## Further Diversification Cited as Needed for Farm Independence

## Urgent Need for More Livestock Is Cited by College

Says After War Cotton and Tobacco Will Still Be Basic Cash Crops

For years more livestock and more diversified farming have been proposed as the solution to southern farm problems. Usually the suggestions become more numerous and more emphatic in times of economic distress, and subside considerably in periods of relative prosperity. Today the critical war and defense picture. with the consequent disappearance of the cotton export market, is used to emphasize the need for a shift to livestock farming.

A considerable gap between the preaching of more livestock and the practice of keeping them has persisted over the years. Although livestock numbers have increased a little in periods of low incomes from cotton and tobacco, they have been reduced again following increased returns from these crops. But in recent years a tendency is noted for a net gain in livestock numbers to persist from cycle to cycle. This tendency is most evident in numbers of milk cows and heifers, somewhat less tion now are estimated at 3.5 mildent for hogs.

those of 1920. In thirteen southern be increased about fifty percent. were about the same as in 1920. 100 percent. (This increase between 1930 and 1940 for all southern states, excluding Oklahoma and Texas, was 29 percent.) Hog numbers increased 39.5 per cent between 1930 and 1940, but on the latter date they were still 15.3 percent below the number in 1920.

The farm families of the South themselves, in the need for more and healthier food, represent the great- most areas of the South will probest potential outlet for livestock pro- ably find cotton and tobacco mainducts. This is a market that is not taining their place as basic cash affected by the export situation or crops, but on smaller acreages per by fluctuations in non-farm employ- farm, and perhaps on even less total ment and purchasing power.

larly deficient in dairy, poultry, and manent non-farm employment, more beef products. Therefore, much of land per capita will be available for the production from these acreage in- those who remain on farms, and the creases would be fed to livestock to basic cash-crop enterprises can be Cows used for home milk consump- prises on most farms of the South.

LIBERTY LIMERICKS



A postman who lived in New Haven, Said-"Millions of people are savin',

They've bought Bonds galore, To help win the war,

And keep our Old Glory still wavin'." U. S. Savings Bond or Stamp to fit your budget. Get one

so for all cattle, and not very evi- lion head, approximately one million less than are needed to provide In spite of these gains, livestock farm families with a "minimum" numbers on southern farms in 1940 milk supply. Farm family supplies were not greatly different from of poultry for eggs and meat should states, on January 1, 1940, were 17.6 Cattle, to furnish meat for home percent greater than in 1930, but use, need to be increased more than

> would be required to supply the under-consuming portions of the urban population with a minimum adequate milk supply. Large increases in beef, pork, and poultry products would also be needed.

The post-war farming pattern in crop land than today. If part of the Southern diets have been particu- present farm population can find persupply butter, milk, eggs, and meat. supplemented with livestock enter-

## Good Flocks Need Exceptional Care

many poultrymen expect of their The importance of these livestock en- chicks and Mother Nature, declares change, Brown said. terprises will vary among areas just T. T. Brown, extension poultry spe-

as the natural resources vary. Even cialist at State College. in those areas remaining relatively to 1,000 or more chicks crowded into man may be attempting to follow more specialized in crop production, a brooder house no larger than 12 the recommendations of several feed with a little surplus for sale as a side- of chicks in a house with practically vice offered by neighbors. line income.—Excerpts from address no ventilation and a suffocating temby S. F. Johnson, U. S. D. A., before perature.

Yet these poultrymen wonder why select one system and stick to that source.

in disgust at a business in which greatly enhanced.

Growers who are getting satisfac-

Many farmers fail because they try to follow the advice of too many make is first tested thoroughly On one farm one can find from 500 persons. For instance, one poultrythere will be room for, and need for by 14 feet. On the farm next door salesmen, the county agent, and the a home-production base of livestock one will probably find a large brood vocational teacher, as well as the ad-

to raise chicks, the farmer should tion may secure advice from this walk short distances today, or you'll

their chicks do not live and thrive, | at all times. The chances of his sucand sometimes throw up their hands cess, if the system is good, will be

tory results with their present meth- College have worked out a system for the next three months. ods of raising chicks should not which many farmers are using with a great deal of success, Brown said. Each new recommendation in the business of poultry raising which they through practical field observations.

The farm agent in each of North tension Service. with these recommendations, and Although there is no one set way growers interested in poultry produc- your car to drive just a few blocks-

TERRACING

Demands for the service of the Cabarrus County terracing unit increase each year, with enough work The extension poultrymen at State booked now to keep the outfit busy

DISEASE

Black Shank, a serious tobacco disease, has broken out in many new through experimental work and places in Pitt County this year, reports S. J. Keeks, assistant farm agent of the N. C. State College Ex-

Save gas-break the habit of using



Martin County Post American Legion

## SELL YOUR TOBACCO WITH THE

WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

"THE MAN OF THE HOUR," Uncle Sam, suggests that you sell tobacco on your nearest market. We suggest that you sell in Williamston at the Farmers Warehouse. Not only will you save both your gas and tires but you'll get the highest market price for every pound sold on our floor. Joe Moye, Edward Coreyand Leman Barnhill are as capable warehousemen as you'll find in the State and rest assured their customers will be taken care of. This trio will get you every cent possible for every basket and they cordially invite you to sell at the FARMERS WAREHOUSE this fall.



**EDWARD** JOE LEMAN RNHILL - MOYE - CO

Proprietors of Farmers Warehouse WILLIAMSTON, NORTH CAROLINA