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## YEARS WAR FUND TO \$21,000,000,000

TREASURY DEPARTMENT ASKS THAT TWO BILLION BE AD-DED TO TOTAL.

### SEEKING LIBERAL

Present Indications Are That \$19,000,-000,000 Will Meet Expenses of Conflict During First Year.-Extra Amount is Wanted For Emergencies.

Washington.-Two billion dollars may be added to the total of bonds to be authorized at the present session of Congress, making a total approximately \$21,000,000,000 available to the government during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918.

Democratic Leader Kitchin said that estimates submitted to him by the treasury department made it appear that the additional authorization probably would be necessary. Secretary McAdoo will be asked to explain the situation when he appears before the ways and means committee to discuss the forthcoming administration \$11,538,945,460 bond and certificate

Present indications, according to Mr. Kitchin, are that \$19,000,000,000 will meet the expenses of the fiscal year, but it is thought best to have a \$2,000,000,000 margin for emergencies. He said "this estimate covers about \$7,000,000,000 for loans to the allies. \$3,000,000,000 of which already has been provided; \$1,300,000,000 for current expenses, exclusive of war, leaving about \$10,000,000,000 for war expenses. Included in the war estimate is \$176,000,000 for the new insurance bill and \$1,000,000,000 for the shipping board.

## Methods of Raising Money. The \$21,000,000,000 would be raised

as follows:

Bonds for allies' loans \$7,000,000,-000; pending revenue bill \$3,000,000,-000; war ceritificates \$4,000,000,000; bonds for domestic purposes already authorized \$2,000,000,000; proposed N. C., and Camp Fremont at Palo Alnew bonds \$2,000,000,0000; war savings certificates \$2,000,000,000 and California state health authorities regular revenue \$1,200,000,000.

Approximately \$11,000,000,000 the foregoing amounts are included in the bond and certificate bill which the ways and means committee today began to consider. The bill would authorize \$7,000,000,000 for allied loans, \$3,000,000,000 to be used in refunding 3 1-2 per cent bonds already authorized: \$2,000,000,000 in war certificates and \$2,000,000,000 in war savings certificates. It also contains a re-authorization provision for \$2,-000,000,000 in war certificates and would provide for taking over other previously authorized bonds.

## SENDING MAIL TO SOLDIERS IN NATIONAL ARMY CAMPS.

How Letters Should Be Addressed to Give Boys Best Service.

Washington - Before long several thousand young men will be in the various cantonment camps of the National army, and their relatives and other friends will wish to write to them. In order to expedite the delivery of their mail and give the boys the best service possible, the post office officials instruct their correspondents, if they know in advance the company and regiment to which the soldier is assigned, to address mail according to this sample:

> PRIVATE JOHN JONES, A Company, First Infantry,

Camp Dodge, Iowa. If the company and regiment are not known, the mail should be ad-

dressed thus:

PRIVATE JOHN JONES.

of Minnesota, Camp Dodge, Iowa.

When all troops are organized the mail for each man will be distributed direct to his company and regiment. Until then it will be delivered through his state section.

ASK WITHDRAWAL OF ALL NEGRO TROOPS IN TEXAS.

Washington. - A. petition asking withdrawal of all negro troops from Texas, signed by all the members of all sorts are expected to unite in an here after four years spent in the the Texas delegation in Congress, was effort to compel the provisional gov- polar regions. MacMillan, who was presented at the while house by Senator Sheppard and laid before President Wilson. White house officials did not indicate what action might be expected from the President. An official report to Secretary Baker reorganizing the army and resuming Peary's mistake was due to a mirage despite the stubborn resistance of the said that the situation at Houston the offensive against the central pow- so real that the MacMillan party had Austrians and the difficulty of the was normal.

## CORPORAL J. N. HALL



Corporal James Normal Hall of Colfax, la., member of the Lafayette flying squadron, who is now in Soissons hospital after a single-handed battle with eight German warplanes.

## 41ST DIVISION TO CAMP GREENE

ARE TO REPLACE NEW ENGLAND TROOPS-OFFICERS EXPECT-ED TO ARRIVE SOON.

Between 30,000 and 40,000 Soldiers to Train at Charlotte-Men Coming From Washington, Oregon, Wyoming and Montana.

Washington.-The Forty-first national guard division, comprising troops from Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming, has been ordered to train at Camp Greene, Charlotte to has been abandoned because the have decided that a latarine sewerage system such as the war department proposed would be injurious to the health of the community.

