLARY

How a Vault and a Reputation Were Shattered by Too Much Dynamite

"The Welldon Community bank, of blowers last night. Nitroglycerin was used to open the bank vault, with disastrous results to one of the robbers, plosion. His confederates successfully looted the bank and obtained \$85,-000 in cash."

This little item carried by the various New York papers was the genesis of my connection with the great Welldon Community bank robbery. A few hours after the papers carrying the this bank." news were on the street I was on my way to Welldon, ordered by the Burns agency to investigate the case as a representative of the National Bankers' Protective association.

As the reader probably is not familiar with the Welldon community it is necessary to delay my story a triffe in order that the situation may be made more clear. This community is one of several of the sort that may be northern Pennsylvania. It was founded about 1840 by an Englishman way a seeker after a modern Utopia. Welldon believed that our whole system of living in cities, crowded and uncomfortable, or in country districts, isolated and lonesome, was all wrong. He believed that the small community, fifty families, for instance, gathered around a common center, and yet not gathered so closely together as to make an actual town, was the ideal, as well as the practical way, for mankind to dwell. He had made something of a fortune in the mill business in England. Unable to put into practice in that country his novel idea, he came to America and, after considerable searching, fixed upon the rich farming valley in southern New York as the spot most favorable for the location of the Welldon community. There he brought together about thirty families, bringing most of them from his native land, England. He established a cooperative store, a blacksmith shop, a school, a church, a mill, in fact, everybank, while it was owned and patronized mainly by the people of the community, was chartered and managed as any small country bank would be. Welldon had conducted its affairs himself at first. At his death it had passed to his son so far as management was concerned, though the title remained in the community. Welldon's son had continued the banking business as successfully as his father had done before him, and the bank was as prosperous and sound as a small bank possibly could be. It had never become a power, but on the other hand, it had never been in trouble once during its whole

Welldon's son had died a few years before the robbery occurred, and the management thereupon had passed into the hands of Giles, the cashier. He had done fully as well by the bank as the Welldons had, and the community had trusted its money to the bank's care as implicitly as ever. The bank had proved time and again that it was panic-proof; but it wasn't burglar-proof. After over sixty-five years of successful operation it had been cleaned out by the conventional accident of safe-blowing. Altogether it was a remarkable situation.

I found the little place in the greatest stir of its history when I alighted from the accommodation train that carried me from the nearest city up the spur to Welldon community. There wasn't much of a town at Welldon, only a few stores, offices, warehouses and houses strung along the road in the center of the farms of the valley. The bank was a neat, old gray-stone building that occupied a position of honor in the middle of it all. It was a compact, sturdy looking building, obviously built with a view to guarding as well as possible whatever might be kept inside. Around the building were gathered most of the people of the community. The rest of them were buzzing around the undertaker's shop across the road, where the body of the slain safe-blower lay for the present. The county sheriff and the coroner were doing their respective duties in assertive fashion, and the people had to content themselves with standing and looking at the outsides of the buildings containing the objects that had aroused their curlosity. They were the most shocked and horrorstricken group that I had seen for a long time. It was the first real crime of any importance that had ever been committed in the valley within the memory of the oldest inhabitant, and the community was so awed by the shock of it that there was scarcely a thought left in the whole crowd.

I went to the bank first and my card let me in past the sheriff's deputy. I was received by Mr. Giles, the president of the bank, and the board of directors, who were assembled in the me. This was something altogether pered with

out of their line, and they were relieved to have some one arrive on whom they could untoad the burden of their worry.

"I had eeared for years that it was coming," said Giles. "Every night for the last twenty years that I have locked up that old-fashioned vault 1 Welldon, N. Y., was robbed by safe- have said to myself; 'What would happen if a safe-blower knew what a weak door stands between this bank's money and a robber?" I have recomwho was blown to pieces by the ex- mended time after time the installation of new vaults, but you gentlemen of the directorate have seen fit to believe that economy should continue to be our watchword. Far be it from me to pretend to criticize, but there might be a different tale to tell this morning if there had been a modern vault in

"Oh, well," said one of the directors, "I suppose these safe-blowers could get into any kind of a safe, couldn't they, Mr. Cornell?"

