

AFTER 14 YEARS OF SUFFERING

This Lady Tried Cardui. Let Her Tell You in The Following Statement The Results She Obtained.

Wise, Va.—Mrs. J. M. Elam, of this place, in writing of her female troubles, says: "This trouble went on for 14 years, often I was unable to work and suffered badly at . . . times, when I could not be on my feet at all. Really in bad health all the time during those 14 years, and was never without pain, with awful backaching, had no appetite, was nervous, but at that time my husband's sister . . . recommended that I try Cardui, which I began to take . . . and which has caused me to be in better health ever since. In a few days I felt that improvement had begun. My back got stronger and less painful. I got less nervous and my appetite began to improve. In a few weeks my improvement was noticeable, and I got into better health than I had had for 14 years. . . My walking before had been very painful, and could not stand on my feet to do any good. After using these medicines, however, I could walk without pain and was able to do the work and housekeeping for an ordinary family. My back and appetite were better and also my nerves."

If you suffer as Mrs. Elam did, take Cardui. It may be just what you need.—Adv.

Effect of Privilege.
Senator Sutherland of Utah was talking about certain "privileged" persons.

"I'm a foe to all 'privilege,'" he said. "Privilege means trouble. It's like the steamboat captain who had the bar privilege.

"This captain, to whom all the profits went, shouted through his telephone to the engineer:

"For heaven's sake, Mike, slow her down. We got 'em drinkin' fine."

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING

Save your Hair! Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Save your hair! Try it!—Adv.

Oaks Impoverish Soil.
As an Italian investigator has given considerable time to the investigation of the reason for the failure of olive trees in the presence of oaks, and he has concluded that it is due to the impoverishment of the soil by the oak rather than by transmission of any species of infection.

FOR ITCHING, BURNING SKINS

Bathe With Cuticura Soap and Apply the Ointment—Trial Free.

For eczema, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. Besides they tend to prevent these distressing conditions, if used for everyday toilet and nursery preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

When two women get wound up, another is usually run down.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara (a tonic-laxative) Pleasant to take

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by the addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS is pleasant to take and does not gripe nor disturb stomach. Adapted to children as well as adults. Just try one bottle for constipation. 50c.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL

MAKES PAIN VANISH

It's the most powerful remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, headache, toothache, earache, etc. A valuable home remedy. Sold in nearly all drug stores. 50c bottles. Get a bottle today. Try it. It's wonderful.

A. S. BARNARD & CO., Dept. E, Sherman, Texas

GALLSTONES

And operations. Positive Liver & Bile remedy. 50c. Old—Rheumic cure; home remedy. Write today. Address: Remedy Co., Dept. W-5, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago

THE WEEK'S EVENTS

Important News of the State, Nation, and World Told in a Few Lines for Your Convenience.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

A Condensed Record of Happenings of Interest From All Points of the World.

Washington

Approval of President Wilson's request for a statement of peace terms from the European belligerents was voted by the senate at the conclusion of three days of stirring debate.

Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, formerly a congressman from the state of Washington, but now a senator from Illinois, who is a native of Augusta, Ga., and widely known for his "pink" whiskers, says the country will not stand for any additional submarine outrages.

The "leak" anent the president's peace note is the topic of discussion of all Washington.

Representative Wood of Indiana told the rules committee of the sensational rumors regarding the "leak" to Wall Street in advance of the president's peace note, but prefaced his testimony by saying that he had nothing but hearsay evidence.

The president's secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty, says he has no knowledge of the alleged "leak" under investigation. R. W. Bolling, Mrs. Wilson's brother, denies any knowledge whatever of the incident.

After the session of the rules committee January 5, Joseph P. Tumulty demanded that Representative Wood publicly apologize for involving him in the "leak" controversy.

Garrulous American sea captains, talking with each other by wireless, have brought down on their heads the wrath of the Australian government. It is learned in Washington. Complaint has reached Washington that American ships 2,000 miles apart in the South seas discuss trivial subjects when the Australian wireless is trying to get messages into the air.

A Tokio, Japan, dispatch, says that three hundred persons were killed and many injured, together with one thousand homes destroyed, in a disastrous earthquake in central Formosa.

