NO. 18.

ALLIED WARSHIPS AID LAND FORCES

Fighting Shifts To French Coast And The Allied Ships Hurl Shells at Germans

THE INVASION OF ENGLAND

is Believed To Be The Plan Of German Kaiser-Control Of French Coast Necessary

For the first time since the European war began the warships of Great Briain and France are playing an important part in the great struggle. Heretofore their principal duty has been to patrol the seas, protecting their merchantmen and guarding their home coasts. When the great conflict in France was shifted from the frontier to the west coast the cruisers and monitors of the Allies' fleets were brought into action and assisted very largely in holding the Germans in check.

With the control of the entire country of Belgium all the way to the coast all that the Germans need now to begin their campaign against England is the command of the French coast. In this the allies are stubbornly resisting the Germans. In recent reports from London it is said the British navy the bend in the elbow in the vicinity ance on the part of the Germans, who played an important part and co-operated with the land forces in repulsing the German armies. It was during this fighting that the entire Belgian army, which has been lost sight of for nearly a week, was found in France fighting side by side with the allies.

There is a belief in the minds of military experts that an attempt on the part of the Germans to attack England would mean a speedy culmination of hostilities. Though no definite information has been given out it is generally believed that England is thoroughly prepared for an aerial attack by German Zeppelins. Searchlights sweep the sky incessantly during the nights and British airmen stand ready day and night to launch their craft to do battle in mid-air with

In view of the fact that the British coast is heavily mined and the great warships of Great Britain are constantly patroling the North sea and especially the coast of the British Isles it would require a superhuman effort on the part of the kaiser and his staff to land German soldiers on British soil. Should the German navy endeavor to escort the transports carrying the invading army to England it would precipitate a naval battle between the warships of the nations. This the Germans have so far been careful to avoid.

In the eastern theater of war the fighting has been heavy at all times. A definite idea of the results of this tro-German armies against the Rus- lin: sians in East Prussia, Galicia, and Russian Poland is impossible because of the conflicting reports that are received daily from Petrograd, Vienna and Berlin. On the same day dispatches will be received from Petrograd telling of the utter rout of the Germans in Russian Poland, the plight of the Austrian armies in Galicia and the success of the Russian armies in East Prussia, while dispatches from Berlin and Vienna will claim great victories against the Russians in the same battles. However, there does not seem to be any important successes on the part of either of the armies.

Germans Sink 13 Merchantmen London.-A dispatch from Teneriffe, Canary Islands, to The Daily Mail re-

ports that the German cruiser Karlsruhe has sunk thirteen British merchantment in the Atlantic. The news ing, a volunteer in the Belgian ma- have been checked and the Russians of the Karlshuhe's exploit according to the Daily Mail's Teneriffe correspondent, was brought to that port by tember 28, in which are the following the German steamer Crefeld, which arrived there with the crew of the British steamer Strathroy, Maplebranch, Highland Hope, Indrani, Rio Iguasua, Earn, Niceto, Maria de Larrinaga, Cervantes, Cornish City, Pruth, Conder and Lynrowan, all of which were sunk by the Karlsruhe. The Crefeld was accompanied into port by the German

Preparing To Invade England

Copenhagen.-Two ship yards at Kiel, the Germania and the Howard, are building thirty armored lighters capable of carrying 500 men each and Zeppelins and aeroplanes, is responsitraveling at the rate of nine miles an bie for the seizure of American Stand- tacking desperately in the vicinity of hour to proceed to the river Scheldt and Oil steamers by the British cruis- Lille, but according to headquarters' should events permit the landing of ers. This fact was developed in con- bulletins all the attacks have been re-German troops on the coast of Eng- ference here after the state depart- pulsed with heavy losses to the althese lighters are completed and all tanker John D. Rockefeller. The Standready on their way to the Scheldt. The ard Oil company has asked the state Germans are building an airship shed department to secure release of two an attempt there to check the Garin Schleswig for two large Zeppelins, more of its ships.





