

The Roanoke Beacon

\$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

"FOR GOD, FOR COUNTRY AND FOR TRUTH."

Single Copy, 5 Cents.

VOL. XXV.

PLYMOUTH, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1914.

NO. 4.

CARRANZA STATES WAR WILL CEASE

INFORMS WASHINGTON THAT PEACE WILL EXIST PENDING THE CONFERENCE.

DEMANDS A SURRENDER

Carbajal Must Give Over Unconditionally and All But the Medoro Conspirators Are to Be Spared.

Washington.—General Carranza informed the United States Government he was ready to declare suspension of hostilities against the Government of Provisional President Carbajal, pending negotiations with his representative for the transfer of authority at Mexico City to the Constitutionalists.

The Constitutionalist chief expressed his views to John R. Silliman, personal representative of President Wilson and Consul Hanna and Vice Consul Robertson who interviewed him at Monterey. He said he would receive the commission of three appointed by Carbajal to discuss peace.

Secretary Bryan announced the receipt of the message from the American representative with the comment that the prospects for an agreement between the two factions now were very favorable.

General Carranza is insistent, however, that the surrender of the Carbajal Government shall be unconditional. It is his intention to give guarantees of safety to the people generally, but to prosecute leaders in the plot through which Madero was overthrown.

No official information has reached Secretary Bryan as to whether the Carbajal commission has left Mexico City.

Incidentally Secretary Bryan said that the protocol signed at Niagara Falls agreeing to recognize a Government set up by agreement of the two Mexican factions would become effective if a satisfactory agreement were reached in the proposed conferences.

Speaking of reports that Villa had offered an affront to Carranza by promoting Major Plerro and others in distasteful with the first chief, Secretary Bryan said he had received nothing definite enough to make public.

He intimated that while reports of a break between Carranza and Villa had reached him he was seeking through consular sources to obtain authentic information.

WILL GO TO DISTRICT COURT.

Conference With New Haven Directors Was Not a Success.

Washington.—Civil suit to separate the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, from its subsidiary rail, trolley and steamship lines will be brought by Attorney General McReynolds in the United States District Court at New York within the next few days.

A final effort to settle the problem without litigation ended in failure although the Attorney General T. W. Gregory, special assistant in charge of the case, and a committee of New Haven directors were in conference many hours.

The committee came to discuss the sale of the Boston & Maine stock owned by the New Haven. It desired this sale to be made free of conditions imposed by the state of Massachusetts and is said to have declared that an unconditional sale of the Boston & Maine stock would insure a price \$10,000,000 above what the New Haven might otherwise hope to get.

Failed to Get a Quorum.

Washington.—Difficulty in maintaining a quorum in the Senate was ascribed by Administration leaders as one of the reasons for delay in consideration of the nomination of Thomas D. Jones of Chicago, as a member of the Federal Reserve Board. "We can't muster a quorum for a vote," said Senator Lewis of Illinois, who is leading the fight for Mr. Jones' confirmation. "I hope we can reach a vote before the end of the week."

Would Dynamite Court.

London.—"The next bomb I explode will be in the police courts and I hope it will be this one." This was parting shot from Annie Bell, militant suffragette, to the magistrate at Westminster as he committed her for trial on a double charge of attempting to destroy on May 10 the Metropolitan Tabernacle in South London and on July 12 the old Church of St. John Evangelist. Miss Bell enlisted the sitting of the court by singing the "Marseillaise" and shouting and struggling with attendants.

GEORGE B. A. HALLETT



George B. A. Hallett is the man whom Lieutenant Porte has selected as his assistant on the projected flight across the Atlantic in the Wanamaker-Curtiss hydroaeroplane America.

BLOODSHED ENDED CARRANZA STATES

REBEL CHIEF SAYS HE WANTS TO ENTER CAPITAL CITY IN ORDER.

CRITICISES NEW LEADER

Says Provisional President Carbajal is Too Weak to Preserve Order Without More Assistance.

Monterey.—Fighting and bloodshed is over in Mexico, if the plans announced here by General Venustiano Carranza, first chief of the Constitutionalists army go into effect. General Carranza declared his main object now would be to conduct negotiations for the Constitutionalists to enter Mexico City and establish their government without further disorder, shedding of blood or damage to property.

How these negotiations would be arranged Carranza declared he had not yet determined. He was unable to say at this time, whether they would be conducted through the Argentine, Brazil and Chile mediators or direct with the Federals.

Unconditional surrender, however, will be the only condition on which these negotiations will be successful. Carranza made that plain to newspapermen who talked with him. He declared that the "reforms for which Constitutionalists fought must be obtained at whatever cost."

