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SENATE DEMOCRATS YIELD TO DEMANDS

WILL ALLOW WESTERN SENATORS TO STATE OBJECTIONS TO FREE WOOL.

REINTRODUCED TARIFF BILL

Have Decided That The Republicans Will Renew Their Demands For General Open Hearings.—Will Be Considered as Whole Bill.

Washington.—Democratic forces in charge of tariff revision in the Senate slightly yielded to the demands for hearings upon tariff schedules. In addition to the permission given all interested parties to file statements with the Finance Committee, Senator Simmons conceded to a group of Western Senators the right to appear and state their arguments against the free wool and free sugar provisions that have been agreed to by the Democrats of the House.

A full meeting of the Senate Finance Committee is to be held. Republican Senators will then renew their demand that general open hearings be given. The attitude of the majority of the Democratic members of the committee is against this, however. They claim that such a course would delay tariff revision; and that no arguments would be brought forth that have not already appeared, in the hearings before the House Committee, or in the briefs filed with the Senate Committee.

The Underwood tariff bill, as finally approved and revised by the caucus of House Democrats, was reintroduced in the House by Representative Underwood and referred back to the Ways and Means Committee. It will reappear with a favorable report from the Democrats on the committee and with a dissenting report from the Republican members criticising its rates and the method of revision followed by the Democrats.

The Senate Democratic leaders have given up hope of having the bill brought into the Senate in the form of separate schedules.

Balkan Allies Present Reply.

Athens.—The reply of the Balkan allies was presented to the European powers. It is a general acceptance of the offer of mediation between Turkey and the allies, with reservation, however, that the questions of the disposal of the Aegean islands and the elimination of the frontiers of Thrace and of the future state of Albania shall be left open for debate between the allies and the powers during negotiations.

Southern Sociological Congress.

Atlanta, Ga.—Plans now are being made for the entertainment of 1,500 Southern leaders who are expected to attend the Southern Sociological Congress, which convenes in Atlanta for a four-day session. The announced import of the congress is a "council of war for national health and righteousness." Governors for several Southern States have accepted invitations to attend the congress and others have appointed official delegates.

Issue Congressional Directory.

Washington.—What the members of the sixty-third congress think of themselves became public when the new congressional record was issued. The directory contains biographies of representatives and senators, prepared by themselves. Lawyers, as usual, form the bulk of the legislators. Sixty-nine are in the senate and 270 in the house.

Would Abrogate Two Treaties.

Washington.—A joint resolution to abrogate the Hay-Pauncefote and Clayton-Bulwer treaties, on which Great Britain is basing her protests against the Panama canal act, was introduced by Senator Chamberlain and referred to the foreign relations committee.

Feeling of Japan is Softened.

Tokio.—The chagrin, disappointment and wounded pride of Japan, which were vented in angry militant talk by irresponsible people, have become somewhat modified. The entire Japanese nation now awaits with intense and evident anxiety the outcome of the deliberations in reference to the California alien land holding bill proceeding at Sacramento. Governmental and commercial forces of Japan are using their utmost exertions in endeavoring to restrain the unthinkable agitators here.

NEWS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Latest News of General Interest That Has Been Collected From Many Towns and Counties.

Salisbury.—Four sleeping cars of passenger train No. 36 on the Southern, jumped the track several miles north of Spencer. The trouble was probably caused by a bucking track.

Statesville.—The Supreme Court has affirmed the judgment of the lower court in the cases of R. B. Joyner vs. City of Statesville and State vs. Mose White, both of Statesville.

Four Oaks.—The last of the commencement exercises of the Four Oaks graded school was held in the school auditorium. The exercises began with a music and elocution recital.

Hendersonville.—Municipal politics began to simmer last week when the Democrats in convention nominated W. A. Keith, J. A. Fletcher and A. Fickler for aldermen and M. M. Shepherd for mayor.

Raleigh.—Commissioner of Insurance Jas. R. Young has served notice on 17 building and loan associations that if they do not file proper annual reports of their affairs by April 25 he will cancel their licenses to do business in this state, a power conferred upon him by the last legislature.

Wilmington.—Capt. R. H. McIntyre died rather suddenly of heart disease at his home, No. 819 Market street. He had been in feeble health for some time, but his death nevertheless came as a great shock to a large number of people. Captain McIntyre was 78 years old and was born in this county.

Dunn.—The bond issue for construction of the addition to the graded school building carried by a large majority last week. The work had already been done, and the addition dedicated. The school board having faith in the citizenship to vote the necessary tax to pay for same had borrowed money and the building has been in use all this session.

