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## PURCHASE OF SHIPS PROPOSED IN BILL

BY A VOTE OF 46 TO 29 SENATE PUTS SHIP SUBSIDY BILL FORWARD.

#### SENATOR FLETCHER FAVORS

Says That United States Should Buy Ships For Commercial Indpendence-Some Objects.

Washington .- Government purchase of ships as proposed in the Administration bill to create a shipping board, finance a \$10,000,000 shipping corporation and expend not to exceed \$30,-000,000 for the purchase chartering of ocean carriers, because the foremost issue before Congress.

By a vote of 46 to 29 the Senate made the ship purchase bill the unfinished business, to be supplanted only by appropriation bills. This action, on motion of Senator Fletcher, acting chairman of the Commerce Committee, precipitated a showing on the part of opposition Senators which gave certain indication that there were breakers ahead for the proposed legislation. Charging that an effort was being made to rush the bill with undue haste, Republican members, among them Senator Gallinger; Lodge and Root, served notice that the measure would be fought to the last ditch.

Minority members of the Commerce Committee, filed a report written by Senator Burton and endorsed by Senators Nelson, Perkins, Smith of Michiganand Oliver, asserting that the plan proposed would not relieve shipping conditions enough to do any good. It pointed also to dangers of of Michigan and Oliver, asserting that declaring that "every craft set affoat by the Government would add one more risk of our being drawn into the present war"

Senator Fletcher, who has charge of the bill and who recently conferred urged the measure in a lengthy speech after Republican Senators had issued their pronounciamento of opposition. of the ship, which was 15 years old He declared the war has produced a of all people in the United States demanded that the Government take immediate action to supply ships to carry American products demanded in the markets of Europe and South America. He instanced the fact that cotton sold at 19 cents a pound in Germany when it was bringing seven cents in the United States. Germany would consume 500,000,000 pounds of cotton if she could get it, he said, submarines have been more and more engaging in agriculture in the United and the South had 15 times that amount to sell.

#### \$75,000 FIRE AT CHARLOTTE,

Stores Completely Wrecked.

Ben Vonde Company and Nearby

Charlotte.-Fire that started in the big dyeing and cleaning establishment of the Ben Vonde Company, No. 18 West Fifth Street, early in the night wrecked the E. Reid Russell Block of stores there, extending from No. 18 to No. 26 West Fifth street, and entailing what is said to be a total loss on every person, firm and corporation occupying quarters in the block, namely the Ben Vonde Company, Overcash & Propst contractors; Tomlinson Furnishing and Decorating Company; Frank P. Drane, assayer and chemiet, and J. S. De Vonde, chemist. The loss was estimated to be in the neighborhood of \$75,000, with insurance probably covering one-half of the damage. The building was owned by Dr. E. Reid Russell, of Asheville, who when informed of the disaster, stated that although his block was only partially covered that he expected to rebuild as soon as possible. The loss to each and every tenant was as nearly complete as a loss could be the are burning " wif out between the heavy brick walls that confined it on either side. On the west were the elegant Lucas apartments and the beautiful Clayton Hotel, only recently opened to the public, while on the east were the fine stores of the Ezzell-Myrs Company, dealers in paints, oils and glass and Hackney Brothers, plumbers

Wanted Her Egg "Shut."

Little Laura's mother was opening an egg for her. The child, looking at the whole eggs in the dish, remonstrated: "Oh, mamma, I don't want that kind. I want a shut egg, if you please!"

#### Arbitration.

First Director - "Gentlemen, the question is, Shall we arbitrate?" Second Director-"Never! Why, if we submitted this dispute to arbitration, we might have to concede something." -Life

#### MISS GENEVIEVE CLARK



Speaker Champ Clark and Mrs. Clark have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Genevieve, to James M. Thompson, editor of The summer at the Clark home in Bowling Green, Mo.

