

THE ROANOKE BEACON
And Washington County News

Published Every Friday in Plymouth, Washington County, North Carolina

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Untrue Statements

This is going to be one year in which many people will have to take back many of their statements, because they have made so many untrue remarks. They are saying things that are entirely untrue in nearly every instance, and the worst of it is that many people know they are lying, but their only idea is to carry their own points at the time, regardless of the method.

This kind of politics often keep the best men from offering their services to the public, while the offices go to many of the "slummiest" fellows of a community who are not fitted for office from any standpoint and who generally draw their crowd of the same ilk to push them through. Even our law-making bodies too frequently contain such men.

We need to be diligent in selecting honest, sensible, capable men to serve us in any capacity.

Cracking the Lash

Is there anyone in politics in North Carolina so common, vile and corrupt that he will stoop so low as to intimidate a humble laborer by threatening the loss of his job unless he votes for the powers in authority?

A few years ago it was the common practice to turn the workers in the Highway Commission from the roads to go out in the service of one particular candidate. This year only a few cases have been spotted where such tactics have been practiced.

In some cases the lash has been cracked. Some employees of private business concerns have been quietly reminded that wages would probably go lower if certain candidates are elected, and some workers in the administration set-up are getting the word that their jobs are dependent upon themselves. Perhaps those workers are not aware that if headquarters should hear of any such threats or intimations the makers would themselves be immediately dismissed. Everyone should remember that he has the guaranteed right to exercise his freedom in his own way, particularly where the ballot is concerned. If he gets a threat or a discharge, he should not fail to report it.

An Opportunity Lost

The nations of the world have lost their opportunity.

At the time when Italy was feeling them all out and pressing for the opportunity to go forward with her Ethiopian campaign, most of the nations, feeling that they were dealing with a civilized country and in a spirit of saving themselves from war and possibly a world disturbance, permitted Mussolini to wage his cruel war, the nations apparently thinking more of their Italian trade relationships than they did of the welfare of the poor, benighted and helpless Ethiopians.

Perhaps the main trouble with the world is that we love trade more than we love our neighbors; we had rather sell bullets for profit than to enjoy peace.

It is good that we do not hate people. On the other hand, it is bad that we are willing to stand by and see the big fish eat the little fish provided we can just get our share of the little fish.

Nobody believes for a moment that Germany's invasion of Belgium was the cause of the World War. It was the knowledge that the Germans were bent on besieging Paris, annexing France, then crossing the channel to seize the British navy and then probably sail west bent on further conquests. That was the reason the allied forces rushed to the aid of Belgium.

No one knows now which country Italy wants to take next. It may be Greece or Switzerland or it may be Palestine and Egypt. Of course, she is counting the cost of a new Roman Empire, and it means much bloody war.

Betwining His Own Nest

Why does Sandy Graham find comfort in his criticism of the State Administration, of which he is a part—in fact, second on the list? And, according to the estimate of many North Carolinians, he is really the most objectionable part of the administration.

Just what does Sandy mean by charging that the administration is all bad, except himself? Has he reformed and gotten to be better than his official associates? What has driven him to condemn his associates—or is he just seeking votes in a fit of desperation and thinks condemnation of the administration of which he is a part is the best way to get them?

We do not like a bird that will befoul its own nest.

Political Extremists

You can hear just about everything in politics these days with the exception of angel's songs and wing-flapping. And at times, when some of these fellows take up their line of self-praise, you expect every minute to see an angel; that is, until they begin to criticize the other fellow; then you can hear the heat roaring and smell brimstone.

It is indeed remarkable to see the depths to which a politician can sink when he gets too hungry for office or when the old lash begins to pop.

The Japanese Menace

Conservative thinkers seem to look at Japanese tactics in China as really alarming. It is feared they may lead to the beginning of a great war, leading to a world conquest, perhaps with a view to amalgamating the yellow race into a great Eastern Empire to eventually overrun the other nations of the earth, and particularly the Caucasian and English-speaking countries.

Hoover Wheat or Roosevelt Wheat?

In 1932, 716 bushels of Hoover wheat brought the farmers exactly the same amount of money that 230 bushels of Roosevelt wheat brings the same farmer now.

Farmers would indeed do well to consider that Mr. Roosevelt's 230 bushels of wheat for the same amount of cash in hand is worth more than Mr. Hoover's 716 bushels "just around the corner."