Asheville.—At the meeting of the Democratic municipal committee, held recently, Chas. man Sliam G. Bernard, who has served for the past several years, was chosen to succeed himself, and Marcus Erwin was named secretary to succeed Lawrence W. Young, appointed by Governor Craig as adjutant general of the North Carolina National Guard.

Mount Olive.—In the municipal primary, here for the nomination of a mayor and of town commissioners, Colon Shaw Smith, a prominent young attorney, was nominated for mayor, winning against B. H. Hatch, a leading merchant, Smith receiving 99 votes and Hatch 82. The following were elected town commissioners: F. Herring, J. E. Kelly, W. F. Martin, L. A. Byrd and Rodney Knowles.

Snow Hill.—A wholesale arrest of alleged blind tigers has been made here by a detective. Sheriff Williams began the campaign with the arrest of several of the offenders, and the secret agent, working in this community as an unassuming insurance agent, wound up the procedure by taking into custody the town's leading barber and four other of the gentry of the "stripes," all colored.

Newton.—Experimental city mail delivery was started in Newton the first of last week. The appropriation for this work, was made at the last session of Congress, only extends until July 15, this year, but the indications are that it will be renewed. The service in Newton is only a trial and if enough encouragement is offered by citizens on the outskirts of town by building sidewalks, numbering houses, and erecting street signs, the service will probably be extended and two carriers put on.

Fayetteville.—The high cost of living has abraded itself into Fayetteville municipal affairs. Mayor John Underwood, on top of an advance in the price of fresh meats made by local butchers, has requested City Attorney R. H. Dye, to investigate the cause of the high price of meat on the local market, and declares that if there is sufficient evidence to show a combination in restraint of trade, "in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law," a hearing will at once be held before United States Commissioner J. C. Gibbs.

Kenansville.—The town of Kenansville will hold an election on May 17, to determine upon a bond issue of \$10,000 to be used in persuading a railroad to build to this point.

Spencer.—A movement of much importance was started in Spencer recently when about a dozen interested citizens met at the home Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Kester on Carolina avenue, and organized the Spencer Civic League. Rev. C. B. Heller was elected president; B. F. Stevenson vice president and Mrs. D. E. Kester, secretary and treasurer of the organization.

WOMEN STONED BY BRITISH MOBS

SUFFRAGETTES HANDLED IN LONDON, BRIGHTON AND OTHER PLACES.

POLICE CHARGE ON CROWDS

The British Public Seems Tired of the Militancy and Only the Police Save Women From Mob

London, England.—The suffragettes had plenty of evidence that the public has tired of militancy and only the protection afforded by large bodies of police saved the women from the hands of angry mobs. At Brighton the suffragettes were chased off the esplanade and took refuge in a neighboring house. This was surrounded by howling thousands who bombarded the place with stones and smashed every window. In defiance of the ban on meetings in Hyde Park, the Women's Social and Political Union attempted to carry on its propaganda there.

London had anticipated that such attempts would be made and 20,000 persons assembled at the customary meeting place.

No sooner had a suffragette mounted the box and unfurled the militants' flag than the police interfered. There were a few cries of "Free speech!" "Are we in Russia?" But these were drowned by hostile yells. Turf and stones were thrown and strong rushes were made toward the women, but a large force of mounted and foot police surrounded them and kept the mob in check.

No sooner had the police escorted one group of women to a place of safety than others appeared from another quarter. It took the police three hours finally to restore order. Similar scenes were witnessed at Wimbledon and Hampstead Heath. An infernal machine was discovered by a policeman in the doorway of the Yorkshire Herald office at York. The wrapping inscribed "Votes for Women" indicated its origin.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN'S WILL

Extraordinary Document Left by the Great Financier Is Dead.

New York.—"I commit my soul into the hands of my Savior, in full confidence that having redeemed it and washed it in His most precious blood He will present it faultless before the throne of my heavenly Father; and I entrust my children to maintain and defend, at all hazard and at any cost of personal sacrifice, the atonement from sin through the blood of Jesus Christ, once offered and through this alone."

This is the extraordinary and striking utterance which begins the last will and testament of John Pierpont Morgan, who died at Rome on March 31 last, whose body, heaped over with flowers from the crowned heads of Europe, was a fortnight later, brought back to his own land and was borne to its last resting place at Hartford.

As to the amount of the estate, which is one of the first questions the public naturally is asking, there is nothing in his will to give any accurate idea, and the executors declare that no announcement will be made on this point until the appraisal has been made for determining the state inheritance tax.