Eleven sea captains have been raised to the rank of rear admirals. President Wilson has signified his approval.

Congress is agitated over charges that there was a "leak" of advance information on President Wilson's peace note.

The new Austrian ambassador to the United States will sail from Amsterdam January 13.

The Greek minister to Belgium, because he is not in harmony with King Constantine's policy, has resigned.

The annual postoffice appropriation bill reported to the house carried provisions to increase rates on newspapers, magazines and other second class matter by a zone system, establish penny postage on local letters and impose heavier penalties for sending liquor through the mails.

The annual report of the postmaster general asks that an increase be granted in the pay of a large number of the employees of that department.

It has been officially admitted that Carranza refused to sign the protocol agreed upon.

Domestic

Lewis D. Walton of Birmingham, Ala., the Atlanta, Ga., police believe, committed suicide on a train at Woodlawn, Ala., by the use of some powerful explosive. It was discovered that Walton carried an accident policy for \$10,000. Walton was killed, together with two other men. Many are reported injured.

Americans have been besought by Woodrow Wilson to refill the almost empty European war relief funds of the American Red Cross. The president expresses this wish in an open letter to the American people.

Two men forced a Bristol, Tenn., jitney bus operator to drive them to Bluff City, Tenn., where they dynamited and robbed the Bank of Bluff City. En route they ransacked a store at Piny Flats, Tenn. The automobile driver was forced to wait while the two robberies were accomplished, and then bring the men back to Bristol.

Establishment of uniform standards of classification for cotton by the secretary of agriculture of the United States, is a movement that is holding the interest of the Southern farmer. The primary purpose of a bill now before the house is to enforce uniform application of official standards in spot transaction.

An ideal American fowl in which will be centered all the good points of all the good breeds of hens, is the object of experiments being conducted in New York City by the United States government. It is stated that the new hen will have white plumage, yellow legs, red ear lobes and a moderate sized comb.

A Laurel, Miss., dispatch announces that the eight-hour day has been put into effect on the Gulf and Ship Island railroad. Switching crews have received notice that eight hours will constitute a day's work.

The arrest in New York City of Juan T. Burns, consul general at New York for the de facto government of Mexico, discloses an alleged conspiracy in which five Mexicans, including the consul general, are charged in some indictments, with shipping arms into Mexico in violation of the president's embargo proclamation.

Attorneys for United States Senator W. E. Chilton, who was defeated in the recent election by Howard Sutherland (Rep.) have instituted proceedings in the circuit court at Hilton, W. Va., to oust Sutherland on the ground that the Republican nominee had exceeded the limit of expenditure in the primary.

At the request of the governor of South Carolina, Governor Felder of New Jersey, has directed the prosecutor of Union county to investigate the deaths of two South Carolina officials—Davis, a sheriff, and Foster, a prison supervisor. It is stated that the families of the men suspected foul play.

Captain Percy M. Cochrane of the quartermaster corps, U. S. A., located at El Paso, Texas, who rose from the ranks, a Floridian by birth, is dead in El Paso.

Mexican

Four Mexican filibusterers were killed or badly wounded in an encounter with troops of the First New Hampshire infantry at Zapata, Texas, according to a report emanating from Laredo, Texas.

Army officers at Laredo, Texas, notified the war department at Washington that they have no information of the reported fight between Americans and Mexicans at Zapata.

It is reported that Mexican revolutionists have captured Ramielene and Parral, located about ten miles below the border from Zapata.

K troop, Fourteenth United States cavalry, which was sent to Minerva, forty miles west of Laredo, to prevent a reported impending crossing of a filibustering expedition into Mexico, returned to quarter at Laredo, Texas, having encountered no filibusterers.

In order to better economic conditions in Mexico all Mexican railway employees will hereafter be paid 50 per cent of their salaries in metallic currency and the other 50 per cent in gold certificates.

All the threads of the tangled situation between the United States and Mexico are held by President Wilson. The American members of the Mexican-American joint commission have made to him a late personal report of their negotiations, which reached a deadlock, and whether the conferences of the commission shall continue is a question the president has added to those already under consideration.

It seems certain that some radical change in the policy of the United States toward Mexico will be adopted.