"The resignation of General Huerta and the substitution of Carbajal in itself will not cause the Constitutionalists of compromise, on a single point, the principles upon which the movement was founded," declared Carranza.

"If the government machinery through which those ends may be obtained is not surrendered voluntarily by the party of Huerta, they would be obtained by force.

Because of the effort to make the installation of the Constitutionalist government a peaceful one, Carranza said it would probably be a month before he entered Mexico City. He stated that he did not believe that Carbajal was strong enough to handle effectually the reins of power passed over to him by Huerta, if the latter had left the republic for the island of Cuerao, as was reported here from the United States.

Carranza said he thought Carbajal or any man in the civil life would find the situation most difficult and he expected that the new president would open negotiations with him at once. Telegraph service with Mexico City would be resumed at once, he announced.

Atlanta Gets University.

Atlanta, Ga.—Atlanta was selected as the seat of the University to be established east of the Mississippi River by the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, at a meeting here recently of the Education Commission appointed by the General Conference of the Church to choose a location for the proposed institution. Birmingham, Ala., and Hendersonville, N. C., were second contenders for the University. The vote selecting Atlanta was announced as 12 to 2. Hendersonville, N. C., and Birmingham, Ala.,

CONGRESS RESIGNS HOPE OF VACATION

ADMITTED NOW THAT ADMINISTRATION WORK WILL STOP ADJOURNMENT UNTIL FALL.

BUGABOO OF THE SENATE

The Anti-Trust Program is First on Docket and Then Comes the Bankers' Confirmation.

Washington.—Members of Congress who are standing valiantly by the Administration in the effort to complete its legislative program despite the approaching campaign, while admitting they are weary of legislative duties and anxious to get home to their districts, have resigned themselves to the conclusion that there is little hope for adjournment before fall.

Both houses of congress already are having trouble in rallying a quorum for the transaction of business, but the party whips are keeping constantly at work bringing members who have left town back to Washington and they hope to expedite what business remains as rapidly as possible. Some Senators and Representatives are permitted to go home from time to time to look after their political fences, but it is the aim of the Democratic leaders to keep a quorum present at all times from now on.

Again the chief business of the senate will be to press the anti-trust bills, with a hope of getting a real start in the general debate on the Interstate Trade Commission bill and to complete the revision of the Clayton bill and the Rayburn Securities measure in committee so that they may be submitted to the senate. The Clayton bill ready and Senator Newlands, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee, hopes to have the securities bill perfected soon.

At least six weeks of discussion on these trust measures is contemplated in the Senate.

There still remains the probability that the three bills will be consolidated into one. If that is done the legislative task may not be prolonged.

One thing that promises to delay the trust program is the difficulties which have arisen over the nominations of Thomas D. Jones of Chicago and Paul M. Warburg of New York as members of the Federal Reserve Board. The senate seems still to be deadlocked over the confirmation of Mr. Jones, administration champions of the Chicago man are still holding back a vote in an effort to win over some of their colleagues who oppose his confirmation. The report of the minority of the Banking and Currency Committee who favor his confirmation, has not yet been submitted and it may be several days before it is ready.

SERIOUS BALLOON ACCIDENT.

Frenchman, Thrice Winner of Grand Prix, Injured.

Paris.—The balloon Toto, a contestant in the Grand Prix race, crashed into the trees of the Tuileries Garden injuring the pilot, Georges Blanchet, and his aide, Duval, and causing a panic among thousands of spectators. Several were slightly injured in the rush many women fainted and others were overcome by escaping gas.

The cordage surrounding the envelope began to give way when the Toto had ascended 150 feet. Blanchet and his aide were bowing their adieus and paid no attention to warning shouts by spectators.

The basket, with the two men clinging to it, dropped into a cluster of trees and struck an iron picket fence. Blanchet's injuries were minor but Duval was injured internally. Blanchet was the winner of the Grand Prix on three previous occasions.

Thrashed Editor Five Minutes.

Stuttgart, Germany.—Two social Democratic women invaded the office of The Schwabische Zeitung and for five minutes thrashed the editor because he had maligned women in an article in his newspaper.

All May Pass Through.

Veracruz.—Lieutenant Colonel Izanza, commanding the Federals at the gab in the railway, announced that a proclamation had been issued at Mexico City granting all persons belonging to the so-called revolutionary forces permission to pass through the Federal lines. The only condition imposed is that they shall not carry arms. Colonel Izanza said the new administration does not recognize the existence of a revolution and considers all Mexicans on a general footing as citizens.

