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## **GERMANS BATTLE DESPITE LOSSES**

Teutonic Forces Are Battling To Escape Russian Death Trap Set For Them

## KAISER GOES TO POLAND

Comparative Quiet On Western Frontier-Sir John French Says The Germans Show Weakening

Germany is fighting hard, despite heavy losses sustained on the Russian frontier, where, according to Petrograd advices, they walked right into a death trap laid for them by the czar's

The situation has been considered so grave by the Berlin war office that the kaiser himself has hastened to join his troops on the Polish bor-

the western front there has been comparative quiet for several days, though in a letter from Sir John French, the English field marshal in charge of the British forces on the continent, the Teutons are beginning to weaken. Another German attack on the allied lines in an effort to push through to the seacoast, has been repulsed, President Poincare has joined the French forces at Verdun.

Turkish troops are persistent in their attacks on the Suez canal, though their forces in Caucasus are said to have been decisively defeated by the Russians. The Sultan has issued a general call to arms throughout the entire Ottoman empire proclaiming the crisis a holy war.

The Russians are claiming many veil is lifted from the scene of the successes. present campaign, the world will hear the details of the most telling blow to Germany's finest troops that has been and that German counter-attacks have inflicted since Napoleon's day.

Austrian officials in Vienna admit that the Slav troops now occupy Czer-nowitz, capital of the province of Bukowina. A big naval battle is now go- age his troops. ing on in the Baltic between the Teutonic and Slav cruisers, the details of on the Germans, according to the Ruswhich are promised later.

tenegrins are claiming decisive victo ries over the Austrians

The Roumanian parliament has con-Bulgaria regarding the boundary diskan war last year.

Such action, it is believed by the allies, will bring Bulgaria into line and provide a relief to the Servians and a further annovance to Turkey.

The United States government has taken under consideration the appeal of the South American republics to extake up the matter with President Wilson.

The president called an important conference of ambassadors of the belligerent European nations at the white house where he addressed them expressing his strong disapproval of the methods of aerial bomb throwing on unfortified cities in which might be living residents of neutral countries. ing. This may mean either that they

frontier, commonly regarded as the main battlefield of the war, has as attack against the allies. sumed a new phase. Everything is quiet and only the slightest skirmish | Flanders will not be repeated for the es are being reported. Germany has present seems probable, as the allies seemingly relinquished the offensive. The kaiser has made a flying trip to points of vantage around Ypres, pre-Kiel

army over the German forces in the nor and insignificant attack near Arlatter's attacks on the Polish border and attempts to reach Warsaw, together with the explosion of the British warship, Bulwark, off the English coast, mark the leading developments of the week in the Euro-

Repulsed at every turn, the Germans were forced to abandon their rigged. A Red Cross flag flies from project to capture the Polish capital, the Imperial Yacht club. and in turn were compelled to hastily retreat in order to guard the roads to Danzig and Berlin, which are again imperiled.

Germans Weakening Says French London.-Summing up the situation, Field Marshal Sir John French says: gaged, embrace all central Europe." | tionals.



THE CUSTODIAN

London.-Latest official Russian an. nouncements still claim advantage in victories over both the Germans and the fighting in northern Poland, but Austrians and declare that when the 'deprecate exaggerated reports of their

> Germany declares officially that the been successful.

> The German emperor has joined Field Marshal Von Hindenburg in the east to offer his advice and to encour-

Enormous losses have been inflicted sian statement, but no mention is Severe fighting is reported going on made of the capture of German divisin northwestern Servia and the Mon. ions, so freely claimed by the Petrograd correspondent of London and Paris newspapers.

Some days must elapse before this vened at Bucharest and will possibly battle, which promises to prove the make some territorial concessions to most decisive of the war, is concluded. So far, all that is definitely known is pute which arose after the second Bal. that the German advance has been stopped. Some of the German troops have been partly or wholly surrounded, but they still are fighting stubagainst the Austro-German entente, bornly to break their way through the Russian lines, apparently to the northward, where they hope to join reinforcements from Thorn.