The amount of bequests and trusts, named by specific sums, is under \$20,000,000, but the entire residue of the estate is left to J. P. Morgan, Jr., who is designated by his father to become the chief heir not only to his fortune, but to his many charitable and artistic activities.

Wilson Allays Ire of Japan.

Tokio.—The announcement that President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan are making efforts to bring about a compromise in the proposed California legislation with respect to the alien land ownership bill and that Governor Hiram Johnson is opposing the bill, has softened Japanese ire and public opinion has now become more optimistic. The alleged unwillingness of the American missionaries to assist in resisting the bill is the subject of harsh criticism in the Japanese papers.

Alleged Swindlers Are Jailed.

New York.—After pursuing them for five months through several states in this country and a part of Canada, central office detectives arrived here from Charleston, S. C., with Frank R. Tarbau and Albert A. Carter, who are accused of having swindled G. M. Jones of Pittsburgh out of \$20,000 and E. J. Pendleton of Washington out of \$55,000. After the arrest of the men in Charleston, they were ordered released on a writ of habeas corpus, but Blease ignored the court order and honored extradition papers.

STIRRING UP A HORNET'S NEST



JAPANESE ARE DISPLEASED

ANTI-ALIEN LAND OWNERSHIP MEASURE, PASSED BY CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

President Wilson, at Work to Prevent Friction Between United States and Japan.

Sacramento, Cal.—An anti-alien land ownership bill, designed primarily to prevent Japanese from acquiring title to real property within the state, but so worded as to prohibit an alien from owning land more than one year except upon a declaration of his intention to become a citizen, was passed by the lower house of the legislature by a vote of 60 to 15.

The measure was drafted by a subcommittee of the judiciary committee as a substitute for bills previously introduced, all of which specifically provided that "aliens ineligible to citizenship should not hold lands."

The committee, however, proceeded on the theory that such a statute might be held in violation of the treaty rights of Japanese subjects and broadened the measure to include all aliens who had not declared their intention of becoming citizens.

CONSCIENCE IN BUSINESS

Vice President Marshall Amplifies His Warning to the Rich.

Washington.—Amplifying his speech before the National Democratic club in New York city, in which he served warning on the rich, Vice President Marshall authorized in a local paper publication of a remarkable statement regarding that address. Principally he urged the injection of conscience into "big business" as an antidote for Socialism. He also reiterated his argument against the perpetuation of great fortunes.

The vice president insisted he was not expressing his personal opinions alone, but that he was guided by those expressed by him "by many honest financiers, lawyers, miners and ditch-diggers, men he had met on the street, on trains and trolley cars and in their homes."

Osborn Heads Internal Revenue.

Washington.—President Wilson nominated former Governor John E. Osborn of Wyoming, to be first assistant secretary of state; Walter H. Page of New York, to be ambassador to Great Britain; William H. Osborn of Greensboro, N. C., to be commissioner of internal revenue.

Murder is Nabbed at Still.

Griffin, Ga.—Drew Smith, an escaped convict from the state prison farm, was captured in Pike county while engaged in the illicit distillery business and will again don prison stripes. Smith was caught by Deputy Collectors E. J. Hinton and R. S. Ison, at his still in Pike county, about 1 1/2 miles north of Jolly, while he lay sound asleep by the mountain side. He made no attempt to resist arrest, though a dangerous dirk and a 1-pound sllagshot was on his person.

WEATHER CHIEF DISMISSED

WILSON DISCHARGES WEATHER BUREAU HEAD INVOLVED IN ALLEGED SCANDAL.

Moore's Dismissal Followed a Conference Between the President and Secretary of Agriculture.

Washington.—Professor Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau since 1895 and an appointee of the Cleveland administration, was summarily removed from office by President Wilson. His resignation recently had been accepted to take effect July 31, but after an investigation of his alleged efforts to become secretary of agriculture in the present cabinet, grave charges of irregularity were preferred and the president withdrew his acceptance of the resignation, dismissing Professor Moore. Later he referred the subject to the department of justice for inquiry.