MRS. THOMAS G. PATTON



One of the most attractive and popular women in the congressional set at Washington is Mrs. Thomas Godney Patton, wife of one of the representatives from New York city. She is spending the summer at Monmouth Beach, N. J.

HUERTA RESIGNS PRES. OF REPUBLIC

CENTRAL FIGURE IN MAELSTROM OF MEXICAN POLITICS IS ELIMINATED.

CARBAJAL TAKES OFFICE

American Troops Will Remain at Vera Cruz Until Carranza Offers General Amnesty to Nation.

Mexico City.—General Victoriano Huerta resigned from the provisional presidency of the Mexican Republic and his resignation was accepted by the senate and chamber of deputies by a vote of 121 to 17.

Francisco Carbajal then was appointed president and took the oath of office at the joint session of the deputies and senators.

Huerta's resignation was submitted through the department of foreign relations. It was read in the house and was greeted with cries of "Viva Huerta." It then was referred to the joint committees of Gobernacion. After brief consideration the committees reported accepting the resignation in the following terms:

"Article 1.—We accept the resignation presented by General Victoriano Huerta as president of the Mexico United States.

"Article 2.—We call Licentiate Francisco Carbajal, minister of foreign relations to assume the presidency."

A ballot was taken and the joint session approved the report.

President Carbajal proceeded to the national palace under an escort of presidential guards, and all along the way was greeted; with tumultuous cheering.

The galleries of the chamber of deputies were packed before the beginning of the session.

Intense excitement characterized the gathering and at the close of the reading of Huerta's resignation the deputies and spectators broke into loud and continued applause.

After the acceptance of Huerta's resignation, a commission was appointed by the president of the chamber to escort Senor Carbajal to the floor of the house. Senor Carbajal soon appeared in front of the chamber, passing through files of soldiers. He entered and as he walked to the platform the deputies stood. Speaker Manuel Mercado then administered the oath.

More New York Divorces.

New York.—In one borough of Greater New York—Manhattan—540 absolute divorces were granted during the six months ended June 30, as against 373 during the same period last year. These figures were made public by the county clerk.

Enormous Wheat Sale.

Chicago.—Twenty railroads from the South and Middle West poured a continuous stream of grain into Chicago, setting a new record for a single day's wheat receipts here. A total of 1,153 cars representing 1,250,000 bushels were received. Approximately \$1,000,000 will be paid the farmers for the day's shipment. The enormous receipts exerted no influence on the market, however, a decided increase in price being recorded instead of the decline which might have been expected to follow

MEXICAN HARMONY WITHIN TWO WEEKS

WASHINGTON TREATS WITH ZEPATA TO LEAD HIM FROM REBELLION.

WANT CARBAJAL TO RESIGN

And New President is Willing to Give Government into Hands of General Carranza Conditionally.

Washington.—Every influence and diplomatic agency at the disposal of the government is working for immediate peace in Mexico.

The administration is convinced that, with the elimination of Huerta, the factions in Mexico will be drawn together quickly. To assure restoration of normal conditions without further bloodshed, officials here are exerting themselves to smooth the way for a new and stable administration which shall be recognized by the powers.

Not only is the American government at this moment counseling General Carranza to arrange with Francisco Carbajal, Huerta's successor, for the peaceful transfer of the government at Mexico City to the Constitutionalists, but it became known the administration is indirectly in communication with Zapata, leader of the revolution in Southern Mexico.

Zapata has 24,000 men, and though most of them are poorly equipped they would constitute a serious menace to a new government if they remained in revolution. Zapata who demands agrarian reforms, made common cause with the Constitutionalists and obtained supplies from them with which to fight the Huerta government. It is not known yet, however, whether he will lay down his arms in favor of Carranza.

The United States is using its influence through friends of Zapata to bring him into harmony with the peace program and an emissary from General Carranza is now on his way to confer with him.

These activities on the part of the American government result from a desire that when the Constitutionalists are installed in Mexico City and comply with the conditions prerequisite to formal recognition, there shall be an end to revolution in Mexico with its ever-threatening international aspects.

Carranza has been informed that he must conduct his triumph temperately; that an amnesty for political offenders be declared and the rights of the clergy and other foreigners who have suffered, especially Spaniards, be given due respect.

STRIKERS DEFEAT GUARDS.

Pitched Battle Near Fort Smith, Ark. Between Hundreds of Men.

Fort Smith, Ark.—After a pitched battle between several hundred striking coal miners and their sympathizers and 100 guards stationed at the Prairie Creek mines of the Mammoth Vein Coal Company near Fort Smith which ended in the rout of the guards, tipples of three mines were destroyed by fire and dynamite. The property damage is estimated at \$200,000. So far as can be ascertained no one was killed or seriously wounded in the fighting, which began shortly after day break and continued until late in the day, when the mine guards retreated after their ammunition was exhausted.