In anticipation that orders will be issued soon for the recall of the United States troops in Mexico under General Pershing, the war department has prepared a tentative plan of withdrawal.

The president has requested a report from the war department as to what effect the withdrawal of the United States troops in Mexico will have upon the existing conditions beyond the border.

European War

Although the Teutonic allies have made further advances in Roumania, both in their operation driving eastward from the mountain region and northward from Wallachia into Moldavia, the Russians and Roumanians are giving them little at various points and at several places have met with success.

Admission is made by Petrograd that the Russians and Roumanians on the upper reaches of the Sutchiza river retired before the advancing Teutons.

Berlin reports that the Russians and Roumanians have been pushed further back toward the plains from the Oltuz and Putna valleys.

A Russian attack against Mitau was repulsed with heavy losses. Near considerable fighting is reported, with nothing decisive having developed.

Bombardments and reconnoitering parties only are reported in the British, French and Italian war theaters.

Rome reports an advance of about five hundred yards by the Italians near Hill 208.

In Macedonia the British have so far failed to push forward their line near Lake Doiran.

The conference between the members of the entente allied governments has been brought to a close at Rome, Italy. Cordial speeches were delivered and a plan to introduce greater coordination agreed upon. The conference established the unity of views of the entente powers.

The Roumanian province of Dobruja is now in the hands of the central powers.

Braila, in Great Wallachia, and on the west bank of the Danube below Galatz, has been captured by German and Bulgarian troops.

A dispatch from Milan reports that the French battleship Verite has been torpedoed by a German submarine near Malta.

In spite of adverse conditions progress has been made on the right bank of the Tigris, east and northeast of Kut-el-Amara (ancient Garden of Eden) by the British.

Two Zeppelins were destroyed at Tondern, Schleswig, by a fire due to defective wiring, says a London dispatch to American correspondents.

Count Julius Andrassy, formerly the premier of Hungary, says: "If the entente rejects our peace offer only because they maintain that our offer is not honestly meant, but is a maneuver, and that they cannot enter into negotiations before knowing our conditions, they can ask President Wilson of the United States, to whom they have been communicated."

An Edinburgh, Scotland dispatch recites that eleven persons were killed and forty injured with persons returning to Edinburgh after a New Year celebration in a collision with a switch engine ten miles outside of that city.

OFFICIALS DENY RESPONSIBILITY

LANSING AND TUMULTY HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF PEACE NOTE BEFOREHAND.

PRES'T WILSON ENDORSES

Maze of Intimations and Heated Colloquies Mark Session of Committee of Inquiry.—Lawson Fails to Substantiate Stories.

Washington.—Through a bewildering maze of intimations and heated colloquies which turned the hearing into an uproar, the House Rules Committee wrestled for several hours with Thomas W. Lawson of Boston, without obtaining any definite information to substantiate the stories of a "leak" to Wall Street in advance of the President's peace note.

Earlier during the session Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, whose name was mentioned by Representative Wood in the rumors he laid before the committee last week, appeared to give an emphatic statement, endorsed by the President, that he had no knowledge of the peace note before it was given to the press. He also denied the report repeated by Representative Wood that Mr. Tumulty and Bernard Baruch, a New York broker, had conferred in a New York hotel a few days before the note was made public.

Mr. Tumulty denounced the action of Representative Wood in making public charges based on a letter from an unidentified man, and declared from the witness stand, looking Representative Wood in the face, that he was still awaiting the Congressman's apology.

WEBB-KENYON PROHIBITION BILL HELD CONSTITUTIONAL.

Victory is Most Sweeping Ever Won in Fight Against Liquor.

Washington.—In the most sweeping of all decisions upholding prohibition laws, the Supreme Court upheld as constitutional and valid the Webb-Kenyon law prohibiting shipments of liquor from "wet" to "dry" states. It also sustained West Virginia's recent amendment to her law prohibiting importation in interstate commerce of liquor for personal use.

After having been vetoed by President Taft, who held it unconstitutional, and having been re-passed by Congress over his veto, the law was sustained by the Supreme Court by a vote of 7 to 2. Leaders of the prohibition movement declare it is their fight second only in importance to the proposed constitutional amendment.