In the battle before Cracow the Rus. sians claim decisive success. During clude battleships of the warring na. the last week they took 30,000 prisontions from Pan-American waters. Sec. ers in that region, which is taken in retary of State Bryan has told the Petrograd to mean that Cracow will Latin American diplomats that he will | not bar the Russian advance in Silesia from the south, but that with the Austrian army beaten, it will mask the fortress.

### Quiet On West Front

In the west, the Germans, although making an occasional infantry attack, seem content at present to bombard the allied positions with somewhat lighter guns than they have been us-The campaign on the Franco-Belgian | are sending troops and artillery to the | graphical position of this fighting and east or that they are preparing a new

That the enterprise that failed in have been allowed to capture some viously considered necessary to the Decisive victories for the Russian German plans. There has been a mi-

> Submarines Moored At Kiel Kiel, Germany .- A pair of gray sub-

marines lie at the dock where the American Sonderklasse yachts were moored during their last visit to Kiel. Warships anchored in the Fjord wear war paint and have their torpedo nets

Kaiser To Russian Front Berlin.-It has been announced at

military headquarters that Emperor William has gone to the eastern front. fantry combats.

Roumanian Parliament Meets

Bucharest.-The Roumanian parliament has convened and the future "As I close this dispatch, signs are course of action of this kingdom probin evidence that we are possibly in ably will be decided. It is said Routhe last stages of the battle from mania is prepared to cede to Bulgaria days the artillery fire of the enemy tained after the second Balkan war nard company, was bound from Liver- 160 men and three officers. has slackened and his infantry at at the expense of her neighbor. This pool to Hawe. She was stopped erations in which we have been en- country now inhabited by her na. closed her own hatches and dove we destroyed two machine guns.

Poincare Reviews Troops

Verdun.-President Poincare, Premier Viviani and the speakers of the senate and chamber of deputies visited the troops along the firing line in the Argonne. Later they visited the Russian attacks have been repulsed military works near Verdun and the ruins of Clermont, where only the hospital of Aine Marie remains standing. Among the seriously wounded patients in this hospital is Deputy Andre Mafi-

#### Austrians Admit Resistance

Vienna.-An official announcement issued here says: On the southern front the enemy is offering stubborn resistance and is endeavoring to delay the advance by bayonet counter-attacks. On the eastern bank of the Kolubra our troops again have gained. Our troops, advancing beyond Valjevo and to the south, have reached the heights east of the Ljik river and the line from Suvotor to Uzice,

Holland Refuses Aid

The Hague.-The Dutch government has declined all American offers of financial aid for Belgion refugees in Holland. The government says it feels it will be incompatible with the country's honor to allow charitable organizations of another nation to assist in this mercy work. Of the million Belgians refugees who fied into Holland at the beginning of the war, 300,000 penniless ones remain. They are now being gathered together in specially constructed camps. For this purpose a budget of \$1,500,000 has been passed.

Russians Claim Victory

London.-Unofficial reports repeat previous claims of a great Russian victory. Petrograd has not officially stamped them true. Berlin, in its latest, report, simply says fighting in Poland has assumed the proportions of a continuous battle. It gives no geomay refer to the operations westward from Warsaw or to those in the vicinity of Czenstochowa and still farther south along the Galician frontier. In this latter district and in Galicia, according to latest reports of the Russian commander-in-chief, the Muscovite forces have had numerous successes. Captures of men and munitions are recorded on the Czenstochowa-Cracow line, along the Szreniawa river in Poland; in Galicia on the Raba and Vistula rivers and before the town of Bochnia, which was stormed.