Rioters held possession of the mines for several hours, wrecking the plants with torch and explosives.

County officials went to the scene late in the day, but before they arrived the attacking party had dispersed.

The rioting was a culmination of a series of disturbances which have occurred at intervals since the contract with the United Mine Workers was abrogated last March and announcement made that the properties owned by the Bache-Denman Coal Company, but leased by the Mammoth Vein Coal Company would be operated on an "open shop" basis.

Constitutionalists Will Not Last.

Havana.—The former Mexican minister of commerce, Querido Moheno, prior to his departure here for New York, via Key West, said Huerta's resignation was no surprise to him and expressed the belief that a constitutional government would be short lived. "Within ninety days," he added, "the people who are now shouting approval will cry leath to the revolution. In six months Huerta will be the most popular man in Mexico, because the Latin race always pities the fallen and opposes the powerful."

STATE BANKS ARE VERY PROSPEROUS

REPORT SHOWS INCREASE IN RESOURCES AND DEPOSITS OF THE BANKS.

AGGREGATE OF \$89,236,595

The 420 Banks Under North Carolina Corporation Commission Show Increase in Year of \$7,084,365.

Raleigh.—North Carolina's 420 state banks, which are under the direct supervision of the North Carolina Corporation Commission, show in the summary of their condition at the close of business June 4, just issued by the commission, an aggregate of \$89,236,595 resources, an increase in resources for the past year of \$7,084,365. The aggregate capital stock is \$11,276,418, a gain of \$449,450 for the year. The surplus fund is \$3,625,279, a gain of \$647,000 for the year. The total deposits at this time is \$62,448,272, a gain of \$3,713,451 for the year. The saving deposits aggregate \$13,993,717, a gain of \$1,376,611 for the year.

AGREE ON ANTI-TRUST BILL.

Senator Overman Gives Assurance That N. C. Towns Will Not Be Disturbed.

Washington.—The senate judiciary committee has agreed upon an anti-trust bill. The Clayton bill has been practically rewritten. North Carolina manufacturers and others who employ labor will be interested to know that the labor unions and farmers' organizations have been "legalized," but the provision which seemed to permit the "secondary boycott" and the picketing of private premises by strikers have been stricken from the measure.

Senator Overman has received many letters protesting that prohibiting interlocking directorates would cripple towns like Charlotte, Gastonia, Concord, Salisbury and the like. Senator Overman does not think this will interfere in any way with any legitimate business in North Carolina. "I want to assure the men who engage in manufacturing, banking or other legitimate enterprises that the inhibition against interlocking directorates will not disturb them at all," said Mr. Overman.

Two Needed Charters Granted.

Raleigh.—The Builders Exchange of Charlotte, Ind., is chartered with E. L. Jones, R. N. Hunter, L. G. Crouse, H. F. Hanna and E. H. Clement incorporators. The corporation, without capital stock, is for the purpose of advancing and promoting the interests of Charlotte, encourage and protect the building and manufacturing interests of the city and suburbs and facilitate dealings among members of the trade. There is also a charter for the Asheville Heal-Seekers Association, chartered without capital stock for providing friendly attention for worthy tuberculosis patients, funds for their needs and a sanatorium for the care of patients with small means and the indigent. The incorporators are D. A. Pressley, W. P. Harvey and J. H. Williams.

Shelby Adding to Water Supply.

Shelby.—Patronage of the local water plant, municipally owned, has outgrown its present capacity and an additional filter plant is being installed at a cost of \$1,500. At times the water supply has run low and the sprinkling of streets was abandoned for several weeks, but in less than 10 days the new filter will have been installed and the supply will be ample to meet the requirements of the city for years to come.

Congressman Will Endorse Clark.

Washington.—Representative Pou has called a meeting of the North Carolina delegation to endorse Judge Walter Clark for the supreme court of the United States. All of the Tar Heels will go, some cheerfully, but others reluctantly.

Gen. Wood Visits Camp.

Asheville.—It was an eventful one at Camp Grove, the military instruction camp of the War Department at the foot of Sunset Mountain, General Leonard Wood, chief-of-staff of the United States Army, his aide, Captain Frank McCoy, and Major Russell, of the Signal Corps, arriving at the encampment. General Wood is making an inspection of the camp and the rifle range and will return to Washington at once. Major Russell is here to deliver lectures on "The Use of the Signal Corps in Time of War."