Secretary Houston of the agricultural department, conferred with the president before the removal of Mr. Moore was announced. The secretary then issued the following statement:

"Immediately after the resignation of Professor Moore of the weather bureau, was submitted to the president and accepted by him, charges were filed with the secretary of agriculture by responsible men within the service. These charges were of such a grave nature that the secretary of agriculture called upon the department of justice for an investigation. "The investigation is still under way, but the facts so far secured and laid before the president were sufficient to warrant him in deciding to withdraw his acceptance of Professor Moore's resignation, and remove him summarily, which has been done. The president has also directed the secretary of agriculture to suspend Charles T. Burns, an employee of the weather bureau, pending a further investigation of the case, and take such disciplinary measures as he may deem necessary with such other employees of the weather bureau as may be found to have been unduly active in using the public service for private and personal ends."

Unofficially it was said at the white house that the campaign to make Mr. Moore secretary of agriculture had been extensive; that the members of congress in various parts of the country had been canvassed, and that a letter writing campaign had been conducted among weather bureau employees.

European Syndicates Protest Law.

Sacramento, Cal.—Not the exclusion of the Japanese farmer, but the probable effect of the proposed alien land law on European capital invested in the state is now the principal issue involved in discussion of the bills proposing to restrict the rights of foreigners in California, one of which was passed by the assembly. Protest has arisen from representatives of English and continental syndicates, and a stronger influence than that represented by the former complaints of the Japanese government

REBELS GAINING IN MEXICAN REPUBLIC

THE REGIME OF PRESIDENT HUERTA VERGES ON COLLAPSE.

MANY FOREIGNERS LEAVING

Prediction Throughout Republic That He Will Be Deposed—Rebels Very Active.

Mexico City.—Undisguised pessimism is manifested in the capital as to the future of the Huerta government. In neither official nor unofficial circles are the statements of General Obregon, commander of the Sonora insurgents, and Venustiano Carrana, ex-governor of Coahuila, of the probable overthrow of Huerta longer derided.

Without exception, the newspapers aver that the only hope of salvation lies in the flotation of a loan. Practically all of them admit that non-recognition of the present administration makes this very doubtful.

The banks continue to reflect the government's financial difficulties, and refuse to sell exchange except at exorbitant rates, while merchants are raising their prices to balance the difference between Mexican and foreign currency. There is no fixed rate of exchange. The bankers are buyers as low as 230, while demanding from heavier purchasers as high as 250.

That the rebels in the north are rapidly extending their lines is indicated by the isolation of Monterey and Saltillo, the capitals, respectively of Nuevo Leon and Coahuila, by the cutting of the railroad at Linares, between Monterey and Tampico and the main line of the National railroad between San Luis Potosi and Saltillo. Linares is reported to be occupied by the rebels.

The suspension of railway traffic has deflected the passenger business for abroad to Vera Cruz and Tampico, chiefly to the former. The Mexican railway is running trains in two sections to accommodate traffic.

Outgoing steamers are crowded. Some of the wealthy travelers content themselves with quarters on the floor of smoking rooms, while others are accommodated in the second cabin, although paying first class passage. Many foreigners are leaving the country in fear that anarchy will follow the revolution.

MANY HURT IN TRAIN WRECK

Central of Georgia Passenger Train Hits Obstruction.

Atlanta, Ga.—While running forty-five miles an hour down grade just east of Lovejoy, Ga., the Central of Georgia passenger train No. 15, from Macon to Atlanta, struck some obstruction, and the four rear cars then jumped the track.

There is a suspicion among officials of the road that the accident was the result of trainwreckers.

Capt. Andy J. Floyd, the conductor, had his back and right leg seriously sprained. B. M. Gordon of Macon, a news butcher, was badly injured, and Mrs. J. T. Matthews of Butler, a tubercular patient, who was riding in the baggage car on a stretcher, coming to Atlanta for medical aid, was seriously injured, but did not lose consciousness.

Many others were injured. While the four rear coaches jumped the track and fell over against the left embankment, practically demolishing them, neither the engine nor baggage car was derailed. Immediately after the accident occurred, Captain Floyd, notwithstanding that his injuries were serious, insisted on walking to the station at Lovejoy, about a half mile away, and telephoning the dispatcher.

Mrs. Story Heads Daughters.

Washington.—Mrs. William Cummings Story of New York, head of the conservative faction, was elected president-general of the society of the Daughters of the American Revolution defeating Mrs. John Miller Horton of Buffalo, the administration candidate of the third ballot. The vote was Mrs. Story 600, Mrs. Horton 500. Seven vice presidents-general were elected to complete the organization of new general officers.

Bryan and Clark

Washington.—Senator William Clark and Secretary of State Bryan met at a private dinner at the shock hands of the two men declared that the Battle of the Bull Run by-gones. The temporary conference of the two men was held at the residence of Mrs. Story.