"Some of them can," I replied, "It depends on their skill. Suppose we

take a look at the safe." Giles promptly led us into the rear room, where the vault was located, I never have seen a vault or safe that had been used more roughly than the found in southern New York and one that now was before my eyes. In the language of the profession, it had been "all shot to pieces." The door named Welldon, who was in his own had been cracked and torn and twisted and flung across the room. Pieces of bolts, bars and iron were lying all over. It was impossible to tell what kind of a door it had been that locked in the Welldon community's money, so shattered was it. An enormous amount of horse blankets had been used to muffle the sound of the explo-

"A big charge." I said; "a desperately big charge. They must have wanted to make sure of blowing her open and didn't fear to make a noise. Please leave everything just as it is and let us step across and look at the man who got caught in the explosion."

We-Mr. Giles, the directors and myself-went over to the undertaking shop where the dead bandit lay. I had hoped to recognize him as some listed yeggman, though my acquaintance with that class was limited; but I was disappointed. His face had been blown so thoroughly to pieces in the explosion that it was impossible for anyone thing needed to supply the welfare of not familiar with his smallest characan agricultural community-including teristics to make out who he might the Welldon Community bank. This have been. He was dressed a little better than the average yeggman, for there was the remnant of a clean cuff on one of his wrists, but this was all that I could make out in a cursory examination.

"I'll be back later," I told the man in charge. Then I told Giles that I would like to hear the whole story of

He led the way back to his office in the bank building and told the story in a careful, intelligent way. There was nothing remarkable in the story. He had been called down to the bank at 6:30 that morning by a workingman who, while passing to his work, had seen that the front door of the bank building was unlocked. He had gone in at once, in company with the workman. He had found the door between the banking room and the vault room locked, as usual. He had opened the door and had found the dead burglar and the looted safe, much as we had seen the room. Eighty-five thousand dollars in large bank notes had been taken. Some hundreds of dollars' worth of smaller bills and about a thousand dollars' worth of silver had not been touched. Nobody had been found who had heard the explosion, and there was absolutely no trace of the robbers.

That was Giles' story. It was told in precise, clerical fashion, greatly in contrast to the story of the sheriff, who, when he was called in, rambled about bloodhounds and posses and made a fool of himself trying to appear "wise" before a city detective.

"You locked up the vault last night, did you, Mr. Giles?" I asked.

"Yes sir," he answered. "And this money was all in there when you locked it up?"

"Yes, of course." I thanked him and said: "Now will you kindly let me go over the vault again alone? I must study it carefully in order to make out an intelligent report."

He acquiesced readily and I went in the room and shut myself in with the shattered vault.

I had been impressed with my first glance by the apparently enormous charge of explosive that had been used in the robbery. So terrible had the wreckage been that it seemed impossible to me that any living man could have been in that room and survived after the "soup" had scattered the fragments of that door around. The room was so narrow that it must have been like standing before a mortar loaded with scrap iron. The horse blankets were torn to shreds. I said to myself: "A bungler's job," and went out and telegraphed for an expert on explosives, for the expert of the firm that made the safe, and for Durango and Mahaffey, two of our men who knew most of the big yeggs in the country by sight. I locked and sealed banking room. They were glad to see the vault room, so it could not be tam-

When Mehaffey came he took one look at the dead yegg, lifted his hands and examined the back of them and found some tattoo marks and said: "Sailor Benny, as I'm alive. How did he ever get so far from Omaha? And how did he ever put in too much soup? He was the prince of them all in knowing just how much it took to loosen a door. By glory! Cornell, there's something queer about this Benny never overloaded in his life."

