

Pannier Gown of Chiffon Taffeta



SOFT and lustrous chiffon taffeta in a light pink tone is employed for making up the smart and novel model pictured here. It promises well among the new styles that are bidding for favor. It is one of the corsetless models, witness its broad swathing at the waist line.

Such bouffant designs are impossible for the short and plump figure. There are others equally new, with flounces and pannier effects, that in reality do not shorten the figure, and the plump woman must abjure styles which make her look shapeless, confining herself to those designed for her. But the new gowns, to be worn over the new corsets—which hardly extend above the waist line—or over no corset, have demonstrated one thing. The stout figure looks less stout in the easy styles than it did in a tight high-bust corset.

There are practically no plain skirts with entirely unbroken lines among the new spring models. Nearly all of them have drapery which adds width to the hip line. Just how successful the puckerings and drapings will become in point of popularity, remain to be proved.

Voiles, plain and printed, wool challis, novelty weaves in crepe, chiffon taffeta, light weight satins, crepe de chine and similar fabrics are made up in designs similar to that shown in the picture. It is not suited to heavy fabrics.

A similar design has a plain underskirt with an overdress reaching from the waist to a point below the hips, that is, about half way to the knees. The overdress is slightly full about the waist and is gathered in at the bottom and sewed to the underskirt. It is long enough to fall over a girdle of ribbon which is placed about the skirt at the bottom of the overdress. The girdle is of messaline ribbon and is tied in the simplest of bows with hanging loops and ends, at the left side.

A design of this kind does not shorten a stout figure if the fabric selected is supple so that it clings to the body. Altogether, gowns for spring look as if they might prove comfortable. We have never had airier fabrics—more lace or more entirely feminine compositions than are demonstrated in the new modes.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Group of Parisian Coiffures



THE "careful carelessness" which is the dominant note in French styles for this coming spring seems not to hold good in the matter of coiffures. Here is a group of recently photographed styles which show the hair waved before it is dressed, and carefully arranged in each case more or less high on the head.

Two novel headdresses are also shown, the first one quite unknown and newly introduced to America. It is a plaiting of maline supported by invisible wires. In the picture it is shown undecorated, but has been developed with a row of tiny beads or jewels outlining it. It is one of the most effective and beautiful embellishments that have appeared in a long time.

Short curls and light fringes of hair about the face are noticeable in these styles. These and the short, soft neck curls seem to be demanded by the new styles in dresses.

In all the new coiffures the arrangement of the hair is rather simple, but in all of them the hair is waved and there is much attention to its finish about the face. No stray ends are

left uncurled. Across the forehead the little hair that shows is trimmed neatly or curled. The ears are covered. Few coils or braids are in evidence and the hair is apparently loose, spread over the crown or on top of the head, with ends turned under and pinned down. Inconspicuous shell pins are liked.

A splendid headdress shows an embroidered net with beads and silk used in working up the design. It is an oriental inspiration. There is a smart standing decoration at the front, a doily fan of fine plume. Such a garniture is, of course, intended for the very dressiest of occasions.

The tendency is distinctly toward high styles and elaboration in coiffures. As the season grows older certain styles will assert their supremacy, but no one of the new designs has established itself as the favorite as yet.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

The newest thing in the table d-masque is the severely plain cloth with a broad band woven about the edge. The favorite marking is a seal monogram.

Hope for the Hopeless

By REV. L. W. COSNELL,
Assistant to the Dean
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TEXT—And as Jesus passed forth from thence, he saw a man, named Matthew, sitting at the receipt of custom; and he saith unto him, "Follow me." And he arose, and followed him.—Matt. 9:9.

In the verse following the text, we are told "Jesus sat at meat in the house; but Mark and Luke say that the feast was in Matthew's home. It is easy to do good "to be seen of men," but here is a man who humbly hides himself and thus exhibits the mark of a saint. And what poor material was Matthew for the

making of a saint!

The Sinner.