Russians Cross The Vistula

Petrograd.-The following official

"In the trenches below Ivangorod

and ammunition abandoned by the re-

serve corps of the Prussian guard in

fight with stubbornness on the Vistula,

on the San and particularly to the

"In east Prussia there is no change

Uprisings In Portugal

Belgian Army Joins Allies

extreme wing, is showing a marvelous

fighting spirit, despite its long, hard

campaign and disappointment over the

German attacks. The German heavy

vaders to retire nearly five miles.

statement says:

Germans Repulsed in Poland

region north of the River Pilitza, have

"The Russian troops are energetical-

"The enemy is still occupying the

"The Russians who for eight days

and their position on the left bank of

numerous bodies of the enemy.

Allies Checked, Berlin Claims

Nieuport, Belgium, and Lille, where

the allied forces have been trying to

French for several days have been at-

It is announced that the allies have

made a stand behind the river Yser in

man advance along the coast.

Berlin.-Engagements continue near

"The attempts by the Austrians to

ly advancing along the whole front.

loss of Antwerp and other cities.

From the Battle Front,-The Belgian

communication was issued by the Rus-

sian general staff:

continue to retreat.

its hasty retreat.

south of Przemsyl.

in the situation."

and Republican troops,

Allies and Germans Both Win

Washington,-After days of incessant fighting, dents at last have been made in that part of the battle line which had run virtually straight north and south from Ypres in Belgium to on a large front, encounter no resistof the forest of Aigue in France.

Just a short distance above its center this line now curves like an inverted letter "S," the allies having pushed back the Germans east of Armentieres in an endeavor to press on to Lille, and the Germans having forced the allies to give ground around Labasse, probably hoping to obtain control of Bethune, a railroad center seven miles west of Labasse.

That ground has been won and lost in this district is admitted in the latest French official report. It seems improbable, however, that either engagement was decisive as the report declares actions near Labasse and Armentieres, near Arras, on the same line a short distance south of Labasse, continue with great violence. the report says that generally speaking the situation on this part of the war front remains the same.

Of fighting near the coast, where British and French naval vessels are endeavoring to aid the allied troops in holding back the German advance, nothing was vouchsafed in the report. Altkirch, in upper Alsace, near the

Swiss frontier, has been taken by the French at the point of the bayonet, Since the outbreak of the war this town has been the scene of much fighting and several times has chang-

Another German War Loan

Berlin.-The following account of the meeting of the Prussian diet was conflict now being waged by the Aus- given out in official quarters in Ber-

"A Prussian war loan of \$375,000,000 was passed unanimously, even the Socialists supporting the resolution. Money was voted for the relief of the province of east Prussia, which has leaving their wounded on the battlesuffered the most during the war, and field. for other military purposes."

Other information given out in Berlin says:

"The Danish steamer Rolf, from New York for Christiana, carrying 20,000 tons of corn, has been captured by a left bank of the Vistula south of the Pi-British cruiser and taken into Scot- litza and as far as Sandomir. land.

"A German hospital ship, searching had been gallantly holding the region the sea for men from German torpedo- of Kozenitz under unfavorable condiboat destroyers sunk by the British, tions and heavy artillery fire, achievhas been forced to go into an English ed considerable success on October 20

harbor by a British cruiser. "A German naval officer has dis. Vistula is now secured. covered in Antwerp a letter addressed to an English surgeon, Richard Read- cross the River San below Przemsy' chine gun corps, written by his sister, are assuming the offensive there. Jennie, and dated Birmingham, Sep-

"I would like to be a nurse; I could cia. Here the Russian troops are ener-

kill one or two Germans. "The British are bombarding the

open Belgian town of Ostend. Reliable official reports declare East Prussia. We are at present in that there is in Germany a sufficient touch with the enemy on a front covsupply of cereals to meet amply all re- ering over four hundred versts (about quirements until the next harvest, and 267 miles) from the lower Bzoura to steamers Patagonia, Rio Negro and that the stock of cattle is sufficient to the slopes of the Carpathian mounprovide an ample supply of meat." tains.