The dynamite expert and the safe man came in on the next train and of the bank together. The dynamite man took one look around and said: "Shut the door."

The safe man obeyed and, to make sure, I hung my coat over the key-

"My gad!" said the safe man, almost crying, "It isn't possible. No safe of ours could be blown up in that fashion. Say, nobody ever could blow one of our safes up in that fashionnot even one of these old ones."

"Yes," said the dynamite man, "I've done it myself."

"How?" "On a test," said the other. "By loading the safe on the inside and then locking the door."

We looked at one another. "That is what was done here, isn't it?" I said.

"Absolutely," said the dynamite I sent for Mehaffey and told him

what had been said. "Then the job never was of Saflor Benny's doing," said he instantly. "Good gad, man! The load must have been put in by the man who locked the door. And then how did Henny

come to be killed cracking the door?" The dynamite man and the safe man prepared to withdraw. "I guess the case is all up to you,

Mr. Cornell," they said. "It looks like work for a 'tec.' They went away and Mehaffey and I sat down to theorize behind the

locked door. "Cornell," said Mehaffey, "there is

"She's a bad case, Cornell," he said. "Yes," I said, "because the man who put that soup in there to go off when Benny came | must have had something to hide, and this was the way he took to hide it. Mehaffey," I said, suddenly, "you and Durango both know all about Benny's old haunts out in Omaha. Better run out there right away and see if you can find why Benny came east."

"Ye-es," said he, slowly. "That's about the way she will work out. Why did Benny come east? Who got him the three of us entered the vault room | to come? That's the question that's to be answered. Durango stars in that piece; he used to work in Omaha and knows Benny's girl."

When we came out of the vault room I said to the president:

"Well, Mr. Giles, we have done about all we can do here. What we've got to do now is to to try to look for this dead robber's confederate, the man who got the money. We will do our best, but I assure you it will be a hard task to find him."

"I fear so, Mr. Cornell," said Giles. "But you people are very capable, 1

understand." "We never have fallen down on a case yet," I said as we left him.

I suspect that Durango at one time or another had been on the other side of the fence, for his knowledge of criminals, their hang-outs, their manners and their associates in this country was something too intimate to have been picked up as a detective. Durango could at any time go to any city in the country, go straight to the criminal quarter and be accepted as one of the bunch without the slightest suspicion. This was his sole qualification as a detective, however, so he was valuable only at infrequent intervals. In this case he was, as Mehaffey put it, the star. The pair of them blew into Omaha on the beams of a box car, attired in proper hobo clothing. They went to a saloon kept by an ex-convict near the stock yards-a crooks' nest-and within a few hours they were associating with some of arrest for robbing the Weildon Community bank of \$85,000.

"Great Scott!" he said. "Do you know what you are talking about? Are you crazy?"

"I hope not," I said. "Let me tell you what I have discovered since I came to Welldon: I discovered that you have been an inveterate Wall street gambler for the last ten years. It wasn't hard to do that: the brokers keep a list of every out-of-town trader they do business with. You had been trading under the name of Travers, but your broker knew who you were. He had looked you up. You were fairly lucky for an outsider until last June. Then your losses began to pile up steadily. A month ago you owed \$85,000, and had to make it good or be exposed. You did make it good. You did make it good-out of that vault back there.

"You hoped to cover that loan you made yourself so that nobody ever would be the wiser for it. You hoped to put it back; they all do. But, like most of them in the same fix, you found that you couldn't do it. Then you began to look around for some means of covering up your crime. In your dilemma you thought of a certain man who had left this town as a boy, who had gone to the bad, and whom you had helped-I give you credit for a good heart, Giles-at various intervals when he needed it. You thought of him. You got him to come here. You told him what you wanted done; you wanted the safe blown and robbed. You promised that you would give htm half of the big sum that you said was inside-and which should have been inside.