How About a Secretary of Peace?

We have a Secretary of War and a Secretary of the Navy in our national cabinet, while our greatest need is a Secretary of Peace.

It is the business of our War and Navy Secretaries to prepare for war, when our chief need is peace. Yet we have no agency or individuals working for peace except volunteers.

Let us have a department that will teach peace rather than war.

Justice and Politics

The chief Federal detective and leading G-man of the country, J. Edgar Hoover, struck the keynote plumb and square when he said recently that politics is public enemy No. 1. This will be found to be very true whenever an attempt is made to try to enforce the law. The law is required to be enforced by political judges, political lawyers, witnesses who have friends guilty of similar crimes, and jurors, many of whom are in like condition. It is generally hard to mete out justice under such circumstances.

Too Good for Republicans

Republican newspapers in general are forgetting to print the statement of Mrs. William Howard Taft, wife of the late ex-President, endorsing President Roosevelt's administration, in the following words:

"It will be disastrous if President Roosevelt is not re-elected, but I believe he will be."

That is the type of news just too good and too true for the Republicans to relish, yet it shows the spirit of an honest heart.

A Weak Condition

Scotland Neck Commonwealth

"On condition they marry"—those words are frequently seen on court judgment records. Just the other day in Johnston County a 15-year-old girl, bound for Samarcand because of moral delinquency, was allowed her freedom when a justice of the peace married her to her lover. In passing, it may be said that her mother got into trouble with the law because she persisted in making and selling intoxicants and then got into a fight with the officers when they came to make the arrest.

On one side of the statute books of this state, there is a law that admits sterilization. On the other side, there is a law, or perhaps the word policy would be more agreeable with barristers, that permits law-breakers in certain cases to marry and escape execution of prison sentences.

There is little wonder that society is still filled with undesirables, mentally deficient and unsightly charges. The law permits just the thing it allows to be taken away.

It is just another case in which the law makes its own loopholes.

The Town's Streets

Scotland Neck Commonwealth

Pity the poor, emaciated street cleaner, that reincarnation of the one-horse shay, that wobbly structure that arouses the dust in all its fury and nonchalantly groans as it is being pulled about town. Inasmuch as it has been a habit to travel about these many years, it apparently thinks it a divine duty to continue, even if its efforts are fruitless.

But pity the poor cleaner, for it is doing its best. Sunday afternoon autoists who park in front of the down-town drug stores should realize what an imposition is their act of throwing straws and paper cups on the streets and sidewalks. Nor is it stightly; nor is it pleasing to inadvertently step upon a cup and hear its discarded contents gurgle and slush under the foot.

Clean-up week has just been—should we say observed? Apparently it is gone and forgotten, much to the sorrow of those persons who delight in keeping the community a feast to the residents and transients.

So pity the poor street sweeper; remember that there are some persons who like to see the town clean, and keep those used cups and straws for some ash can. It is only there that they will be appreciated.

THE LETTER-BOX

"KEEP THE RECORD STRAIGHT"
Mr. Editor: You were kind enough some time ago to allow me the use of your paper to bring to the mind of the public some of the needs of the Negroes of Washington County, and especially of Plymouth, from an educational standpoint. I feel, in a measure, that the things advocated by me have been realized to the great advantage of the Negro teachers of Washington County as well as to both races economically.

The late Judge W. M. Bond is a gentleman and as a citizen, for his forensic powers as an advocate at the bar, and as a just judge. His slogan was "Keep the record straight." It is for this purpose that I am addressing the public through the medium of your paper.

The committee of the Washington County Training School some days ago notified the principal, W. M. Berry, that his services as such had been dispensed with beginning with the term 1936.

Petitions are being circulated in the community asking the board of trustees to rescind its action and reappoint W. M. Berry for another year. To the more ignorant of my group, and by means of approach, it is being stated that the action of the board in dispensing with the services of the principal was due to some effort upon my part. The statement is untrue, libelous, and to effect of underrating the wisdom of the board of trustees in its official capacity to discharge the duties of its office.

The discharge of the principal, for the good of the school, as well as the community has its precedents in both the white and negro schools of Plymouth; however, the circulation of petitions to the board of trustees to rescind its action is without precedent and, to my mind, is an attack upon the discretionary acts as well as an insult to its intelligence.