Lawyers for liquor interests who heard the decision admitted it upheld and applied the law "in its fullest sense."

"BUFFALO BILL" FACES DEATH AS CALMLY AS ON THE PLAINS.

Denver, Col.—Col. William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) dying in Denver, faced death in the same manner that he has faced it many times on the plains of the West in conflicts that made his name famous.

The Colonel was warned of the approach of the end of his life by Dr. J. H. East, his physician and friend. He had summoned the physician to the home of his sister, where he is spending his last hours. When Doctor East walked into his room, Colonel Cody said:

"Sit down, doctor, there is something I want to ask you. I want you to answer me honestly. What are my chances?"

Doctor East turned to the scout: "There is a time, Colonel," said he, "when every honest physician must commend his patient to a higher power."

Colonel Cody's head sank.

"How long?" he asked simply.

"I can answer that," said the physician, "only by telling you your life is like the hour glass. The sand is slipping gradually, slowly—but soon the sand will all be gone. The end is not far away."

Colonel Cody turned to his sister, Mrs. May Decker:

"May," said he, "let the Elks and Masons take charge of the funeral." Then the man who made history in the West when it was young began methodically to arrange his affairs.

Villa and Forces Flee.

El Paso, Texas.—Carranza forces now occupy Jimenez, Santa Rosalie and Parral, while Villa and his staff have fled to the State of Durango. Over the branch railroad from Parral to El Aro.

TEUTONS GET POSSESSION OF ANOTHER RUMANIAN FORT.

Another of Rumania's fortresses has fallen into the hands of the Teutonic Allies. Keeping up their intensive forward movement into Moldavia, Field Marshal von Macgensen's troops have taken Fokshani and with it nearly 4,000 prisoners and some cannon and machine guns. At last reports, the invaders were pursuing the defeated Russians, the troops of Archduke Joseph of Austria were pressing back the Rumanians eastward.

GOOD RELATIONS EXISTS WITH U. S.

GERMANY IMPRESSES CORDIALITY OF RELATIONS BETWEEN U. S. AND GERMANY.

GERARD GUEST AT DINNER

American Ambassador is Entertained at Dinner in Berlin and Likened to the Dove of Peace That Was Sent Out From Noah's Ark.

Berlin, via Cayville.—A large number of the leading personages of Germany, says the Overseas News Agency, were present at the dinner given in honor of James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador to Germany, by the American Association of Trade and Commerce of Berlin. The diners were addressed by Ambassador Gerard, by Vice Chancellor Sefferich, by Foreign Secretary Zimmermann and by Arthur von Gwinner, the director of the Deutsche Bank, and in all the speeches the cordial relationships existing between the governments of the United States and Germany were emphasized.

Ambassador Gerard, who was likened by Director van Gwinner to the "peace dove of Noah's Ark," is quoted by the Overseas News Agency as saying that "never since the beginning of the war have relations between Germany and the United States been so cordial" and that he had "brought back an olive branch from President Wilson."

Vice Chancellor Hefferich said he was pleased to know that Ambassador Gerard had visited the United States "where he had an opportunity of describing the real state of affairs in Germany," and Foreign Minister Zimmermann declared he "felt sure the friendly and trust future relations between both countries as enunciated by Mr. Gerard will continue."

A telegram expressing the " sincerest wishes" of the association "in this crucial time" was sent to President Wilson, and another message was forwarded to Emperor William.

Doctor Hefferich, in his speech as quoted by the Overseas News Agency, called attention to the increase in commerce between Germany and the United States.

CARRANZISTA SAYS EARLY ADJUSTMENT WILL BE HAD

Personal Representative of Mexico's First Chief is Confident of Early Settlement.

New York.—Necifero Zambrano, treasurer of the de facto government of Mexico recently sent to Washington by General Carranza as his personal representative, and who came here issued a statement in which he predicted an early settlement of the border difficulties. He based his belief, he declared, on the fact that the American government is considering seriously lifting at an early date, for the benefit of the Carranza government, the embargo on the shipment of arms into Mexico, the recall of Gen. Pershing's expedition and the sending to Mexico of Ambassador Fletcher.