### **BRITISH BATTLESHIP SUNK**

ENGLAND MOURNS LOSS OF LIVES OF CREW MORE THAN SHIP, WHICH WAS 15 YEARS OLD.

Part of Crew Picked Up and Brouhgt Ashore. -- Statement in Theatre of War.

London -The destruction of the be expected so long as the British with President Wilson concerning it, Navy is compelled to keep the seas, has caused widespread grief.

This is due not so much to the loss as finally adopted, 34 to 22, reads: "ship famine" and that the interests the men-about 600 in number-who duced or assisted immigration shall only 141 of the Formidable's crew of from Belgium who come to the United 750 were rescued. The British ad- States during the course of the presbut as the British fleet again has been faction of the Commissioner General using Zeebrugge as a base, the incli- States and to become American citnation here is to believe that a submarine again has been successful.

Fighting in Flanders and Northern France has been confined largely to artillery engagements, except, Bethune, where the Germans claim they have taken a Britsh trench. They admit, however, the loss of St. Georges, near the Belgian coast, which the Berhigh water.

In the Argonne region where the

#### Newspaper's View of Note.

London.-The Saturday Review describes President Wilson's note protesting against the British attitude toward American shipping as "a document from a candid friend who just because he is a friend, can say things which between strangers would be regarded as having too rough an edge.' The Review does not think it should be impossible for two governments who have no wish to find causes for taking the offensive, to reconcile their points of view. The position of a belligerent with respect to command of the sea, says this paper is different even when neutral governments are friends. But this position is determined absolutely by the fact that England has that command of the sea and "cannot surrender her right to use it for defeat of the enemy by any

Works in Orders President Qutierrez. Washington.-General Villa, in a

telegram dated in Mexico City to his agency here, denied he has questioned the amnesty, proclamations of General Gutierrez. "I obey and respect the orders of President Guitierrez," Villa telegraphed. "I am his subordinate." Further details of fighting between troops of General Carranza and Villa near Tampico were received in official dispatches to the Carranza agency. "General Gonzales administered a decisive defeat to the Villaistas at Rodriguez.

# **IMMIGRATION BILL** PASSES IN SENATE

MANY AMENDMENTS ARE MADE WHICH HOUSE WILL PROBAB-ACCEPT.

#### SENATE VOTE WAS 50 TO 7

Enough Friends of Measure to Pass Over Expected Veto of President. -Belgians Get Exceptions.

Washington.-The immigration bill, containing the restrictive literary test for admission of aliens, passed the Senate 50 to 7. The overwhelming majority was recorded despite indications that President Wilson would veto the measure, as did former President Taft, if it should come to him with the educational test included.

The veto indicated that the bill could be repassed by more than the required two-thirds majority should New Orleans Item. The wedding the President reject the measure. will take place in the spring or early | Senators who voted auginst the bill

Brandegee, McCumber, Martine, O'Gorman, Ransdell, Reed and Walsh. .The bill passed the House last February 241 to 126. Although the Senate amended the House bill in several particulars, the literacy test was unaltered, save for an additional exemption to Belgian subjests, adopted after prolonged debate.

Among Senate amendments which House leaders have said probably would be accepted is one to exclude from the United States all persons of the African race or of negro blood. Another strengthens the phraseology of the prohibition of polygamists.

Closing hours of the debate were devoted to an amendment by Senator British battleship Formidable in the Lodge to exempt Belgian farmers British Channel by a mine or a sub- from the literacy test and from promarine boat, although one of those visions which prohibit American from events Englishmen now realize must soliciting or inducing immigration. Already American organizations are endeavoring to induce Belgians to settle in this country. The amendment,

"That the provisions of this act and cost about \$5,000,000, as it is for relating to the illiteracy test or inwent down with her. So far as known not apply to agricultural immigrants miralty has not given the locality ent European war or within one year where the disaster occurred and de- after its termination owing to circumclares it is unable to say whether the stances or conditions arising through ship struck a mine or was torpedoed the war, if it is shown to the satisactive in shelling German positions on of Immigration that the said Belgian the Belgian coast and " as German immigrants come with the intention of izens."