Secretary Baker, announcing the change, said that the war department could not see its way clear to spend half a million dollars for such a sewerage system as the state health authorities thought necessary in a temporary camp. Decision to transfer the division to Camp Greene caused much speculation as to the possibility that the troops would be sent to France at an early date. No confirmation of the report could be obtained in any official quarter, however,

"It would mean a month's delay to build a water carried sewer system and the camp at Charlotte is now practically ready. The transfer of the division to Charlotte, Secretarly Baker explained, would make it possible to get the division under training without delay and bring it 2,500 miles closer to its point of embarkation.

Reports that the Forty-first division might soon follow the Twenty-sixth the war thus far. and Forty-second divisions to France apparently were founded on the fact that the far west is not strongly represented in the Forty-second or "Rainbow" division and the Twenty-sixth is composed entirely of New England troops. The Twenty-sixth and the Forty-second are in process of concentra- and placing their flag there. tion and both probably will be ready to go as soon as shipping is available.

#### SITUATION IN RUSSIA GROWS ALARMING

Washington.-Russia's critical internal situation, aggravated by the new German drive against Riga threatening the capital, is watched by officials here with grave concern. It became known that official advices are closely in accord with press dispatches describing grave political conditions.

extraordinary national council to be pulsed. held in Moscow is awaited here with interest scarcely less keen than in Russia itself. The immediate fate of Russia, it is felt, depends upon it.

Out of the great gathering, in which the conservative elements of ernment to throw off the socialistic one of Rear Admiral Peary's lieutencontrol of the soldiers' and workmen's ants on his successful dash for the council, one of two results is expected: North pole, confirmed dispatches

ers or open civil strife."

## SOME NEW RULINGS ON DRAFT MEASURE

SHOULD NOT FORCE WIFE TO WORK TO SUPPORT SELF AND CHILDREN.

#### WILSON RULES

Clears Up Contested Points .- Orders For Mobilization of First Increment Changed and Experienced Men Will Be Taken First.

Washington.-At the direct suggestion of President Wilson, Provost Marshal General Crowder telephoned to all governors a supplemental explanation of regulations governing the status of merried men under the draft law. No change in regulation is made, and the purpose of the statement is to clear up misunderstand-

In a letter to Secretary Baker, quoted by General Crowder, President Wilson states his opinion that the regulation directing local boards "to addition to the fact of marriage ought and Mrs. Cothran was divorced some not to be abrogated." This leaves the regulations as they are and the supplementary statement is designed merely to make the application of the rules uniform.

While the statement regarding married men was in preparation orders were issued changing entirely the AT WASHINGTON-MOST IMPORT mobilization arrangements previously made. Congestion of rail traffic and the necessity of making better provision for receiving the men at the cantonments dictated the changes.

Under the new orders, five per cent of the white men, preferably those with military experience, from each local area, will be started forward to the camps September 5 instead of thirty per cent. They will go in five daily detachments of equal size and form skeleton company organization

will go forward September 19, when mark of courtesy by the government. the second thirty per cent originally was scheduled to go; a second forty per cent will go forward October 3 instead of the third thirty per cent and the remaining fifteen per cent will be called up as soon thereafter as practicable.

some extent in selecting the first five per cent as men of experience such as cooks and former soldiers are desired and they they will dine with the Presat that time. Warning is given ident. against getting into this levy by reason of his experience, any man who might get otherwise have been included in the first increment of the district at all.

#### GREAT VICTORY CROWNS ITALY'S NEW OFFENSIVE

With Austrian Line Broken Italians

Pursue Enemy. The battle along the Isonzo has de-

veloped further brilliant successes for the Italians, who it is now plain are making one of their greatest efforts of

General Cadorna's men, who at the beginning of the offensive effected a new crossing of the river north of Corizia, at a point where the Austrians believed such a feat was impossible. have won another spectacular victory by scaling Monte Sano, 2,245 feet high

Farther south, on the Carso, fighting continues violently and incessantly. Austrian efforts to win back lost

positions were defeated. New gains have been made by the French in the Verdun front, rounding out the victory won in the offensive begun on Monday. The French advanced last night north of Hill 304, Paris announces, and captured three official German statement however. says French attacks between Malan-The outcome of the forthcoming Hill 304, east of the Meuse, were re-

## COULDN'T LOCATE LAND

Sydney, N. S .- Donald B. Mac-Millan's Arctic expedition arrived "The formation of a strong central- that there was no Crockerland such ized government capable of rapidly as has been reported by Peary. been deceived by it for four days.