Berlin's latest official report announced victories in western Galicia and progress in the Carpathians for

the Teuton allies. A period of inactivity obtains along the entrenched lines in Belgium and France. Only here and there has there been fighting and this merely was cannonades and a few light in-

British Steamer Sunk

Havre.-The British steamer Meladown beneath the sea

## RUSSIANS SPLIT THE GERMAN ARMY

GENERAL VON HINDENBURG'S FORCES ARE ENGAGED IN THREE DISTINCT BATTLES.

## REPORT NOTHING DECISIVE U. S. CONSULS ARE TO SERVE

Great Numbers of the Germans Are Rushed to Poland .- Tuetons Underestimated Size of Enemy.

London.-Another week of battle between Russians and the German official statement says there is nothing of importance to report from Porests on its warning against overoptimism.

The facts as gleaned from correspondents' dispatches, appear to be tion. that the semi-independent engagements are progressing between Thorn on the north and Cracow on the south in which both combatants have achieved local successes, without a

distinct victory for either. Some British military experts believe Field Marshal von Hindenburg's forces have been split into three units, one of which is almost enveloped, while the Russians have driven a wedge between the German army and its Austrian ally in the region of Cracow. They declare the Germans qualities of their Muscovite opponents and have opposed them with a body composed almost wholly of secondline troops, but now are rushing heavy reinforcements from the western line, to avert a Polish Sedan. They express the opinion that the issue depends on whether these arrive in

Russian attack on the fortifications month following: east of Darkehmen, in East Prussia with heavy losses, while unofficial messages from Petrograd describe an important Russian gain and the east of Lodz.

suspended it is presumed for the purpose of suppressing news of a movement of German troops to the eastward.

The only development of the day in the western theater was the renewal of the British bombardment of the German base at Zeebrugge,

England was surprised at the announcement that King George had left on a visit to the British headquarters in France, where he is certain of an enthusiastic reception from the soldiers.

This was the fortieth birthday anniversary of Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, and the papers, except a few antagonistic to him, pay a tribute to his remarkable career. The seventieth birthday anniversary of Queen Mother Alexandra would be celebrated soon.

Dutch papers say the Germans have imposed an indemnity of \$7,000,000 monthly on Belgium for the duration of the war for the maintanence of the troops, and, in addition, \$75,000,-000 as a war levy for neutrality viola-

French Repulse Enemy's Attacks. Paris.-The following official statement was issued by the French:

"A few details about what has occurred on the front from November 21 to November 27 inclusive:

"The general situation has not materially changed. The enemy has worn himself out in partial attacks without result. Our counter-attacks have inflicted on him heavy losses and have brought us some gains.

"From the sea to the Lys the enemy's attacks have been intermittent On the twenty-third, twenty-fourth and the twenty-fifth the German artillery in general has remained silent. "On the twenty-fourth and twenty-

fifth we gained a foothold on the left bank of the Yser, south of Dixmude. In spite of the enemy's fire, our troops held the ground without difficulty. "Further to the south a French

army corps advanced 200 meters all along in front and has held its ground. The German shells sometimes do not chite has been sunk by a German sub- burst properly. Our infantry, in commarine near Cape La Heve, which parison with the infantry of the eneis about three miles from Havre. The my, are spirited. They captured on Me'achite, a steamer of about two the twenty-fifth before Festobert, Ypres to Armentieres. For several some of the territory which she ob. thousand tons, belonging to the Cu- three machine guns, a light Howitzer,

"On the twenty-second our heavy tacks practically have ceased. In re- may mean that Bulgaria is about to by the submarine and the crew was guns near Lebassee silenced the fire marking upon the general military sit take her stand with the allies and in given ten minutes to get into the from the German batteries. On the uation of the allies it does not seem return be permitted to straighten out boats. After this was done the sub twenty-fourth in the same region the to be clearly understood that the op her boundaries and take more of the marine sank the Melachite and then result was the same. On the 25th

# STUDY OF WORLD DEMAND OF COTTON

MEASURES TO LEARN THE ACTUAL NEEDS.

American Representatives In All Parts of the World to Aid In Making the Estimate.