Mr. Zambrano said he had called on Secretary Lane and Judge George Gray of the American commission, with whom he discussed the American situation. He let it be understood also that he was received by President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing. As the result of his visit to Washington, Mr. Zambrano said he had reported to General Carranza that prospects for an early adjustment of the existing difficulties are very bright.

TAUSSIG ACCEPTS PLACE ON TARIFF COMMISSION

Washington.—Prof. Frank W. Taussig of Harvard accepted a place on the tariff commission and probably will be made chairman. The other four members will be announced later.

Professor Taussig is a teacher of political economy and has written extensively on the tariff. It is understood the administration had difficulty in persuading him to accept.

HONOLULU EXEMPTED FROM COAL EMBARGO

Honolulu.—That the British admiralty has exempted Honolulu from the recent coal shipment embargo was indicated when notification was given that the motorship City of Portland was on its way here from Australia with 2000 tons of coal. Representatives to the British government that British trans-Pacific shipping would suffer if the supply of bunker coal here failed, were believed to be responsible for its modification.

WANTS TO ENLARGE PROJECTILE PLANTS

Washington.—Because of high prices quoted by American shell makers, Secretary Daniels intends to ask Congress to increase the capacity of projectile plants for which it already had appropriated. Hadfields, Ltd., an English concern, has underbid American manufacturers whose prices the government considers exorbitant. The navy projectile plant will be placed with the armor plant will be placed some time ago will locate.

Thousands Tell It

Why dally along with backache and kidney or bladder troubles? Thousands tell you how to find relief. Here's a case to guide you. And it's only one of thousands. Forty thousand American people are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills. Surely it is worth the while of anyone who has a bad back, who feels tired, nervous and run-down, who endures distressing urinary disorders, to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial.

A North Carolina Case

Mrs. W. A. Morley, "Tory Picture Tells a Story" Asheville, N. C.

"I was in bad shape with kidney trouble. I had dizzy headaches a 1 0 0 0 with nervous spells and my kidneys didn't act as they should. I also suffered severely from backache and could hardly straighten after stooping. When I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I got some and they rid me of all the trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, Or a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

A man may be the architect of his own fortune, but he can't induce the sun to shine in every room.

Going to Extremes.

Blonde—Gerty Giddig certainly has the shopping habit developed to a science.

Brunetta—Likes it, you mean?

"I mean that she always insists on going where she can get the most for her money."

"That's natural, isn't it?"

"In most cases, yes, but there are exceptions."

"I'd like to know what they are?"

"Well, for instance, the other day I found her in the arcade trying to ascertain which machine would give her the most for her money when she weighed herself on the scales."—Youngstown Telegram.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Jack's Substitute.

Jack attained his fifth birthday last summer and in the fall attended school for the first time, wearing kilt skirts. Some of the larger pupils plagued him about wearing dresses, and it was not long before his pleadings for a real boy's suit were granted. He was very proud indeed when he went to school a few days later arrayed in his knickerbockers. One of the girls wrote him a note saying he looked like a little man. That night he was telling his mother about it.

"Mother," said he, "Frances Wright wrote me a note telling me I looked like a little man, and I wrote her one and told her she looked like a daisy, only I couldn't spell daisy, so I spelled 'cat.'"

Hew Gallieni Cut Infant Mortality.

When the recently deceased General Gallieni became governor general of Madagascar in the early nineties, he was appalled at the unsanitary conditions and the high death rate. Though a soldier and not a physician, he set about to remedy these conditions.

He obtained the happiest results in his campaign against infant mortality. He had native women trained as midwives and he established and popularized maternity hospitals. He regulated marriages and restricted divorce. He exempted the fathers of five children from taxation and he taxed bachelors instead.

These and many other works produced such a change that the French Academy of Medicine awarded him a gold medal, a most exceptional distinction for one who was not a doctor.

Like the Dodo.

According to the last census the turkey population of the country has fallen off greatly in recent years. One statistician records the sad prediction that the popular bird will before many years be "as scarce as the dodo."

Instead of Worrying

about the high cost of living, just buy a package of

Grape-Nuts

—still sold at the same fair price.

Enjoy a morning dish of this delicious food, and smile over the fact that you've had a good breakfast and

Saved Money

Isn't that a fair start for any day?