British Seize Oil Ships

Washington.-Great Britain's determination to keep from Germany cargoes of illuminating oil which might be made fuel for army motor trucks, beat back the German advance. The land. It is asserted that three of ment had requested the release of the lies.

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE AND ARE HALTED.

SOUTH BATTLE UNDECIDED WOULD LIKE TO BE IN RACE

Zeppelins May Equalize Sea Fight .-Germans Advance in Poland Says Report.

London.-The battle for the Straits of Dover, one of the most sanguinary of the war, is continuing with unabated fury, but thus far without either side gaining decided advantage.

The Germans, who at terrible cost in life, crossed the Yser Canal between Nicuport and Dixmude, have not been able to make further progress as the Adies, according to a report of German General Headquarters are obstinately defending their positions. It is the same farther south, around Armentieres. Lille, Labasse and Arras. The opposing armies are delivering fierce attacks. gaining or losing a few miles or less of ground with sacrifices in life that "The energetic offensive of our arare appalling. The whole countryside mies, which have crossed the Vistula is fairly reeking with the blood of thousands of killed or wounded.

In the towns and villages, with which the country is dotted and most of which have been laid in ruins by we took large quantities of war stores the artillery, most desperate fighting has occurred when the cavalry and infantry came into contact. Both sides speak of heavy losses they have im-"The Austrian armies continue to posed on their adversaries, but say nothing of their own dead or wounded, whose places are being filled with reinforcements.

The British fleet which did' such execution in bombarding the German flank, seems to have withdrawn. The Lisbon.-The Monarchists of Portu-Germans say this was because their gal made attempts to effect uprisings. There were outbreaks at various artillery was beginning to reach the places, especially in the northern part ships. The belief is expressed here. of Portugal, which for a time was cut however, that the fleet will be able to off from telegraphic communication render untenable German occupation with Lisbon. A sharp conflict took of any part of the Belgian or French place at Mafra between 100 civilians coast. The opinion also is expressed may cause the German fleet to come tion. army, with the English channel on its out and give battle.

In naval circles here it is considered that the German submarines, although they have proved deadly to ships, steaming slowly, will not be so In the terrific open struggle along effective against ships steaming and the frontier the Belgians, with the maneuvering at high speed and in French and British, have repelled shallow water, as the British moniwith the greatest energy, incessant tors and their auxiliaries have been artillery poured a bombardment on doing.

There is some talk of the Germans the allied positions, but the Belgians bringing their big 42-centimeter guns counter-attacked and forced the into the coast to use against the Allies' warships but the British sailors are Petrograd.-The Russian official credited with saying that their vessels can prevent these guns being put in position. They claim that even if "German troops which had occupied the roads leading to Warsaw, in the they should be mounted they will not be so deadly against a fast moving been repulsed and are in full retreat, target as against the statianary forts they destroyed so easily.

While this life and death struggle is going on i nthe west the French "The Germans have abandoned the positions they had fortified in advance. have become more active along the Alsatian border and are said to be -making preparations and securing advanced positions in view of possible attacks by the Germans with their big Howiters on the Belfont fortress. It now seems to be realized that no fortress has any chance of holding out when once thee big German guns are brought into action aginst it.

The German officials report again specks of the German offnesive on Augustowo, Russian Poland, which it declares is progressing. It reiterates that the battle near Ivangorod although favorable to the Germans, remains undecided.

North of this section the Russians "In the region south of Przemsyl are claim they are still pursuing the Gerfound the remains of all the Austrian corps defeated in prior fights in Galimans who attempted an advance on Warsaw, and southward to have crossgetically checking the advance of ed the Vestula and driven the Austrians back. "There is no essential change in

In Galicia and in the Carpathians the Russians also claim to have department. This leaves 38 Japanese broken down the Austrian offensives. As the days come and go and the promised visits of the Zeppelins to ngland do not materialize.