## FRANK E. COMPTON



Frank E. Compton of Chicago and Glencoe is engaged to marry Mrs. Annie Howe Cochran, a niece of President establish the fact of dependents in Wilson. Mr. Compton is a widower

## MISSION IS WARMLY GREETED

ANT PROBLEM FACED IS DIS-POSITION OF SHIPS.

Mission Here to Greet American As Brother Nation Fighting For a Com-Can Co-operate,

the United States with a message of seat of the conservatives upon whom and set up a going concern into which congratulation and appreciation to the allies are counting to maintain a the remander of the total quota can President Wilson from the emperor firm republican government and the be absorbed without confusion as they and people of Japan, was welcomed to city looked upon by million of Rus-Washington with warmth and enthu The next forty per cent of the quota slasm by the public with the highest

Passing through streets thronged with people, past long lines of school children dressed in white with the red sun of Japan on the fronts of their gowns, the distinguished visitors were escorted by cavalry to the residence of Perry Belmont, where they will be Local boards are directed to disrethe guests of the government during gard order of liability numbers to their stay. They will make the formal calls which must precede the official conferences being arranged for them,

Viscount Ishii, the special embassa dor, spoke to the newspaper corre spondents of his gratification at the welcome given the mission here, at Honolulu, San Francisco and at all stages of its journey. He said:

## We Are All Delighted. "To say I am pleased to be in

Washington would be too conventional. I am delighted-we are all delighted-with the cordial reception.

"In speaking to the gentlemen of a newspaper press which wields such enormous power in this great country, am well aware that purely conventional utterances is worse than nothing. But at the same time, what can say? Obviously it will be improper to anticipate the message I carry from the emperor of Japan to your great President.

"My last visit to America was just en years ago. Since then many things have changed and now that Japan and America are brothers in arms fighting for a great common cause I have every hope and confidence in success, victory and for permanently continued international

The mission, it is authoritatively explained, has not come here on a commercialy or political errand, but to nation fighting for a common end to decide after a consultation how best court and Bethincourt, as well as near the two nations can co-operate both in an economic and military sense, in carrying on the war.

> Among the most important problems is that of the disposition of Japa-PEARY SAYS HE FOUND, nese shipping, with the view to making it of the greatest assistance in the conduct of the war.

## ITALIAN DRIVE CONTINUES ON OTHER BATTLE FRONTS.

The great offensive of the Italians from the region of Tolmino to the head of the Adriatic sea is going on

## U.S. MAKES ANOTHER TO DRIVE RUM OUT

AMERICA REAFFIRMS FAITH IN FUTURE OF NEW RUSSIAN DEMOCRACY.

Secretary of State Makes Public Note Renewing Wilson's Sympathy and Confidence.-Money for Supplies and Equipment.

Washington.-The United States reaffirmed its faith in the new Russian democracy and gave concrete evidence of its confidence by loaning another hundred million dollars to the provisional government.

Announcement of the loan came from the treasury soon after Secretary Lansing at the state department had denied formally that reports from Russia were of an unfavorable nature and declared that on the contrary confidential dispatches to the government were the basis for his belief that the administration at Petrograd was strengthening its position.

"I regard the government of Russia as stronger today than it has been for a month," Mr. Lansing said. mean in general, both from political and military points of view. This opinion is based upon reports more or less confidential that we have been get-

So far as the military situation is concerned the secretary said he felt little concern over the advance upon Riga by the Germans recalling that the place had been evacuated five times during the war. Major General Scott, chief of staff, who was a member of the Root commission, agreed that the capture of Riga would not mon Cause-How Best Two Nations be an important strategical loss. A German advance upon Petrograd from Riga would be followed by removal of Washington. - Japan's mission to the seat of government to Moscow,

country. In addition to his statement Secretary Lansing made public a note he had just sent to Ambassador Bakmeteff replying to a message of assurance from Foreign Minister Tereschtenko.

## NEGRO TROOPS WHO KILLED MANY CITIZENS DISARMED.

Houston, Texas.-Negro soldiers of the Twenty-fourth infantry, who shot up the streets of Houston, were being entrained to be removed to Colum-

bus, N. M. Capt. L. S. Snow, commanding the battalion, said that the action of the negroes was "practically mutiny."

A scene probably unique in the annals of the United States army was enacted at Camp Logan during the afternoon when the six hundred soldiers of the battalion of negro infantry were disarmed.