"But you knew you were playing with fire in taking this criminal in as your confederate in so dastardly a crime as robbing your own bank. You needed to have that safe blown-to have it appear that the bank had been looted of \$85,000-but you couldn't afford to let a criminal live and know your secret. So you loaded that vault before you locked it the evening before the robbery. You did that-only this about this job: Somebody had Durango's old friends in a back room you could have done it-because you

PARAGRAMAN DE LA CONTRA DEL CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DEL CONTRA DE LA CONTRA DEL CO Real Home of the Soft Shells

**PROPERTURE PREFERENCE PREFERENCE PROPERTURE** There may be persons who have never heard of Crisfield and who do not know that it is the greatest market in the world for soft-shell crabs. Some hotels in New York get their supplies of the delicious crustaceans direct from there and they have been shipped as far as Seattle.

Crisfield is in Maryland, down on the lower part of the eastern shore. It is not a big place, but they do send out good things to eat from therenot only the soft shell crab, but the diamond-back terrapin, the Tangler oyster, which the gourmets of Baltimore think is to be classed among the most delicious of the species, and white shad, to which those same gourmets hold that no shad is equal. And so on. With which introduction, enter L. R. Carson.

Mr. Carson was at the Imperial recently, says the New York Sun. He lives in Crisfield, is in business there and has made a study of the crab scientifically and commercially.

"Crisfield," said Mr. Carson, "produces 90 per cent of all the soft crabs consumed in this country. They are caught within a radius of ten miles of the town. The old part of Crisfield was built on dyster shells, but of recent years the town has expanded. It was only about twelve years ago that the discovery that the soft-shell crab could be popularized started a boom and the values of property in the last six years have trebled.

Evolution of Soft-Shell Crab.

"In the waters about Deal's, Tangier and Smith's islands the soft crabs are caught in two ways. One is employed by the 'scrapers,' who drag an instrument like an oyster dredge in the water six to twelve feet deep, from a bateau or canoe. The other method is employed by the 'netters,' who stand in the bow of a skiff, pushing the boat slowly along in shallow water and making a swoop with a dipnet when they see a crab on the bottom. Ninety per cent of the crabs thus caught are hard-shelled, and they are put into floats and kept until they shed their shells.

"The first stage of a crab in progressing from hard to soft is what is termed locally a 'snot.' The change from a snot to a 'softer' requires from four hours to four days, depending on the condition of the crab. The snot becomes a peeler, when he is much prized for bait, and a new shell has completely formed under the hard coat, and then a buster when the hard shell has started to come loose at the back. Then in a short time emerges the softer, ready for the market and

From Crustacean to Hardshell. The average life of a crab is three

the secretary of the Virginia state board of fisheries, who has studied crabs many years, says that a single female in the spring of the year will produce 1,250,000 eggs. Out of all those only about 200 crabs mature. The remainder are consumed by other fish and by crabs. After laying her eggs the female crab is eaten by others of her species.

"The season opens in our waters on May 1 and lasts until Oct. 1, when the crabs go out into very deep water. In the early spring, to be exact, on March 1, the soft crab season opens at Morehead City, N. C., where many Crisfield packers go and operate until the season begins at home.

Shipped Packed in Seaweed.

"If when a crab is unpacked in New York, it is what is called a 'paper shell,' which means that the shell has begun to harden; that means that if the crab was properly packed it was that hard when it started. Packed in sea ores (seaweed), they will keep soft until they die. I shipped crabs last summer to a friend in Houston, Tex., a seventy-two hour journey. We do not ship in refrigerated cars, but in refrigerating boxes.

"Some persons do not know how to tell when a crab is fit to eat. Here is an infallible method of telling. The fact that a crab is dead when it is unpacked does not mean that it is necessarily spoiled. The way to tell is to pull out one of the back fins. If it resists, the crab should be in good condition. If the crab should be thrown away the fin will come out easily and will be mushy on the end. Brown spots on the top of shells of crabs do not mean anything is wrong. because you will frequently find them on live crabs. It makes no difference how long a crab has been dead if the back fin pulls out hard.