The board of trustees to my mind has reasons for its actions and the conditions obtaining then obtain now.

I have not talked to the board of trustees, or any member thereof, concerning the discharge or the employment of any teacher for the year 1936. The veracity of this statement is well known by each member of the board.

I feel that the action of the board of trustees was taken for the best interest of the school and the community at large and its action meets with the approval of the members of my group who have had educational contacts sufficient to judge and know what progress means.

The board, perhaps, took cognizance of the facts that five years have elapsed under the administration of W. M. Berry as principal of the school and not one seat is in the auditorium, not one certain is in the building, not one thing has been constructively, notwithstanding the receipts from sale of candy, receipts from public dances, entertainments, basketball games, and admissions from school closings, together with a charge of 5 cents for each student's examination.

The board of trustees, to my mind, has acted with a view to the duties owed the state, the county and the progress of the negroes of Washington County, and its action heretofore taken in the regard to the principal should stand.

Respectfully,
P. H. BELL.
(Paid Advertisement)

NOTICE OF SALE
North Carolina, Washington County. Under and by virtue of the power and authority contained in a certain deed of trust executed by Charles H. Jones and wife to H. D. Bateman, Trustee, dated October 31, 1929, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washington County, North Carolina, Book 102, page 468, to which reference is hereby made, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness thereby secured, upon demand of the holder of the same, the undersigned trustee will offer for sale to the highest bidder before the courthouse door of Beaufort County at Washington, North Carolina, on Wednesday, the 24th day of June, 1936, at twelve o'clock noon the following described tracts or parcels of land, to-wit:

All of the real estate hereinafter described as follows:
Being a portion of the main J. and W. tract of land as platted and subdivided according to J. and W. Land Company's plat on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in the County of Beaufort and State of North Carolina, to-wit:
The fractional Southeast quarter of Section No. 1 containing 52.3 acres, more or less; the fractional North half of Section No. 1 containing 315 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 2 containing 320 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 3 containing 320 acres more or less; the Southwest quarter of Section No. 3 containing 320 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 4 containing 320 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 5 containing 320 acres more or less; the West half of Section No. 6 containing 320 acres more or less; all of the fractional Section No. 6 1-2 containing 133.5 acres more or less; all of Section No. 9 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 10 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 11 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 12 containing 640 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 13 containing 145.7 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 14 containing 263.2 acres more or less; all of Section No. 15 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 16 containing 640 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 17

Wenona School Property

Beginning at a point which is described as follows, to-wit: Start at the intersection of the eastern right of way line of the Norfolk Southern Railroad with the Pungo River Canal; thence with said right of way line north 25 degrees 35' east 6900 feet to an iron marker, a corner; thence south 64 degrees 25' east 2310 ft. to an iron marker, place of beginning; thence north 25° 35' east 264 ft. to an iron marker, a corner; thence south 64° 25' east 330 ft. to an iron marker, a corner; thence north 64° 25' west 330 ft. to an iron marker, a corner and place of beginning; containing two (2) acres, more or less.

Beginning at a point on the main road leading from Plymouth to Washington, N. C., about 5 miles from Plymouth at the northeast corner of Margerette Alexander's land, thence along said Margerette Alexander's line in a westerly corner, a distance of 209 feet to two hundred and nine feet, thence north course parallel to the said main road above named, a distance of two hundred and nine feet (209), thence east course two hundred and nine feet (209) to said public road, thence along said main road north course to the first station.

The above described property will be offered for sale subject to a cash assessment of 10% of the same, if any unpaid. The highest bidder at said sale will be required to deposit ten (10) per cent of his bid pending confirmation of same, to be forfeited upon noncompliance. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

This is the 5th day of May, 1936.
BOARD OF EDUCATION
of WASHINGTON COUNTY.
By: Z. V. Norman, attorney.
m15 4t

NOTICE OF SALE

Under and by virtue of the power and authority contained in a certain deed of trust executed by D. V. Clayton and wife to H. D. Bateman, Trustee, dated July 20th, 1927, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Washington County, North Carolina, in book 74, page 444, to which reference is hereby made, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness thereby secured, upon demand of the holder of the same, the undersigned trustee will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the courthouse door in Washington County, at 12 o'clock noon, on Monday, the 8th day of June, 1936, all of that certain property described in the said deed of trust as follows:

Same being that part of lot No. 28 in said town facing 65 feet on Jefferson Street, beginning at C. V. W. Ausbon's line, thence southwardly along Jefferson Street 65 feet to H. E. Beam's line; thence eastwardly 100 feet along said Beam's line to W. H. Gaylord's line; thence northwardly 65 feet with said Gaylord's line; thence westwardly to C. V. W. Ausbon's line to point of beginning. For further reference see deed recorded in register's office of Washington County in book 82, page 95. See also deed supplying omissions in said deed recorded in said register's office in book 90, page 592, it being the said property described in the mortgage deed to which reference is hereby made and the same made a part hereof for purposes of this deed. The above described tract of land is the same conveyed by deed to said Annie Ange Clayton by H. E. Beam and wife, Maude Beam, on July 27th, 1926, duly recorded in book 82, page 526, in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washington County.

The bidder at said sale will be required to deposit as much as 10 per cent of the amount bid in cash as a guaranty of good faith, pending confirmation, and the right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

This is the 8th day of May, 1936.

H. D. BATEMAN, Trustee.

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NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST

State of North Carolina—County of Beaufort.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a deed of trust executed July 1, 1923 by J. and W. Land Company, a North Carolina corporation, to the Trust Company of Washington, Trustee, and recorded July 25, 1923 in Book 246, page 21 of the Beaufort County Records and also recorded in Book 1, page 1 of the Washington County Records and in Book Q-2, page 439 of the Martin County Records, to each of such records reference is hereby made; default having been made in the payment of the debt secured thereby and demand of foreclosure having been made on me, the undersigned Trustee, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder before the courthouse door of Beaufort County at Washington, North Carolina, on Wednesday, the 24th day of June, 1936, at twelve o'clock noon the following described tracts or parcels of land, to-wit:

All of the real estate hereinafter described as follows:
Being a portion of the main J. and W. tract of land as platted and subdivided according to J. and W. Land Company's plat on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in the County of Beaufort and State of North Carolina, to-wit:
The fractional Southeast quarter of Section No. 1 containing 52.3 acres, more or less; the fractional North half of Section No. 1 containing 315 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 2 containing 320 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 3 containing 320 acres more or less; the Southwest quarter of Section No. 3 containing 320 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 4 containing 320 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 5 containing 320 acres more or less; the West half of Section No. 6 containing 320 acres more or less; all of the fractional Section No. 6 1-2 containing 133.5 acres more or less; all of Section No. 9 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 10 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 11 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 12 containing 640 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 13 containing 145.7 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 14 containing 263.2 acres more or less; all of Section No. 15 containing 640 acres more or less; all of Section No. 16 containing 640 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 17

containing 620 acres more or less; the fractional Southeast quarter of Section No. 60 containing 130 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 66 containing 209.2 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 67 containing 132.6 acres more or less; the North half of Section No. 68 containing 320 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 69 except the North 50 acres of the Northwest fractional quarter thereof containing 294.2 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 77 containing 131.9 acres more or less; all of fractional Section No. 78 containing 568 acres more or less, containing in all of the above portions of said main tract, 8,915.7 acres of land more or less.

Also two tracts of land lying West of the Norfolk-Southern main line right of way and Armstrong Avenue in the town of Pinetown containing 17.5 acres of land, more or less; also a tract of land adjoining the above described property in said town of Pinetown used for a pasture and containing 1.2 acres of land, more or less, said three last mentioned tracts being more fully described in a deed from Surry Parker and wife to J. and W. Land Company and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Beaufort County in Book 245, page 296; also a parcel of land occupied as a hotel in said town of Pinetown and more particularly described in a deed from E. R. Hoy and wife to J. and W. Land Company and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Beaufort County in Book 229 at page 335; also the following described tracts of land situate, lying and being in Beaufort County, State of North Carolina:

A tract of land lying in Long Acre Township, Beaufort County, about one-half mile Southwest of Walla Walla Station and shown on map hereto attached as the B. F. Wallace tract:

Beginning at an iron pipe at Depmie Sennet's corner and running from thence South 36 degrees 15 minutes East 120.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 49 degrees 45 minutes East 151 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 51 degrees 45 minutes East 124.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 13 degrees 45 minutes East 207 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 13 degrees 45 minutes East 464 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 19 degrees 15 minutes East 217 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 3 degrees 15 minutes West 2160 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 15 degrees 15 minutes East 209 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 8 degrees 45 minutes East 220 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 2 degrees 55 minutes East 229 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 86 degrees 45 minutes East 443.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 33 degrees 15 minutes East 83 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 74 degrees 30 minutes East 141.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 79 degrees 15 minutes East 103 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 61 degrees 15 minutes East 78 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 22 degrees 30 minutes East 118 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 66 degrees 55 minutes West 85 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 67 degrees 30 minutes East 346.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 40 degrees 45 minutes East 29.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 69 degrees 45 minutes East 317 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 41 degrees 45 minutes East 35.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 61 degrees 15 minutes East 457 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 43 degrees 45 minutes East 366 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 47 degrees 15 minutes West 407 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 44 degrees 15 minutes West 100 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 28 degrees 15 minutes West 295.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 61 degrees 15 minutes West 101.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 59 degrees 15 minutes West 80 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 6 degrees 45 minutes West 123 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 33 degrees 15 minutes West 296 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 69 degrees 45 minutes West 109.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 39 degrees 15 minutes West 113.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 13 degrees 45 minutes East 226 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 23 degrees 30 minutes East 145.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 37 degrees 15 minutes West 143 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 61 degrees 15 minutes West 139.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 75 degrees 45 minutes West 144 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 85 degrees 15 minutes West 112.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 17 degrees 15 minutes West 133 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 8 degrees 30 minutes East 157 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 23 degrees 45 minutes West 209 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 22 degrees 45 minutes West to an iron pipe; thence North 26 degrees 0 minutes West 113 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 50 degrees 15 minutes West 168.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 63 degrees 45 minutes West 104.5 feet to the point of beginning, containing by actual survey, 63.8 acres.

There is excepted from the operation of this deed that part of the right of way of the Norfolk and Southern Railroad lying within the boundaries given.

HABOURN TRACT: A tract of land lying in Beaufort County, Long Acre Township, one-half mile South of Pinetown. Beginning at a large marked pine and an iron pipe; a corner of the Boyd land and the land of the Roanoke Railroad and Lumber Company, said pine being also a corner of the Roanoke Railroad and Lumber Company's "Windley Tract"; running from said corner North 20 degrees 45 minutes West 3135 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 64 degrees 0 minutes West 400 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 84 degrees 0 minutes West 810 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 42 degrees 30 minutes West 913 feet to an iron pipe in the line of the Roanoke Railroad and Lumber Company's Boyd Tract; thence with the line of the said Boyd tract South 34 degrees 0 minutes East 528 feet to an iron pipe; thence from said pipe North 57 degrees 30 minutes East 240.5 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 55 degrees 30 minutes East 1037 feet to a large marked Boyd road; thence the same course continued South 55 degrees 30 minutes East 1812.5 feet to the point of beginning, containing by actual survey 76 acres (excepting and reserving all that part of said tract lying west of said Hoke Boyd road to

W. E. Williams and containing 49 acres of land, more or less).

BOYD TRACT: (Adjoining first Habourn Tract which is known as the Habourn Homestead). Beginning at an iron pipe in the Eastern right of way line of the Norfolk and Southern Railroad; a pipe being located about 2220 feet South-west of the crossing of the railroad and the public road leading from Pinetown to Walla Walla; from said pipe so located running with the Eastern right of way line of said railroad North 11 degrees 0 minutes East 625 feet to an iron pipe, corner of the Habourn Homestead Tract; thence from said iron pipe with a line of the Habourn Homestead North 54 degrees 0 minutes West 528 feet to an iron pipe, another corner of the Habourn Homestead Tract; thence the same course continued, North 34 degrees 0 minutes West crossing the railroad 662 feet to an iron pipe standing in on the West side of the public road leading from Pinetown to Walla Walla; thence from said pipe North 3 degrees 30 minutes West 1790 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 66 degrees 15 minutes East 111 feet to an iron pipe in the Western right of way line of the Norfolk and Southern Railroad; thence the same course continued to the point of beginning. Containing by actual survey 12.2 acres.

Exclusive of the right of way of the Norfolk and Southern Railroad lying within the boundaries herein described.