The public is beginning to believe these monster aircraft are being held in reserve for the day that the Gerwarships in an endeavor to cripple the British fleet.

Will Not Rule Case.

London.-The British government has given no direct ruling on the question of taking reservists from neutral ships and is not expected to do so until the number of reservists constitute a real military menace.

FURY OF FIGHT FOR CARRANZA READY STRAITS OF DOVER TO RETIRE-TERMS

GERMANS CROSS YSER WITH WOULD REQUIRE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT TO BE OF BRIEF DURATION.

These Terms Will Probably Be Met by the Convention Says Officials in Washington.

Washington.-Indications that General Carranza had agreed to retire in deference to wishes of the Auguas Calientes convention were contained in official dispatches to the state department

General Obregon and the committee which went to Mexico City to interports. It generally is understood that Carranza informed the committee he would not submit his resignation a turning from his home at Greenville second time, leaving it to the convention to reconsider, if it chose, the large quantities of tobacco and at action taken at the recent Mexico very satisfactory prices. He says City convention, the minutes of which cotton is practically not being offered were formally ratified by the Aguas for sale at all, the planters nearly Calientes assembly.

gates the convention was expected to ket conditions improve. He believes formally consider the question of a successor to Carranza. No report had hold their cotten indefinitely been received of the result of the de-

Officials of the Washington government did not doubt that the two conditions which Carranza was reported to have stipulated as necessary before he would retire-namely that the tenure of the provisional government be brief and that he be permitted to be a candidate-would be met by the convention.

While no confirmation has been received of alleged disturbances in Mexico City official advices told of a general order issued by Carranza deposing many of the commanders who were Villa adherents at the convention. Similarly a decree was issued by Carranza informing all chiefs fiere that the operations of the Allied | throughout the republic that he was vessels off the Belgian coast and in still first chief and to obey only orthe vicinity of the Straits of Dover ders from him instead of the conven-

NO EMBARGO ON COTTON.

England Declares Staple Can Go Free on All Seas.

Washington.-Great Britain in two notes presented to the State Department by the British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, defined her attitude toward commerce between neutral countries as one of rigid endeavor to give every security possible in the interest of free and undisturbed trade. The documents contributed a general pronouncement of British policy on the sdbject of contraband.

The essential points in the British

attitude are:

American shippers should take precaution to show the exact destination of their goods, mentioning either a specific consignee or a neutral Governnent in bills of lading. Great Britain will be guided by the American doctrine of continuous voyage or "ultimate destination" in respect to commerce between neutral countries in articles generally known as conditional contraband. Absolute contraband, embracing munitions of war, always is subject to seizure and examination when carried in neutral siding. ships.

Cotton, specially mentioned as neither absolute nor conditional contraband, can be shipped in neutral vessels not only to neutral countries but to all belligerents without moles-

Germans Release Japs.

Washington.-Seventy-one Japanese held prisoners in Germany have been released and escorted out of the country, according to advices to the state in addition to children, concerning whom the Japanese embassy here has inquired, and who it is believed are still held in Germany.

Cotton Condition Improving.

Washington.-The cotton situation man Navy comes out and that they arising from the European war is ba-will be used in force assist the ing rapidity cleared up in the opinion of President Wilson. He told callers that the end of the war alone would rstore normal conditions in the cotton industry, but that rapid progress was being made in the efforts to assist the cotton growers of the south. The President based his optimism concerning the cotton situation on the plans for furnishing money to the cottor planters and on the opening of for ign markets

BUILDING COMPLETE JAN 1ST

Wake County's New Hospital Building Nearing Completion,-Progress on Court House.