#### MUST EDUCATE FILIPINOS.

Taft Says Not Ready for Self-Government by Thirty Years.

Washington. - Former President William Taft told the senate commitlin official report says it was decided | tee working on the administration | pot to attempt to retake owing to bill for enlarging Philippine independwould be unfitted for self-government ed. battle has been almost continuous for for the next 30 years-probably for weeks past, the Germans have made the half century. Democratic party a little progress as an offset to which, promises of independence, he declar- stand for wealth produced, not for all classes," says the report, "though Carolina, proved that Mount Mitchell, however, the French declare they ed, had resulted in unrest to which he cash received nor for profit, nor for remarks have been noted that this have continued their advance in Upper attributed, in a measure, the recent income in any sense. Each product does not extend to automobiles. Furevolutionary disturbances.

Neither President McKinley, Presipine government over to the natives solute point of view." before they were educated for selfdent Wilson's writing that "self-government is not a mere form of insti- 000,000. tution, but a form of character."

"We cannot present the Filipino former president. "It must be ac- \$139. quired. You cannot make over a people in one generation. The time that will be necessary to train the Filipino an English-speaking people. If you give these people independence now of Diaz in Mexico."

### Struck by Mine or Torpedoes.

ors here of the British battleship For- per cent smaller than in 1912 which midable say the warship was struck, year stands as one of the greatest agby a mine or torpedo abaft the maga- gregate production in the United zine. The explosion was terrific (but States. the magazine was not reached. Had that also blown up, the ship would have foundered without there being leave the bridge.

## VICE ADMIRAL STURDEE



Vice Admiral Sir Frederick Charles Doveton Sturdee, K. C. B., who commands the British fleet that destroyed the German cruisers Gneisnau, Scharnhrst, Leipsig and Nurnberg off the Faulkland islands.

## FARM PRODUCTS GREATER

TOTAL VALUE WAS ALMOST TEN BILLION DOLLARS SAYS THE ESTIMATE.

Secretary Houston of Agriculture Department Announces Figures on Stock and Farm Produce.

products during 1914 eclipsed all records for value with a total of almost 10 billion dollars. Secretary Houston The Austrians claim to have checked announced that the value of all farm the Russian advance near Gorlice, on crops, farm animal products and farm the South Galician railway, but appaanimals sold and slaughtered aggregated \$9,872,936,000. That was \$83,-000,000 more than the total for 1913, the record year. It was more than double the value of all farm products should open another entrance for in 1899.

Crops this year were valued at \$6,-064,480,000 and farm animal products at \$3,838,456,000. The value of crops was slightly less than in 1913, on account of the reduced value of cotton. The corn and wheat crops, however, were the most valuable ever produced. They brought the year's crop value total to only \$88,279,000 less than the total for last year, despite the loss of more than \$300,000,000 in the value of cotton.

"The estimated value of the animal products of the farm in 1914," said the Agricultural Outlook, "is distinctly higher than in 1913, which was itself a record year in the value of this class of products. This is due to general, but slight increases in pro- Character of Commerce of the United duction, except for sheep and swine and in prices, more especially to a small increase in the average farm price of eggs, and to a more consid- by the Chamber of Commerce of the lieved the monument the property of erable increase in the farm price of United States in a report made pubence, that the Flipinos in his opinion cattle and calves sold and slaughter lic. The report adds however, that have been made.

"It must be borne in mind that the depressing effect on industry. accounts of these estimates do not had contemplated turning the Philip a relative rather than from an ab-

stock \$2,919,000,000 a total of \$5,847, still present a serious problem."

people with a character," said the of rural population (excluding towns) difficulty in obtaining loans on cattle

crops this year was: Corn \$1,702,599,000; wheat \$878, ditions are poor. people for self-government is the time 680,000; hay, \$779,968,000; cotton that will be necessary to make them \$519,616,000; dats \$499,431,000; potatoes \$198,609,000; barley \$105,903,000; tobacco \$101,411,000; sweet potatoes into a condition that caused the fall flaxseed \$19,540,000, and buckwheat \$12,892,000.