Washington.-The world's need for cotton at the present time and the estimated demand for next year is to be Allies in Poland has passed without the subject of an investigation by news of a decisive result. The British state department officials. The treasury department announced that Secretary McAdoo had requested Secretary land, while the Russian Government Bryan to secure all possible information on this subject.

United States consuls have been instructed to make careful investiga-

The reports from the consuls will be compiled here each month and probably will be made public for the use of cotton producers. The treasury statement says:

"Secretary McAdoo has requested Secretary Bryan to make an inquiry, through American consuls in all parts of the world regarding the actual demand for cotton at this time and the calculated demand for 1915.

"Accurate information regarding cotton consumption will be valuable as it will give an intelligent idea as have consistently underestimated the to the demand and will permit the formation of correct judgment as to the economic value of cotton. The secretary of state and the secretary of commerce are co-operating with the secretary of the treasury to get reliable information of this character and the figures when received will be published. Reports by the consuls will be made beginning the first Berlin reports the failure of the of December and on the first of each

"In prosecuting this inquiry, Secretary Bryan has instructed all consuls by cable to make a careful investigation and report, beginning the capture of 10 miles of trenches north- first of December, and monthly thereafter, of statistics relating to the Advices from Holland report that stocks of raw cotton and cotton railway traffic, newspapers and poste goods in mills and warehouses compared with the same period last year; the present rate of cotton manufacture a month, together with the number of spindles engaged and the number of persons employed; and information showing the comparative stocks of cotton goods nad comparative estimate of the purchases of cotton goods for delivery during 1915. The consuls in Egypt, India, China and Russia have been instructed to report the most reliable estimates of the cotton yield for 1914."

#### UNCLE SAM NEEDS MORE MEN. Navy Requires 240 Officers and 4,600 Men.

Washington.-The need of 240 additional officers and about 4,600 men to equip American warships was explained to the house naval affairs committee by Rear Admiral Blue, chief of the navigation bureau of the navy department

Referring to the fact that the navy department was still purchasing hydrographic charts from the British government, the admiral said the United States was issuing more and more charts each year, and that ultimately charting by the United States would be as complete as that of any other nation.

Rear Admiral Stanford, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, recommended a \$3,000,000 estimate for a new drydock at Norfolk, Va. He also urged the necessity of appropriations for additional fuel oil storage tanks at Norfolk and other stations. All ships of the navy under construction will use fuel oil and it is estimated that this year 30,000,000 gallons will be used.

Bought Two Papers. Boston.-Charles Cumner Bird of

Walpole, Progressive candidate for governor in 1912 and 1913, announced he had purchased The Boston Daily Advertiser and the Boston Evening Record. His son, Francis W. Bird, of New York, will be publisher.

Warned Against Going to Vera Cruz. Washington & Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, informed the state department of the receipt of a report from Charge Mohler of the British embassy in Mexico City, say ing that good order prevailed there. Charge Mohler said General Zapata was not in the city, but fas represented by one of his officers. He reported that there had been no execu tions. Consul Canada asked the state department to warn Americans and other foreigners against going to Vera Cruz at this time.

# GREENSBORO GETS **NEXT CONFERENCE**

SECRETARY MCADOO INSTITUTES | METHODIST PROTESTANT ASSIGN PASTORS AND ADJOURN AN-NUAL MEETING

#### FOR BEST SUNDAY SCHOOL

Rev. J. A. Burgess Selected to Preach Ordination Sermon Next Year and Rev. H. F. Powell Conference.