WINDLEY TRACT: A tract of land in Long Acre Township, Beaufort County and lying on the North side of Pung Swamp. Beginning at an iron pipe on the West side of the public road leading from Pinetown to Bath, near where said road crosses Pung Swamp; thence from said pipe North 40 degrees 0 minutes East 162 feet to an iron pipe; thence leaving the road North 12 degrees 0 minutes East 1904 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 14 degrees 30 minutes East 467 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 11 degrees 30 minutes East 208 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 12 degrees 0 minutes East 180 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 3 degrees 15 minutes West 736 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 10 degrees 0 minutes West 513 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 13 degrees 0 minutes West 66 feet to an iron pipe on the North side of the public road leading from Walla Walla to Acre Station; thence North 89 degrees 0 minutes West 86 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 76 degrees 0 minutes West 583 feet to an iron pipe; thence from said pipe crossing the road South 8 degrees 30 minutes West 1313 feet to an iron pipe; thence North 82 degrees 0 minutes West 1085 feet to an iron pipe; thence from the iron pipe in an old tram road, another Grimes corner; thence South 34 degrees 0 minutes West 2182 feet, to an iron pipe in the edge of Pung Swamp and in Jefferson's line; thence with the high water mark of Pung Swamp the following courses: South 57 degrees 0 minutes East 300 feet; South 56 degrees 0 minutes East 224 feet; North 78 degrees 0 minutes East 168 feet; South 67 degrees 0 minutes East 282 feet to an iron pipe, T. Jefferson and G. Jefferson's corner; thence from said iron pipe North 67 degrees 15 minutes East 186 feet; South 73 degrees 15 minutes East 230 feet; North 76 degrees 15 minutes East 264 feet; South 68 degrees 0 minutes East 160 feet; South 14 degrees 30 minutes East 311 feet; South 76 degrees 0 minutes East 211 feet to an iron pipe, Jefferson and Richard Waters' corner; thence from said pipe South 89 degrees 15 minutes East 144 feet; South 54 degrees 0 minutes East 249 feet; South 36 degrees 30 minutes East 300 feet; South 40 degrees East 200 feet; South 38 degrees 30 minutes East 176 feet; South 38 degrees 0 minutes East 122 feet; South 61 degrees 15 minutes East 183 feet; South 53 degrees 0 minutes East 107 feet; South 32 degrees 0 minutes East 75 feet; South 64 degrees 0 minutes East 230 feet; South 39 degrees 45 minutes East 207 feet; South 33 degrees East 200 feet; South 25 degrees 15 minutes East 135 feet; South 31 degrees 30 minutes West 196 feet; South 24 degrees 15 minutes West 171 feet to an iron pipe on the North side of the Jefferson or Richard Waters cutoff road; thence from said iron pipe along the high water mark of Pung Swamp South 6 degrees 15 minutes West 82 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 3 degrees 15 minutes East 232 feet to an iron pipe; thence South 24 degrees 30 minutes East 174 feet; thence South 0 degrees 45 minutes West 147 feet to an iron pipe, R. Waters' corner; thence from said corner South 51 degrees 0 minutes West 475 feet to another corner of R. Waters in the run of Pung Swamp; thence down the run of Pung Swamp with the various courses thereof South 41 degrees 0 minutes East 130 feet; South 7 degrees 0 minutes East 150 feet; South 5 degrees 30 minutes West 109 feet; South 36 degrees 45 minutes East 56 feet; South 12 degrees 0 minutes West 83 feet; South 2 degrees 0 minutes East 130 feet; South 9 degrees 0 minutes East 215 feet; South 72 degrees 30 minutes East 110 feet; North 29 degrees 30 minutes East 61 feet; North 16 degrees 0 minutes East 33 feet; South 78 degrees 45 minutes East 82 feet; South 29 degrees 30 minutes East 61 feet; North 41 degrees 0 minutes East 98 feet; North 1 degrees 30 minutes East 196 feet; North 35 degrees 15 minutes East 59 feet; South 73 degrees 30 minutes East 137 feet; North 36 degrees 30 minutes East 52 feet; South 81 degrees 30 minutes East 64 feet; North 49 degrees 15 minutes East 81 feet; South 69 degrees 30 minutes East 150 feet; South 79 degrees 30 minutes East 54 feet to the point of beginning, containing by actual survey 79 acres.

(Continued on page five)