The publicans were servants of the tax farmers, who collected dues for Rome, and were extortioners; the custom house official was considered the worst of his class. The Jews had a saying that bears and lions might be the fiercest wild beasts in the forest, but publicans and informers were the worst in the cities. For a Jew, such as Matthew was, to enter thus into the service of the oppressors of his own race, was considered the lowest degradation. The religion of the day had no hope for such a man.

Some who read these words may have given up hope for acquaintances, and even for those of their own household. There may be some, still more unfortunate, who have given up hope for themselves. Let us see what Jesus did for a man who was considered beyond redemption.

The Saviour.

(1) He called this man to himself. Matthew did not seek him, but he sought Matthew. Christ's words are true, "Ye have not chosen me, but I have chosen you." He calls us by his Holy Spirit, by sick beds, by sorrows, by the words of friends.

"I've found a Friend, oh, such a Friend! He loved me ere I knew Him; He drew me with the cords of love, And thus He bound me to Him."

(2) He proved attractive to this man. The Pharisees acted out their feelings, "I am holier than thou." But, though sinless, Jesus was the friend of sinners. He won Matthew's heart, and when men know the love of him who was lifted up on the cross for their sins, they are still drawn to him. Raphael's "Transfiguration" is an unsightly dab when seen from certain angles; we must get the right viewpoint to behold the glories. To a broken and contrite heart, Jesus is altogether lovely.

(3) He was misunderstood. The Pharisees inquired, "why eateth your Master with publicans and sinners?" It cost Matthew something to follow Jesus, but it cost Jesus more to reckon on him among his disciples. Even if it requires great sacrifice to become a Christian, we should remind ourselves that Christ's followers often cause him grief and shame; still, he invites us.

The Saint.

What were the results of Christ's call on Matthew?

(1) He left his business. It may make a similar demand now and some may not be willing to heed it; the Gadarenes preferred their swine to Jesus (Luke 8:26-37). But Christ promises, "Seek ye first the kingdom of God, and all these things shall be added unto you." (Matt. 6:33).

(2) He became an open disciple. By the grace of God, he takes rank above Nicodemus and Joseph, who were disciples "but secretly." The hearts of some go out to Christ, but they are not willing to confess him before men. But the promise is, "If thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and shall believe in thy heart that God hath raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved." (Romans 10:9).

(3) He endeavored to win others. The feast in the house was doubtless for the purpose of acquainting his friends with Jesus. Every follower of Christ has the opportunity of reaching those in his circle of influence. The cultivated Henry Drummond helped students especially, while Samuel Hadley led many a drunkard to Jesus. What blessing you will miss, what loss may come to your friends, if you do not follow Christ!

(4) He was lifted out of the commonplace. Matthew seems to have been an ordinary man; he writes as a plain man of business. Yet he was made an evangelist and apostle; and John, in vision, saw his name in the foundations of the new Jerusalem (Rev. 21:14). The same Saviour made out of Bunyan, the swearing tinker, the author of "Pilgrim's Progress," and has wrought many such miracles: He offers to write your name in "The Lamb's book of life!"

Why should you do without him?
It is not yet too late.
He has not closed the day of grace,
He has not shut the gate.

Out of the total of 82,638 Christians on the church records in Japan, 30,666 are non-resident, or about 37 per cent. of the whole.

NOTICE.

VALUABLE REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Under and by virtue of a deed of trust executed in duplicate to the undersigned, Henry E. King, Trustee, dated November 12, 1909, and registered in Book 58, page 167, and following pages in the office of the Register of Deeds in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, and in Book 54, page 240, and following pages in the office of the Register of Deeds in Washington County, North Carolina, the said Harry E. King, Trustee, will offer for sale at public bidding, for cash, in accordance with the terms of the said deed of trust at the courthouse door in Edenton, Chowan County, North Carolina, on the 8th day of January, 1914, at twelve o'clock M. the following described real estate and personal property lying and being in Washington and Tyrrell Counties, North Carolina:

Each and all of the several tracts of land described in a deed from Metrah Makely and wife to The Tarraut Land & Lumber Company, registered in Book No. 47, at page 472 and following, in Washington County, and in Book No. 52, at page 179 and following, in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, and consisting of certain lands situated in Washington and Tyrrell Counties, respectively, in North Carolina, together with all buildings, all growing timber, and the saw mill, boilers, engines, dry kilns, sheds, dredge, locomotives, cars, railroad tracks, rails for railroad, skidders, and all other machines and machinery and all implements, tools and appliances of every kind, nature and description, and all of the other improvements upon or about said premises, and the privileges and appurtenances unto said premises belonging; said lands lying and being in the State of North Carolina, being described as follows:

Those several tracts of land described in a deed from Charles L. Pettigrew and others to M. Makely, registered in Book No. 30, page 590 in Washington County, and in Book No. 39, pages 214, etc., in Tyrrell County, and consisting of the following tracts of land:

a. The Bonava plantation, beginning on Lake Phelps, now called Lake Scuppernong, at the great Garling place, a marked cypress in the Lake, referred to in the deed from Josiah Collins to the Rev. Chas. Pettigrew, dated April 3, 1781, and still the corner of the Bonava and Somerset tracts, the latter formerly belonging to Josiah Collins; thence north 45 degrees east along Somerset tract 170 poles to a sycamore, at the place where the late Ebenezer Pettigrew's ditch was; thence north 28 1/2 degrees east along a line of marked trees, the Collins & Pettigrew line, 400 poles to a large cypress, one pole from the northeastern edge of the six foot ditch, called the lower gate ditch; thence running parallel with the said ditch one pole distant, south 60 degrees east, 1440 poles to the Pettigrew back line; thence along said back line south 82 degrees west 1100 poles to John Wynn's northeast corner; thence south 40 poles; thence south 15 degrees east 192 poles; thence north 65 degrees west 70 poles; thence south 25 degrees west 160 poles; thence north 65 degrees west 100 poles to a cypress in the Lake; thence along the Lake to the beginning point containing five thousand acres, more or less.

These courses and distances are taken from a survey made in 1819. For further description of this land reference is made to a deed from Ebenezer Pettigrew to Chas. L. Pettigrew, dated January 27, 1848.

b. Also four tracts of land lying on the southwest side of the said Lake, the first containing two hundred acres more or less, the second containing eighteen hundred acres more or less, the third containing seventeen hundred acres more or less, and the fourth containing two thousand acres more or less—all fully described in a deed from Mary Collins, executrix, to Mary B. Brown, dated July 21, 1869, recorded in the records of Washington County, Book "N", page 242, and by her conveyed to Metrah Makely and wife, reference to which is made for fuller description.

Second.

The lands described in a deed from Andrew Bateman and others, dated December 4, 1889, and registered in Book No. 37, page 496, etc., consisting of the following tracts:

A tract of land lying in South Fork Township, Tyrrell County, North Carolina, known as the Magnolia Plantation, and the White Oak Island tract, situated between Lake Phelps and Suppernong River, adjoining the lands formerly owned by C. L. Pettigrew, Harvey Terry and others, containing five thousand acres, more or less, more fully described in a mortgage deed from C. L. Pettigrew to Nell McKay, which is recorded in Book No. 27, page 52, office of the Register of Deeds for Tyrrell County, and in a deed from McKay to H. W. Bateman, which is recorded in the same office, Book No. 34, page 242, and also the last will and testament of H. W. Bateman, called Wilson H. Bateman, dated June 21, 1886, and duly proven and recorded on the 5th day of September, 1886, Book of Wills, in the office of the Clerk of Superior Court of Tyrrell County, reference to which deed is hereby made for full description.

Third.

Those tracts of land conveyed by W. D. Pruden, trustee, to the said Makely, by deed dated 24th of April 1896, recorded in Washington County, Book No. 24, page 158.

a. Three thousand acres, more or less, lying on the north side of Lake Scuppernong, adjoining Western Plantation, being the same land devised to Mary Matilda and Henrietta E. Collins by Josiah Collins, the elder, their grandfather.

b. Lying on the west side of Lake Scuppernong, devised by the said Collins to his granddaughter (Louisa M. Collins, and conveyed and described in a deed from W. A. Stickney and the said Louisa M., his wife, to Herbert H. Page, registered in Washington County, Book "Q", page 547, containing two thousand acres, more or less.