Asheville.-Greensboro was-selected as the place of holding the next meeting by the members of the North Carolina Methodist Protestant Conference at their final session and pastors were assigned to their charges for the coming year, the reports of the stationing committee being adopted on the Conference floor a sfollows:

Alamance, J. A. Ledbetter; Ander-

son, W. A. Lamar, supply; Asheboro, C. L. Whitaker; Asheville, Cuthbert W. Bates; Buncombe, T. E. Martin, supply; Burlington, George L. Curry; Cleveland, W. C. Lassiter; Charlotte, D. A. Braswell; Creswell, J. H. Abernathy, supply; Concord, J. R. Hutton; Davidson, J. W. Hullin, supply; Denton, G. L. Reynolds; Falston, J. H. Moton; Fairview, J. W. Self; Flat Rock, W. F. Kennett; Forsyth, A. O. Lindley; Gaston, W. H. Meese; Greenville, D. T. Surrett; Granville, N. G. Bethea; Graham and Haw River, O. B. Williams; Greensboro, R. M. Andrews; Guilford, S. N. Needham; Halifax, R. A. Swaringer; Haw River, W. T. Ashburn; Henderson, J. D. Williams; High Point, A. G. Dixon; La-Grange, J. W. Allred, supply; Lebanon, R. C. Stubbins; Lincoln, B. M. Loy; Littleton, C. J. Edwards; Lenoir, H. D. Garmon, supply; Mebane, W. E. Swain; Mecklenburg, H. B. Waldrop; Mocksville, T. A. Williams, Mount Hermon, C. H. Whitaker; Mount Pleasant, Robert Troxler; Oak Ridge, L. W. Gerringer; Orange, J. A. Burgess; Pageland, J. W. Quick, supply; Pensacola, W. D. Surrett; Piedmont, A. D. Singleton; Pinnacle and Mount Zion, Ed Suits; Randleman, J. B. O'Brient; Randolph, W. M. Pike; Reidsville, E. G. Lowdermilk; Richland, D. A. Highfill; Roanoke, T. E. Davis; Rockingham, J. F. Allred, supply; Saxapahaw, George W. Holmes; Shelby, J. D. Morris; Society, J. H. Bowman; Stanley, W. D. Reed; St. Paul, G. F. Millaway; Spring Church, T. F. McCullough; Tabernacle, T. M. Johnson; Thomasville, J. E. Pritchard; Uwharrie, J. B. Cogdon; Vance, A. L. Hunter; West Forsyth, C. H. Austin; Waynot, J. R. Stowe; Winston, S. W. Taylor; Welch Memorial, High Point D. R Williams; Yadkin College, H. L. Powell; 'Tarboro, W. A. Lamar, supply.

The handsome banner which is awarded to the Sunday school having the best attendance record at each annual Conference, was presented to the Clerk's Chapel Sunday school of Buncombe County.

### Statesville Wants Town Nurse.

Statesville.-The Civic League of Statesville has launched a movement for a visiting nurse for the town, a trained nurse who shall give her time to, visiting among the unfortunate families of the town, giving advice as to sanitation and the care of the sick and nursing such patients as absolutely require a skilled nurse. Mrs. Charles Anderson, who presented the matter to the league, has made extensive investigations during the past few months and finds that the towns now employing nurses consider them indispensable.

Mrs. R. S. McElwee told the league of the excellent results secured through the efforts of the nurse employed in her former home town, Goldsboro.

Kinston Sells 14,319,000 Lbs. Tobacco. Kinston.-The planters of this section of North Carolina had a great deal to be thankful for, despite the unfortunate cotton situation. Many of them have shared in the blessing of a remarkable crop of tobacco, of which 14,319,0000 pounds had been sold here. Traveling men say that if collections were as good in towns as in the rural parts of the bright leaf belt, there would be no sign of depression here.

North Carolina Sends Check, \$1,500. New York .- August Belmont, treasurer of the National Committee of Mercy, received a check for \$1,500 from J. M. Rankin, treasurer of the North Carolina Committee of Mercy. This money was raised by a committee appointed by Governor Craig to help feed starving women and children made destitute by the war in Europe. The National committee is sending this week, \$20,000 worth of foodstuffs to Belgium, \$1,500 to suffering Belgians in London, and \$1,000 to buy shoes for children in France.