In the production of these 14 principal crops, the aggregate was about Brixham, Devon, England,-Surviv- 10 per cent larger than in 1913 and 6

Died of Pneumonla.

Philadelphia.- N. Parker Shortridge years old.

HEAVIEST RAINS IN YEARS HAVE CONVERTED TRENCHES IN-TO RIVERS.

### FRENCH GAIN NEAR ROYE FUNERAL HELD AT DURHAM

Turks Invade Russian Border .-- Constantinople Claims Successes At Ardahan.

London.-The extremely rainy winter, the worst Europe has experienced in years, has caused floods in the river valleys of the Continent which have prevented any operations on a large scale on the western battle front and seriously interfered with those in the East. There have been heavy artillery engagements from the sea to the Swiss border and occasional attacks by the infantry of the opposing armies, which were not repulsed, have added a few yards to the territory in the possession of the attacking force, but have always proved costly adventures.

The French have gained a little ground between Albert and Roye, just north of the point where the line turns eastward, and east of Rheims and southwest of Verdun, where attempts to make untenable the German positions at St. Mihiel, on the Meuse are proceeding slowly. They also have made some advances in Alsace but have suffered a repulse to the northwest of St. Menehould.

In the East the Germans have captured the important Russian position at Borjimow, but elsewhere have been unable to make headway. The Rus-Washington.-The American farm sians as defenders of well fortified positions are aided by muddy roads, which hinder the German movements. rently the battle there has not yet been concluded.

The Russians have taken the Austrian positions near Zukok Pass which them through the Carpathians into Hungary, while the Austrian retreat in Bukowina is described by the Russians as a riot.

The Turks have crossed the Russian border in the Caucasus and according to Constantinople, have defeated the Russian garrison at Ardahan. They are, however, displaying anxiety for their remaining possessions in Europe by feverishly fortifying the whole coast line. What they fear is not disclosed, for it is considered hardly possible for the Allies to land a sufficient force to prove a menace to them. It is possible they anticipate an invasion from another source.

#### BUSINESS CONDITIONS GOOD.

State is Optomistic.

Washington. - Business conditions are described as generally re-assuring the company destroyed it. No arrests the war has had a wide-spread and

is valued, as in the census, when it ture delivery goods purchases are reached commercial form, and the smaller and collections uniformly dent Roosevelt, nor himself, he said, grand aggregate of all items is from poor, but lately a marked change has been noted in a lessening of difficulty in obtaining bank loans and in an eas-Sales of crops last year were esti- ing of interest rates. Conditions in government. He quoted from Presi- mated at \$2,928,000,000; sales of live the South, while slowly improving,

> Crops in general, the report adds, The estimated value of total sales have been good, but the cattle inthe farm was \$892 and sales per capita dustry confronts serious handicaps in and the foot and mouth disease quar-The value of the principal farm antine. The sheep and wool industry is excellent but general mining con-

#### Germany to Exhibit.

San Francisco. - Despite the war two large blocks of space in the Palor by 1920 either a Diaz would arise \$41,294,000; rye \$37,018,000; sugar ace of Liberal Arts have just been in the Philippines or they would get beets \$27,950,000; rice \$21,849,000; awarded Germany by the Panama Pacinc International Exposition. The nature of the exhibit is not known.