Both of these tracts of land are particularly described and platted under the will of Josiah Collins, the elder, dated 1819, and recorded in Will Book "C", pages 73 to 76 in Chowan County, North Carolina, to which record reference is made for full description.

c. One hundred acres, more or less, and bounded south by Lake Scuppernong, east by the lands first described, west by the lands next described, and for further description see the deed from Arthur Collins to H. H. Page, dated January 26, 1878, registered in Washington County, Book "Q", page 454.

All the lands above described are subject to the reservations and exceptions hereinafter particularly set out.

Fourth.

A tract of land conveyed in a deed from James Sprunt and others, dated November 12, 1903, and registered in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, December 4, 1903, in Book —, page 517, which lands are particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the monument on the southernmost point of Lake Phelps standing two poles from the edge of the Lake; thence south 12 1/2 chains to a two inch cast-iron pipe; thence east 261 chains to the Orr line (three degrees variation being allowed on the two lines above mentioned, so as to correspond with the Orr line; thence with the Orr line north to Makely's Bonava land; thence with the said land to the Lake, and with Lake westwardly to the beginning, containing 2,800 acres, more or less.

Fifth.

All the interest of the said Makely and wife, Mollie Makely, in and to a certain tract of land described in a deed from C. R. Johnson and wife, to the said Makely, dated March 5, 1898, and recorded in Book 45, pages 28 and 29 in Tyrrell County, described as follows:

Two tracts of land in South Fork Township, Tyrrell County, adjoining the lands of the said Makely and others, the first tract having been conveyed to C. R. Johnson by Jesse Bateman and wife in 1895, and the second tract conveyed to the said C. R. Johnson by Geo. W. Bateman and wife in the year 1895, and for full description reference is made to the said deed from Jesse and Geo. W. Bateman to the said Johnson.

Sixth.

Twenty-four (24) acres of land, more or less, conveyed by Geo. W. Bateman to M. Makely, by deed dated December 23, 1898, and registered in Tyrrell County, Book No. 43, page 274, known as the Veau Land and adjoining the lands of Alfred Alexander and C. R. Johnson and being the same conveyed by B. Jones, Sheriff, to S. D. Wynn, August 1, 1887, and recorded in Book No. 35, page 541.

Save and except, however, from said lands above described the following:

1. The Pettigrew family burial ground and the land belonging thereto, described in a deed to the Vestry of St. Paul's Church, Edenton, North Carolina, recorded in Tyrrell County, Book No. 19, page 62, dated June 15, 1846, and a right of way to and from the same to the Pettigrew family and to all others having the right to use the same.

2. A small school house for negroes on the Bonava Plantation, conveyed by Makely heretofore to a School Committee, and being about fifty feet square, but for particular description see Makely's deed duly recorded in Tyrrell County.

3. The lot about one hundred feet square conveyed by the said Makely to a white Baptist Church, being part of the Magnolia Plantation, and particularly described in Makely's deed to the said church.

4. A school lot for whites about one hundred feet square on the Magnolia Plantation, and adjoining the church property last above described and particularly described in Makely's deed duly recorded.

5. That part of the Bonava tract on the south side of Lake Phelps, which was conveyed by Makely to James Sprunt, and others by deed dated November, 1903, in exchange for the property which James Sprunt and others conveyed to Makely, being No. 4 above, and which is particularly described in Makely's deed to Sprunt aforesaid, to which reference is made for particular description.

Seventh.

Also all mills, engines, dry kilns, sheds, dredge, locomotives, cars, railroad tracks, rails for railroads, skidders and all other machines and machinery, and all implements, tools and appliances now on or belonging to said premises above described and hereby conveyed, or which may be hereafter bought, obtained or added in any way by said Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company, its successors or assigns, until the full payment and satisfaction of the indebtedness hereby secured.