Raleigh.-Wake county's \$75,000 fireproof county hospital for the aged and afflicted indigent is to be completed somewhere around January 1 and will be a model in every respect and decidedly the most complete equipment for the purpose in the state. The county court house being erected at a cost of \$225,000 for building and equipment has progressed to the extent that the steel work is up and the granite walls are up to about one-third the height of he first story. The walls the balance of the way throughout the four stories will be of steel, brick and an outside veneer of terra cotta that is an exact reproduction of the tints and spots that characterize the granite foundation, giving the effect of a granite building throughout, with nothing like the cost that the granite would entail. The building is fireproof throughout, the top floor to be equipped for county jall purposes. Chairman John A. Mills of the Board of Commissionerrs view the first chief returned "highly is giving much personal attention to optimistic" according to official re the construction of both the court house and the county hospital.

Clerk of the Court A. L. Blow, resays that Greenville is selling very having it ginned and taking the bales With the arrival of 28 Zapata dele- home and storing them until the marmost of the farmers are in position to

> 1,200 Homeseekers Coming. Whiteville -The Homeseekers' excursion, which will come from North ern and Western states during the progress of the Bolton corn show, November 5, 6 and 7, will bring to Columbus county not less than 1,200 homeseekers and the different commercial organizations of the country are busy preparing for their arrival, and hope to find a suitable place for each one of them. At this time, New Hanover and Brunswick counties will join Columbus in showing to the Westerners what our soil produces, and by this means it hopes to induce them to settle with us.

> Asheville. - Impressive ceremonies featured the laying of the cornerstone of the Lady Chapel of Saint Mary's Episcopal Parish, work upon which was started a few weeks ago. The services were in charge of Rev. Chas. Mercer Hall, the rector of the parish and were attended by members and friends of the congregation. Interesting books, church papers, a list of the roll of members, a Bible and copies of the local newspapers were placed in the cornerstone. The music was

an interesting feature of the service. COMING EVENTS.

East Carolina Fair, Newbern—Oct. 27-30. Granville Co. Fair, Oxford—Oct. 28-29. Cumberland Fair, Fayetteville—Oct. 29-30 Edgecombe Co. Fair, Tarboro—Nov. 3-6. State Election—Nov. 3. Johnson Co. Fair, Greenville—Nov. 4-6. Pitt Co. Fair, Greenville—Nov. 12-13. Anson Co. Fair, Wadesboro—Nov. 18-20. State Teachers' Assembly, Charlotte—November 25-27.

Trinity Declamation Contest, Trinity Col-Trinity Declamation Contest, Trinity Col-lege—November 27. lege—November 27.
North Carolina Community Service Week,
December 3-5.
Farmers' Union State Meeting, Greenville, December 18-20.
Annual Live Stock Meeting, Statesville—
January 19-21, 1915.

TAR HEEL NEWS FRIEFS.

Mr. J. B. Cornelius, aged 82, a prominent manufacturer and business man of Cornelius, died recently at his home in Davidson, where he was re-

The Asheville Y. W. C. A. has fitted up a gymnasium and classes have been organized.

The Eastern conference of Free Will Baptists have just held annual session at Kinston.

The Wilmington cotton mills are running on full time and have bright outlook for future.

There are 3,622 pupils in the city schools of Asheville.

The Congressional Record of October 16 contains the speech of Judge . R. W. Winston on "The Case of the Farmer," delivered at the A. & M. College, Raleigh, in August before the Annual Farmers' Convention and Round-up. It is a plea for financial aid to rural life.

E. J. Harris has been elected as president of the North Carolina Fair Association to succeed John A. Mills. Warsaw tobacco market sold in one day recently 106,000 pounds of tobacco at an average of 14 cents per

pound. It is seen now that it will not be possible to occupy the remodeled Federal building at Raleigh by November 1st as has been hoped for some time, but it is hoped that it will not be long after that date before the various local departments of government work can be moved into the new and larger