#### Prayers for Allies' Success. London.-Large congregations who

crowded London churches for the observance of Intercession day offered special prayers for the Allied arms and in remembrance of those who have fallen. Four services were held 8 a. m. was conducted by the Rt. Rev. time to save anybody, they said. As oldest director of the Pennsylvania Arthur Ingram, Bishop of London. the water rushed in, the men on the Railroad Compnay and prominently The great cathedral was thronged Formidable hurried to the deck and identified with numerous financial throughout the day. Westminster Absome got away in small boats. Capt. concens, died at his home in Winne- bey also had a large attendance. The make that city his home, Asheville Loxley and his signal men did not wood from pneumonia. He was 85 sermon there was by Archdeacon Wil berforce.

# FLOODS HAVE KEPT HEAD OF METHODIST TROOPS FROM FIGHT ORPHANAGE IS DEAD

REV. DR. JOHN NELSON COLE OF RALEIGH PASSES AWAY AFTER LONG ILLNESS.

Noted Preacher and Leader Among North Carolina Methodists Answers the Final Summons.

Charlotte.-Rev. Dr. John Nelson Cole, superintendent of the Methodist orphanage in Raleigh and one of the state's best beloved and most useful citizens, passed away at a hospital in Charlotte where he had been under treatment since the latter, part of November. For the past two years Dr. Cole's health had not been good. Last spring he suffered an attack and came to Charlotte for medical attention, remaining here about two weeks. His system responded well to the treatment and he was soon able to return to his arduous duties. On Thanksgiving day however he suffered a recurrence of his trouble and from this attack he never recovered. He came to Charlotte again for treatment but his strength was too far gone for him to rally successfully. His condition rapidly grew worse and it was soon seen that there was no hope. The end came just as the day was breaking and was very easy-sleep and a forgetting.

The funeral took place in Durham at Trinity Methodist church. Dr. Cole was pastor of this church for four years and it was his wish that his funeral be held there.

Dr. Cole was born in Franklinton, February 10, 1852 and was therefore 62 years of age at the time of his death. After attending the schools of his native place, he entered Randolph-Macon College from which he was graduated. Shortly thereafter he entered the ministry being ordained within the bounds of the North Carolina Conference where he remained until the day of his death.

Early in his young Cole was wedded to Miss Elizabeth Marshall Jones of Mecklenburg county, Va., to whom were born six children, namely, Miss Mary Cole of Raleigh, Mrs. Plato, Durham of Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. John Nelson Cole, Jr., of New York City; Miss Marshall Cole, Miss Alice Cole, and Mr. Henry P. Cole of Raleigh.

Mitchell Monument Destroyed. Asheville-Unknown parties dynamited and entirely destroyed the monument to Prof. Elisha Mitchell, erected on the top of Mount Mitchell, according to advices reaching Asheville. The monument, which was composed of a mixture of bronz and lead, was reduced to a shapless ruin. Foreignors employed by a lumber company are said to have had trouble with one of the foremen recently and to have be-

Professor Mitchell, a Yale professor, but at the time connected with the "Economy naturally prevails among faculty of the University of North 6.711 feet high, is the highest point east of the Mississippi.

Twenty-six years ago alumni of North Carolina had the monument erected on the top of the peak to mark the last resting place of Professor Mitchell.

The monument will be replaced.

Walks About With Broken Neck. Greensboro-Aubra Alvin Casper, 11. years old, died recently of a broken neck, after having walked about all day without knowing anything serious was wrong with him. The boy a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Casper, and a playmate were riding a gentle horse and were in front of the home of Rev. Melton Clark, when young Casper and his playmate fell from the animal. He suffered a slight facture of the skull but refused to be carried home, walked around awhile and then went home. In the afternoon, complain-

#### Will Not Enter Politics.

worse, dying in the night.

ing, he went to bed and began to grow

Asheville.-Answering the suggestion carried in many newspapers that Secretary William Jennings Bryan purchase a summer home site at this city with a view to eventually wearing the toga as the representative of at St. Paul's Cathedral. The first at this state, the cabinet member declared that he has no idea of entering North Carolina politics. He declared that he is still a resident of Lincoln, Neb., and that he will continue to property was bought, he said, simply as a good location for a summer home.