The premises covered by deed of trust under which this notice is given are subject to prior lien thereon for balance of indebtedness secured by deed of trust given by The Tarraut

Land & Lumber Company to W. D. Pruden, November 3, 1904, registered in Book No. 47, at page 478 and following pages, in the office of the Register of Deeds in Washington County, North Carolina, and in Book No. 51, at page 481 and following pages, in the office of the Register of Deeds in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, and any sale made under this notice will be made subject to said prior line.

November 15, 1913.
HARRY E. KING, Trustee.

NOTICE.

WASHINGTON COUNTY, N. C.

Under and by virtue of a judgment and ancillary order rendered in the action, James E. Adams vs. Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company, at October Term, 1913, Superior Court of Washington County, North Carolina, and duly docketed therein.

The undersigned Commissioner and Referee will sell for cash at public sale at the Court House Door in Plymouth, North Carolina at 12 M., on December 27th, 1913 all of the land, title and interest including equities of redemption which the said Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company may have in any and all lands in Washington County, North Carolina, which said lands are more particularly described in the judgment in said cause mentioned above and in the warrant of attachment and return thereto in this said action. Reference being had to same for a more complete description.

1st. First tract fully described in the will of Josiah Collins to Mary and Henrietta Collins, and recorded in Will Book C, page 72, Chowan county, North Carolina, containing 2,843 acres.

2nd. Second tract marked Louisa Collins upon the plot attached to the said will of Josiah Collins, containing 1,654 acres.

3rd. Third tract containing 1,706 acres and described as the third tract in the levy of Sheriff J. E. Reid of record in Washington County, North Carolina in this cause.

4th. Fourth tract 100 acres of land fully described in a deed from Arthur Collins to H. H. Page, Book Q, page 454, Public Registry of Washington county, North Carolina.

5th. Fifth tract containing 50 acres formerly owned by Joseph Phelps at the West end of Orchard Tract fully described in said levy of attachment.

Said lands being a part of the premises which the Tarraut Land & Lumber Company conveyed to the Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company, by deed dated May 12th, 1909, and registered in Washington county, North Carolina. It being the purpose to advertise and sell all of the lands described in the warrant of attachment levied by J. E. Reid, sheriff of Washington county, North Carolina, upon the lands of the Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company as will more fully appear by reference to his return in this action dated September 23rd, 1913 and regularly docketed in said county.

Said lands being subject to the term of three deeds of trust of record in said county as follows:

Tarraut Land & Lumber Company to W. D. Pruden.

Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company to H. E. King.

Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company to R. D. Beardsley.

This the 26th day of November, 1913
W. M. BOND, JR.,
Commissioner and Referee.

NOTICE.

TYRRELL COUNTY, N. C.

Under and by virtue of a judgment and ancillary order in the cause entitled James E. Adams vs. Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company rendered at October Term, 1913 of the Superior Court of Washington County, North Carolina and duly docketed in the Superior Court of Washington County and Tyrrell County.

The undersigned Commissioner and Referee will sell for cash at public sale at the Court House Door in Columbia, Tyrrell County, North Carolina on December 29, 1913 at 12 M., all of the right, title and interest which the said Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company has in any and all lands in the said county of Tyrrell. Said lands being fully described in said judgment and the return to the warrant of attachment. Said return being of record in Tyrrell County, Clerk Superior Court office, and being dated September 26th, 1913. Said lands being more particularly described as the Bonava and Magnolia Tracts, together with additions thereto. Containing in all 15,000 acres, more or less, and being those tracts and parcels of land fully described in a deed from the Tarraut Land & Lumber Company to the said Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company dated May 12th, 1909, and registered in D. Book, Volume 59, page 569.

It being the purpose of the undersigned Commissioner to sell all of the lands which the said Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company may win in the said County of Tyrrell. Said land being subject to the term of three deeds of trust of record in said county as follows:

Tarraut Land & Lumber Company to W. D. Pruden.

Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company to H. E. King.

Pittsburg Land & Lumber Company to R. D. Beardsley.

This the 26th day of November, 1913
W. M. BOND, JR.,
Commissioner and Referee.

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