Prices of Crabs Fluctuate Greatly.

"About 75 per cent of the population of Crisfield is engaged in the oyster and fish trade. But we cannot count upon anything like a regular production. Crabs may be selling one day at \$1 a dozen and in three days' time may drop to 30 cents because of overproduction. Then a storm may cut off the supply and the price go soaring again.

"Hard crabs are picked into three grades of meat. Claw meat, for use on free lunch counters; white, for devil crabs and crab cakes, and lump, for newburgs and fancy dishes. I have heard that Japanese crab meat, canned, comes into this country free of duty, but have not been able to verify it.

"Diamond back terrapin are scarce. When you think that in slavery times of directors and pleaded for mercy, the Maryland legislature passed an But those old, hard working farmers act prohibiting planters from feeding were made of tough stuff. They re them to their slaves more than three fused his plea and Giles went to Sing times a week, it seems queer to find them bringing \$75 a dozen now."



been in on it before Sailor Benny got | upstairs. They worked for two days to it. Somebody had stuck a load in there back of that door, and whoever it was must have been the man who closed the vault and fixed the combination. Then Benny comes along with his pal and gets busy. Benny puts in his little charge, just a little soup poured in the cracks to loosen that old door. His pal is in the other room, doing lookout. Benny turns loose his charge-and, bang! goes the big one that's inside. Naturally Benny is knocked stiff. His pal comes in, sees what has happened, gets the money and beats it in a hurry. Isn't that the way you size it up?"

"Not quite," I said. "Why did that big load happen to be on the inside the night-that Benny came to blow the crib? Didn't the man who put it there know that Benny was coming? And if he did know-how did he come to know? Why did he know that? And if he knew-which he certainly did-why did he leave it there, knowing-as he certainly must have-that it would blow Benny to pieces as sure as he ever turned loose his charge? And if he knew all this-this manwhich he did-why did he do it? Why did he want Benny killed there in front of the safe? . Why did he do

Mehaffey shook his head.

and then sent me this bulletin: "Sailor Benny was flush with

do Welldon job. Must have been paid in advance to do it." Next day came another wire: "Have found Benny's wife. From

money for weeks before starting to

her got information that Benny was originally a Welldon boy. He used to get money from there occasionally. Perhaps you can connect up on this." And the third day:

"Benny's wife says Benny went to Welldon in answer to wire saying just 'Come.' She doesn't know where wire came from.' I wired back:

"If possible send me sample of writing from person remitting him money from Welldon."

was on old envelope which Durango And that-the result of that wirehad got from Benny's wife, and in settled the Welldon bank robbery. which Benny once had got money On the tenth day of my stay in Wellfrom Welldon. don, just after he had pulled down the Giles took one swift look at the curtains and closed the bank for the

day, I placed Mr. Giles, the president, under arrest. "Arrest?" he cried. "Me? Under arrest? What does this mean, Mr. Cornell?" "Just what it sounds like, Mr. Giles,"

handwriting and began to gasp like a fish. The writing was his own. He confessed that night to the board

I said. "I am sorry, but there is nothing for me to do but place you under | Sing under a heavy sentence.

admitted that you locked the vault up

"You put that big charge of explos-

ive back of the door. Your man-

Sailor Benny, the yeggman-came as

you had requested. He went to work

in workmanlike fashion and shot a re-

spectable charge in the cracks of the

door. His explosion turned loose the

terrific load you had prepared for him.

The door was blown to pieces, so was

the yeggman, and you woke up in the

morning and felt you were safe once

more. Isn't that about the truth of

"Proof?" he said, sneering. "You

I merely lifted my hand from the

table so he could see underneath what

Durango had sent me from Omaha. It

have proofs to substantiate this pretty

the affair, Mr. Giles?"

little story?"

for the night.