Flanked by a full bataalion of the Nineteenth infantry under Col. Millard F. Waltz and three companies of the coast artillery from Fort Crockett, the negro soldiers were marched four abreast to the parade grounds where their arms were stacked. Army trucks then loaded the rifles and ammunition and conveyed them to the camp storehouse, where they were placed under heavy guard.

### FIFTY-THREE CASES OF PARALYSIS REPORTED

Richmond, Va.-Fifty-three cases of infantile paralysis have been reported to the state health department during August, according to figures secured from Dr. Ennoid G. Williams, state health commissioner. During July there were forty-eight cases, making a total of 101 cases of the disease since the outbreak of the epidemic in the valley of Virginia. While the disease fortified forts near Bethincourt, the greet the United States as a brother has not been entirely confined to the valley and northwestern state, it is believed by alth authorities that the infer ating from Rockinghan taken the lead in number

#### EARLY REGULATION MEAT INDUSTRY

Washington-Early regul meat industry was predict ing the departure of Herbe the food administrator, for Chi-ago to confer with meat packers and with federal trade commission representatives who are investigating packing to deliver an address at the farmers' methods. Government supervision of meat packing and distributing concerns, with the institution of a licensing system, may be the next move of the food administration.

# LOAN TO THE SLAVS OF MOORE COUNTY

FOOD ADMINISTRATOR PAGE OUT-LINES PURPOSES OF COUNCIL OF DEFENSE.

## LANSING IS NOW OPTIMISTIC SENT OUT TO ALL COUNTIES

Folder Used By Moore Council is Sent Out All Over State.-Conserve All Food.

Raleigh.-Food Administrator Henry A. Page, of Aberdeen, chairman of the North Carolina Council of Defense, has put into the memorandum of the purposes of the Council, a clause declaring "it is the special purpose of the Moore County Council of Defense and the Committee on Law Enforcement to drive liquor from the county." The aims and purposes of the Moore County Council have been tabulated and distributed throughout the Sand Hills, and Secretary W. S. Wilson, of the State Council, thought them so good and so clear in their definition of the purposes of both state and county councils that he mailed copies to every county council in the

The Moore County Council is composed of Chairman Page, H. P. Mc-Pherson, Cameron; J. M. Brown, Hemp; H. F. .. eawell, Carthage; Dr. M. E. Street, Glendon; J. R. McQueen, Pinehurst, and J. N. Powell, of South-

ern Pines. The folder issued by the Council says: "Our actions now, and our attitude toward our country's need will determine what shall be recorded of us, whether of praise and appreciation forever, or ignomy and shame. Let us not forget that we are now making the history of our home county. Already, some of our citizens have laid down their affairs and consecrated themselves to the service of our home land; some are just ready to step out from General Pershing's training camp into the fighting trenches; some have left their Moore county homes and are training with the National Guard for early service at the front; others are hearing the call for re-enforcements and are busy arranging their affairs to

answer that call." Praises Exemption Boards. Of the Moore county exemption

board the folder says: "The three citizens who have long ago throw their own private business over and given themselves to the high duty of service on the board of exemption should receive, as their service merits, the appreciation, approbation and sincere gratitude of every Moore county man. Let us sustain them and support them in their labors, and express our appreciation of their

sacrifice and service." Continuing, the memorandum explains that the business aid committee will attend to the business interests of any and every man who finds it necessary to leave home, who has no near relative to look after his affairs. Or, if you prefer the committee to some relative or friend, it will be glad represent you," it says, "rather than to do so. They will take charge of property for you and conserve it while you are away; they will answer any business demands that may be made on you; handle suits at law, if you have them, and represent you and take care of your interests during your ab-

sence." Committees on information and history, on agriculture and food and on law enforcement have been named and are ready to continue the program of

Away With the Rum Evil.

"It seems to be true that there is a tendency to lower all standards of conduct during war-time," says the folder. "It is the purpose of this committee, composed of forty-seven of the leading citizens of the county, with the assistance of the members of the county council to so organize and agitate throughout the county that respect for law shall be supreme and

good order prevail everywhere. "It is the special purpose of the council of defense and the committee on law enforcement to drive liquor from the county."

## Will Speak to Farmers.

Raleigh.-Governor T. W. Bickett, who has shown interest in the agricultural development of the state and especially in increased food production and conservation during the persent emergency, has won the sobriquet, 'Agricultural Governor," has promised and farm women's convention which will be held at the A. & E. College the 28-30th inst. The convention has secured a very noticeable list of pubitc speakers and lecturers,